

PACIFIC COAST.

Cocopahs Seeking Work in California.

A RIOT BREWING AT GALLUP.

Southern Pacific Declines to Accept the Reduced Freight Rate of the Commission.

An expert in the Davis will case at Butte, Mont., holds that the will is of recent manufacture.

The curing and canning of Puget Sound herring is becoming an industry of some importance.

A company to construct a single-rail and saddle-truck railway system has been incorporated in Oregon.

The creditors of the big cable company of Los Angeles are crowding it. A suit for a foreclosure on the second mortgage has just been entered.

Portland is thoroughly discussing the proposition to overcome the Columbia-river obstructions by a portage road around them at The Dalles.

There is trouble threatened at the Gallup (N. M.) coal mines. A proposed attempt to put in colored workers, it is thought, will produce a riot.

The Southern Pacific Company will not accept the reduced freight rate fixed by the Oregon Railway Commission, and a test case will probably be taken into the courts.

The Bear Valley Company has commenced its work in San Bernardino county, Cal., of building a new and expensive dam. Two years' time will be required to finish the work.

Artesian water has been struck near North Yakima, Wash., at a depth of 400 feet, and the flow increases as the bore goes down. The large body of arid land in that section has consequently assumed valuable importance.

Southern California proposes to furnish the Eastern markets with winter vegetables. There are three months in the year when the Southern California producer will have comparatively no competition in the Eastern market.

An art picture was ordered from the show window of a store at Los Angeles, and the proprietor substituted the portrait of Chief Glass, who is the Anthony Comstock of that city, and by whose orders the original picture was removed.

The latest news from La Plata, the new mining town in Ogden Valley, is to the effect that the first reports are fully confirmed. An immense body of ore has been discovered, which assays upward of 70 per cent. of galena and 44 to 65 ounces of silver.

All the region neighboring to Ogden, U. T., is excited over the discovery of lead deposits about twenty-five miles northeast of Ogden at the head of Paradise Canyon. The ore is found in enormous quantities, and a second Leadville is predicted by the sanguine finders.

Captain Pasqual and Captain Jose of the Cocopah tribe of Colorado-river Indians, with forty-seven followers, are at San Bernardino, Cal., for the purpose of getting work for the Indians, whose crops and homes had been destroyed by the great earthquake in their country.

The discovery of gold on Soldier creek, four miles west of Harney, Or., consisting of quartz and placer, bids fair to create a little fever, for it is now evident that there is gold to be found in paying quantities. Miners of experience say the placers will pay \$10 or \$12 per day and expense to the man by sluicing.

The City Council at Victoria, B. C., has decided to submit to the people by-laws appropriating nearly \$3,000,000 for railway subsidies. One million is to the Victoria and North American Railway, or Northern Pacific, and the other to connect the Canadian Pacific at New Westminster with the roads at Blaine.

Indian Agent Cole has completed the work of enrolling the Coeur d'Alene Indians entitled to a share in the distribution of \$500,000 paid by the government for the lands recently ceded. It is found that 420 Indians are entitled to a share of this money, and that each will receive \$1,100. Many of the Indians are already well to do.

Considerable stir is being caused in Wahkiakum county, Wash., over the recent demand of the government for an additional payment of \$1.25 per acre for patented land within the confines of the Northern Pacific land grant. The government now holds that the lands in question were double minimum lands, and that the price should have been \$2.50 per acre to purchasers.

The State Park Commissioner of Minnesota in a report to Governor Merriam shows conclusively that the true source of the Mississippi river is in the great reservoir nine miles above Lake Itasca, making the longest surface channel of the Mississippi river from the Gulf of Mexico to the extreme limit of this reservoir 2,555.25 miles. The first surface flow in this great reservoir is a tiny brook connecting with Whipple Lake, to Floating Moss Lake, thence to Nicollet Upper Lake, while 320 feet west the channel again appears in a continuous surface flowage to Itasca Lake.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

An Abridgement of News Collected at Washington City.

