PIECE OF A MAMMOTH.

A Valuable Relic in the Smithsoulan Institution.

Il is Unly a Bit of Fat from the Body of an Animal That Has Been Dead for Thousands of Years.

Dr. Dall, of the Smithsonian instituin, drug his reserving the similar metric-tion, during his recent visit to Alaska secured a natural history specimen that was a prize indeed. It was a bit of mam-moth fat, from the actual allpose tissue of an animal that had been dead for tens of thousands of years. Bodies of mammoths in a fresh state

have been dug up from time to time in arctic Siberia, preserved in natural cold storage since a period probably ante-dating the first appearance of man on the earth. That is an old story; but this is the first known instance in which the soft parts of a beast of this species have been found on the American conti-nent. It is easy to imagine the scien-tific interest attaching to the discovery.

the interest attaching to the discovery. Ages ago this manimoth died, under such circumstances that his corpus was buried in mud. At about that time there was a great and permanent change in the temperature of circum-polar regions. The climate had been subtropical; it suddenly became frigid. The momentum set became frigid. The manimoths were literally "frozen out," the last of the species perishing of cold. This particular individual, frozen

the a bank of clay, had every propert of "keeping" for an indefinite period. Hundreds of centuries later a stream flowing through an Alaskan valley ckled the clay bank referred to and gan to cut it away. At length some g bones stuck out, and a native of exceptional courage dug out one or two of them. This required more of that quality known in civilized countries as nerve" than might be imagined, for trange monsters, however long they may have been dead, are regarded with superstitious awe by savages. However, the natives finally sum-

moned courage enough to drag the retank piecement. The body of the ani-nul had been preserved so well that a fairly perfect cast of it was found in the that is perfect cast of it was found in the that it. A quantity of fat, which over-tary the intestines, was obtained and was used for greasing boats. Dr. Dall se-ured a piece of it, and fetched it back Washington for an exhibit. In the office of Osteologist Frederic

Lucas, at the National museum, is a annioth's molar tooth, to which an it story is attached. It was got from a

og at Paso Verde, in the country of Papago indians. Ever so many cenis ago a mamnoth in its dying ag ught that spring for water and it into it, too weak to climb out. There tiones remain to this day, and the

and the spring would dry up. Of true such an event is that region one the destruction of a village.

Minitosion hones, of course, are fre-ully dug up in the United States The mastodon was a kind of elephant, but it did not belong to the genus Elephas. The mammoth did not belong to

phas. The mammoth did not belong to that genus, being known to modern cience as elephas primi-genus. It often happens that farmers plow up the casecous remains of mastedons, parficu-larly in reclaimed swamps, where an-ciently the gigantic beasts became mired and died from sheer helplessness to reter at The nucle are compared. to get out. The tusks are commonly found so far decomposed that the ivory crumbles between the fingers. The first maxdoon ever dug up was found in 1613. The remains of these ani-

Tomaia are by no means confined to the United States; they are discovered all over the world. They are much thicker set than the modern elephant. The lower jawbone of a full-grown apecinear jawoone of a full grown speci-men weighs nearly 100 pounds. The first mastedon kones that were dug up were supposed to be those of giants of an earlier epoch.—Washington Star.

When Lincoln Was Postmaster.

John Wanamaker was the principal speaker at a dinner given by the Philadelphia Association of Underwriters to the national board in the Continental hotel. He told the following story of Lincoln: "While at Washington it came under my notice in the post office department that Abraham Lincoln, in his early life, had been postmaster at a small Ohio town. In the changes UIM FAIR'S PRESENCE OF MIND. stable Story Told by the Son of the

Chalfornia Millionaire. Charles Fair, the only male heir to the late James G. Fair, sat in the billiard room of the Palace hotel talking to some pioneer friends of his father.

some pioneer triends of his father. "Do you know, Charley, that a book of reminiscences of your father would sell like hot cakes? You ought to put the data in the hands of some publisher and let him issue the volume. What do you think about it?" The son smiled and looked up at the talker as he mendical.

talker, as he replied: "Why don't you do it?" "Me do it!" exclaimed the man with the publishing ideas. "I didn't know him."

"Neither did I," answered Charles "Nobody knew him. I don't think a man ever lived who enjoyed his con-fidence. I can assure you that he was

fidence. I can assure you that he was the same strange man to me that he was to others, and his iron rule to keep his own counsel was never broken. "Whenever he did fall into a con-fidential and chatty mood it was to jest about something or to theorize. I re-call a story he once told Alfred E. Davis, his old partner. The story I have in mind was woren into a serious Davis, his old partner. The story I have in mind was woven into a serious conversation, and he never cracked a smile over it. Before proceeding, how-ever, I must tell you that in the Com-stock mines a ladder goes down the side of each shaft, and every twelfth rung is iron, so as to give the whole additional strength. Well, father said to him: to him:

