

OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

New Line of Steamships Between San Diego and Mazatlan.

THE MORGENTHAU AT ASTORIA.

A Proposition Made to Extend the Railroad From Juliaetta to Lewiston, Idaho—Etc.

Yuma is having new water works. Portland is overrun with burglars and sneak thieves.

The Prutes in Nevada have been having rabbit drives. Aurora, Nev., once had 5,000 population. It now has twenty-five.

A jetty is to be at once constructed at the mouth of San Diego harbor. Unusual profits are being made by olive culturists in Southern California this season.

A general reduction of miners' wages throughout the territory of Utah is threatened.

Orange-growers are getting \$1.25 per box delivered at the depot at Los Angeles, which is a very good figure.

The jury in the case of School Superintendent Harwood, charged at Santa Barbara with altering the records, has failed to agree.

The entire news matter of the Astorian, published at Astoria, Or., is now set on a Mergenthaler linotype machine, the only one in use on the Coast.

A new line of steamships is about to be established between San Diego and Mazatlan, Mexico, the first steamer leaving San Diego about January 15.

Two alleged witches were tortured to death by the Zuni Indians in New Mexico a few days ago. Trouble will probably result in an effort of the United States to make arrests for the deed.

A proposition has been made to extend the railroad from Juliaetta to Lewiston, Idaho, before the next crop is harvested, if a subsidy of \$75,000, together with the right of way through the town, is given. The people are enthusiastic on the subject, and the terms will undoubtedly be accepted.

Citizens of Idaho Falls have purchased a whole section of school land, which they offer as a site for the State Agricultural College. In addition to this enticing inducement, the argument is advanced that Idaho Falls is desirably situated and possesses many features calculated to render it a suitable place for the college.

Owing to the continued low prices of silver and lead the Niagara group of mines, at Bingham, U. T., on which over \$500,000 is invested, have been shut down, and the managers of the Old Jordan group have notified their men that they will have to accept a reduction in wages or find themselves out of employment.

Reliable persons who have just returned to Boise, Idaho, from Diamond Basin, in Owyhee county, denounce the reported find of diamonds in that region as a hoax. They declare that the story that Kuns, the expert from Amsterdam, had discovered a great diamond-bearing ledge over there is false and they assert positively that Kuns did not drive even a prospect hole in the imaginary ledge.

The San Francisco Morning Call states that there is a prospect of a lively meat war in San Francisco as the result of the establishment of Philip D. Armour's big stock yards and slaughter-house plant at Baden. The South San Francisco slaughter-house men, who have controlled the San Francisco meat trade for so many years, do not like the idea of competition, and are trying to make the retail butchers boycott Armour's establishment. Armour's representative at San Francisco, Thomas Newton, declares that if the boycott is attempted his company will open retail butcher shops all over the city and will sell meat at rates with which other butchers cannot hope to compete.

The Supreme Court has denied a rehearing of the Blythe case at San Francisco, which was taken upon appeal by the Williams heirs from Judge Coffey's decision. This virtually ends the celebrated case, and the millions of the late Thomas H. Blythe go to his daughter, Florence, now Mrs. Hinkley. When the Probate Court awarded the estate to Florence it decided that the Williams heirs were the only other people besides Florence having a legal claim to heirship. The estate is now valued at about \$60,000.

The San Francisco Examiner states that the main growers of that State are a trust, to be known as the California Raisin Growers' Association, that final arrangements were being made for the admission of the organization to pay higher duties on raisins, and that in the committee of sixty which is to be formed for the purpose, the plan of the trust, as it is called, and growers must maintain prices. Raisins are sold only to packers and are given \$10,000 and putatively, not to sell at

INDUSTRIAL BREVITIES

The Aluminium Works in Switzerland the Largest in the World—Business in the South.

There are 573 newspapers in India. The electric snow plow is promised. Germany has a 4,000-ton forging press. St. Louis will have a 25,000-pound ball. Japan mines have 150,000,000 tons of coal.

The Chesapeake oyster crop will be light. The Central Pacific has 123,000-pound locomotives. It takes twelve tea plants to grow a pound of tea.