Governor Toole of Montana has informed the acting Secretary of War that in compliance with a petition of the citizens of Custer county the cavalry detachment at Tongue river is ordered from its camp there to the Indian agency on that river. In the opinion of military commanders this force will be sufficient to guard the interests of both Indians and settlers.

Acting Secretary Nettleton has signed an order dispensing with the services of Mrs. Catherine McGuire, an assistant keeper of the light station at Marquette, Mich. A singular feature of this case is that the woman's dismissal is based on complaints made by her husband, who is keeper of the station. He charges her with inattention to duty. In reporting on the case the inspector of the district suggests that the appointment of a man as assistant keeper would be best for the interests of the service.

Information has been received at Washington of a very important change made in the Mexican Custom-house regulations. Under the old system all goods imported were subject to two examinations—one at the port of entry and another in the Custom-house where the goods were delivered. By the rule just adopted the last inspection is dispensed with, the goods thoroughly examined upon their entrance into the country, sent to their destinations with due precautions and delivered to consignees upon presentation of proper documents.

Statistician Dodge of the Department of Agriculture says: "The year promises to be one of abundance in almost all lines of agricultural production. Preliminary returns of acreage made the wheat area about 40,000,000 acres. On that basis the crop should not fall below 525,000,000 bushels. Oats are the least promising of any cereals. Acreage in rye is little changed, but the August condition is better, promising a larger crop. Barley acreage is apparently the largest ever seen, and the present condition warrants that the crop will be considerably above the average."

For some time Sir Julian Pannecote has been anxiously endeavoring to arrange a basis of negotiation with Blaine with respect to reciprocal trade between Canada and the United States, but with indifferent success. Premier Abbott sent a secret commission a few weeks ago to make an effort to establish an *entente cordiale*. This agent when at Washington submitted Sir Julian Pannecote's memorandum to the effect that the present Dominion government was willing to have a reciprocity trade with such articles as are not imported into Canada in large quantities from England. Sir Julian now feels in a position to offer the United States reciprocity in coal, grain, meats, cattle and live stock, leather of all kinds, glassware, agricultural implements, flour and meal, paper manufactures, kerosene oil, cars, carriages, fish, metal goods, fertilizers, earthen and china ware and a number of other important articles.

CABLEGRAMS.

Egyptian Ophthalmia Prevails in Some Sections of Germany.

Verdi, the composer, will endow with \$80,000 a hospital at Milan for poor and aged artists.

The German government will establish a telegraph system on the German East African coast.

Sir Julian Pannecote, British Minister, thinks the Chinese situation more serious than reported.

Belgium consumes nearly 4,000,000 cartridges and forty tons of powder a year in testing firearms.

The crofters of Skye in the Scottish Highlands do not take kindly to the idea of emigrating to Canada or America.

Egyptian ophthalmia has prostrated half the children and many adults in Arbergen, Mahndorf and Hemeligen in Germany.

The German autumn military maneuvers will be postponed on account of the condition of the Emperor, who cannot mount a horse.

A Stanley Williams of Sussex, England, has just discovered three delicate but distinct markings in the equatorial region of Saturn.

Brazilian capitalists have secured the services of several experts from Pittsburgh, who will bore wells in the hope of obtaining oil or gas.

A movement is on foot in Norway for the raising of funds to provide visits to the country during the summer for poor and hard-worked women.

M. Henri Lecomte, the Director of the Meteorological School of Aerostation at Paris, proposes to endeavor to cross Africa by balloon, starting from Mozambique.

The German government proposes to prohibit clergymen taking fees for baptisms or marriages. The government has set aside \$5,000,000 to pay the preachers.

The movement in favor of Roman instead of Gothic type is rapidly gaining ground in Germany. Many medical and scientific periodicals are printed in Roman characters.

The German method of dealing with Turkish brigandage is complete. The brigand is paid all he demands, and then Berlin draws on Constantinople at sight for the bill.

Lord Donoughmore recognizes the malady of which St. Kilda children die as one well known on the west coast of South America, where medical skill has been totally unable to grapple with it.

The India press is greatly worked up over the execution of the two principals in the Manipur massacre by the English government, and are endeavoring to establish a sentiment unfavorable to the latter.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Mexico Will Make a Big Exhibit at Chicago.