Additional strength. Well, father said to him: "Davis, do you know I was almost killed once in the Crow Point mine?" "How was that, Jim?" "This way. I was looking down the shaft to see if everything was all right and lost my balance. Being un-able to recover myself. I toppled over and fell-yes, Davis, tell. I must have gone about a hundred feet when it suddenly struck me that if I didn't be-gin doing something pretty quick I would go clear through to hades. So I reached out and grabbed a rung of the ladder. It broke and I grabbed the next. That broke, too, but I reached for the third, which also grave way, and the next, and the next, and so on, but it broke my fall, and in about five min-utes I reached the bottom, a little it broke my fall, and in about five min-utes I reached the bottom, a little jarred up, but perfectly sound." "Davis looked at him out of the cor-ners of his eyes a few seconds and said: "What did you do, Jim, when you came to the twelfth rung? Did you grasp at that, too?" "What I missed it. Do you thigh J

"Why, I missed it. Do you think I The Cheapest wanted to smash everything that was and the Best. in the mine? When Charles finished his story he

was laughing more heartily than anyone class in the crowd, and could not be prevained upon to recall anything more that had come from the lips of his famous financial father.—San Fran-cisco Call.

NO FRIEND TO THE RACE.

Some of the Colonel's Characteristics Con-sidered Objectionable. I was riding out from Memphis to Col. Jackson's plantation when I met an

Col. Jackson's plantation when I met an old durky on the highway, who was hob-bling along with painful effort. As I wasn't quite sure about my road I asked him if he knew the colonel's place. "Kurnel Jackson's plantashun?" he repeated. "Yes, sah, I knows dat place right well. Yo' keep right on to de next co'ner an' den turn to de right an' so a mile." go a mile."

"Do you know the colonel?" I asked.

colored man." "Hu! Who says dat?"

"Why, I've heard quite a number of eople say so." "Yo' has, ch? Jist said he was a great friend of de cull'd race, did dey? Well, sah, if Kurnel Jackson nm a great friend of de cull'd race den I doan' know it?"

"Perhaps you never wanted anything of him?" I suggested. "White man?" exclaimed the old man

as he lifted up his hands, "do yo' ob-sarve dis lameness?"

"Yes, you are very lame." "An' how did I git dis lameneas?" "I don' know."

"Let me tell yo', sah. Two weeks age I went down to Kurnel Jackson's plan tashun to see my darter, who works for him. I started to cum home 'bout 11



Legal Blasks

For Sale at

that took place the office was consoli-dated with Salem, and the man twice wanted for president was tor once not wanted for postmoster. Years after it as discovered that no settlement had that little post office. A visit was made n Mr. Lincoln and the case stated, his deak and walked over to a chest of drawers and took out a bundle of pa-pers, among them an envelope, containing \$17 and some cents, the exact sum in identical money of the government safely in keeping until called for. As be handed it over to the agent of the post office department he said: "There it is. I never use any other man's money."-N. Y. Tribune.

Right and Left Limbs

The physiologists and scientists in general bave been making some curious converiments with a view to determine the relative length and strength of "rische" and "left" limbs. Fifty and the total as per cert. In this is the period of the money of the total and the right area strongers than the left; 10 4-10 per cent, had the two areas of could length and strongith, and 37 7-10 per cent, had the left arm than the right. Of women) er cent, had the right arm than the left; 24.5-10 percent. had the left stronger than the right, In onder to arrive at the average of 10. Arrow arrow the second o'clock at night, an' while I was walkin' long I war suddenly cotched in a b'ar-trap. I was held in dat trap two hours, an' dat 'counts for my lameness. Dat's de sort of man de kurnel am-put-tic' aut best tin' out b'ar-traps to cotch cull'd folk by de legs."

"Was that bear-trap in front of the colonel's meat-house?" I asked.

the old man.

Then it was set to protect his ment

"Then it was set to protect ins meas against thieves, wasn't it?" "Yes, sah, reekon it was, but was I arter his bacon? No, sah! I war jist gwine to open de donh an' look in an gwine to open de donh an' look in an thip Company see how much meat de kurnel had on han' fur de winter?"

"And you explained matters to the colonel when he came out to let you out of the trap?" "I did, sah. Arter I'd hollered an

holiered an' was mos' dead de kurnet Salls from Yaquina eum down an' sot me free, an' what hurt about every 8 days. my feelin's de mos' was what he said to me. Arter I'd splained to him all 'bout my reent a de mos was what he said to me. Arter l'd'aplained to him all 'bout it he hit me seben times wid his cane an' said dat if he eber cotched me tryin' to alsominate his meat-house agin he'd distinguish me with such impetnosity dat I'd nebber see anoder well day. Datade sort o'a man Kurnel Jacksonam, sab-dat's de sort ot a fren' he an to de cull'd people 'round yere."-Detroit Free Frem.

- The first alcoholic perfume was Hungary water, made from rosemary by Elizabeth of Hungary, 1970, she hav-ing arocurred the recipe from a Hun-garian hermit. This perfume became popular throughout all Europe in that and the accessing century.

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