

# Lebanon Express.

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LEBANON, OREGON

## PACIFIC COAST.

### The Chino Sugar-Beet Factory.

### MORE TIN MINES DISCOVERED

### A Roseburg Man Objects to a Marriage Ceremony Proceeding, and is Bounced.

Parties have been violating the Nevada fish laws by catching trout in the Humboldt.

The inquest on the body of Constable John Tenter, killed by James Reed at Truckee, finds the killing was done in self-defense.

A bitter fight between Los Angeles and the city water company has been inaugurated over the possessory rights to water sources.

An Oregon woman has invented a dish-washing machine, and she will exhibit it at the World's Fair. It is reported to work splendidly.

Annie Campbell has been indicted at Boise City for passing counterfeit money. She is believed to be one of a gang operating in the Northwestern States.

Southern California promises to have during the next few months the greatest planting of orange and lemon orchards ever known in the southern part of the State.

The ore that rivals the Temescal product has been found in abundance six to five miles east of San Diego in the Laguna Mountains. Nine locations have been made.

A Tucson jury has found George Reed, who killed James Farrell at Nogales one year ago, guilty of manslaughter. Reed is 60 years old, and his age called for sympathy from the jury.

President John A. Kemp of the defunct West Coast Insurance Company at Tacoma has skipped from town, and experts are at work on the books to see if there were any irregularities.

The land on which the Shoshone Falls in Idaho are situated has been selected as school land, but will not be sold, as other lands are. It is proposed to rent it so as to secure a perpetual income.

Governor Pennoyer of Oregon will not call an extra session of the Legislature to legislate on a portage road between The Dalles and Collio. He thinks the next Congress will provide for the work.

The Chino sugar-beet factory is shut down now until it can be ascertained from Washington whether it will be permitted to hold its syrups over until next season before they are run through machinery and reduced.

The inquest on the bodies of the men killed in the Anaconda mine in Montana resulted in finding that the cage was overloaded and the shaft was in good condition. The jury rendered a verdict exonerating the company from all blame.

A seaside hotel is projected at Santa Cruz. It is to have 400 rooms, an opera house, conversation house and casino, swimming tanks and large bathing houses. Cottages and villa residences are to be let or sold, and handsomely adorned grounds on a large scale are to be laid out.

S. A. Mallory, D. V. Diamond, R. H. Pryke and H. A. Lusty have been indicted by the United States grand jury at Portland for conspiracy to defraud the government by fraudulently locating parties on government land. They have operated extensively in Seattle and other cities of Washington.

A. J. Glave, who has returned from an expedition into Alaska, reports that he located the source of the Alaska river about eleven miles northeast of Mount St. Elias, and found that the whole of the country east of Seward's field of exploration is available for pack horses. He himself took and brought back four horses in perfect condition. He will ask the government for an appropriation to open up trails.

During the marriage ceremony at Roseburg, Or., which was to unite Charles Minkler and Lottie Citizen, when the minister asked if any one had any reason why the ceremony should not proceed, a young dry-goods clerk named Macale stepped forward, saying he had serious objections. He said he wanted to see and speak with the girl privately. He was put out of the house, and a pistol was found in his pocket. He said he had always wanted to marry the girl, but had never gathered courage to tell her of his feelings.

It is a singular fact that, while from twenty to thirty licenses for the sale of somniferous have been issued by Internal Revenue Collector Weidner to Washington parties during the past few months, no license has been issued for the sale of it in Oregon during the same period of time. This is accounted for by the stringency of the Oregon laws and comparative laxity of the Washington laws regulating the manufacture and sale of adulterated articles of food. The Oregon law requires all adulterated articles of food to be so labeled that the consumer shall know what he is buying. This requirement applies to retail quantities as well as wholesale packages. In Washington no such labeling is required.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Caras, a Chicago Woman, Has a Genius for Collecting Funds—Grand Duchess' Fad.

Louis Kosuth is now in his 90th year. Bishop Phillips Brooks speaks 312 words a minute.