There are 409 electric railroads in the United States. Manufacturers of school furniture have formed a trust.

Kansas is the only State in the Union that produces reeled silk. The Congressional library building will contain 25,000,000 books.

Bridgeport, Conn., is to have electric power furnished by water. Minneapolis is making 38,000 barrels of flour on an average day.

This country has 70,000 lawyers, 11,000 of whom are in New York city. Very good clothing for South Sea Islanders is made from palm trees.

The electric sleigh is announced for use in the snowy Northern States. Restaurants will be provided in the World's Fair to seat 45,000 persons.

A New York bridge company is to issue bonds that are to run for 2,450 years. The smoky taste in Scotch whisky is due to the use of peat in the manufacture.

In 1860 our product of hardware was valued at \$100,000; in 1888 at \$970,000,000. Scandinavian sailors are said to predominate on vessels of nearly all nationalities.

The profits from the sale of the works of Charles Dickens still amount to \$40,000 a year. A man in Maine has built an immense lobster pond, and will put into it about 75,000 lobsters.

A mixture of rye flour and peanuts has been recently used by the German health authorities in bread-making. About 9,600,000 kids are slaughtered in Europe annually to supply the one town in France where gloves are made.

The last census places the number of miles of railroad in the world at 370,298, of which 44.18 per cent. are in the United States. Thirteen million tons of coal are burned in London yearly. About 4,000,000 tons are utilized by the gas-manufacturing companies.

The report of the Michigan State Salt Inspector shows that last year 3,512,054 barrels of salt were inspected, 115,617 barrels less than in 1891.

One of the most extensive concerns in Maine has been experimenting on an ingenious process of burning lime with oil instead of with wood. The largest telephone center in the world is that in the exchange in Berlin, Germany, where 7,000 wires are connected with the main office.

There are 109,000 locomotives in the world; 63,000 of them run in Europe, 40,000 in America, 3,300 in Asia, 2,000 in Australia and 700 in Africa. Probably the heaviest rudder on record is that made for the torpedo boat Vulcan. It was forged in single pieces, and weighs twenty-two tons.

Somebody has said that if Pasteur were paid a royalty on all the money he has saved to the commercial world he would be the richest man on earth. Business operations in the South continue to feel the spur growing out of the rise in cotton. Coal, iron, steel and lumber industries are particularly active.

The aluminium works in Switzerland, the largest in the world, use a water power of 1,500-horse power, and turn out about 1,200 pounds of the metal daily.

Victorien Sardou said to be the Possessor of a Remarkably Fine Collection of Souvenirs—Etc.

Mr. Gladstone has decided not to appoint any successor to Tennyson as poet laureate. A very sensible thing to do. When Mr. Cleveland becomes President he will find that there are 24,132 more officeholders than there were when he left the White House in 1889.

Franklin W. Smith of Boston is still agitating the establishment of the national gallery of history and art in Washington to cost ultimately \$10,000,000.

Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager, has between fifteen and twenty companies out this season, and is probably entitled to the distinction of being the Napoleon of the business.

Miss Flora Stevenson, member of the Edinburgh School Board, has been made an Honorary Fellow of the Educational Institute of Scotland. Miss Stevenson is the first woman thus honored.

Le Caron is so well pleased with the success of his book, "The Reminiscences of a Spy," for the manuscript of which he received \$5,000, that he proposes to start a weekly paper in London.

Victorien Sardou has a remarkably fine collection of souvenirs in his apartment in the Rue de Madrid, Paris. There are decorations which came from the home of Cavour, the Italian statesman, and others by Van Buren and Fragonard; there is an original design by Frobenius; a splendid chief d'œuvre in Florentine marble representing a church angel of the sixteenth century holding a gold chandelier.

Le Caron is so well pleased with the success of his book, "The Reminiscences of a Spy," for the manuscript of which he received \$5,000, that he proposes to start a weekly paper in London.

