

Lebanon Express.

H. V. KIRKPATRICK, Publisher.

LEBANON, OREGON

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Minister Sues His Congregation for Damages.

APACHES OFF THEIR RESERVE.

More Complications in the Failed City Bank at Los Angeles—An Old-Style Suicide.

A contest is on at Olympia for title to Steamboat Island.

The Fraser river salmon pack is the largest ever put up.

The Apaches are again off their reservation. The news has just been brought to Tombstone, A. T.

Tillamook (Or.) hoodlums put in their evenings cutting the legs and tails from cats and enjoying their miserable death.

The four national banks at Portland which closed their doors recently are declared solvent, and they may soon resume business.

The Succor mine in Gold Hill (Nev.) district has discovered that the Justice mine has been taking ore from its ground, and a heavy suit for damages is likely to follow.

Rev. David S. Taylor, ex-minister of the First Congregational Church at Sausalito, Cal., has brought suit against his former congregation for damages amounting to \$3,262.50.

The Olive Orchard Company at Sacramento is going in the business on a large scale. A contract to place 11,000 trees on the ground the coming season has been entered into.

More complications are developed in the affairs of the failed City Bank at Los Angeles, and a complaint charging fraud has been entered against parties connected with the bank.

At Victoria, B. C., the Printers' Union has reduced the scale of newspaper work 10 per cent. Machine hands will get \$22 per week; hand compositors, night, 45 per 1,000; day, 40 cents.

William Young, who threw a lighted oil lamp at Irene Mansfield at Los Angeles, causing death from the frightful burning she received, has been found guilty of manslaughter on the third trial.

The Washington National Bank at Tacoma has been placed in a receiver's hands. An attempt was being made to get it out of the Comptroller's hands when the latter checkmated the bank officials.

The present progress of the Southern Pacific extension justifies the expectation that the road will reach San Luis Obispo in six months and make a through route to the East in six months after that time.

Seven San Francisco Chinamen, knowing Tacoma was anti-Chinese, became frightened while being driven from the Portland train to a boat at the wharf at Tacoma at the sight of crowd assembled at a fire. Without waiting to consult the driver of the gurney they cut the straps on the doors and, breaking them open, ran back to the depot and hid. They left their baggage behind.

At Hot Creek, Nye county, Nev., Richard Guyas, superintendent of the Hot Creek and Rattlesnake Mining and Milling Company, an Eastern corporation, committed suicide. He went to the mill and set fire to thirty cords of wood, climbed onto it and shot himself. He was entirely cremated, only two small pieces of bone and the fragments of a pistol being found. He left a will disposing of his property.

In 1872 the exports of prunes from California amounted to nothing. So rapidly has the industry grown since that date that last year the exports of this fruit from California reached 39,000,000 pounds. Numerous orchards are coming into bearing year by year, and still more are being planted. This is as regards California. In conversation with fruitmen from Oregon we find that orchardists in certain sections of that State have caught the fever and are planting prune trees by tens of thousands. So with Idaho horticulturists. Right and left these same fruit trees are being set out, and as in all these localities named this fruit thrives and yields abundantly, one can imagine the condition of this industry in coming years. Here is something for planters of new orchards to consider.

Another attempt may yet be made to rescue the steam collier San Pedro, which went ashore near Victoria nearly two years ago. This time the Moran Bros. of Seattle have taken the matter in charge, and if they find that it will be worth while to try and save the San Pedro, they will make one final effort to do so. The Southern Pacific Railroad Company, which is the owner of the San Pedro, has, it is said, been in correspondence with the Moran Bros. for some time. The company is anxious that the San Pedro shall be saved. She cost nearly \$250,000, and it will be a heavy loss to the company if she is not recovered. However, the company does not care to spend a lot of money in removing the collier from her present quarters and then find that she has been down so long as to become absolutely worthless. In order to determine her value the Southern Pacific has arranged with the Moran Bros. to make a personal inspection of her.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Over 100 kinds of wine are made in Australia.

An aluminium bridge over Gibraltar is proposed.

There are 37,000 lady telegraphers in the United States.

New South Wales has over 5,000,000 acres of tin-ore fields.