Lawyer McCurdy, who won the case for the Tilden heirs, receives \$400,000 for his fee.

Tolstoi's lean and cadaverous look attracted much attention while he was in Paris recently.

Baron Arthur Rothschild, a nephew of the head of the great financial house, is serving his twelve months in the French army as a private soldier.

Colonel J. L. Denning of New York enjoys the honor of being the child of parents wedded by the poet, William Quiller Bryant, when the latter was a Justice of the Peace in a Long Island village.

Cardinal Lavigerie was once a beau sabreur. Cardinal Howard formerly held a commission in the Life Guards, and the Cardinal Archbishop of Perth was in his youth the smartest of Austrian Hussars.

H. P. Cheatham of North Carolina, the only colored member of the next Congress, is a college graduate, and is said to be the best educated negro, with a single exception, that has yet sat in the House.

Mr. Gladstone is almost the only member of the House of Commons who sits uncovered in Parliament. Thus his face is more readily scanned by visitors, who look at Britain's legislators at a distance through a grating.

Senator Hale's family is moving into his new mansion in Washington at Sixteenth and K streets. It is hardly habitable, and the approaches are incomplete, but work is being vigorously pushed to completion.

Alphonse Daudet is growing very feeble, and is now almost blind. His intelligent wife is his constant companion, and to her he is dictating a novel by the title of "La Douleur," which in all probability will be his last.

Dr. Dumesnil is the name of a physician of St. Louis, who declares that he has discovered peculiar microscopical insects in cigarettes. Now and then by the naked vision a peculiar form can be observed pulling on one.

George W. Childs of the Philadelphia Ledger entertained Sir Edwin Arnold at dinner the other day at his private residence near Philadelphia. Two Japanese ladies graced the festive board, and the distinguished Englishman fairly scintillated in the "Light of Asia."

Ephraim W. Bull, who developed the noted Concord grape, lives a mile out of Concord village, Mass., on the Lexington road and close by the old Hawthorne farm. He is 75 years old. He grew his Concord vines from the seeds of a native wild grape in 1843. In 1854 he put the grape on the market.

General C. W. Field of Washington denies that he recently made a speech in Richmond in favor of unfurling the Confederate flag at the Chicago Fair. The General was not at the meeting, and does not sympathize with the sentiments of the speech.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Full Text of the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation—Puyallup Indian Reservation.

I was expected that the vexed question regarding the Puyallup Indian reservation at Tacoma would be settled by the commission which was sent out there by an act of the last Congress, but it seems that this commission has not done what they were expected to do, and the question at issue is as far from settlement as before. The Indians have bargained away some of their most valuable lands. Their lands are needed for the development of Tacoma as a city, and they are useless to the Indians, except for what they can get for them. The matter of the individual and tribal rights of the Indians was supposed to be determined by the commission, also the rights of the men who have bargained with the Indians for their lands, but the commission's report, now with the Secretary, is far from satisfactory, and will be little or no help in aiding him to make a recommendation to Congress. The Puyallup matter will have to be fought all over again this winter.

The full text of the President's Thanksgiving proclamation is as follows: It is a very glad incident to the marvelous prosperity which has crowned the year now drawing to a close that its helpful and reassuring touch has been felt by all the people. It has been as wide as our country, and so special that every home has felt its influence. It is too great to be the work of man's power, and too particular to be the device of his mind. To God, the beneficent and almighty, who makes the labors of men to be fruitful, redems their losses by his grace, and the measure of his giving is as much beyond the thoughts of man as it is beyond his deserts, the praise and gratitude of the people of this favored nation are due. Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 28th day of November, to be a day of thanksgiving to God for the bounties of his providences, for the peace in which we are permitted to enjoy them, and for the preservation of these institutions of civil and religious liberty which he gave our fathers the wisdom to devise and establish, and as the courage to preserve. Among the appropriate observances of the day are rest from toil, the renewal of family ties about our American firesides, and thoughtfulness towards those who suffer lack of the body or of spirit.