1,000,000 NEW VOTERS IN 1892

Arizona Will Ask to Be Admitted into the Union as a State at Next Session of Congress.

Chinese immigration is being solicited by Mexico.

Alligators have appeared in the Missouri river.

Mexico will have a \$2,000,000 exhibit at the World's Fair.

There will be eighty-five buffaloes in the World's Fair zoo.

Kansas papers speak of the corn crop as practically assured.

There are to be 887 polling places in New York city this year.

The agricultural building for the World's Fair will cost \$800,000.

A million young men will cast their first vote for President next year.

At the next session of Congress Arizona will ask for admission as a State.

Complete census returns give Iowa a population of 1,011,896, a gain of 287,281 since 1880.

The irrepressible George Francis Train proposes a tour around the world in forty days by a party of 1,000 persons.

Connellsville, Pa., will drop natural gas and use coal for fuel. The gas is nearly all exhausted, and rates are high.

It is reported that 900 acres of land in Cape May county, Md., have been purchased on which to colonize Russian Jews.

A German doctor, advertising in New York an "Institution of European Staff Physicians," has been prosecuted for fraud.

Senator Warren thinks the United States should cede the arid lands under proper restrictions to the States and Territories.

Bellew is furious about the report of his alleged marriage to Mrs. Potter. He says she cleared \$100,000 on her Australian tour.

An advance of 15 cents per ton on anthracite coal has been ordered from September 1 at New York by the producing companies.

There are more boats now running on the Missouri river than at any time during the last ten years, and every one of them is making money.

More than 3,000 clerks, salespeople, teamsters, porters, janitors and other wage earners are out of work because of the recent big fire in Chicago.

The drought in the Lower Rio Grande has put all the ranchmen in debt, and the great scarcity of money is causing the sacrifice of cattle and sheep.

According to the recently published statistics there is one pauper to every 643 inhabitants in this country and one to every thirty-eight in England.

James Phelan of San Francisco has sold the historic Stevens House, 21 to 27 Broadway, New York, to W. H. Mairs of Brooklyn for \$1,000,000—partly in cash and partly in Harlem property.

An estimate received by the Bureau of American Republics places the value of wool which will be available for shipment to Europe in October and November for the Argentine Republic at \$30,000,000.

Charles S. Wolfe, who was elected Executive Commissioner of the World's Fair by the Pennsylvania State-Commissioners, dropped dead within an hour and a half after his election from heart disease.

The new chinch-bug remedy by inoculation discovered in Kansas has been tried with apparent success in Wisconsin, some of the imported infected insects causing the death of millions of the bugs in a wheat field.

One of the little bands of Russian Hebrew refugees sent out from New York to homes in the country by the trustees of the Baron Hirsch fund complain that they are starving and have been swindled and abused.

The employees of the Union Pacific having entered into a contract previous to the passage of the eight-hour law in Nebraska and the contract still being in force, they are not taking part in the struggle to enforce the law.

There has been a great deal of exaggeration regarding the dismissal of veterans from the New York Custom-house. Out of eighty-three employees dismissed only sixteen were veterans, and of these three have already been reinstated.

Postoffice Inspector Stuart at Chicago is in receipt of many letters which show that the National Capital Savings, Building and Loan Association was even a greater swindle than at first supposed. Victims are being heard from all over the country.

Owen Murphy, a former Tammany official, who stole \$50,000 of the funds of New York city and fled to Canada in 1877, turns up as one of the principals in the corrupt dealings that have been brought to light by a legislative committee at Ottawa.

Amos Howard Fiske of South Framingham, Mass., has been appointed chief engineer of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University. Otto Willweber, late manager of the Southern Pacific restaurant at Sacramento, has been appointed steward of the boarding hall of the university.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Baron Krupp Hesitates About Showing His Big Cannon at the World's Fair.

The King of Sweden is a great swimmer, and wears ganta de Suede in swimming to keep his hands from tanning.

Sara Bernhardt has promised to contribute a painting to the women's gallery of pictures at the Chicago Exposition.

