



ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS Style 426

The keynote of this model is that youthfulness and straight elegance of line which fashion has made mandatory. Free hip bone, 3 1-2 inch Bust, very long skirt. Fancy tape trimmed. White Sateen.

SIZES 21 to 32

Price \$1.00

Minor & Co.
(GOOD GOODS)

Why You Should Vote For BOOTH Republican Candidate for United States Senator

Are you better off now than you were under a Republican administration?

Are you satisfied?

If you believe in the principles of the Republican Party, if you are convinced that these principles are best for the country, then prove it by voting for your standard bearer, Robert A. Booth, Republican candidate for the United States Senate.

You know that under Republican presidents the people of the United States have good times.

You know that under Democratic presidents you have Democratic times.

Remember the prosperity under McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft.

Remember the conditions under Cleveland and Wilson.

The issue in this campaign is not one of personality. It is not one of non-partisanship. It is a question of whether you prefer prosperity under Republican administration.

Do you have enough work? Are you a good? Is your business what you want it to be?

If you are satisfied with present conditions, well and good; if you believe that the present situation is better than under McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft, you know what to do.

The way to bring prosperity is to help elect a Republican Senate.

The Republican Candidate in Oregon is
R. A. BOOTH

**THIS IS THE REPUBLICAN YEAR—VOTE THE
TICKET STRAIGHT**

(Paid Advertisement, Republican State Central Committee, Imperial Hotel, Portland, Oregon.)

Vic Groshen

Ice Cold Beer, Either Bottle or Draught, To Quench The Thirst These Hot Summer Days
Heppner, Oregon

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Ray McAllister was up from Lexington Wednesday, accompanied by Mrs. McAllister.

Chas. Austin came down from the mountains Wednesday.

OREGON FIRST. C. G. Casebeer, agent, Oregon Life Insurance Company. Best for Oregonians.

John Stevens, one of the successful Hardman wheat growers, transacted business in the county seat Wednesday.

O. M. Yeager, Architect and Builder.

Frank Anderson was in from the Gooseberry neighborhood Wednesday.

John McDevitt squared up with the Herald's subscription department Wednesday.

Car of Yakima potatoes just received—Phelps Grocery Co.

A race meet will be held at Monument November 3 and 4.

500 posts for sale—Phelps Grocery Company.

Blue Mountain Eagle—Newt Whetstone of Heppner was in Canyon City for several days this week.

FOUND—A watch. Inquire at Haylor's.

O. M. Yeager furnishes blue prints free when he does your building.

P. G. Farley transacted business at The Dalles the first of the week.

The new brick school building at Arlington was dedicated last week. The largest crowd ever gathered together in the city was present.

O. M. Yeager, Contractor, will do your building, repairing, etc., and take your wool, hay or anything of value in exchange for the work.

Father O'Rourke went to Castle Rock Tuesday to visit members of his parish.

Howard Tobey of Condon bought 1100 head of good ewes Tuesday from Mike Kenny and is driving them overland to his ranch a few miles northwest of Condon.

Glad Tidings will ring in your ear if you buy an 8-day Marathon—Haylor.

Geo. Sperry went down to Portland Wednesday on a pleasure and business trip.

FOR SALE—Some fine S. C. M. Leghorn roosters at \$1 each as long as they last. J. F. Hardesty, Morgan, Oregon.

FOR SALE—A number of female "St. Andrewsberg Rollers" canary birds. Those are high priced birds but I desire to sell them and am pricing them at only \$1 each. Mrs. Eph Eskelson, Lexington, Oregon.

Heavy rains the past week have made the farmers smile. The roads are becoming well packed and are a remarkable contrast to the chunky thoroughfares of the summer season.

Barney Ward was in the Herald office Wednesday to order some posters for a dance which will be given at the Glenn Hayes ranch October 30.

FOR SALE—Some good horses and mules, broke or unbroke, 4's, 10's southwest of Lexington. F. E. Mason.

Lee Scrivner, Gooseberry rancher, accompanied by Dan Hilderbrand, was in the city Wednesday and had his name placed in good standing with the Herald.

AUCTION SALE

On October 30, 1914, at my place 2 miles southeast of Lexington, I will sell at public auction my entire herd of dairy cows, also one No. 11 Simplex Separator. Sale begins at 1 O'clock.
R. W. Snider.

FOR SALE—I have a few choice Lincoln Bucks in Heppner for sale. See Frank Roberts.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE.

In the city of Heppner, Oregon.

There is a good restaurant in Heppner for sale. Located on Main Street and doing a first class business. It is well equipped with everything necessary to do the business. Clean and neat in every particular. There are some household effects which will go in the sale, all new and useable articles. The right man can take this place and make money, as it is a money maker now and you know what it is to buy a business paying well. Just drop a line to the owner or better yet, stop in and talk it over with him. He is desirous of making a change.