## EASTERN ITEMS.

### All the Coal Miners in Indiana Strike.

### THE KENTUCKY ALLIANCE.

### A New Haven Tobacco Dealer Says the Sale of Cigarettes to Yale Boys is Falling Off.

The uniform export bill of lading is to go into effect December 1.

Over 62,700 immigrants arrived in this country during September.

The Baron Hirsch trustees have purchased 5,000 acres at Woodbine, N. J.

Day and night shifts of men are now worked on all the exposition building.

The remains of Jefferson Davis are to be placed in Hollywood cemetery, Richmond, Va.

The Baltimore American says: Baltimore has not had a bank failure for fifty-seven years.

Heavy losses are being sustained by stockmen in Texas, owing to the severe drought.

About fifty of the released Tennessee convicts have been captured in Kentucky and returned.

Arrangements are being made to lay a cable from Nassau to Jupiter Inlet on the coast of Florida.

Out of respect to State laws the Federal government will not sell customs liquors by auction in Maine.

Pennsylvania's loss by the dishonesty of Bardsley & Co. was \$985,072 instead of \$1,306,378, as first reported.

The earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande for October are \$847,000, a decrease of \$24,188 from last year.

The designs for the new fractional currency of the country have been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

A tobacco dealer in New Haven, whose trade in the main is with Yale boys, says that the sale of cigarettes is falling off.

Steps have been taken by the Chamber of Commerce in St. Paul to stert an immigration movement in that city and State.

Heirs of George W. Morse of Louisiana will sue the government for \$4,500,000 for infringing his breech-loading rifle patents.

A column of masonry in Kansas marks the exact geographical center of the United States, evidently without counting Alaska.

The success of the Brooklyn bridge has suggested to capitalists to form a company with a capital of \$24,000,000 for the purpose of building two more bridges across the East river.

The new Hebrew Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn cost about \$125,000. It is to be five stories high and to have a frontage of 130 feet. It will accommodate several hundred orphans.

The retired commander of the Seventeenth Infantry, General Minner, has been placed in a private asylum under treatment for softening of the brain.

The annual report of the Board of General Appraisers of New York recommends that the right of appeal be vested in the Secretary of the Treasury only.

One of the big Florida hotels has the great orchestra which was exhibited at the Paris exhibition. Telephones are placed in each room, and are connected with the orchestra so that each guest may hear the music when he wishes.

A New York jury has awarded Thomas Fortune, the colored editor of the New York Age, \$925 damages in an action brought against the proprietor of a Sixth-avenue hotel for being assaulted and refused a drink because of his color.

W. W. Long, a member of the North Carolina House of Representatives, and a number of other large planters in the Roanoke bottoms are completing arrangements to bring to their plantations some 500 of the expatriated Russian-Jewish farmers.

Not for years has the supply of drinking water been so low at New York, nor has the danger of genuine water famine been greater than at the present. Commissioner Gilroy says unless there is rain the water will last only fifteen or twenty days more.

The Cherokee since Judge Green's decision that they do not own the Strip are now ready to renew the negotiations, which were broken off last year, for the sale of the land to the government. Chief Maves, it is said, favors the disposition of the outlet.

The miners of bituminous coal in Indiana have decided to strike for advance of 5 cents per ton. The block-lead miners have already struck for 10 cents advance. The operators refuse to pay the increase. All the miners in the State of Indiana are now out, and a long and desperate battle is looked for.

The notorious Bob Musgrave, who insured himself for \$25,000 in an accident insurance company and then procured a skeleton, placed it in a cabin near an Indian village, burned the cabin and by means of confederates spread the news that he was burned up, has been captured in St. Paul by detectives.

Of the Tenkawas only seventy-eight remain to negotiate with the Cherokee Commission. They occupy the reservation set apart for the Nez Percés, having been moved there when the latter tribe went to Idaho. It embraces 90,700 acres, of which about 7,500 will be required for allotments. The rest will be available for homesteads.