Victorien Sardou has a remarkably fine collection of souvenirs in his apartment in the Rue de Madrid, Paris. There are decorations which came from the home of Cavour, the Italian statesman, and others by Van Buren and Fragonard; there is an original design by Frobenius; a splendid chief d'œuvre in Florentine marble representing a church angel of the sixteenth century holding a gold chandelier.

Victorien Sardou has a remarkably fine collection of souvenirs in his apartment in the Rue de Madrid, Paris. There are decorations which came from the home of Cavour, the Italian statesman, and others by Van Buren and Fragonard; there is an original design by Frobenius; a splendid chief d'œuvre in Florentine marble representing a church angel of the sixteenth century holding a gold chandelier.

Victorien Sardou has a remarkably fine collection of souvenirs in his apartment in the Rue de Madrid, Paris. There are decorations which came from the home of Cavour, the Italian statesman, and others by Van Buren and Fragonard; there is an original design by Frobenius; a splendid chief d'œuvre in Florentine marble representing a church angel of the sixteenth century holding a gold chandelier.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

The National Council of Women Fulminates at Chicago.

AN OLD MAN CHARGED WITH BIGAMY

Crusade Against the Habit of Spitting on the Floors of Public Conveyances in Brooklyn.

Two old women in Delaware have been arrested as witches. The valuation of the State of Maine is placed at \$295,000,000.

The year's flour output promises to be the greatest ever known. Kansas mines produced 60,000,000 bushels of coal this year.

The ladies of Brooklyn are organizing to demand cleaner streets. Starvation is reported among both settlers and Indians in Oklahoma.

A recent hailstorm in Texas was of ice pellets that weighed two pounds. A menagerie to cost \$1,500,000 is being talked about for the World's Fair.

There is a report that the Union line of steamers is going out of business. The Ohio and Mississippi railroad may be controlled by the Baltimore and Ohio.

The numbering of the people of Philadelphia by the police cost just \$2,253.56. Columbus (O.) saloons must close at midnight by order of the Chief of Police.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has given \$5,000 to the police pension fund of New York city. Commercial travelers, it is said, support two-thirds of the country hotels in America.

A public census of Philadelphia just taken shows it to have a population of 1,142,653. There never was such a rush of sugar and molasses into the New Orleans market as now.

Secretary of the Treasury Foster says there is no occasion for alarm in financial circles. Secretary Foster's efforts to retain gold in the Treasury are said to be meeting with success.

Large seizures of illicit distilleries have been made in Wilkes and Catawba counties, N. C. Great distress is reported in Western and Northwestern Kansas as a result of the cold weather.

The packing-house business at Chicago has reached a condition of dullness unparalleled in years. Congressman Scott proposes to push his bill increasing the whisky tax from 90 cents to \$1.25 per gallon.

South Carolina's Senate has passed to its third reading the bill making the State its own saloonkeeper. A most exhaustive trial of the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius and her guns is to be made by the government.

Frauds in the weighing of sugar for bounty have been discovered, so government officials at Atlanta say. February 25 will witness the formal opening of the new European steamship line under the American flag.

Pierre Lorillard was horsewhipped in front of a New York hotel by a cabman on whom he attempted to impose. The scope of the bureau of military information is being extended and perfected by Secretary of War Elkins.

Senator Calhoun proposes amendments to the interstate commerce law whereby witnesses can be protected when giving evidence. Dartmouth College at Hanover, N. H., has received a bequest of \$200,000 from the late Ralph Butterfield, M. D., of Kansas City, Mo.

The Continental block at Douglas and Fifteenth streets, Omaha, has been burned. The building and business losses are nearly \$500,000.

John D. Rockefeller has given another \$1,000,000 to the University of Chicago. This makes \$3,000,000 which the millionaire has given to the university. The Yaqui Indians have defeated Mexican troops sent to subdue them and driven from the Indian town of Belen all the Spanish traders and their families.

The National Council of Women, recently in session at Chicago, sent forth a fulmination against French heels, corsets, tight sleeves and street dresses with long trains. An electrically controlled machine which will effectively stamp 30,000 letters in an hour is one of the interesting inventions that has been adopted in the Postoffice Department.

