

# Lebanon Express.

H. Y. KIRKPATRICK, Publisher.

LEBANON, OREGON

## OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

### The Shipment of Oranges From Riverside, Cal.

### GUNS BARRED BY THE JUDGE.

### An English Syndicate Purchases an Arizona Mine—Stockton Tanners Close Down.

The Tacoma Chamber of Commerce has moved into its new \$150,000 building.

Work on the Santa Barbara end of the railway gap between Ellwood and Santa Margarita is to begin at once.

Orange shipments from Riverside this season amounted to 2,300 carloads, the largest amount ever shipped in one season.

The Victoria (B. C.) Supreme Court has dismissed the charge of assault against Rev. Albert Beams, the Merced runaway.

An English syndicate has bought the Bonanza mine at Hargra Halls, A. T., paying \$4,000,000 for it. It is a very rich gold mine.

With the assignment as commandant of the Mare Island navy yard Captain Kirkland received his promotion to the rank of Commodore.

The tanners at Stockton have ceased pickling hides. They claim 8 cents charged by the dealers is too high, and business will not be resumed until the price is lowered.

The sealer Favorite has arrived at Victoria from the west coast with a catch of 1,000 seals. She also brought the Triumph's and Marvin's catch of 1,170 and 856 respectively.

San Joaquin grain dealers are offering to buy the new crop and loaning \$15 to \$18 per ton on stored wheat at Stockton, showing a better condition of money matters. All wheat coming in is being stored, as prices are too low.

The Mammoth mine in Pinal county, A. T., one of the finest gold mines in the Territory, has shut down until a new shaft can be driven, a cave in the mine some time ago rendering it difficult to work as well as unprofitable.

The San Pedro Lumber Company has secured at Los Angeles a judgment against Merrick Reynolds, their former manager, for \$66,000. Reynolds was charged with neglect and causing the falsification of the company's books.

Six measurements made by Fred G. Phinney of the height of Mount Rainier show it to be from 14,900 to 15,100 feet high. Mount Whitney, which is credited with being the highest mountain in the United States, is 14,898 feet high.

Judge Catlin at Sacramento has decided the long-pending case of V. J. Gregory vs. J. J. Spieker, involving the right to the manufacture and sale of a patent medicine, judgment being awarded plaintiff. The case has been pending for nine years.

In the habeas corpus case of Captain Wray of the Salvation Army at San Jose Judge Loring declared the ordinance which prohibited the Salvation Army from parading on the streets in prescribed boundaries unconstitutional, and ordered that the defendant be discharged.

An insect discovered by J. R. Shepard of Zena, Or., was found to be devouring the green and woolly aphid in his orchard. Prof. F. L. Washington, entomologist of the Oregon agricultural experiment station, says the insect is podabrus comes, and that it is no uncommon thing for members of this family to feed on soft-bodied insects. The species of podabrus have also made a good record as aphid-eaters in Oregon. They never seem, however, to become numerous enough to catch up with the aphid.

George L. Richardson has been found guilty of an attempt to wreck the Southern Pacific train near Drain, Or. This is the case where a train was stopped by Richardson, who held a torch, and whose every appearance indicated that he had been injured. He claimed he had discovered robbers tearing up the track, and that they had beaten and stabbed him and left him for dead, but he recovered in time to save the train. He was much of for awhile, but the evidence made was such that he was charged with the attempted crime of train-wrecking with the above result. His sentence is eight years in the State prison.

John W. Flood, ex-cashier of the Donahoe-Kelly Banking Company, convicted of embezzling \$164,000 from that institution, has been granted a new trial at San Francisco. Judge Seawell granted the new trial on the grounds that the court erred in a portion of its charge to the jury, and that the prosecution did not receive a very essential point. It was proved that February 15 the books of the bank showed no shortage. Now, between that time and April 4, the time of the discovery of the defalcation, there was no proof of what had become of the money. There was no evidence as to how it came in or how it was paid out. General Barnes of counsel for prosecution says this proof is next to an impossibility, and that the decision practically amounts to an acquittal. Flood was released on \$5,000 bail. He immediately went to his residence, and denied himself to all visitors. It is understood his attorneys have enjoined absolute silence.