## EDUCATIONAL.

Japan Has Just Opened a New College Which is Called the Harris School of Science.

There are 467 schools in Irkutsk, Siberia. The population of Siberia is nearly 900,000.

Hereafter no girl can graduate from the public schools in Boston until she shall have successfully passed an examination in cookery.

Prof. Harper of the new Chicago University has found difficulty in securing a faculty abroad, owing to the operation of the alien contract labor law.

A new college has been opened in Japan, called the Harris School of Science. It was opened with elaborate ceremony. An American (Mr. Harris) contributed the money.

Religious instruction is an important part of the elementary schools of Prussia. It is compulsory in both public and private schools and a part of the qualifications of the teacher.

Dr. John Plente, the amateur telescope maker, is now finishing a 30½-inch silver-on-glass mirror for Alleghany College, which, when mounted, will give that institution the largest reflecting telescope in this country.

President Dwight of Yale, while not favoring the admission of women to study in the classes with men, does wish Yale had a woman's annex, and the only objection he finds to its establishment is that the university has not the money to put into it.

The older buildings of Harvard College have the following dates: Massachusetts Hall, 1720; Holden, 1734; Hollis, 1763; Harvard, 1788; Stoughton, 1804; University, 1812. The cornerstone of Gore Hall was laid in 1813, the books being moved into the library in the vacation of 1814. There were 41,000 volumes at that time.

All the children in school in Prussia, numbering 4,000,000, on a certain day were examined and the color of their eyes and hair carefully registered. It was found that 42.97 per cent. had blue eyes and 24.21 per cent. brown, while no less than 72 per cent. had blonde hair, 29 per cent. brown and only 1.21 per cent. black hair. Only 6.53 per cent. again are of brunette complexion.

## WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Mrs. Palmer Highly Approves an Idea Originated by Mrs. Price of North Carolina.

Paraguay has decided to participate in the exposition. Barbadoes, French Guiana, Ceylon and Corea have also joined the list.

The State of Idaho has applied for 10,000 square feet of space in the mines and mining building for a display of minerals.

The Agricultural Society of France has decided to offer a number of premiums for the best French horses shown at the fair.

The District of Columbia has decided to ask Congress for an appropriation of \$50,000 to enable it to make a creditable exhibit at the fair.

Wisconsin's building at the exposition will be 80,000 feet, three stories high and of the Queen Anne style of architecture. Its cost is estimated at \$29,000.

The apothecaries of Philadelphia have applied for 50,000 square feet of space in the manufactures building for a collective exhibit from their several establishments.

The buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition according to Section 9 of the act of Congress providing for the fair are to be dedicated October 12, 1892; the exposition is to be open to visitors not later than May 1, 1893.

Hassan Ben Ali of Morocco is seeking a concession to make a Morocco exhibit at the exposition. He says he will spend \$50,000 in showing the people, manners, customs, amusements, etc., of his country and in bringing to Chicago a tribe of Berbers.

Mrs. Potter Palmer is to drive the last nail in the woman's building. The lady managers of Montana at the suggestion of Mrs. J. E. Richards are having the nail made of gold, silver and copper. It will be forwarded to Chicago as soon as completed.

The number of intending exhibitors who have applied for space at the exposition reached 1,623 on October 24. This is a much larger number than the Centennial had at a correspondingly early date. The number does not include any foreign applications, all of which are made to their respective national commissions.

L. Takagui and K. Ikeda, two representatives commissioned by the Mikado of Japan, have been in Chicago seeking detailed information concerning the exposition. They were greatly pleased, and said their country would make a fine exhibit, and that it would be a number of the private art treasures of the Mikado.

Seventy-four cases of relics of the Indians and mound builders have been received by the department of ethnology of the exposition from Chillithotha, O. They contain a great variety of prehistoric implements and utensils, such as axes, arrow heads, pipes, bows, jars, etc. They were examined by a party acting under the direction of Chief Putnam.

