

ONE PROCLAIMER

Published Every Friday

ONE.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

Heat in Texas is causing much suffering.

Two arrests have been made in Chicago for bomb throwing.

W. D. Conner will try to secure La Follette's seat in the senate.

Immigration officials are at El Paso, Tex., inquiring into Chinese smuggling.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt and three children are at Naples, on their way to Rome.

E. E. Calvin, the Southern Pacific officer, is not yet out of danger, but is doing well.

Bryan says the time is at hand for all states to act in the ratification of the income tax.

A Detroit woman has confessed misdeeds in order to save her husband from the gallows.

Canadian officials say the report is false that the bars are to be let down to Chinese immigration.

Flood conditions along the Missouri and Kansas rivers have improved but little and much apprehension is felt.

M. Sakao, president of the Japanese sugar company, committed suicide when convicted of grafting by the government.

The Austro-Hungarian union is again menaced.

Hundreds of new cases of cholera are appearing daily in St. Petersburg.

Prince Miguel, son of the Portuguese pretender, is to marry an American woman.

English suffragettes have succeeded in reaching Premier Asquith with their petition.

Ambassador Reid has given a dinner and dance to the king and queen of England.

Bolivians have mobbed the Argentine legation at La Paz, because of an adverse arbitration ruling.

There is an immense building increase in Chicago. At the present rate 1909 will show a gain of 60 per cent over 1908.

A vigilance committee at Los Angeles prevented the elopement of a white woman with a negro. The colored man was horsewhipped.

John D. Rockefeller has given another \$10,000,000 to the General Education board. The board now has an endowment of \$52,000,000.

A severe earthquake shock is reported in India.

The Colombian revolution has control of the chief port.

English suffragettes have gained an audience with the king.

Persian rebels are near Teheran and the shah has prepared to flee.

An association has been formed at Los Angeles to reform auto speed maniacs.

Calhoun has been refused a change of venue and the second trial is set for July 19.

The steamer Mauretania crossed the Atlantic in 4 days, 16 hours and 36 minutes.

The Missouri floods have begun to fall, leaving death and ruin in their wake. Fully 2,000 people are homeless and the property damage will reach \$1,500,000.

The only bank conducted by Indians is at Fort Lapwai, Idaho. It has a capital stock of \$10,000 and over \$45,000 deposits. The affairs of the bank are conducted by three Indians.

Missouri crops have suffered greatly from the heavy rains.

Nine men were killed by an explosion of gas in a coal mine near Trinidad, Colo.

The mission steamer Abler is missing in the Arctic ocean with 19 persons.

The American Sugar Refining company says it is not guilty of violating the anti-trust laws.

Wheat has been damaged in Nevada by the extreme cold weather. Ice formed in many places.

Damage from rain is reported from many points in Nebraska. At Omaha part of the streetcar system is out of commission.

Railroad blockades in various parts of Colorado, due to heavy rains, have delayed more than 1,000 delegates to conventions in the West.

CHINESE PRETENDER KILLED

Government Troops Stop Advance of Insurgent Army.

Pekin, July 13.—A remarkable story of the tragic fate of a youthful pretender to the Dragon throne and a large number of his followers comes through missionary channels from distant Yunnan province.

Under the influence of Taoist priests a prosperous member of the country gentry named Chu conceived the conviction that he himself was a descendant of the Chus' Ming emperors, and his son, aged 12 years, the rightful occupant of the throne.

He rallied the clansmen and his neighbor to the number of upward of 2,000 men, variously armed with old guns, bows and spears. With the pretender at their head, this insurgent army marched upon Yunnan Fu, the provincial capital, preaching an anti-Manchu crusade.

Near Yunnan Fu a detachment of the viceroys' modern troops overtook, attacked and routed the insurgents. Several hundred of them are reported killed and wounded. All the members of the Chu family were promptly slaughtered by the viceroys' orders.

The youthful claimant, whose head was so lately adorned by the halo of the Son of Heaven, was after his execution, being paraded through the province in a cage as an exhibit and warning to all questioners of authority in Manchu.

RIOTING IN BOLIVIA.

Mobs at La Paz Engage in Pillaging and Looting.

La Paz, Bolivia, July 13.—La Paz is given over tonight to riot. The people swarmed into the streets and did much damage. The electric light wires were cut and pillaging was begun on all sides. Shots were heard in every direction. The situation for foreigners, especially Peruvian and Argentine residents, is extremely serious.

