

Lebanon Express.

H. T. KIRKPATRICK, Publisher.

LEBANON, OREGON

OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

Massacre of Seventeen Indians on Sorrow Island.

THE YOUNG LADY KILLS ANOTHER.

Considerable North Wind Throughout a Large Section of Southern California Does Good.

The bill for a soldiers' home has passed both Houses of the Idaho Legislature.

Henry Bentley has been held for trial at Los Angeles on the charge of poisoning his wife.

Every town in Eastern Oregon is an earnest applicant for the location of the branch insane asylum.

Phoenix, A. T., is much excited over the sudden death of a woman. The indications are that she was poisoned.

The Indian agent at Alert Bay has been notified of a reported massacre of seventeen Indians on Sorrow Island by the Kit Katla tribe.

The Bonanza mine at Harqua Hala, A. T., has for some time been systematically robbed by Mexicans, who carried out nuggets and ore worth \$6 a pound in dinner pails.

Flowing by means of the huge traction engine used last fall for this purpose is to be soon begun on the Umatilla reservation. Six five-furrow plows will be operated at once by this means.

There is the prospect of a clash between the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific, and as a result the Pacific Coast public will get cheaper fares. A general demoralization of rates is predicted.

There has been considerable north wind throughout a large section of Southern California during the past week, which has rapidly dried up the excess of moisture. No damage of consequence to the orange crop is reported.

There has been incorporated in the sundry civil service bill a paragraph fixing the limit of cost for the San Francisco public building at \$5,000,000. This action of Congress will render available the \$21,000 remaining from the purchase of the building site.

The Chinese cook of the Chinese crew of 130 men at the Palo Alto stables was wounded and gaged the other morning by two white men and a Chinaman, and the rooms in a Chinese boarding house were ransacked and between \$4,000 and \$5,000 in coin taken.

Superintendent Clark of the insane asylum at Stockton, Cal., has permitted a newspaper man to see Sarah Althea Terry in the madhouse. He found her a raving maniac and subject to the restraint necessary in such a case, but otherwise kindly treated.

Eastern capitalists have negotiated for the purchase of water rights and right of way for a canal to irrigate 200,000 acres in the northern part of San Joaquin county, Cal. The water will be taken from the Mokelumne river near Valley Spring, and will be run on both sides of the river.

Quarrying of Oregon stone, heretofore an almost unknown industry, promises to come prominently to the front during the coming building season. The Pacific Stone Company with \$250,000 of capital is going to work with seal and energy to develop the valuable stone quarry at Albany.

Miss Inez Estrada, a Mexican girl 20 years of age, was shot and killed almost instantly by her friend, Miss Christina Zamorano near San Diego. The girls were spending the day together, and chanced to pick up a loaded gun, which was accidentally discharged with fatal results.

The sealing schooner Pioneer has arrived at Victoria, B. C., after a very stormy voyage. She brought information of the location of the wreck of the sealing schooner Maggie Mac, the fate of which has been a mystery for over a year. Two storekeepers on Quinsino Sound report having found fragments of the Maggie Mac in a small cove just south of Cape Scott.

The Mansons almond plantation in Astoria Valley, Los Angeles county, continues to expand. Two years ago there were perhaps thirty acres set to trees. Now there are about thirteen hundred acres planted, and carload lots of trees are arriving every few days. It promises to become, if it is not already, the largest almond plantation in the world. The trees, if planted in a single row two feet apart, would reach nearly from Los Angeles to San Francisco.

Two schooners from San Diego have been seized by Mexican customs officers at San Quintin, and are held there pending investigation. It is claimed the boats were engaged in fishing and abalone catching in Mexican waters, in which case they will undoubtedly be confiscated. Two more schooners were suspected and steps taken for their apprehension. Four schooners are known to be in those waters. The Mexican officials have reported to their home government that a great amount of smuggling is carried on by means of small boats from East Bay, which are also used for fishing trips. A decision has been made to issue a decree for small boats to be seized.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

President Sends to the Senate the Report of the Delegates to International Monetary Conference.

Total receipts from the internal revenue for the first seven months of the present fiscal year were \$96,414,786, being \$7,715,877 more than for the same period last year.

