

## Lebanon Express.

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LEBANON, OREGON.

## OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

### Bella Bella and Kitkalia Indians Commence Hostilities.

### FREE GOLD-BEARING ROCK FOUND

### The Governor of Montana Signs the Bill Making It Unlawful for Scalpers to Sell Tickets.

Tombstone, A. T., has become the seat of a United States District Court.

Idaho pupils in the public schools are to be furnished text-books without cost.

Vancouver, B. C., has discovered that its Chinatown is overcrowded, unhealthy and disease-breeding.

Fish and game dealers in Oregon are to test the legality of the fish law adopted by the last Legislature.

A suit has been instituted at San Diego against the Bear Valley Irrigation Company. Waste of funds is charged.

The Bella Bella and Kitkalia Indians in North British Columbia have commenced hostilities as a result of the recent massacre on Forrow Island.

The trial of the bigamy charge against George B. Jeffers, whose connection with the Ayres Brighton murder case is well known, has been set for April 22 at Sacramento.

The Provisional government is going to assist the Frazer river bridge project to the extent of \$62,500, payable in five equal annual installments. This will materially help the Northern Pacific railroad extension project.

The Mining and Developing Company has purchased the Gold Bar mines and Gold Bar west extension in the Vanderbilt mining district in San Bernardino county for \$50,000. The same mines were recently sold for \$40,000.

The Bradstreet mercantile agency reports thirteen failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the past week, as compared with thirty-one for the previous week and fourteen for the corresponding week of 1892.

Charles F. Olsen, an ex-member of the Utah Legislature and ex-Assessor and Collector of Cache county, Utah, has been sentenced to one year in the penitentiary for embezzling \$5,000 while occupying the position of Collector.

Deep snow in the Blue Mountains in Oregon have driven large numbers of elk to the lower levels to the great delight of hunters in that region, who have killed a greater number of these animals this season than for years previous.

A resolution has been introduced into the British Columbia Legislature praying the Lieutenant-Governor to move the Dominion government to prohibit all immigration from Asiatic countries for a period of one year from the first day of April next.

A farmer living five miles from Sacramento has informed the police of that city that a few days ago three swindlers hounded him out of \$3,000 by the gold-brick trick. When he drew the money for them and got home he found instead of a gold brick a box of scrap iron.

At Virginia City a draft of thirty-five men was made from the force employed in the Savage mine and a draft of ten from the Belcher. The draft will result in the suspension of ore extraction from these mines, which have been jointly producing about 4,000 tons monthly.

Governor Riskards of Montana has signed the bill making it unlawful for a scalper to sell for any consideration the whole or part of any ticket on any railroad or steamboat, whether the line be operated or owned within or without the State. The punishment is a fine of \$500 and one year's imprisonment.

The Phoenix (A. T.) City Council passed an ordinance raising the saloon tax to \$400 per annum, raising gambling taxes in accordance and forbidding music in rooms where liquor is sold. It also put a tax of \$10 a day upon street fairs, and the Salvation Army by a similar clause is forbidden to parade the streets.

Gilliam county, Or., citizens have petitioned the County Court to grant a bounty on dead and rats. The little vermin have had a good winter and will soon come out of their holes in the pink of condition to ravage the growing grain. The farmers say, unless something is done soon to check this pest, they will be run out.

The United States Commissioners are in camp twenty-two miles north of Concho, Mendocino county, Cal., in what is known as Kit Carson's cabin, which was built in 1863 by Frank Asbell, a famous trapper of those days. The report is current that the Commissioners will place on the market half of the Round Valley Indian reservation, 65,000 acres, at from \$1.25 to \$4 an acre.

A prospector has reached Phoenix, A. T., from the desert beyond Harqua Hala, bringing specimens of free gold-bearing rock that runs \$30 to the pound. He will say little except that, finding water plenty on the desert by reason of the recent storms, he penetrated a hitherto unexplored country and discovered the quartz in large bodies. Several heavy capitalists started off with the miner within a few hours for the mines, which are about one hundred miles from Phoenix.

## FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

### Secretary Carlisle Issues New Regulations Regarding Precautions in Admitting Immigrants.

The President has accepted the resignation of Governor N. M. Stone of Iowa, Commissioner of the general land office. Attorney-General Olney has appointed Frank Strong of Arkansas General Agent of the Department of Justice, vice E. C. Foster resigned.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment of the Court of Claims, dismissing the petition of the State of Indiana to recover from the United States over \$500,000 as 5 per cent of the sales of public lands in Indiana.

Authority has been given by President Cleveland to Secretary Gresham to exchange with Minister Grip certificates of the ratification of the extradition treaty between the United States and Sweden, recently ratified by the Senate.

The results of the rifle, carbine and revolver firing of the army for the target year of 1892 received by the Adjutant shows that Company G of the Seventh Infantry, stationed at Pilot Butte, Wyo., made the highest general figure of merit.

Active preparations are about to be begun by Secretary Smith for the opening of the Cherokee Strip under the provision of the Indian appropriations act ratifying the agreement with the Cherokees. The preliminaries, however, will consume considerable time.

A hint of Cleveland's policy of building up a new party is given. Following the selection of Judge Gresham for the Cabinet, it is said, he is going to appeal to the sentimental Republicans by keeping Minister Lincoln at London and Minister Fred Grant at Vienna.

Postmaster-General Bissell states that whenever there is a contest for any post-office the person who held the office under President Cleveland's former administration is not to be considered. He further states the full power of this rule will be applied to fourth-class post-offices, and that he, and not the President, is responsible for it.

Secretary Carlisle has issued new regulations regarding precautions to be observed in admitting immigrants to the United States. The regulations contain seventeen articles. The first ten are substantially the same as are now in force. Articles 11 to 15 inclusive are practically new, and are made to conform to the new laws effecting immigration passed by the last Congress and approved March 3.

The Treasury Department continues to receive offers of gold from the West in exchange for small notes, for which there is at present an increasing demand. Several offers had to be temporarily declined, as it was found the gold was of light weight, and until those who offered it made up the deficiency in weight the government could not accept it. In this connection it is interesting to note that the government requires absolute accuracy before it will receipt for light-weight coin.

Several people who have known how long Cleveland is obliged to stand on his feet during the many hours he is receiving people, have wondered how it was that he was able to keep up. He comes down into the east room and shakes hands with thousands of people, standing on his feet for an hour or half an hour, as the case may be. In his private office he feels the necessity of arising to his feet when he receives visitors who are distinguished enough to be admitted to a private interview. It is found, however, that the President has a great scheme. His desk is low enough to admit his sitting upon it in an apparent attitude of standing, and it is there he sits, with his feet on the floor and his weight resting on the desk, and shakes hands and chats with the visitors who are admitted. It has been remarked by several persons that he does not move around very much, but nobody knows better than Mr. Cleveland himself why he does not move around. He is scheming all the while to save himself, and this attitude he finds very comfortable.

It is probable the clerks and some other employees in the bureau of engraving and printing not directly employed in the production of greenbacks and other government obligations will have to take certificates of indebtedness instead of cash for their salaries for the remainder of the fiscal year. This is the result of an error in the enrollment of the deficiency bill, by which the word "thousand" was left off after the appropriation intended to be \$37,000 for deficiency in the pay of clerical and other help at the bureau of engraving and printing. It is presumed the employees will not be dropped from the rolls for the remainder of this fiscal year, as they are necessary to the working of the bureau. It is likely this will be considered a case wherein the government officers are authorized to create an indebtedness under the statute providing that "no government officer shall incur indebtedness for the government except to save life and property." It may be held the employment of these clerks is necessary to save "property." The clerks will then be given certificates stating they have rendered service to the value named, and these they will probably be able to set off against a consideration by local money lenders. Several other errors in enrollment have been discovered. In the pension appropriation bill an appropriation of \$305,000 was intended for fees of examining surgeons. In enrolling the word "five" was left out, so that the item reads "three hundred thousand dollars." A deficiency of \$5,000 from the proper amount will not be serious in view of the smallness of the amount and of the fact that it was made on estimates which in any event may be too large or too small, and which can be remedied next session before the money actually appropriated is exhausted. There are but a few of the errors committed in the enrollment of appropriation bills, and others are expected to come to light every day.