Belgium has 150,000 "schnapps" houses and 5,000 schools.

Europe has 5,345,000 acres in beets, producing 40,400,000 tons.

Wine clarifiers in France use more than 80,000,000 eggs a year.

More than 3,000,000,000 cigarettes were sold in this country last year.

The soldering of glass and porcelain with metals is a novel French process.

The average wages paid in the Clyde ship yards are reported at 7 cents per hour.

The State of North Carolina has mined nearly \$10,000,000 worth of gold since 1874.

American cotton goods are gradually taking the place of the English product in Hayti.

It costs but 25 cents to transport a ton of coal by water from Buffalo to Duluth, 1,000 miles.

The weight of the rail used on the American roads has been increasing steadily during the last twenty years.

Sixty million dollars' worth of leather is required every year to provide boots and shoes for the inhabitants of Great Britain.

The steam engines of the world represent the work of 1,000,000,000 men, or more than double the working population of the earth.

The three Northern States of New England will receive government bounties amounting to \$70,000 on this year's maple sugar crop.

The cigarette smokers are doing their best to keep the government in funds. They dropped \$2,000,000 into Uncle Sam's strong box last year.

Chili is the most prosperous agricultural country of South America. There are 7,010,000 acres under cultivation, of which 1,100,000 are irrigated.

In the opinion of the Portland Oregonian this is a good time to pay small debts, as "100 will pay \$1,000 of debts in one day if kept moving actively."

The total product of the Mexican silver mines from their opening by the Spaniards to the independence of the country in 1821 was \$2,368,962,000.

By the tenth census 23,010,000 inhabitants of the United States were supported by agriculture, 11,520,000 by manufactures and 15,620,000 by commerce.

Homestead farmers in this country earn 8 per cent of the total earnings of the nation, and their farms and stock represent 7 per cent of the national wealth.

Chamberlain, S. D., has the largest artesian well in the world. The flow is 8,000 gallons a minute. The well is eight inches in diameter, and the water is thrown fourteen feet above the top of the pipe.

The French government, controlling the pearl islands of the Pacific, has recently prohibited the use of diving apparatus by pearl hunters. This is because there has been such a demand for the beautiful pearls of the Pacific that the supply is being depleted, and in a little while apparently there would be none left.

PURELY PERSONAL.

The Belgian King hates music, and whenever a piano is opened he vanishes from the room.

Dingley of Maine, Delliver of Iowa and Burrows of Michigan are seated side by side in the front row of the Republican side of the House this session.

Little Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is credited with the possession of a particularly intractable temper, which she inherits from her disreputable old papa.

Peter Rossegger, the bard of Styria, as Austria's most popular poet is called, and who had a public or rather popular celebration of his 50th birthday recently, is the son of the poorest of peasants.

Miss Emily Faithful, the well-known English apostle of woman's work, lives in the dreariest part of Manchester. She is an inveterate smoker of cigars, which alone relieve the asthma from which she suffers.

Mrs. Lucie C. Carnegie of Pittsburg, sister-in-law of Andrew Carnegie, has given an order to the Maryland Steel Company of Baltimore for a steel steam yacht, which she will use in cruising in Southern waters.

William A. Pledger, the negro politician of Georgia, is to apply for admission to the bar at the next session of the Superior Court in Clarke county. Fourteen negro lawyers have already been admitted to practice at the Georgia bar.

Prince Victor Napoleon, who lives quietly in Brussels, is a great student of works on the army, military tactics, constitutional government and French history during the consulate and the two Emperors. The Prince is now 31 years old, and his demeanor is grave beyond his years.

The Princess Mand, who has always been the favorite of her father, the Prince of Wales, has blossomed out into quite a beauty this season, the foreign correspondents state. The Princess Victoria is the useful member of the family, and plays the part of the peace-maker always.

The assertion recently made in an English periodical that Miss Bradton had realized \$500,000 from her novels was generally regarded as preposterous, but Henry Labouchere says in London Truth that he "is inclined to think that they have brought in a good deal more than the sum stated."

EASTERN MELANGE.

Huge Hailstones Fall in the State of New York.

RADICAL METHOD FOR RELIEF.

Amount and Mileage of Railroads in the Hands of Receivers at the Present Time.