Ample restaurant accommodations are to be provided at the exposition grounds. The locations for restaurants thus far decided upon are four in the mines and mining building, sixteen in the manufactures building and six on the esplanade in front, four in the electricity building and two in the women's building. Some are on the ground floor and some in the galleries.

## FOREIGN LANDS.

### The Peter's Pence From England Meager.

### SERIOUS FLOODS IN SPAIN.

### The Municipal Elections in England Forecast the Triumph of the Gladstonians.

London has 6,000 telephones. England has 70,000 barmaids. London has ten main railroad lines. Switzerland has abolished national banks.

Serious floods are reported in Valencia, Spain; also at Cadix.

The potato crop in Northern Hungary has failed, and a famine is feared.

Prince Bismarck opposes the law which reduces the army service in Germany to two years.

Catholic prelates in Italy have no doubt that Pope Leo's successor will be an Italian.

The Argentine Senate has passed a bill repealing the tax levied upon private bank deposits.

The Austrian police have confiscated the report of the Brussels International Labor Congress.

Lady Dilke has decided on continuing her trade-union campaign among the women workers.

Thirty thousand men are idle through the strike of the engineers of the Wear side Durham, England.

The municipal elections in England forecast a triumph for the Gladstonians in the coming Parliamentary elections.

The duty which France proposes to put on American pork is 25 cents per 100 kilos, equal to about 2½ cents per pound.

It is daily becoming more clear that French financial houses are saddled with more Russian stocks than they are able to carry.

The people of Afghanistan, groaning under the heavy taxes their ruler imposes, are skipping over the border at a lively rate.

Rain has fallen in torrents in the province of Malaga. The lower-lying quarters of Gollia and Perchel have been submerged.

Earl Dufferin's appointment as Warden of the Cinque Ports is viewed in England as a bribe to cause him to adhere to the Conservatives.

The height of fashion in Paris is to have everything Russian, the glamour of the French-Russian understanding emphasizing the fact.

A bill has been read the first time in the Brazilian Senate, the object of which is to close the coasting trade to ships under foreign flags.

Birmingham has beaten London in the struggle for the possession of a great water-shed in Wales as a permanent source of water supply.

There are rumors at St. Petersburg affecting the stability of ten banking houses, some of which are considered the soundest in that city.

Inquiry is being made into the unwise extension of mining galleries at Liechtenau, endangering the safety of the Silesian Mountain railroad.

Emin Pasha has written a letter stating that he intends to enter the territory of the King of Ruhanda, which has never been visited by Europeans.

Those Alantians of official prominence who attended a late Ferry banquet are being dismissed from office or forced to resign by the German government.

The House of Representatives of New Zealand has passed a bill granting residential suffrage to women and qualifying them for election to Parliament.

In a recent report of the municipal head of Moscow it is shown that the corruption of the Court of Probate and Public Administration is very great.

The Moscow Gazette demands the formation of a Ministry of Agriculture, which, it sets forth, would prevent the conflicting policies leading to the famine.

The Empress of China has recently been endeavoring to give an impetus to the manufacture of silk in that country, by starting a silk-weaving department of her own.

A new paper, *The Wandering People*, will be started in London next month. It will be published in the gypsy tongue and edited by George Smith, the king of the gypsies.

The Danes do not require the makers of oleomargarine to stamp the kegs in which it is packed, but they do require that it be nearly white in order to distinguish it from butter.

Much disappointment is reported to be felt in Vatican financial circles at the extremely meager results of the offerings for Peter's pence from England, the amount being only about £800.

It is said the Russian peasants are eating straw in their bread. The French peasants were eating grass by the roadside not long before the Revolution of 1793. History may repeat itself.

With a ready market for an enormous wine crop and with its crops of cereals considerably above the average, Italy ought during the coming year to enter upon a new period of prosperity.

The German government has decided to establish a ship-building yard on a small scale on the shores of Lake Victoria Nyansa, and measures are being taken to put the design into execution.