The President has issued a proclamation revoking the tolls levied on Canadian vessels and cargoes in the "Soo" canal in consequence of the Dominion government adopting an order in council removing the discriminations against American vessels passing through the Canadian canals.

The sundry civil bill has been so loaded up by the Senate that there are grave doubts about its passing the House at all. The bill has been known to fail in conference. It would be very serious for many public works and government institutions if the bill should fail and necessitate an extra session before June.

The Committee on Immigration has submitted to the Senate its report on the bill establishing additional regulations concerning immigration to the United States by increasing by three the number of the excluded classes of aliens. The first includes the illiterate over 12 years of age, and speaking of these, the report says, in view of the alarming changes taking place in the character of immigrants swarming into the United States, the measure is not a harsh one. Aged persons, however, are permitted to come and join their families. The second class comprises persons partially or wholly disabled from manual labor. They are to be made the subject of a special inquiry, and proof must be procured that they will not become public charges. The third class is made up of persons who belong to societies who favor or justify the unlawful destruction of property or life. Under the present law, says the report, they can enter the United States, but the measure proposed is to remedy this condition of affairs.

Springer of Illinois has introduced in the House resolutions for reference to the Committee on Ways and Means, setting forth that the treaty of annexation with the Hawaiian Islands, if finally ratified, will require the government of the United States to pay the public debt of Hawaii and the amounts due the depositors in the Hawaiian postal savings banks, which aggregate \$3,250,000, besides \$20,000 per annum to the late Queen and a lump sum of \$150,000 to the Princess Kaulani. It will also obligate this government to pay the inhabitants of said islands a bounty upon sugar produced on said islands. The President is requested to furnish the House with information showing the amount of said postal deposits and the debt of Hawaii, the rate of interest, etc.; also any information about the amount of sugar annually produced in Hawaii and the amount of money required to pay the bounty in case of annexation, besides the probable amount of the other obligations this government will assume as a necessary consequence of such annexation.

The annual report of the Director of the Mint for 1892 shows the value of the gold product in the United States to be \$33,000,000, about the average of recent years. The product of silver was \$8,000,000 ounces, of a commercial value of \$50,750,000, a falling off of \$20,000 ounces from the preceding year. The amount of silver purchased by the government during the year was 54,129,827 fine ounces costing \$47,394,291, an average of 87 1/2 cents per fine ounce. From it 6,333,245 silver dollars were coined during the year. The imports of gold aggregated \$18,165,956 and the exports \$76,845,502, a net loss of \$58,679,546. The silver imports were \$31,459,908 and the exports \$37,541,301. The amount of money in circulation (exclusive of the amount in the treasury) was \$1,611,321,573 January 1, an increase of \$18,928,124 during the year. There was an increase of over \$12,000,000 in the gold product of the world during the last calendar year. Of this \$2,500,000 was from Australia and over \$9,000,000 from South Africa. The total silver product of the world increased about 7,950,000 ounces, occasioned chiefly by an increase of 4,600,000 ounces in the product of the Mexican mines, and 2,400,000 of the Australian mines.

The President has sent to the Senate the report of the American delegates to the International Monetary Conference. After referring to the programme of the United States, which was discussed in all its phases, the delegates refer to the report of the committee of twelve, which reported affirmatively upon one proposition, that it was wise to withdraw from monetary circulation all gold coins and all paper redeemable in gold of less denomination than \$1, 20 francs or 20 marks and substitute silver money for them. In the discussion of the various propositions the attitude of nearly all the governments disclosed the general recognition in the conference that the monetary evil required a remedy. After citing copiously from the speeches made the delegates say the conference is to reconvene May 30, 1893. In the meantime it is expected that the propositions and plans already submitted to the President of the convention and by him transmitted to the several governments through their delegates will be considered. It is anticipated that the delegates upon the reassembling of the conference will be able to state definitely the views of their respective governments as to what plans are practicable to secure a greater use of silver as a part of the metallic money of the world. In considering the report the delegates say it is the earnest wish of the conference that a plan for the enlarged use of silver money, acceptable to the nations and adequate to the monetary situation, may result from its deliberations. No recommendations or suggestions of any kind are made.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

Considerable Excitement in Ohio Over a New Big Gusher.

A CRUSADE AGAINST KISSING.