The guards protecting the Peruvian and Argentine legations were suddenly withdrawn last evening for some unknown reason. When this became known, street mobs renewed their attacks. Senor Fozesca and his wife had a narrow escape. They made their way out of the legation and ran eight blocks, finally seeking protection in the home of the president of Bolivia.

Manifestations have been numerous in public places, and at a meeting held Saturday a portrait of Figora Alcorta, president of Argentina, was held downward on a pole and stoned to pieces.

It is reported here that considerable excitement prevails at Lima and Buenos Ayres, and the Argentine government's silence in the face of Bolivian protests is regarded as ominous.

TWO-CENT FARE COSTLY.

Roads Lose Heavily Because of Reduction in Charges.

Chicago, July 13.—The claim of Illinois railroads that the 2-cent rate, while stimulating travel to a marked degree, had reduced the revenues of roads from passenger traffic almost to the ruinous point, is borne out by a comprehensive investigation by the Santa Fe road.

The Illinois railroad commission insists the law has been beneficial to the roads. The latter say they have been compelled to employ much additional equipment and more help to handle the increased travel, which did not, by a large sum, compensate them for the extra expense.

The Santa Fe worked under the operation of a similar law in Kansas, where a careful record was kept for the first year. The Santa Fe carried 654,000 more passengers than it did the year previously under the 3-cent law. Meanwhile revenues from passenger traffic for the same period decreased \$297,000.

Railway men say this does not begin to tell the real loss, which is to be found in the great expense for equipment and additional employes, the revision of schedules and wear and tear of property due to more constant use.

Upper Air to Be Studied.

San Francisco, July 13.—A meteorological and astronomical observatory at an altitude of about 14,000 feet is to be erected on Mount Whitney by the Smithsonian institution. The work of preparing the trail up the mountain over which the material will be transported by packmules is already under way. It is expected the station, which will be temporary, will be completed by September 1, when Professor W. W. Campbell and Professor Abbott, of the Lick observatory, will go to Mount Whitney to make observations.

Frog Drifts Stop Trains.

Utica, N. Y., July 13.—A message from Gouverneur tonight states that in a heavy wind and rain storm there thousands of small frogs fell, covering the sidewalks to such an extent that walking was difficult. The rails of a railroad for half a mile were covered and rendered so slippery the speed of the trans was materially lessened.

TAFT TO TOUR WEST

Plans for Extensive Trip to Pacific Coast This Fall.

GOING DIRECT TO SEATTLE FAIR

Executive Will Visit Portland and Go on South to California and Gulf States.

Washington, July 10.—President Taft today gave an outline of the tentative plans for his trip through the West and South this fall.

The president has abandoned all idea of visiting Alaska this year, largely because Mrs. Taft will not be able to go with him. Upon his arrival here today the president received word from Beverly that Mrs. Taft was rapidly improving in health. He feels, however, that she is hardly strong enough to take the long Western trip this fall, which will occupy about two months.

As soon as the tariff bill is out of the way the president will leave Washington for Beverly, to remain until September 17, his 52d birthday—when he hopes to begin his Western trip. The president will go directly to Seattle, stopping for brief visits en route at Denver, Salt Lake and Spokane.

After visiting the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, the president will swing down to the Southwest, stopping for a time at Portland, Or., where he will be the guest of Senator Jonathan Bourne, and proceeding thence to San Francisco.

Leaving San Francisco, the president will go to Los Angeles, where he will stop for several days with his sister. From Los Angeles the president will go to San Diego and then into Arizona and New Mexico. If the weather is pleasant and his arrangements permit, Mr. Taft hopes to visit the Yosemite valley before going to Los Angeles.

Coming out of Mexico, the president will stop for a time at El Paso, where he expects to meet President Diaz, of Mexico.

After his stop at El Paso the president will visit San Antonio, where he will inspect Fort Sam Houston, which he was instrumental in building up.

After visiting Austin and Dallas, the president expects to spend several days on the ranch of his brother, C. P. Taft, at Corpus Christi, Tex.

Continuing East, the president will stop at Houston and go to New Orleans to attend the meeting of the Deep Waterways convention. After attending the convention, Mr. Taft wants to stop for a time in the Bayou Teche country of Louisiana, the land of Evangeline and Arcadia.

From there the president will proceed to Jackson, Miss., thence to Montgomery, Birmingham and Macon, from Macon the president will go to Augusta.

Leaving Augusta the president goes to Savannah and thence begins his northward trip to Washington, stopping at Wilmington, N. C., and Richmond, Va.