Yours for business,
GONG LANE

BUSINESS IS NOT 'FINE' IN 'DRY' TOWNS

SALEM SUFFERS BUSINESS LOSSES FROM DRY RULE

Store Property Rentals Drop \$75 a Month in City

BANK DEPOSITS OFF \$300,000

Fourteen Business Houses Quit in Less Than Year. School Attendance Less

Many Oregon papers have been loaded down within the past three weeks with repeated assurances that "Business is Fine in Dry Towns."

The three most important Oregon cities to become "dry" nine months ago were Salem, Oregon City and Springfield.

If business is fine in those cities the taxpayers and most of the business men would like to have the "drys" explain just what they mean by "fine." If they had said "business is thin," then they might have been more easily understood.

Let them answer first about conditions in Salem. Ex-Councilman John D. Turner, of Salem, an attorney, is sponsor for the following facts about that city:

Salem went "dry" December 1 last, closing 15 saloons, three restaurants and two wholesale houses and withdrew liquor permits from eight drug stores and cut off an annual license revenue of \$15,400. Ninety men and a monthly payroll of \$5,700 were put out of commission. Most of the men have left the city. All buildings vacated by these concerns are still empty, except six, which have been occupied by tenants who have vacated other buildings, several of the best buildings being boarded over and used as billboards. More than five hundred modern dwellings are "for rent." Store property rentals on State street have dropped from \$185 to \$110 a month, but "business is fine."

Fourteen other business places have closed since December 1 last, aside from the saloons and restaurants. Included are three shoe stores—one by sheriff and one voluntarily; two of the largest drygoods stores have been sold for the first time in twenty years. Scores of clerks have left the city, causing the loss of more payrolls to the city, but "business is fine."

A leading prohibitionist promised to build 16 new dwellings if the city went "dry." Nine houses were begun, two have the windows and doors in, but have never been finished; no work has been done on the others, besides their bare frames.

Building permits from January to August, the last nine wet months of 1913, were \$388,925; from November, 1913, to September, 1914, the next eleven "dry" months, they were \$129,000 less, or \$259,925.

The grammar school opening day enrollment in 1913 was 1510; on the same day 1914, 1469, but "business is fine." Bank deposits show a decrease of \$308,942 since the town went "dry," even after allowing for the \$485,000 deposited this year from sale of bonds in Boston. The decrease, therefore, really should be \$794,942, but "business is fine."

The attendance at the "Cherry Fair" this year was about one-half what it was the last "wet" year. The Ministerial Association before the election which made Salem "dry," told the Cherry Fair promoters that they would make up for the donations usually made by the saloons, but utterly failed to do so this year and the promoters refused to hold that carnival.

The "Cherrians," consisting of 100 real boosters, but of no prohibitionists, then pledged their personal membership for the necessary funds, requiring the payment on their part of \$500. To "sub" it in, the Methodists then turned their church into a restaurant, put the kitchen in the pulpit and competed with the legitimate restaurants for the little business that their proprietors had hungrily looked for as a possible annual godsend.

Business must be "fine" in any city when building permits, payrolls, bank deposits, bankruptcies, closed stores, depopulated dwellings, depressed real estate values, school enrollments and carnivals all tell so dreary a story of literal fact. Maybe the prohibitionists mean that the "agitating business" is fine.

The People's Cash Market is making special prices at the present time on bacon and hams. If you need any of these now it is the time to take advantage of the reduced prices. It is a good habit to drop into their market occasionally, it will mean money in your pocket.

CLACKAMAS AND OREGON CITY HIT BY EMPTY TILLS

"Dry" Regime Followed by Query as to Receiver

CITY WARRANTS UNSALEABLE

City Council Calls Election November 9 to Raise Levy 8 Mills to Pay Debts

Oregon City and Clackamas County, of which Oregon City is the county seat, present as lamentable a condition in a business sense as a defunct corporation about to go into the hands of a receiver. In fact, a receivership for Oregon City already has been seriously discussed by certain of its creditors, and Judge Campbell of that city has declared his willingness to declare such a receivership, if formal application were made to him, as he would for "any bankrupt corporation."

A special election has been called by the city for November 9 "to relieve the financial condition of the city," the purpose being to vote \$250,000 5 per cent bonds and to increase the tax levy eight mills in order to take care of the new indebtedness.

On the part of Clackamas County the County Treasurer is confronted with an empty treasury for the first time in six years. The Morning Enterprise, a radical prohibitionist daily of Oregon City, in explaining this situation, says "the condition is considered the result of the amount of delinquent taxes on the county's tax rolls. County Treasurer Tufts refused the first warrants on the general fund Monday (October 12, 1914)."