Chicago to have an Exhibition of the Tactics and Maneuvers of the British Army.

Jefferson Davis' body may be moved from New Orleans to Richmond, Va.

The Milwaukee gas works has been bought by a Boston syndicate for \$2,500,000.

The Supreme Court of Tennessee has declared in effect that bucket shops are gambling houses.

All arrangements are now believed to be complete for the enforcement of the Geary exclusion act.

There are only about thirty members left of the once mighty tribe of Choctaws near New Orleans.

A movement is on foot in Rhode Island for the erection of a monument to the Indian Chief Massasoit.

A sweeping reduction has been made in Canadian canal tolls, greatly advantageous to the United States.

The Virginia State building at the World's Fair will be a copy of Washington's home at Mount Vernon.

Tennessee will abolish the convict-lease system, build a new prison and work the men on State account.

Brooklyn's alleged hoodlums are said to have been reindicted to anticipate dismissal of the first indictment.

It is reported that there is danger of a rabbit plague in Kansas, and the inhabitants are rejoiced at the prospect.

The Missouri Legislature is considering a bill to compel circuses to exhibit what they represent on their posters.

Illinois farmers claim that the late sleeting so injured wheat in Eastern Illinois that there will be scarcely half a crop.

St. Louis has more miles paved with granite than with any material, and next to the granite comes the Telford pavement.

The Ohio State Board of Health has started a crusade against kissing, invoking women not to kiss each other or their babies.

The Commercial Exchange at Leavenworth, Kan., passed strong resolutions in favor of opening of the Cherokee Strip at once.

The Georgia Agricultural Society has adopted a unanimous resolution urging the reduction of cotton acreage and diversified crops.

The Ohio Legislature proposes to put in an electrical voting apparatus, similar to the device used in the French Chamber of Deputies.

New York's Chamber of Commerce has appointed a representative committee to entertain prominent foreigners attending the World's Fair.

Where leases on Broadway, New York, are expiring this year rents have been markedly increased. This is especially true of the retail district.

The Governors of Southern States are to meet in Richmond two months hence and plan to attract home-seekers and capital to their respective States.

The Union Pacific has not only paid off \$10,000,000 of its collateral trust notes, but it has managed to go through the year without borrowing a penny.

The failure of gas regions is attributed by experts to overwork. In the new regions which are being developed only one well is permitted to forty acres of land.

At Warfield, Ky., recently, a girl, aged 9, who became offended at seeing a young colored man employed by her father had done, deliberately shot him dead.

A bill has been introduced in the Minnesota Legislature providing a fine of \$5,000 and five years' imprisonment for every member of that body who accepts a railroad pass.

The American League of Wheelmen has passed a resolution providing that those subordinate leagues wishing it may allow negroes to become members of the league and those not desiring it can bar them out.

The Arkansas Legislature is struggling with the convict lease question. A bill has been introduced providing for the abolition of the whole lease system and requiring the State to take entire charge of its wards.

The Fall River Crescent Mills are to be sold. The stockholders had discovered that the Treasurer had written fictitious assets in the books to overcome the losses by manufacture.

Special Treasury agents are looking into the large influx of Chinamen arriving in the United States from Cuba and other West India Islands. It is believed that large numbers of Celestials from Cuba have been landed along the inlets of the Florida coast by Spanish smugglers, as is done on the Pacific Coast of the United States from British Columbia.

The investigation by order of the Mexican government into the cause of the recent uprising of the Yaqui Indians is still in progress. It has already been discovered, however, that the cause of the Indian troubles during their war was largely due to the action of the government military officials, who were permitted to run general supply stores for the Indians, whom they charged exorbitant prices.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Ruskin Still in Firm Possession of Some of His Faculties—Gladstone the Descendant of a King.

Archbishop Satolfi will be the lecturer on speculative theology in the Catholic University of America at Washington. The monument to Phillips Brooks, which his lovers propose to erect in Copley Square, Boston, will cost not less than \$30,000, of which some \$20,000 is already raised.

Pandita Ramabai, the Hindoo woman who is doing so much for the advancement of women in the East, has recently started a club of King's Daughters among her pupils in India.

Ex-Governor Foraker is obliged to decline his appointment by Governor McKinley to fill the place on the State University Board left vacant by the death of ex-President Hayes.