Austin Dobson, the poet, is likely to visit the United States next autumn and give a series of readings from his own works.

Carl Streittmann, who now seems to be the king tenor of the comic-opera stage, is a Viennese, whose family fortune was lost by a bank failure.

Officer Bollings of Philadelphia is said to be the largest policeman in the United States. He is 6 feet 8 inches in height, and weighs 340 pounds.

Ingalls receives \$500 for each of his lectures. Financially, at least, he finds it more profitable to lecture the people than to scold the Senate.

Kate Field, who has made Washington her home for the last eighteen months, calls both New York city and Boston "idiotically Anglomaniacal."

Frau Wagner will probably be invited by certain people in Milwaukee to hold a musical festival in that city in 1893 as an annex to the World's Fair.

J. Lamb Doty, United States Consul at Tahiti, is the youngest Consul in the service of the United States. He was only 20 years old when appointed.

Baron Krupp is hesitating about exhibiting some of his great cannon at the World's Fair, but there will be plenty of big guns on hand there, notwithstanding.

The Marquis de Lorne is said to cherish a secret passion for cock-fighting. He is never so happy as when a groom gets up a rattling set-to for him in a stable loft.

Jules Simon, the celebrated French economist, detests tobacco, and says that he is an inveterate enemy of alcohol. Jules appears to be quite a simple Simon in his habits.

Edison is now at work on an electric motor to replace the ordinary locomotive. It is designed to take up electricity from a central rail and to develop at least 1,000-horse power.

Chauncey M. Depew is in Athens enjoying himself in seeing the sights. He says it is all stuff about Demosthenes having practiced after-dinner oratory with his mouth full of classic pebbles.

Ex-Senator Ingalls tells a Chicago reporter that he is really and truly out of politics and is not even watching the course of events. He is quite absorbed in agriculture interspersed with lecturing.

Mrs. Langtry owed some of her popularity as well as one of her soubriquets to the late Frank Miles, the London artist. When he was in Jersey he painted her portrait, and named it "The Jersey Lily."

Dr. Frederick M. Fling of Biddeford, Me., has been elected Professor of English History in the University of Nebraska in place of Prof. Howard, who has gone to the Leland Stanford, Jr., University.

It isn't often that two members of one family are Governors of two States at the same time, but it seems to be the case in West Virginia and Florida, in each of which States the Governor's name is Fleming.

The Queen of the Sandwich Islands in her passion for music has organized a band of trumpeters. There are a few street bands and piano organs in this section of the world that she is welcome to if she wants them.

A Church of England clergyman was recently asked why he engaged in outside work. "To increase my starving," was the odd reply, which he explained by saying that he called an income of £95 (\$475) a year a "starving" rather than a "living."

A very fine portrait of Henry Clay is on view at 46 Pall Mall, London. It was painted in 1850 by David A. Woodward of Washington for Dr. Chapin of Baltimore. Clay's medical attendant. The portrait is said by those who knew Mr. Clay to be an excellent likeness.

Jeese D. Grant, the youngest son of General Grant, who has recently been living quietly in California on a large fruit ranch and farm, has been given control, with a large contingent interest, in a group of silver mines in Mexico, from which over \$1,000,000 have been taken in five years.

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

One Man Kills Another Because He Persecuted His Daughter.

Edward Lambert, Jr., bookkeeper of the San Juan Smelting and Mining Company and Mayor of Durango, Col., is a defaulter in the sum of \$110,000.

Antonio Caracci, a notorious bandit chieftain near San Antonio, Tex., has just killed his ninth man, a Deputy Sheriff, who attempted to arrest him.

Dr. J. E. Clements, who was arrested in Memphis, Tenn., charged with child-molestation and robbing Colonel Dudley Fraser, has been discharged, Fraser having failed to identify him.

John G. Howell, who killed Robert S. Colvin, the young stenographer, for the alleged persecution of Howell's daughter, was held to answer the charge of murder without bail at Oakland, Cal.

Thomas Gillespie, who was mixed up in the row which resulted in the killing of Sailor Brown of the cruiser Charleston at San Diego several weeks ago, has been held to answer before the Superior Court. He is out on bail.