## BEYOND THE ROCKIES.

### Pittsburg Organizes a Municipal Ownership League.

### THE WHITE CAPS OF KENTUCKY.

### A Solid Block of Gold, Weighing 1,500 Pounds, to be Exhibited at the Chicago Exposition.

A legislative investigation has disclosed shocking cruelties practiced on convicts in the Nebraska State prison.

The Vassar girls have recently been engaged in dressing dolls for children among the poorest classes in New York city.

The statement of the Reading Coal and Iron Company shows the excess of current liabilities over assets to be \$2,683,003.

White Caps have notified the vendors of whisky at Providence, Webster county, Ky., to quit the business or take the consequences.

The Black Hills of South Dakota will send as a part of their mineral exhibit a solid block of gold, weighing 1,500 pounds and worth \$300,000.

Mrs. James Corbett has been sued for money due for newspaper clippings which she had ordered Henry Romerke at New York to gather for her.

It is said the shoe manufacturers of New England are proposing to conduct their own tanneries and to fight the proposed \$100,000,000 leather trust.

Lionel Sartoris, a cousin of the late husband of Nellie Grant, proposes to colonize with English farmers a tract of about 80,000 acres in Central Wyoming.

General Bunker is said to be assiduously studying German in anticipation of being sent to Austria to represent the dignity of the United States at Vienna.

The whisky trust will pass its dividend. It has manufactured more whisky than the trade demands, and it takes lots of money to carry the excess until it is disposed of.

The Lexington (Ky.) grand jury has indicted sixty saloonkeepers for selling liquor unlawfully, and has returned fifty-three indictments for the sale of cigarettes to boys.

Congress not having appropriated the necessary expenses for the Civil Service Commission to hold the examination they had scheduled in several States, the dates have been canceled.

In the Minnesota Senate a bill has been introduced to prohibit the preference of one precious metal over another in the making of contracts, the intention being to abolish gold mortgages.

In anticipation of a heavy movement of Southern cattle to Montana and Wyoming Governor Osborne of the latter State has publicly announced the regulations under which the shipments will be admitted.

The Postmaster-General has decided to lease 30,750 square feet in the industrial building, adjoining the Forty-second street railroad station, in New York city, for use as the up-town branch of the New York city postoffice.

The Alabama National Bank at Mobile has closed its doors by direction of Bank Examiner Campbell. The depositors will be paid in full, but the capital stock of the bank is impaired to the amount of \$62,000, or about 42 per cent.

Texas people have finally undertaken to prevent lynching by the formation of anti-lynching leagues at Rio Grande City. It is expected that the movement will spread throughout the State and eventually throughout the South.

Frederick Douglass is the President of a company just organized for the purpose of establishing a large manufacturing enterprise near Newport News, Va., building a town and giving employment to young colored men and women.

The electric lighting question is again being agitated in Kansas City, owing to the inefficient service and extortionate rates of the private company. Another company has offered to light the city hall for about one-third of present prices.

Ballington Booth proposes to try in this country the plan of farm colonies for the regeneration of social outcasts which his father introduced successfully in "Darkest England," and the first colony will probably settle in New Jersey.

The Russian Jews who formed the Chesterfield colony near New London are beginning to leave. It is said that the physical sufferings of the colonists during the past winter have been acute, and the outlook for the future has disheartened them.

The gross earnings of all the railroad lines in the Pennsylvania system for 1892 were \$138,974,550.65. The expenses were \$98,352,083.28. The gross tonnage moved was 141,371,946 tons. The number of passengers carried was 89,690,341. These are bewildering aggregates.

The disinterested in Milwaukee smile over a bill introduced at Madison to make the salary of the Sheriff of Milwaukee county \$7,500 a year. The Governor, Secretary of State and Treasurer get but \$5,000 each. Judge Jenkins gets \$5,000, but will get but \$3,000 when he takes Judge Gresham's chair at Chicago.

Pittsburg has organized a municipal ownership league. Its purpose is to have the municipality own and operate gas works, water works, electric plant, street railways, telephones and all other public utilities that are in their nature a monopoly. Many of the best citizens in the town are in the movement.

## INDUSTRIAL BREVITIES.

Japan women load the vessels. Detroit is building electric boats. There are 4,500 electric plants in Germany. There are twenty-five national banks in Chicago.