DAM THREATENS VALLEY.

Great Pathfinder Structure Said to Be in Perilous Shape.

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 10.—Reports received here tonight indicate that conditions at the Pathfinder dam at Alcova, said to be the largest in the world, are most serious. The dam is held only by a temporary dike built on gravel foundations. Seventy men are working day and night to strengthen the dike.

The government geological survey has a force of men scattered along the river for more than 100 miles above the dam, taking measurements of the river's flow to give indications of any sudden rise in the stream.

Preparations have been made to dynamite the dam if the water carries away the temporary dike. Arrangements have also been made toward warning the people living in the valley below in case of danger.

Man Convicted by Proxy.

San Francisco, July 10.—An extradition case with unusual features came up for hearing this afternoon before United States Commissioner Hancock. Moyses don Amaral, arrested on a State department warrant, was accused of murder committed on one of the Azores islands, and though he had fled from the country, was tried and convicted, a man appointed by the Portuguese court representing him at the trial. Recently he was captured at San Luis Obispo in this state, and now is resisting the attempt of extradition.

To Guard Mexican Border.

El Paso, Tex., July 10.—Daniel J. Keefe, commissioner general of immigration, accompanied by F. W. Berkshire, chief inspector for Texas, reached this city today on a tour of inspection of the entire Rio Grande border, preliminary to establishing stringent regulations to prevent smuggling of Chinese across from Mexico.

WILL DEPOSE SHAH.

Revolutionists in Persia Gaining on Government Forces.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The Russian expedition from Baku which landed at Enzell, a Persian seaport on the Caspian yesterday, is made up of 1,000 Russian and 800 Cossack cavalry, with eight field guns and eight machine guns. Despite the correct attitude maintained by the Russians, the natives are demonstrating their unfriendliness.

The unopposed advance of Siphidar, the leader of the revolutionists, and Sardarasad, the chief of the Bakhtiari tribesmen, towards Teheran, is taken here to mean that General Liakhoff, the governor of Teheran, considers his force inadequate to engage in a general battle, and that he has decided to employ his Cossack brigade merely as a guard over the life of the shah.

Persons well informed here regard the entrance of the revolutionists into Teheran as a foregone conclusion, while the deposition of the shah, which several times has been mooted, will now arouse no surprise.

ESKIMO WILL SEEK POLE.

Boy Brought Here by Peary Will Try for Arctic Honors.

New York, July 12.—Separated from his native home for 13 years, Mene Wallace, an Eskimo boy brought to this country with five of his people by Commander Peary from the Polar regions, sailed today on the Red Cross line steamship Rosalind, for St. Johns, N. F., whence he will be conveyed to his home in Greenland.

Before Mene sailed, the Arctic club extracted from him a written agreement that he would not again return to this country and that while in Greenland he would not bear arms against the Peary expedition. This was due, it is believed, to the fact that Mene, angered at the attitude of Peary and the Arctic club in refusing to take him back to Greenland, once safe in his native home, might seek revenge for the treatment he received while in this country.

Mene said he would organize an expedition of Eskimos to find the North pole.

PRESENT WRITING TABOOED.

Uniform Method to Be Used in Philadelphia Schools.

Philadelphia, July 12.—Both vertical and Spencerian handwriting have been tabooed in the public schools of this city, and after this a uniform method of penmanship will be adopted.

Numerous complaints have been received from business men who can't decipher the writing of their clerks and applicants for jobs who have learned their peculiar style of chirography in the public schools.

For some time Superintendent Brumbaugh has been at work on a plan to unify and improve the writing, and this plan was adopted at a meeting of the elementary schools committee.

A free, legible style of writing, slightly slanting to the right, will be taught. Students, no matter how advanced they may think their flourisher, will have to begin again with pot hooks and ciphers.

According to the new code, writing will be taught like calisthenics or a manual exercise. The teacher will clap her hands and count, and the entire class will make letters with hooks and tails and crosses simultaneously. The exercise is intended to give a free mechanical movement to the arm and increase the speed.

Earthquakes in France

Marseilles, July 12.—Earth shocks occurred last night throughout the same region which suffered seismic disturbances in June. The shocks lasted four or five seconds, and were in a direction from east to west. The inhabitants of Rogues, Lambosco and St. Cannat and other communes in the Aix district were panic stricken and rushed from their dwellings. They are now camping in the open. At Marseilles the patients in La Conception hospital were greatly alarmed, but they were reassured by the surgeons.