John Zwald, who a few months ago confessed to the authorities at Sacramento that he had murdered two wives in the East and was locked up in the county jail, has been released, the Eastern authorities having taken no action in the matter.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Hyppolite Cabinet in Hayti Resigns.

LABOR MARKET IN ENGLAND.

Munich to Be Lighted by Electricity—Alexis Angry at the Fuss Made Over Him.

Russia meditates an increase of duties on importations of fruit.

It is believed in Berlin that the Russian rye ukase will be rescinded in October.

The forest fires at Toulon, France, have been extinguished. The damage will be great.

The tower to be built near London will be only sixteen feet higher than the Eiffel tower of Paris.

The present plans of the Japanese government will double the navy of that country within six years.

In Paris a panorama representing the fall of Yorktown is being painted for exhibition at the World's Fair at Chicago.

The Eastbourne (England) authorities will not permit the Salvation Army on the streets Sunday with its brass bands.

By means of pneumatic tubes letters dropped in a letter box in Paris reach Berlin often within thirty-five minutes.

The European powers have demanded that China take immediate steps for the protection of the lives and property of foreigners.

China has just coined a silver dollar, which will be accepted in trade in place of the Mexican and Japanese coins heretofore used.

The Jaffa-Jerusalem railroad is about half finished, and tourists will be able to travel to Jerusalem from the coast by next summer.

It is denied that Countess Cathness has been elected "successor to Mrs. Blavatsky" as the head of the Theosophical Society.

Mrs. John W. Mackay has inaugurated a series of river parties on the Thames during the summer months. They have been very successful.

The city of Munich is to be lighted by electricity, the power to be furnished by the river Isar. Nearly six miles of streets are to be illuminated.

Tea-growing is becoming one of the leading industries of Fiji, and it is anticipated that a large traffic in the article will soon be developed.

The metric system for England is favored by the Geographical Congress; also the compilation of a geographical pronouncing dictionary.

In a survey of the business situation in European journals they find no prospect of immediate betterment anywhere except in the United States.

The labor market in England is in a disturbed condition. The demand has fallen off in the ship-building, engineering and iron and steel trades.

Rome now sits upon her seven hills with what is positively a broad grin. King Humbert says with emphasis that she is to be Italy's capital forever.

The French wheat crop is estimated at 90,000,000 hectoliters, a deficit of 32,000,000. The customs tax on wheat will therefore be suspended for one year.

Another scientific observer publishes a pamphlet to show that the European law is narrowing through the lesser severity of its labors that accompanies civilized food.

An epidemic of malignant malaria is afflicting the inhabitants of Glogau, Neisse, Loewen, Knael and parts of Breslau, and is supposed to have been caused by the recent flooding.

The members of the Cabinet of Hyppolite in Hayti have resigned. They felt themselves insulted by the National Chamber refusing to grant a telegraph concession that they had indorsed.

The Manchester ship canal, which is to make that city a seaport, was expected to have been completed in August of next year, but the contractors have asked for an extension until the close of 1893.

In the Salisbury-O'Brien case an agreement has been signed by which O'Brien promises to pay his debt, with the costs, into court on Salisbury's undertaking to facilitate an appeal to the British House of Lords.

There will be 70,000 troops engaged in the Austrian maneuvers, which begin shortly. Smokeless powder will be used exclusively, this being the most extensive test yet made of the efficiency of that invention.

The articles of George Kennan on Russia have been translated into the French, Danish, Dutch and Greek languages, and have stirred public opinion in Europe more than any other writings which have appeared.

The London News says: It is not many years since Europe was practically independent of American supplies. This season it is clear that without America's help Europe would be on the verge of starvation before the next harvest.

According to recent Russian advices from East Siberia the Russian soldiers have already captured a considerable quantity of skins in the waters controlled by the Russian government, and there is no apparent curbing of their operations.

The Grand Duke Alexis, angry at the fuss made over him in France, asked Ribot to stop the demonstrations at Vichy. Ribot was unable to do so, but had a telegram posted asking the people to strictly respect the Grand Duke's incognito.