## PURELY PERSONAL.

William C. Todd, who recently gave \$50,000 to the Boston public library to support a newspaper reading room, is 70 years old and a graduate of Dartmouth in the class of 1844.

Mrs. Annie Moore, who has the reputation of being the only woman President of a national bank (Mount Pleasant, Tex.), is described as a dark-complexioned woman, with peculiarly brilliant eyes and soft voice and gentle manners.

Robert Buchanan appears to be turning pessimist. He says of literature that it is one of the least ennobling of the professions, and that he has "not met one individual who has not deteriorated morally by the pursuit of literary fame."

Ex-Governor N. S. Berry of Bristol, N. H., who, if he lives, will be 97 years old on September 1 next, is well and active. His intellect continues strong and clear. He reads and writes daily, and keeps fully posted upon all of the important occurrences of the day.

James Whitcomb Riley says that composition is a severe matter with him. He makes so many false starts, corrections and erasures that he is ashamed to let any one see his work until it is copied. He modestly says that he isn't at all proud of it even then.

The chief of the interpreters at the World's Fair, Charles A. Barry, is master of sixteen languages. He is President of the Columbia International Association of Interpreters, the members of which are employed by exhibitors to talk to visitors in their own language.

Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, is in Chicago to see the World's Fair as the guest of Mrs. Sloo-ovich of New York. It is noted as a coincidence that Mrs. Philip H. Sheridan is visiting Chicago at the same time, and that her hotel is only two blocks away from Miss Davis'. It is the intention of their friends that the two women shall soon meet.

General Averill, whose cavalry division was famous during the war, is now inspector of the national soldiers' homes. He was wounded three times during the rebellion, but remained at the front until the end. His famous raid on Longstreet was one of the master strokes of the war, and received due recognition.

When Booth was playing "Richard" in Chicago in 1879 a mentally unbalanced spectator named Gray shot at the actor twice from the gallery. One of the bullets Mr. Booth secured, and had it set in a gold cartridge, upon which he had engraved the words: "From Mark Gray to Edwin Booth, April 23, 1879." This grim reminder he always preserved.

General Longstreet lives in what is described as "white-pine bungalow of a house" near the ruins of his fine old mansion in Central Georgia, which was burned a few years ago. The house he now occupies faces the Blue Mountains, and commands a view of unsurpassed beauty. The Confederate veteran is now 72 years old and a man of patriarchal aspect.

The Duke of York and the Princess May are going to set an example to young couples starting in life. The royal pair will keep house in a little cottage at Sandringham, which contains besides three bedrooms only two small sitting rooms and a study or office for the use of the Duke. It is simply fitted up with light and inexpensive furniture, and is altogether a very modest dwelling.

Jesse M. Sparks of Tennessee has been appointed Consul at Piedras Negras, Mexico, and thereby hangs a tale. During President Cleveland's first administration Major Sparks sent to the executive mansion three opossums, fat and toothsome, from the Tennessee mountains. The President never forgot the gift, and when Major Sparks was in Washington last spring Mr. Cleveland asked if the Tennessean wouldn't like to be a Consul. The reply was in the affirmative, and the appointment followed. The opossums did the business.

## BUSINESS BREVITIES.

The largest piece of copper ever taken out of the Michigan Upper Peninsula weighed about nine tons.

Ostrich-taming is a very profitable industry in Africa, where it is computed there are over 150,000 tame birds.

The value of the Western cattle is estimated at \$2,000,000,000, or five times that of all the cattle in Australia.

Diamond-cutters in Holland have succeeded in cutting stones so small that it takes 1,500 of them to weigh a karat.

The highest rate of discount ever established by the Bank of England was 10 per cent on May 11, 1866, during a panic.

The narrowest-gauge railroad now in use is one of twenty inches in North Carolina, built last year for transporting timber.

A million dollars in gold coin will weigh 3,685.3 pounds, and a million dollars in silver coin will weigh 58,229.9 pounds.

Alaska produced \$1,000,000 in gold last year and California \$12,000,000. The gold product of the United States was \$35,000,000.

The farm land of the State of Kansas produced twice as much in value last year as all the gold and silver mines in the United States.