Teachers' Occupation is Gone.

San Juan, Porto Rico, July 12.—The steamer Carolina has sailed from here for New York, having on board all the American school teachers who taught in Porto Rico last year under contract. The failure of the United States senate to pass the Olmstead bill, which was designed to remedy the deadlock existing between the executive council and the board of delegates, leaves the island without money to begin the fiscal year, since the legislature has made no appropriation.

Troops Rush to Morocco.

Madrid, July 12.—The first brigade of Cazadors, composed of six battalions of infantry, three batteries of artillery and a squadron of cavalry, as well as the cruiser Numancia and the transport Admiral Lobo, have been ordered to Melilla, Morocco, where yesterday four Spanish workmen were killed by natives.

BIG PROPERTY LOSS

Six-Foot Wall of Water Rushes Down Grand River.

SEVEN DEAD AND EIGHT MISSING

Heavy Rains and Melting Snow in Mountains Turn Missouri Valley into Vast Sea.

Kansas City, July 8.—Swollen by unprecedented rain and by melting snows from the Rocky mountains, the rivers of the Lower Missouri valley are out of their banks, causing damage in many parts of Missouri and Kansas. The results of the flood up to a late hour tonight were as follows:

Train No. 5, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, which left Kansas City at 9:25 a. m. for Denver, left the track at Pomona, Kan. Of the 10 coaches which made up the train, a baggage and three day coaches left the track and slid into 18 feet of water.

A telephone message from Pomona, Kan., at midnight said the four-year old daughter of Mrs. Carrie Rose, of Chicago, had been drowned in the wreck. Three hundred other persons who had taken refuge on top of the unaffected coaches were rescued by boats and quartered at nearby farmhouses.

Pomona is almost completely inundated, the Marias des Cygnes river at that point being three miles wide. A relief train was sent from Ottawa tonight with food and other supplies for the passengers, who were said to have climbed on top of the coaches for refuge from the rising waters.

In Kansas City the situation is threatening. In the bottoms in the western section where are located the stockyards, wholesale warehouses and manufacturing plants, the waters from the confluence of the Missouri and Kansas rivers are lapping the danger line.

Pattensburg, a town in Missouri 50 miles north of Kansas City, is ten feet under water, and its 1,500 inhabitants are in dire straits. Fifty rowboats were put on a special train at Kansas City this morning and hurried to the scene. Later reports say that the marooned citizens were all removed to higher ground without loss of life, but that the property damage will be tremendous.

At Chillicothe, Mo., on the Grand river, six men were swept from a bridge this afternoon and were seen floating down the stream. Whether they reached shore or not was not learned.

The bridge was carried out when a great wall of water six feet high swept down both forks of the Grand river and joined at Utica, continuing after that as one great flood. The water spread out all over the bottom lands and did great damage to farms and crops in its path.

The water overwhelmed the railroad tracks, blocking traffic absolutely, and causing the death of several people. Joe Willard and his wife were drowned two miles west of Chillicothe as they were fleeing along the tracks. William Christian was also drowned and six section hands are reported missing. The agent at Gault, Arthur Fisk, was rescued from the roof of the station after a close escape from the flood.

The Burlington bridge to the west of Chillicothe has been abandoned.

Body On Way Home.

Washington, July 8.—The body of Representative Cushman, accompanied by two representatives of the sergeant-at-arms of the house, left New York at 4:45 yesterday afternoon, and was met at Harrisburg by Robert Joyce, with whom Cushman lived here, and by A. G. Hendricks, representing Senator Piles. They will accompany the remains to Tacoma. The body is expected to arrive there Sunday night.

In accordance with Mrs. Cushman's wish no congressional party was designated to act as escort. Congress will appropriate \$7,500 for Mrs. Cushman in accordance with the custom of bestowing upon the family of deceased members an equivalent to one year's salary. The house will also bear all funeral expenses.

Waterways Men Meet at Yankton.

Yankton, S. D., July 8.—One of the most notable gatherings ever assembled in this part of the country in the interest of waterway development was called to order today when the Missouri River Navigation congress met in second annual convention. Representatives are present from Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, South Dakota and other states in the section tributary to the Missouri river. Senators, representatives, governors, captains of finance and others high in official and commercial life are scheduled as speakers.

Calvin is Doing Nicely.

San Francisco, July 8.—The condition of E. E. Calvin, vice president and general manager of the Southern Pacific company, who underwent an operation for appendicitis Sunday, is reported to be entirely satisfactory.