Grasshoppers are doing great damage to crops in Iowa.

A conference of Anarchists is to be held in Chicago September 15.

A Kansas editor boasts of being a graduate of the Keeley Institute.

The rate of taxation just fixed in New York is the lowest in thirty years.

Active measures are being taken to enforce the health laws of Kansas.

Another gas well with powerful flow has been struck at Stronghurst, Ill.

Governor Turney of Tennessee is out in a proclamation denouncing lynching.

About 12,000 men who were idle in Pittsburg two weeks ago are at work again.

During this year 714,636 silver Treasury notes have been redeemed in silver dollars.

Senator John Sherman has decided to say very little at present upon the money question.

A sea turtle, weighing 1,000 pounds, was captured near Portland, Me., the other day.

Frick, the Carnegie manager at Pittsburg, has had his salary of \$50,000 a year reduced to \$35,000.

Senator Pellar has asked that the salaries of all government officers above \$1,000 a year be reduced.

Atlanta is about to celebrate her fiftieth anniversary. Her population is in close neighborhood of 120,000.

Much dissatisfaction is found with the registration requirement by intending settlers in the Cherokee Strip.

The counties of Western New York report a plague of grasshoppers that is doing much harm to the crops.

Last year the total valuation of the railroads of Kansas was \$50,000,000. This year it is increased \$10,000,000.

R. D. Kathrens, Secretary of a large oil company, says that the supply of petroleum in Wyoming is inexhaustible.

Railroad Commissioners of Kansas have not yet been able to secure seed wheat for the western part of the State.

Francis Murphy, the well-known temperance advocate, claims that the excessive use of intoxicants is on the decrease.

But 1,000 men are now employed in the Santa Fe shops at Topeka, Kan. Last year at this time 2,000 men were at work.

There is an organized kick all over Kansas about the celerity with which the State Board of Pardons is letting out criminals.

Secretary Hoke Smith has declined to execute asphaltum mining leases on the Indian reservation in Utah. He says it is illegal.

Railroads with a mileage of over 16,000 miles and capital of \$1,000,000,000 have gone into receivers' hands in this country this year.

The Javanese village in Midway Pleasance at the Chicago Fair is unable to meet the exactions of the management of the fair, and will close.

The city of Cleveland has filed a claim to land on the lake front occupied by the Pennsylvania, Lake Shore and Big Four railroads and worth \$2,000,000.

Rome, N. Y., reports a fall of hailstones weighing one quarter of a pound. Every exposed window was broken and roofs damaged. Rain fell in torrents.

The New York Sun has been making a study of the debts of the various States, and finds that in the last ten years there has been a total decrease of \$10,000,000.

W. W. Ogilvie, the milling king of Canada, estimates the yield in wheat in Manitoba and Northwest Canada this year at about twenty bushels per acre, or a total yield of about 19,000,000 bushels.

The recent "hunger riots" in New York had their comical side. One of the loudest clamorers for bread, who was taken into custody by the police, was searched, and was found to have \$35 in his pockets.

New York's Dock Commissioners have built on several different piers people's pavilions. In these structures iron pillars support the roof, the building being open on each side to let the breeze enter. The pavilions cost \$3,500 each, and are to serve as public promenades.

Dr. Warner's corset factory at Bridgeport, Conn., employs 1,000 women. It now is running only part of the time, but for all of the workwomen who do not make enough to pay their living expenses Dr. Warner furnishes the meals until the factory shall be running full time again.

A movement is on foot in South Carolina to have John C. Calhoun's body, with the sarcophagus erected over it by the State Legislature some years ago, removed from St. Philip's neglected graveyard in Charleston to Fort Hill, where was his home and where the college he wished for has lately been established.

Typographical Union No. 16 of Chicago, including all the large English papers of that city, adopted a radical method for the relief of the unemployed in the shape of a rule, to hold good for five weeks, that none of the regularly employed shall work more than four days each week, putting on "subs" the other three.

CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

In the Oregon display is an exhibit that attracts much attention. It includes a working model of a gold placer mining outfit. A large amount of gold-bearing dirt is at hand for demonstrating the whole process of panning out the gold, and at stated intervals the plant is put into operation. This exhibit is not surrounded with glass, and it is an amusing sight to see people hunting over the sand and dirt for particles or appearance of gold.