Nothing is wasted in China. The stones of various fruits and the shells of nuts are cleaned, dried and carved into ornaments of the most graceful kind.

It is said to cost less to send the product of an acre of wheat from Dakota to England than it does to mature an acre of land in England so that it can grow good wheat.

New Bedford can easily afford to stop catching whales, for according to the latest statistics she is among New England cities second only to Fall River in cotton spindles.

## EASTERN MELANGE.

### The Reported Conditions of the Various Crops.

### DESTITUTION IN WEST KANSAS.

### Outcome of the Weather Bureau Investigation at Washington—The Mississippi.

Lizzie Borden has been invited by the Globe-Democrat to lecture.

The work of overhauling the halls of Congress is being pushed rapidly.

Toronto is wrestling with the question of running street cars on Sunday.

Leadville, Col., is filling up with idle men, owing to the shutting down of the mines.

Serious charges of discrimination have been filed against a number of roads entering Chicago by local merchants.

By using cotton-picking machines a crop can now be raised in some districts of the South at a cost of 2½ cents a pound.

Near Vallecitos, Tex., the Rangers and a band of Mexican horse-thieves had a fight, and Captain Jones of the Rangers was killed.

There is destitution in parts of Kansas. The wheat crop is a failure in large sections. The Legislature may be called in extra session.

Guileless immigrants landing in New York sometimes are bunked into the exchange of good European money for Confederate bills.

Secretary of State Lesueur is receiving complaints from all over Missouri regarding combinations of insurance agents to put up rates.

Governors will be elected next November in Ohio, Iowa, Massachusetts and Virginia. The contests in Ohio and Iowa will be the most interesting of them all.

The other day workmen in an old house in Philadelphia, at one time occupied by William Penn, discovered a lot of ancient coin and English bank notes hidden under the flooring.

The receipts of the government for the year aggregated \$385,000,000, while the expenditures will foot up \$383,000,000, leaving a surplus of receipts above expenditures of \$2,000,000.

The Department of Agriculture is about to introduce calla-lily roots as a vegetable. In appearance the root resembles an Irish potato; it is easily propagated and palatable.

The banks at Independence, Kan., have arranged a series of electrical alarm bells, which are placed in different portions of the business part of the city. The town is now fully prepared for robbers.

A suit has been instituted at New York against Senator Squire of the State of Washington to recover \$2,000,000, which, it is claimed, the Senator owes the plaintiffs for lands sold and which belonged to them.

The outcome of the weather-bureau investigation at Washington is the ex-oneration of Prof. Harrington and the dismissal of McLaughlin, chief of the executive division, who preferred the charges on which the investigation was based.

The new military order signed by the President abolishes the Department of Arizona, and places Arizona, New Mexico, Utah and Colorado in the new department, California is restored to the Department of California, with headquarters at San Francisco.

The abolition of seed distribution through members of Congress and the charging of the cost of meat inspection upon the packers are likely to be two of the leading recommendations in the annual report of Secretary Morton of the Department of Agriculture.

The United States makes a very discouraging showing for this year's crop of cotton. It is already certain that the crop has been badly damaged by unfavorable weather during the past six weeks; that it has got a poor start; that it is being injured by insects and disease and cannot amount to an average yield. More serious still is the prospect that further adverse weather, which may fairly be expected at this season, catching the belated crop in its present condition, will reduce the yield still further. A few sections, as Florida and Louisiana, seem to have been exempted to the meteorological fate that has overtaken the cotton crop generally, but they are not extensive enough to make any material difference in the crop as a whole.

Acting Secretary Hamlin has instructed Collectors of Customs in order that the department may be fully advised concerning the admission of Chinese persons into the United States to prepare and forward to the department a statement showing the number of Chinese persons admitted by them from January 1 to June 30, 1893, and the reasons; the number to whom admission was refused and the reasons; the number permitted to land for transit to another port for exit from the United States. The Collectors are also directed to make a weekly report of the Chinese persons seeking admission into the United States, through giving names, description, occupation and place of destination in the United States, of those admitted and the evidence upon which such action was based, and also the names and description and the occupation of those to whom admission was refused and the reasons for such refusal; also the names, occupation and a description of such persons permitted to land for transit through the United States.

## FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Alfred P. Swineford of Wisconsin, who served as Governor of Alaska during Cleveland's former term, has been appointed inspector of the Surveyor-General and district land offices.

The first move when the extra session meets, it is said, will be a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to suspend the purchase of silver for thirty or sixty days and then let the fight come on the main question of repeal. It is said the silver men will agree in order to gain time for organization.

The opinion is held by a number of Congressmen that the extra session will not be lengthy, and that financial matters alone will engage its attention. G. F. Wheeler of Alabama said: "I see no reason why the country should be burdened by a long tiresome session, with attendant debates and set speeches. The President has called them together by reason of the gravity of the money question, and that alone. There are numerous Congressmen who believe it would be wise for Congress as soon as it organizes to pass a resolution giving the President authority to suspend the purchase act or deal with it as he may deem best. Congress could then adjourn at once. When convened in regular session in December the financial condition could be dealt with intelligently and with deliberation and in the light of the result of four months' work under the policy the President might under the resolution inaugurate."

While members of Congress and leaders in financial matters are discussing various plans by which the present situation can be relieved, the officials of the Treasury Department are quietly preparing the statistics and histories of financial transactions for the benefit of the administration to guide it in its own views of the vital subject. Several plans have been suggested to Secretary Carlisle. Among them is one which contemplates an entire change in the money system of the United States. In short, the plan is to pass a specie resumption act, redeeming the various forms of money now used in the country and issuing instead United States Treasury notes, whose value shall always be fixed. There are at present nine different forms of money in circulation, and the fact of wide difference between the value of gold and silver coins, while they are, are practically of a parity, is one of the causes which has suggested the plan proposed. The national banks during the past two months have increased their circulation nearly \$7,000,000, an order for new circulation to the amount of \$2,277,000 having been received so far this month by Controller Eckels.

The President has signed an order reorganizing the military Department of Arizona under the name of the Department of Colorado, with headquarters at Denver. The Department of Arizona consisted of the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona and that portion of California south of the 35th parallel. The new order abolishes the Department of Arizona, and places Arizona, New Mexico, Utah and Colorado in the new district. California is restored to the Department of California, with headquarters at San Francisco. This change has been urged by the military authorities for a year past. The headquarters of the Department of Arizona were at Los Angeles, placing General McCook, commanding the department, at the extreme western part of his department. This caused great delay in communicating with army headquarters at Washington, as all matters in his section were sent to him and by him to Washington. With headquarters at Denver he will be at the extreme east of the department and in the closest communication with Washington. This, it is believed, will effect economy in time and money and greatly facilitate the disbursement of supplies and ammunition. General McCook will command the new department.

The legal objections advanced against West Point cadets going to the World's Fair have been overcome, and Acting Secretary Grant sent the necessary instructions to Colonel Ernst, superintendent of the Military Academy, for the trip. The cadets will leave West Point August 17 and remain at Chicago ten days. They will be encamped in Jackson Park during their stay.

The finances of the exposition are fast assuming a more satisfactory condition, and the city of Chicago is becoming truly great for the large number of visitors from abroad. An evening paper estimates that in the period embraced within the last 120 days of the fair a sum ranging from \$120,000,000 to \$150,000,000 will be brought into Chicago by visitors and left there. It is certain that every day shows a gradual increase in the number in attendance.

Mrs. Alice Houghton, the Lady Manager from Washington, has been in a much-flustered state since she got back to the World's Fair. It will be remembered that \$5,000 was appropriated for the woman's department. Mrs. Houghton has spent about \$1,500 of this, and now for no reason that can be learned the Board of Lady Managers has refused to forward her any more. She had not even enough to pay the scrub woman who condescends to holy-stone the floor of her department. Mrs. Houghton has had several conferences with Dr. Calhoun over the matter, but the Executive Commissioner is too shrewd to mix himself up in any of the troubles of the ladies, and so the matter remains in statu quo. About \$800 was lost of the ladies' fund in the failure of the World's Fair Columbian Bank.

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3:30 A. M. Lv. Portland	Ar. 4:30 P. M. Albany
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9:30 A. M. Lv. Albany	Ar. 2:29 P. M. Albany

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