The women of Danville, Ill., are arming themselves with revolvers and practicing at shooting since the acquittal of the man who made an assault upon Nellie Henderson in that city. The Directors of the Women's Health Protective Association of Brooklyn have inaugurated a crusade against the habit of spitting on the floors of public conveyances and various public waiting stations.

Out of the 280 miles of passenger railway tracks in Boston 120 are equipped with heavy girder rails and trolley wires, and the process of change from horse power to electric traction goes steadily forward. The Solicitor of the Treasury is of the opinion that the use of the Columbian half-dollar coin in the manufacture of various articles as souvenirs, such as spoons, forks, etc., would be a violation of the law.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

A telegram with about seventy signatures attached, including the principal commercial and manufacturing houses and banking institutions of San Francisco, has been forwarded to President Harrison and Secretary Tracy, urging for their favorable consideration the claims of the Union Iron Works for awarding to it the contract for the construction of one of the new men-of-war Iowa and Brooklyn.

The Committee on Banking and Currency will be called together soon to act on the bill introduced by Representative Andrew of Massachusetts, proposing more liberal legislation in behalf of national banks and the repeal of the silver bullion purchase clause of the Sherman act. The majority of the committee is disposed to recommend the first section of the Andrew bill, which authorizes national banks to issue circulating bonds deposited. Section 2 reduces the amount of bonds required to be deposited in the United States Treasury by national banks to a nominal amount. The section will have to be modified, as the committee is hostile to it and believes in requiring banks to deposit a considerable amount of bonds. Section 3 relates to the tax on circulation. The committee is in favor of a reduction of the rate of tax on national bank circulation, but is opposed to wiping the tax out entirely on the ground that banks should bear their share of the expense of the system. Section 4 repeals the Sherman silver purchase provision. Whether or not this will get the favorable indorsement of the committee cannot be predicted.

The subcommittee having charge of the subject of establishing a national quarantine has agreed upon a bill, which will be reported to the full committee after recess. The bill agreed upon puts the national quarantine system into the hands of the hospital service of the revenue marine. Wherever State quarantine regulations exist the hospital service of the revenue marine shall have power to enforce the laws and regulations of the different States. Where there are no State regulations, or where in the opinion of the marine hospital service the quarantine regulation of the State is not sufficient to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases into the United States, the marine hospital service shall report the facts to the Secretary of the Treasury, who, if in his judgment it is necessary and proper, shall order the marine hospital service to make such additional rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State from another State. The President is also authorized to suspend immigration from foreign countries where infectious diseases exist.

Two years ago Senator Frye prophesied that time would show that the Panama canal scheme was corrupt, and that within a year or two light would be thrown upon it and the Republic would tremble under the shock. That condition exists to-day. There has been some talk to the effect that the Panama and Nicaragua canal schemes are parallel, and that the disaster that has overtaken the French people will cause public men in this country to hesitate in giving their votes to sanction a guarantee of Nicaragua bonds, fearing that a scandal might result. Mr. Frye sees nothing of the kind, and is emphatic in his declaration to that effect. Said he: "There is a very good reason to advance, which is that the government should exercise supervision over the Nicaragua canal and control all that is done there. There is no reason why any legislator should be afraid to cast his ballot for a bill which has this end in view. I believe this measure will pass the Senate, but of course such a prediction cannot be made as to the House. It can hardly be supposed that the bill will meet with favor there, inasmuch as it contemplates the expenditure of public money, and such expenditures are opposed on that side of the Capitol."

Express trains leave Portland daily: 7:00 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 7:05 A. M. 10:20 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 4:25 A. M. 8:15 A. M. Lv. San Francisco Lv. 7:00 P. M.

The above trains stop only at the following stations north of Roseburg: East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Albany, Tuggett, Rhodi, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Irving and Eugene.

Roseburg mail—daily: 7:30 A. M. Lv. Portland At. 4:30 P. M. 12:45 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 12:30 P. M. 8:50 P. M. Lv. Roseburg Lv. 7:00 A. M.

