

# Lebanon Express.

H. T. KIRKPATRICK, Publisher.

LEBANON, OREGON

## OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

### Colville Indians Congregating to Hold a Death Feast.

### THE TERRITORIAL ENTERPRISE

### A Six-Foot Vein of Coal Discovered in Southeastern Arizona—New Trial Refused.

The courts at Salt Lake have been asked to appoint receivers for the Utah Central.

Victoria sealers are much disheartened over the low price quoted for seal-skins in London.

The publication of the Territorial Enterprise is to be resumed at Virginia City, Nev., next month.

Testimony in the opium smuggling cases at Portland tends to show the ring's profits were \$300,000 a year.

The three naval convicts who made their escape from Mare Island—Daly, Hall and Cluffy—have reached Canadian territory.

Delegates are in session in Phoenix, A. T., from ten of the twelve counties of the Territory to push the matter of Statehood.

Northern and Central New Mexico are enjoying the biggest mining boom ever known, and all the work seems to be in the placer gold diggings.

A six-foot vein of coal has just been discovered in Southeastern Arizona by Dr. Theo. B. Comstock, Director of the Arizona School of Mines. The coal is semi-anthracite of excellent fuel quality.

Many of the farmers of Pullman, Wash., will fatten hogs with their damaged wheat, and are securing them as fast as possible. It is estimated that a bushel of wheat will produce ten pounds of pork.

A case is now in progress in the Federal Court at Yuma which affects the boundary line between Arizona and California, and it is believed by some that it will result in showing that Yuma is in California.

Owing to the sickness of one of the jurors in the Evans case on trial at Jackson, Amador county, Cal., the trial has been postponed until January 22. The jurors who were sworn in are now demanding their pay.

Sixty settlers on the south fork of the Kern river in California have been served with an injunction by Walter Rankin, who claims priority in the use of the water, which has been diverted by these settlers above.

The Supreme Court of California has refused Charles Weiger a new trial. Weiger is the dry-goods merchant convicted in Sacramento of obtaining goods by false and fraudulent pretenses from the Philadelphia firm of Sharpless Bros.

Later reports from the ship Gosford state that very little injury has been done to the hull by the action of the water, and that the attempt to raise her, which the tugs Fearless and Relief will undertake, will probably result successfully.

The officers of the City of Topeka report no epidemic of the grip among the Indians in the vicinity of Juneau, Alaska, who were reported as dying by the hundreds. About 1,000 miles from Juneau, are suffering from a grip epidemic.

Twenty stamps of the great 100-stamp mill of the Phoenix Mining Company started work at Phoenix, A. T. The mine has been opened extensively in the last ten months, and will now take rank as one of Arizona's main bullion producers.

Judge Lorigan of the Superior Court at San Jose has declared unconstitutional the law passed by the last Legislature requiring City Councils in cities of not less than 10,000 nor more than 25,000 population to fix by ordinance at the first regular meeting in July the salaries of the policemen at not less than \$100 nor more than \$125 per month and that of Chief of Police at not less than \$125 nor more than \$150.

Work on the various buildings at the Midwinter Fair grounds has been somewhat delayed, owing to bad weather, but will be pushed as rapidly as possible from this on. One of the most attractive exhibits to be seen in the mechanical building will be that made by the General Electric Company. This exhibit will be equal to some of the grand electric displays made at Chicago. Word has been officially received by Director-General de Young through the Consul of the French government to the effect that the Minister of Beaux Arts had given permission to all French artists who were represented at the Columbian exposition to avail themselves of the opportunity offered in the same connection at the coming Midwinter Exposition. Among the concessions which have not yet made much showing on the grounds is the Equimax village. The village will contain about fifty persons, men, women, boys and girls. There are now over seventy-five buildings under course of construction at the exposition grounds. April 4 is the day set for the press congress. This date has been fixed through the medium of the Press Club of San Francisco and after consultation with the California State Press Association and others who are interested in newspaper work.

## FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Representative Holman favors an income tax as a just and equitable mode of raising revenue.

Secretary Herbert has appointed as chief clerk of the Navy Department his son-in-law, Benjamin Micon of Anniston, Ala.

Secretary Herbert in his forthcoming message will ask Congress to appropriate money for one more battle ship and four torpedo boats of Ericson type.