Mrs. Warden of Hanover, N. H., whose daughter was murdered by Frank Almy, has made a demand upon the State for the \$2,500 offered for the apprehension of the murderer.

Mrs. Arthur Stannard of London has formed a "no crinoline league." It already numbers 3,205 women, who pledge themselves not to wear hoopskirts, even if these do return to fashion.

Loti, the brilliant French novelist, in his "Le Mariage de Loti" presents a life-like picture of the Hawaiian Islands and their native women. Just now renewed interest attaches to this book.

It is recalled now that Urtike von Levetzow, whom Goethe admired and wished to marry when he was 70 and she 17, reached her 90th birthday recently at the castle of Traletitz in Bohemia. She is the subject of Goethe's "Trilogy of Passion."

Charles Henry Pearson, an Englishman, has written a book, in which he claims to have proved that the great races of the world are losing, and that the Chinese, the Hindoos and South American half-breeds are the coming leaders of civilization.

Mr. Gladstone claims direct descent from Henry III, King of England, and from Robert Bruce, King of Scotland. It is thought that the reason why he has invariably refused any title or peerage is because of his knowledge of his royal descent from the Kings of both England and Scotland.

Ruskin is still in firm possession of some of his faculties. He plays chess with great interest and equal skill. Moreover, it is said that he is in very excellent health mentally and physically. He walks out twice a day, eats and sleeps well, and takes an interest in what is going on.

George Gould wants to buy all of the existing maps of Delaware county, N. Y., that were made by his father in 1856. Thus far he has succeeded in obtaining one from Erasmus Root of Gloverville, and has heard of another owned by William C. Hanna of New York.

Mr. Plant, a London chimney sweeper, is said to be the last living representative of the English branch of the Plantagenet line. The reason why he calls himself Plant and not Plantagenet is because he considers that the monosyllabic name is more in accordance with his present social position.

John Hay questions the statement that "Mr. Blaine inherited his eloquent, magnetic eyes from his mother." Mr. Hay thinks he possessed the Blaine eye and the Blaine nose of four generations ago. These, Mr. Blaine's most striking features, are said to be wonderfully like those of a brother of his paternal grandfather, which have been preserved in a crayon portrait copied and enlarged from a miniature.

A new cotton-picking machine is announced, which picks (in the prospectus) 6,000 to 7,000 pounds of cotton in a day. This is as much work as could be done by forty expert negro cotton-pickers.

INDUSTRIAL BREVITIES.

New Cotton-Picking Machine Invented—Number of American Strikes for the Past Seven Years.

Last year 1,250 ships were built. A shingle trust is being perfected. There are 4,500 electric plants in Germany.

A Pittsburg concern is insured for \$1,000,000. There are 300 shoe factories in Haverhill, Mass.

It costs about \$100 to procure an Egyptian mummy.

Last year our railroads carried 600,000,000 people.

Dove-tail paving bricks are being made in England.

New Orleans outranks New York in banana imports—in fact, receives about 40 per cent of all the bananas imported into the country.

One of the most extensive concerns in Maine has been experimenting on an ingenious process of burning lime with oil instead of with wood.

A large party of Eastern manufacturers recently started on a tour through Mexico for the purpose of introducing American goods into that country.

The manufacture of Southern products in the South is on the increase. A single factory in North Carolina is now turning out 4,000,000 cigarettes daily.

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Portland mail—daily:

8:30 A. M.	Portland	At 4:30 P. M.
12:45 P. M.	Albany	At 12:30 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	Roseburg	At 7:00 A. M.

Albany local—daily (except Sunday):

5:00 P. M.	Portland	At 10:30 A. M.
9:00 P. M.	Albany	At 9:30 A. M.

Local passenger trains—daily (except Sunday):

1:20 P. M.	Albany	At 10:51 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	Lebanon	At 9:30 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	Albany	At 5:25 P. M.
9:30 A. M.	Lebanon	At 2:25 P. M.

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7:30 A. M.	Portland	At 5:30 A. M.
12:30 P. M.	Corvallis	At 12:30 P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific railroad.

Express train—daily (except Sunday):

4:40 P. M.	Portland	At 8:30 A. M.
7:55 P. M.	McMinnville	At 5:45 A. M.

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