Albany local—daily (except Sunday): 5:00 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 10:30 A. M. 9:00 P. M. Lv. Albany Lv. 6:30 A. M.

Local passenger trains—daily (except Sunday): 7:30 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 10:21 A. M. 2:30 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 9:30 A. M. 8:10 A. M. Lv. Albany At. 4:25 P. M. 8:00 A. M. Lv. Albany At. 2:20 P. M.

Express train—daily (except Sunday): 4:40 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 8:20 A. M. 7:25 P. M. Lv. McMinnville Lv. 5:45 A. M.

Through Tickets to All Points East and South. For tickets and full information regarding rates, maps, etc., call on company agent at Lebanon, Or. R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROBERT, Asst. G. F. & Pass. Agent.

G. T. COTTON, DEALER IN—

GROceries

Provisions.

Tobacco, Cigars, Smokers' Articles, Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Confectionery.

Queensware and Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures.

MAIN ST., LEBANON, OR.

ALBANY :: FURNITURE :: CO.

H. R. HYDE, Proprietor. —A FULL LINE OF—

Furniture

—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND ALL KINDS OF—

Carpets! Carpets!

We make a specialty of UNDERTAKING. Calls answered night or day. Baltimore Block, Albany, Or.

W. F. READ, President. GEO. F. SIMPSON, Vice-President. J. O. WHITEMAN, Secretary. J. L. COWAN, Treasurer. E. A. MILNER.

EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA— SOUTHERN PACIFIC ROUTE.

The Mount Shasta Route.

Express trains leave Portland daily: 7:00 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 7:05 A. M. 10:20 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 4:25 A. M. 8:15 A. M. Lv. San Francisco Lv. 7:00 P. M.

The above trains stop only at the following stations north of Roseburg: East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Albany, Tuggett, Rhodi, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Irving and Eugene.

Roseburg mail—daily: 7:30 A. M. Lv. Portland At. 4:30 P. M. 12:45 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 12:30 P. M. 8:50 P. M. Lv. Roseburg Lv. 7:00 A. M.

Albany local—daily (except Sunday): 5:00 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 10:30 A. M. 9:00 P. M. Lv. Albany Lv. 6:30 A. M.

Local passenger trains—daily (except Sunday): 7:30 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 10:21 A. M. 2:30 P. M. Lv. Albany At. 9:30 A. M. 8:10 A. M. Lv. Albany At. 4:25 P. M. 8:00 A. M. Lv. Albany At. 2:20 P. M.

Express train—daily (except Sunday): 4:40 P. M. Lv. Portland At. 8:20 A. M. 7:25 P. M. Lv. McMinnville Lv. 5:45 A. M.

Through Tickets to All Points East and South. For tickets and full information regarding rates, maps, etc., call on company agent at Lebanon, Or. R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROBERT, Asst. G. F. & Pass. Agent.

G. T. COTTON, DEALER IN—

GROceries

Provisions.

Tobacco, Cigars, Smokers' Articles, Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Confectionery.

Queensware and Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures.

MAIN ST., LEBANON, OR.

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY

OF ALBANY, OREGON.

CAPITAL STOCK \$500,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. E. S. STRAHAN, 4th of Justice of Supreme Court. Hon. J. W. CUMICK, Farmer. Hon. J. E. WEATHERS, Esq., Attorney at Law. J. O. WHITEMAN, Esq., Capitalist. Willamette Valley Land Company.

Hon. J. L. COWAN, President Lane County National Bank. M. STRESBERG, Esq., Merchant. W. F. READ, Esq., Merchant. D. P. MOSTERT, Capitalist. G. F. SIMPSON, Esq., Capitalist.

No two thirds three-fourths thirty or sixty day clause in the Farmers' and Merchants' FARM policies. The Farmers' and Merchants' Insurance Company pays the full amount of loss up to the amount insured. The subscribers to the capital stock consist of farmers, merchants, bankers, capitalists, attorneys, physicians and mechanics. The largest amount held by single individuals being \$25,000.