Near the north end of the forestry building are shown cross sections of trees from Oregon. There is a yellow fir log six feet in diameter. The yellow fir grows all over the Northwest Coast Range Mountains. It is of superior excellence for ship-building and spars. It ranges from two to ten feet in diameter. A cross section of a trunk of tide-land spruce is shown. It is nine feet nine inches in diameter. The butt was sixteen feet in diameter, the tree being 305 feet high and 300 years old. Great slabs of noble fir, spruce, lovely fir and yellow fir are shown.

Baron de Maraja, Commissioner from Brazil, and S. Suwa, Secretary of the Japanese Commission, have through O. S. Whitmore, editor of *Hardwood*, offered forestry exhibits at the World's Fair to the city of Chicago for a permanent museum. Said Mr. Whitmore the other night: "Both the collections are complete and large, the former being one of the largest in the forestry building. Mr. Suwa's is large and exceptionally well arranged and perfectly classified. Dr. Niederlein, Commissioner from the Argentine Republic, and Dr. Hassler, Commissioner from Paraguay, both have splendid collections, which they have given me to understand they would present to the city if they could be assured they would be appreciated and cared for as they deserve. No such collection of forest products has ever before been shown as is now in this exhibit, either from domestic or foreign sources. I have discussed the matter with others among foreign exhibitors, and am satisfied the bulk of the foreign exhibits can be secured by the city. American exhibitors also are prepared to make handsome donations. I think the Jessop collection can be secured and some other private collections. Dr. Charles Millspaugh, the botanist who has charge of the West Virginia collection, intimates that a large part of that exhibit can be secured. It is one of the finest shown, is complete and thoroughly classified. Kentucky, Oregon, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Washington, Missouri and others have complete, well-arranged and well-classified exhibits which they would gladly donate in whole or in part."

Secretary Carlisle has ordered that the United States mints at Philadelphia and San Francisco be fully manned and the full capacity of both mints utilized in coining gold bullion. The Treasury Department possesses from \$80,000,000 to \$100,000,000 in gold bullion, which is part of the gold reserve of \$100,000,000. Gold bars cannot be used as currency; so it has been decided in the present need to coin the bullion on hand. The bullion will be coined into \$10, \$5 and \$2½ gold pieces, preference being given to the first two denominations. The coining capacity of the Philadelphia mint, it is stated, will be between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000 per month. The San Francisco mint will also be utilized, but fortunately nearly all bullion possessed by the government is in the East. There is \$20,000,000 of gold bullion in the Philadelphia mint, \$15,000,000 of it being in one vault, where it has remained untouched for fifteen years. Acting Director Preston visited Philadelphia the other day, and completed arrangements with Superintendent Bosbyshell to begin work at once. The Treasury is now paying out gold coin all over the country, and as a consequence stands more in need of gold coin than heretofore.

Miss Thornton, Queen Victoria's oldest servant, who has been state housekeeper at Buckingham Palace, has just resigned at the age of 80 years. She has been forty years in her Majesty's service.

The occurrence of two cases of cholera at Northafen, on the canal fed by the Spree, leaves little doubt that the river is infected. The German government has ordered the closing of all river boats.

At Montpellier, France, during mass an elderly lady entered the pew of Jean Jouissant, a prominent lawyer, and shot him four times, killing him. She claimed he had refused to return a sum of money intrusted to his care.

The Infanta Eulalia's spun-glass dress, of which an American manufacturing company made her a present while she was the nation's guest, has aroused great curiosity among the ladies of the Spanish Court, who very properly regard it as something very remarkable in the way of feminine attire.

London is to have a tobacco show from September 7 to October 7, a dahlia and dahliola exhibition for three days in the beginning of September, three chrysanthemum shows, one in October and the others in the two succeeding months; a cage bird show the last of October and a bull-dog show in November.

Right Honorable Henry Chaplin holds the English government mainly responsible for the failure of the Brussels Monetary Conference, and charges that it willfully threw away an opportunity for promoting a settlement of the silver question affecting all parts of the world.

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