Attorney-General Olney has rendered the opinion that certain notes issued by corporations during the recent currency "famine" are not taxable 10 per cent under the bank circulation law. The opinion was addressed to Secretary Carlisle.

The Treasury Department is somewhat concerned over the prospect of Chinese registration under the new law passed upon the eve of adjournment of the extra session and under which the department has just issued regulations. The supposition is that the Chinese will comply with the law, but no one can say definitely until the experiment is tried. Officials themselves are as much in the dark as any one. If they should again refuse, the situation would be awkward. It is said the intelligent Chinamen generally did not object to registration and really looked upon it as a means of personal protection, but the bulk of them would be controlled by their employers now as formerly. They do not as a race take kindly to having their photographs taken for the purpose, but there is no reason to suppose that this objection will long stand in the way of compliance with the law if the Six Companies and their attorneys be not obturate.

The annual report of the Secretary of War gives the usual review of the condition and operations of the army, and in addition much space is devoted especially to the progress of work on the sea-coast defenses. Now that Indian warfare is practically at an end, the gradual concentration of the army on the sea coast and frontiers should follow. The work of fortifying thirteen of the larger seaports renders manifestly necessary the conversion of a portion of the infantry to the artillery arm. The total strength of the army is 21,444 officers and 25,778 enlisted men. The Secretary recommends the repeal of the law fixing ten years as the maximum period of enlistment and a reduction of the period of first enlistment to three years. The adoption of the new machine rifle is the most important step since the close of the civil war. The entire infantry force will be equipped with the new arm before the close of the coming year.

It has been definitely determined that the income-tax system to be reported by the Ways and Means Committee will be confined to a tax on the net incomes of all corporations and on successions and legacies. Bryan, McMillin, Whiting and others made a strong fight for a plan broad enough to include all incomes of individuals in excess of \$5,000, but have been forced to acquiesce to the will of the majority and to abandon a graduated income tax in favor of one applying only to corporations and successions. It can be confidently announced that the tax system will be narrowed down to these specific limits, unless the recommendations of the committee are upset in the House. The tax on successions and legacies applies only to personalty and money. The Democrats of the committee have also decided to increase the rates radically on cigarettes and to impose a tax on playing cards. Both of these points have been definitely decided. The internal-revenue tax on whiskey is still an open question. The committee is maintaining a studious reticence on this subject for fear of the manipulations of speculators on the stock exchange.

The annual report of Commissioner of Navigation E. C. O'Brien, which proves to be his valedictory, is full of matters of public interest. The tonnage of the country exhibited an increase from 4,765,961 in 1892 to 4,825,071 in 1893. There was a decrease in sailing tonnage, but an increase in steam tonnage. American tonnage engaged in domestic commerce, which is absolutely protected against foreign competition, showed a gratifying increase. On the other hand, American tonnage engaged in our foreign commerce, which is exposed to the free competition of foreign nations, exhibited a considerable decrease. The tonnage of both American and foreign vessels entered at our ports shows a decrease as a result of the general depression of trade. The shipping interests of the Great Lakes have prospered greatly during the last six years. The tonnage which passed through the Detroit river during the year 1892 amounted to 24,785,000 tons, whereas the tonnage which passed through the Erie canal during the same year amounted to only 7,712,028 tons. The Lake Superior tonnage which passed through the canal increased from 5,130,659 tons in 1888 to 10,647,203 tons in 1893.

The sugar raisers of the country, many of whom are not satisfied with the proposition to gradually abolish the sugar bounty as intended in the Wilson bill, will continue the contest in the Senate and the House, with a hope of securing modification of the clause if they cannot get it stricken out entirely. They assert that under promise of continuation of the bounty granted by the McKinley law, which they construed as a time contract, they had every reason to suppose the 2 cents a pound bounty would be continued for fifteen years from the time the bounty was provided, and say they will push their fight to the utmost limit with a hope of securing better terms than the Wilson bill gives. They assert that they have made large outlays on the strength of this promised bounty, and have made contracts many years ahead, controlled by the same consideration. They say that with the business once well started the United States can produce all the sugar the people of this country will consume and thus keep at home over \$100,000,000 annually now sent abroad for sugar. The sorghum and beet-sugar men of the West are interested in the question, as well as the cane sugar men of Louisiana.