Business must be "fine" in a city and a county when the treasurer of both are empty because of lack of money coming into their strong boxes, with a special election called by the city to increase its tax levy, with a receivership threatened and with "danger" signs strung along the length of the business portion of Main street by "order of the City Council," which read:

"Danger—Main Street Declared Dangerous—All persons traveling on Main street between North side of Moss street and South side of Third street do so at their own risk."

Banks are refusing to cash Oregon City municipal warrants. Since January first the city has issued \$39,991.03 in these warrants, according to the report of City Recorder John W. Loder, and these warrants are still unpaid. The city tax levy in 1913 in Oregon City was eight mills. Two weeks after the city went dry the council increased this levy to 10 mills for 1914, and on November 9 there is to be a special election held at which the voters will be asked to sanction an additional levy of eight mills to meet the municipal indebtedness. Yet "business is fine in dry towns," and Oregon City is doing well.

Vacant buildings now stand on Main street, the chief business thoroughfare of Oregon City, as monuments to the memory of one garage, one clothing store, one restaurant and one livery barn now closed up, but formerly did good business. Fourteen vacant stores line both sides of Main street, and three vacant lots mark the places where three other stores formerly stood, but which have burned down. So little has been the demand for business property that the burned structures were never rebuilt. But "business is fine in Oregon City."

The Enterprise, printing office which formerly employed a large force of printers and bookbinders, and often worked night and day to fill orders, is now operating its job department even but five days a week, yet The Morning Enterprise is one of the papers that has printed the Committee of One Hundred matter about "business is fine in dry towns."

(Paid Advertisement—Taxpayers' and Wage-Earners' League of Oregon, Portland, Oregon.)

For rag rugs and rag carpet weaving and also rugs from old ingrain carpets, see the Heppner weaver just south of the Catholic Church.

Let O. M. Yeager do your carpenter work.

SPRINGFIELD IS MERE GHOST OF OLD BUSY CITY

Prohibition Makes Formerly Thriving Center Barren

BANK DEPOSITS \$57,000 LESS

Two Blocks of Vacant Buildings Line Main Street in Place of Busy Stores

The city of Springfield, in its present cobwebby, stagnant condition, today presents a picture, as compared with its thriving, bustling condition of a year ago, that would make the angels weep. A year ago every store was filled and crowds of people thronged its streets. Every merchant was making money, practically everyone who wanted work was employed. Everyone seemed happy and contented, except the prohibitionists.

Today Springfield looks like a deserted village, business is paralyzed, and more than eight or ten people on its main street at any one time would actually be the cause of excitement. Yet the Committee of One Hundred says: "Business is fine in dry towns."

Springfield went "dry" at the election last fall, the saloons closing January 1.

Let the "drys" tell all about these "fine" business conditions in Springfield after nine months' operation of their "business theories."

Although a much smaller city than Salem, the bank deposits in Springfield have fallen off in the last year over \$57,000.

When Main street finally is readjusted in the next month or two, practically two blocks of store buildings on each side of the street west of the Southern Pacific tracks will be deserted, but "business is fine."

A real estate sale is unheard of and would be impossible on any part of Main street, but "business is fine."

The Springfield Toggery, the best gent's furnishing store, is now being closed out by a receiver, but "business is fine."

The La France Confectionery Store, one of the best in "wet" days, has closed out, but "business is fine."

O. W. Johnson's Hardware Store, the best of its line during "wet" days, already has been closed out by a receiver, but "business is fine."

A. J. Henderson, the leading dry-goods merchant, occupied a double store a year ago. Today he occupies but one store and will tell you his business is "about half" what it was a year ago, but "business is fine."

The city has run into a \$5,200 deficit from an excess of expenditures over income, although the "drys" promised that less police and court expenses would make a surplus, if the people would vote the \$12,000 saloon licenses out of business, but that's "fine business."

The prohibitionists a year ago promised to reduce the tax levy, but have increased the levy this year by five mills, but "business is fine."

Not a foot of Germania street improvement work has been done, except the construction of a small bridge over a creek, and that was paid for by a bond issue. Streets and sidewalks are in a deplorable condition, and the prohibitionists are now petitioning the council to "double" the expense levy. If the local taxpayers, but a few of whom are "drys," vote down this petition, the city confronts the same possibility as Oregon City, viz, the appointment of a receiver, but "business is fine in dry towns."

Prunt Speaker Fined.
SEASIDE—J. A. Adams, a prohibition speaker and worker, served out a five dollar fine in the Seaside jail for failing to obey the local ordinance regulating street speaking. Adams, who boasts of having been arrested 44 times and of having served 14 jail sentences, declares that he prefers jail sentences to paying fines, as they give him more notoriety and enable him to draw larger audiences. Upon completion of his jail term here he left town at once.

See O. M. Yeager for estimates on Septic tanks, cement walks and basements.

I am an agent for Mrs. Summers' famous home remedies. Samples sent on request. Mrs. Hardesty, Morgan, Oregon.