Twenty-eight thousand patents were issued in 1892. Steam power is successfully applied to the felling of trees.

Petroleum engine made of aluminum are to drive balloons.

The dynamite industries of this country are worth \$6,000,000.

A street car can be rented in the City of Mexico for \$3.50 a day.

There are estimated to be 38,400 street cars in use in this country.

The men employed upon the railroads of the United States number 784,000.

A patent has been granted for a device for tapering fingers and reducing joints.

In Wyoming county, N. Y., farmers are hiring hands at \$25 a month with board.

The census of 1890 gives to the United States 32,067,890 men and 30,554,370 women.

During the last ninety-six years 349,915,000 pounds of gold were coined in France.

Tennessee is going into the canning business, and many canneries are being started.

The President of the United States receives his salary in monthly installments of \$4,166.67.

Government statistics place the average income of American farmers at 82 cents a day.

Cincinnati has some eight harness factories, and their yearly output is about \$3,000,000.

The next big fruit farm to be organized in Missouri will comprise 12,000 acres near Brandeville.

A hog at Fayetteville, N. C., owned by John Garrison of that town, is said to weigh 800 pounds.

Sugar beets, weighing on an average of sixteen pounds, have been grown in Floyd county, Ga.

A number of farmers in Western Kansas sowed fall wheat in February, and expect to get big crops.

According to the treasury computation the Presidential salary of \$50,000 a year is at the rate of \$138.85 a day.

It is said that Ireland sends annually 40,000 tons of eggs—some 640,000,000 in round numbers—to England alone.

The Florida coast has a floating hotel which moves from place to place, wherever the best fishing happens to be.

Silk sheets are now produced "as a luxury" with the expectation that there may grow up a large demand for them.

There are at the Sault hatcheries in Michigan 35,000,000 whitefish eggs, 400,000 of salmon trout and 230,000 brook trout.

The State of Ohio manufactured 2,500,000 pounds of maple sugar last year, ranking second in the amount of production.

Of the 10,255,840 tons of pig iron produced last year the South furnished 2,116,986 tons, or more than in any previous year.

The forty-one collieries in the Second Anthracite district of the State of Pennsylvania last year produced 6,987,526 tons of coal.

The annual exportation of India rubber from Para is said to be upward of 20,000,000 pounds, worth from \$6,000,000 to \$9,000,000.

A new method of manufacturing glass vessels which will not break under sudden changes of temperature is announced from Germany.

More than \$33,000,000 worth of seal-skins have been taken in Alaskan waters since the American ownership of the sealing grounds.

Recently compiled statistics show that the locomotive-building in the United States in 1892 was about 15 per cent less than in the year 1891.

A large party of Eastern manufacturers recently started on a tour through Mexico for the purpose of introducing American goods into that country.

The licorice plant is chiefly grown on the banks of the Tigris and Euphrates, in localities where for three months during the prevalence of hot winds the temperature reaches 114 degrees and for three months often reaches 80 degrees below at night. The remaining six months are moderate and healthy.

## PURELY PERSONAL.

Edison's children by his first wife are familiarly called "Dot" and "Dash" from the characters in the Morse alphabet.

Four members of the new Cabinet are directors of either banks or railroads, or both, namely: Messrs. Bissell, Olney, Lamont and Smith.

James Smith, New Jersey's new Democratic Senator, is largely interested in horse-racing. He is one of the big stockholders in the Monmouth racetrack.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge of England will probably visit the Chicago Exposition. If so, Uncle Sam will have a chance to repay the courtesies extended by his Lordship to Justice Harlan on his recent visit to London.

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Albany local—daily (except Sunday).  
9:00 P. M. Lv. Portland. Ar. 10:30 A. M.  
9:00 P. M. Ar. Albany. Lv. 6:30 A. M.

Local passenger trains—daily (except Sunday).  
1:20 P. M. Lv. Albany. Ar. 10:21 A. M.  
2:30 P. M. Ar. Lebanon. Lv. 9:30 A. M.  
8:10 A. M. Lv. Albany. Ar. 7:25 P. M.  
9:00 A. M. Ar. Lebanon. Lv. 9:25 P. M.

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