## EASTERN MELANGE.

### Edward Parker Deacon Now in the Social Swim.

### THE WHITECAPS IN THE STRIP.

### Large Number of Idle Miners on the Gogebic Range—Illicit Stills Destroyed—Etc.

Another bridge across the Mississippi will be built near St. Louis.

Texas people demand a cut in railway rates to attract immigration.

Rhode Island has voted by a large majority in favor of plurality elections.

Several theaters at Cincinnati have sued a local union for damages for a boycott.

The driveways of Central Park, New York, are to be lighted by incandescent lamps.

A "concise" report of the World's Fair in twenty-five volumes is to be published.

The Kansas State Board of Dentistry is prosecuting the unlicensed dentists of that State.

The President has removed Postmaster Thomas of Topeka for violating the civil service law.

The next session of the Ohio Legislature is likely to pass an act providing for biennial sessions.

There is one child dependent on charity for support in every 100 inhabitants in New York city.

The sale of Columbian postage stamps was only \$1,000,000 instead of \$2,500,000, as had been estimated.

A whaling captain says 100 whales were killed and let go adrift in the Arctic seas the past season.

The widow of Jim Fisk is living in poverty in a little wooden house in a secluded part of South Boston.

Kansas City does not pay for her water, and the water-works company threatens to cut off the supply.

Whitecaps are making things lively for "sooners" and lot jumpers in the recently opened Cherokee Strip.

There is a gigantic scheme to connect New York and Chicago with an electric railway. The time can be shortened ten hours.

Pneumatic-tube mail-carrier service, which Postmaster Coveney favors adopting in Boston, can be made almost self-sustaining.

Officers of the Guarantee Investment Company at Chicago have been convicted of using the mails in the interest of a lottery scheme.

Cincinnati's Mayor wants that city's population to be swelled by 22,000 by annexing seventy-five square miles in Hamilton county.

Chicago hotel men complain that their houses are deserted. A house that had 3,000 guests a month ago now has but 300; and so it runs.

It is estimated by the Register of the Treasury that only about \$15,800,000 of the registered bonds of the United States are now held abroad.

The discussion still goes on at Chicago about retaining the World's Fair structures in Jackson Park as long as they can be preserved against decay.

The strike of catchers and hookers against a 10 per cent reduction in wages throws 500 men out of employment in the Newport (Ky.) rolling mills.

As a result of alleged boodling the Mayor of Omaha has been enjoined from approving a franchise granted the local gas company by the City Council.

The idle miners on the Gogebic Range in Wisconsin number about 15,000. They are in a helpless condition, and measures are being taken to give them relief.

The Boston and Maine road will absorb the Concord and Montreal and Maine Central, together with another road yet unnamed, by long-time leases.

Prof. Marlowe of the High School of Terre Haute, Ind., who sent his young wife to her parents recently, telling her he no longer loved her, has been dismissed.

The number of distilleries operated during the year was 4,748, a decrease of 1,182 compared with 1892, but the decrease was wholly in the class of fruit distillers.

Predictions are made at Philadelphia that the Knights of Labor as an order cannot long exist. The way the management has conducted business has been very unsatisfactory.

According to the last report of the State Auditor of Iowa there were 134 farmers' mutual insurance companies in the State, which in 1892 carried over \$109,000,000 of risks.

The persistent ravages of diphtheria in Philadelphia and the heavy resulting mortality during the last two years make it imperative that no means should be neglected which will give promise of efficiency in the effort to stamp it out.

On each day of the Chicago Fair the net receipts averaged \$67,098. The total receipts from all sources were \$38,151,168; total expenditures, \$25,640,637; balance, \$12,510,531. From this are deducted obligations to the amount of \$748,147, leaving net assets, \$11,862,483.

Governor Tillman of South Carolina roasts the Supreme Court, using such expressions as "the tail wags the dog" and "judicial insolence." Referring to railroad litigation the Governor says the unlucky marriage between the dignity of the Federal Court and these corporations must be annulled and the owners of bonds must be made to understand that there is a point beyond which the patience of a State will not permit them to go.

## PURELY PERSONAL.

Considerable stir has been caused in London society by the conversion to Romanism of a niece of Rt. Hon. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland.

Colonel Ingersoll closes his lecture on Lincoln with these words: "Lincoln was the greatest figure of force civil war. Lincoln is the gentlest memory of our world."

A little lad named Otto Freisel, but 5 years of age, is delighting Viennese audiences with his elocutionary and mimetic powers. He is an infant prodigy in this respect, they say.

When a child of 5 Lord Claude Hamilton, the new Chairman of the Great Eastern Railway Company, resented a supposed affront by obstinately refusing to kiss the Queen when she was on a visit to his parents.

Mme. Blanc, the widely-known writer of Paris, who is in Chicago, will remain six months in this country, spending portions of the time in various cities, including a stay in Boston as the guest of Mrs. James T. Fields.

The announcement has been made that Captain Horatio McKay, the commander of the record-breaking gun-ship Lucania, and Miss Elizabeth Swan, the daughter of Edward J. Swan of Oyster Bay, L. I., are to be married some time before Christmas.

John H. Miller, son of William the Prophet, who founded the Second Advent sect, long known as "Millerites," many of whom have prepared to ascend bodily to heaven at various times, died recently at Whitehall, N. Y., aged 71, strong in his adherence to the views of his father, who died in 1849.

Few things are too insignificant to engage the attention of the German Emperor. He recently decided that the gavotte lancier should be known in the future as the court dance in his capital rather than the "quadrille a la cour," which has long had that distinction. The revival of this empire dance is due to the petition of the association of German dancing masters.

James G. Blaine, Jr., the grandson of the late Secretary of State, is now 6 years old. He has been under the care of one nurse since he was 2 years old. The lad attends a kindergarten in New York, and it is said that he has some marked traits of his father's family. He is very slow to make friends with grown-up persons, but boys will chum with him instantly. He is quite a sturdy, healthy lad.

Sir Benjamin Richardson, the eminent London physician, has been interviewed about bicycling. He expressed the opinion that the sport was decidedly injurious. The spine becomes almost an arch; the chest bone is then affected by the unnatural pressure, circulation is impaired, and no doubt the lungs are interfered with, too. In fact, there is hardly any possible evil effect it does not produce.

The railroad chapel-car evangelist, Rev. Boston Smith, is meeting with great success in the Northwest. Mr. Smith was the first missionary to utilize the railway car as a chapel. The one he uses now was built for him by John D. Rockefeller and others interested. It will seat 100 people. It is sidetracked at lonely settlements, where services are held on Sundays and often through the week.

The Sultan has contributed 700,000 francs from his private purse, to be used in the prevention of the spread of cholera in his dominions. Part of the money will be devoted to the construction of dwelling-houses in Hedsjas for the sufferers and the building of a hospital in which several thousand patients can be accommodated. The running expenses of the hospital will be borne also by the Sultan.

More copies of the Bible have been sold in the past twenty-five years than of any other book published.

## BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Nearly as much fish is said to be eaten in London as meat.

Several women are engaged in running elevators in Boston.

Slate pencils are among the novelties made of aluminum.

The depositors in American savings banks number 4,800,000.

No days of grace are allowed in Paris on bills payable at sight.

Texas has 5,000,000 sheep, and clips 25,000,000 pounds of wool.

The great ocean steamers use from 190 to 220 tons of coal per day.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has 740,000 miles of wire.

Pennsylvania has 200,000 farms, which produce over \$200,000,000 in crops.

Last year New York spent \$60,000 in cleaning the streets of snow and ice.

There are 1,822 railway corporations doing business in the United States.

American pumps are known in China and Japan, as well as in all parts of Europe.

Two-thirds of the gold in use in the world has been discovered within fifty years.

The Green Mountain boys sell \$1,250,000 worth of maple sugar every twelve months.

Japan is importing live bees, and expects some time to make all the honey she needs.

A drop of \$5 a ton in steel rails is a very important advantage to railroad companies.

The earnings of the Virginia penitentiary the last year were \$29,000 in excess of expenditures.

Soldiers do not work, but Krupp keeps 21,000 men constantly employed making big guns for them.

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1:30 P. M. Lv. Albany.....Ar. 10:21 A. M.  
2:30 P. M. Ar. Lebanon.....Lv. 9:30 A. M.  
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7:35 P. M. Ar. McMinnville.....Lv. 5:50 A. M.

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