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POSTERS, ETC., ETC.
AT THIS OFFICE.
The Lebanon Express.

FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888.
H. Y. Kirkpatrick, Publisher.

THE CHIEF POINTS OF DOCTRINE OF THE GREAT REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Last Monday the Chicago convention placed in nomination for President, Gen. Ben. Harrison, of Indiana; for Vice-President, Levi P. Morton, of New York. Following is a synopsis of the platform adopted:

The platform opens with an eloquent tribute to the first great leaders of the republican party, Abraham Lincoln, and the more recent leaders recently passed from earth, Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan and Coolidge. The name of Sheridan is also recalled with greetings and prayers for his recovery.

Fraternal congratulations are sent to Brazil upon the emancipation of slavery in that realm; and sympathy with the Irish on the home rule question is expressed.

Unwavering devotion to the constitution and the indissoluble union of states, and to the personal liberty of every citizen, native or foreign, black or white, rich or poor, is reaffirmed.

Effective legislation to secure the freedom and purity of the ballot is demanded, and the present Democratic majority in Congress is arraigned as guilty of suppressing the ballot by a criminal nullification of the constitution and laws.

It favors reduction of revenue by a repeal of the tobacco tax, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mercantile purposes and by such revision of the tariff as will check imports of articles produced by our people, and a release from duties on articles of foreign production which cannot be duplicated at home, and if this is not sufficient, the entire repeal of internal revenue taxes.

It is opposed to the introduction of foreign contract labor and of Chinese labor, and demands the rigid enforcement of the laws intended to restrict and eventually exclude the same.

It declares opposition to combinations of capital organized into trusts, reaffirms the policy of securing the public domain to homestead settlers and American citizens established by the party in 1862, and advocates the restoration of unearned railroad grants to the people.

Reduction of letter postage is demanded and the free school system of the nation is endorsed.

Appropriations are demanded for the early building of our navy, the construction of our coast fortification for the payment of just pensions to soldiers, for the improvement of our channels and harbors to the benefit of internal, coastwise and foreign commerce, and for the payment of our national public debt.

The platform concludes by inviting the comparison of patriotic men of all parties, and especially of all working-men, with the free trade policy and censurable acts of the present administration.

Public Speaking.—Mr. S. P. Putnam delivered a lecture in Union hall on Wednesday evening on "Free Thought." He declined to divide time with Rev. Clark Braden, whereupon the latter gentleman replied in the Presbyterian church. The following were the points at issue:

First, personal liberty was abridged by the recognition of God in the constitution; second, it was unjust to taxpayers not to tax churches and church property; third, that an appeal to God in affirmation, as the awarder of truth and avenger of falsehood, did not aid the cause of truth; fourth, that the Christian Sabbath was derogatory to morals and oppressive to the people.

These were the positions taken and affirmed by Mr. Putnam and replied to by Mr. Braden. As a public journalist we simply give the above facts, as a citizen we are for our country vs. Mr. Putnam, as a professed moralist and Christian we regard Mr. Putnam's views as dangerous to the state and subversive of morals and religion.

MR. EDITOR:—The republicans have nominated Gen. Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, for president and ex-Governor Levi P. Morton, of New York, for vice-president. The nomination of Harrison virtually places the doubtful state of Indiana in the republican column. The principal issue of the campaign will be the president's recent message and the Mills bill as endorsed by the national democratic convention and the protection of American industries and labor as set forth in the republican national platform. The contest will be a close and exciting one and will be decided by the votes of the states of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. It will be measurable free from personal attacks and private charges, and the decision made will determine whether the American system shall be maintained or whether it will give way to foreign influences and policies. The outlook at the present is favorable to the republican nominees.

HONEST HOME INDUSTRY.—The Cheadle cheese manufactory is a credit and honor to this section. No one need have any hesitation in buying and using these pure, home-made cheeses. Mr. P. Meslier has had nine years experience in this work, and this is his third year with Mr. Cheadle. He was raised in Canada, where he first learned the art. Clean, honest work is their motto. The capacity of the factory is about one hundred pounds per day.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Since I last wrote you Congress has been discussing such questions as government bond buying, the tariff, the fisheries treaty, silver and matters of local interest, such as relates to the District of Columbia, the latter having been much neglected of late on account of the pending tariff bill.

The President has been quietly pursuing his daily routine business, has been enjoying his re-nomination of course, and has had his sympathies excited by the cases of criminals in different parts of the country, a number of whom are to be released through his pardon.

The Democratic Congressmen who attended the St. Louis National Convention had scarcely settled themselves in their seats again when the Republican members left for their convention at Chicago. All is not well with Congress during these sessions. Legislation suffers because of the absence of members, and those who remain cannot debate any question without interlarding it with campaign talk entirely irrelevant to the subject.

On Monday, while the District Police bill was under consideration, Representative Struble, of Iowa, arraigned the majority in Congress for giving no attention to the demands for temperance legislation, declaring that it was prohibition or substantial restriction of the sale of liquor in the District of Columbia that was needed more than increased police or police facilities.

The committee to which the temperance bills had been referred was attacked by Mr. Dingley for its remissness in not having reported back these measures. He said the arrests for drunkenness in the State of Maine were not more than one-fourth the number of such arrests in the District.

The District Committee was defended by Mr. Rowell, one of its members, who said it had had all the work it could do, and that it had been deprived by the tariff bill of five days to which it was justly entitled for the disposal of its business. Mr. Campbell, Chairman of the Alcoholic Liquor Traffic Committee, said his bills would have been acted upon but for the failure to get a quorum of his committee. On the question of prohibition, he said his committee was awaiting the action of the Senate committee.

Secretary Whitney, of the navy, will neither affirm nor deny the rumored report of his retirement from the Cabinet if Mr. Cleveland is re-elected in November. He does deny, however, that he is ill, health, and states that he had no intention of leaving the Cabinet he would consider it his duty to inform the President before any one else.

That the Secretary has been somewhat dissatisfied of late is an open secret, it having been caused partly by the quarrel between the line and staff, which shattered the unity of the navy to an extent. Several other minor matters, such as the shyness with which the manufacture of the guns for the new naval cruisers has been carried on, have tended to increase his annoyance, and in conversation he has not hesitated to express his opinion on the subject with great freedom.

One of the newest sights of the Capital is the gospel wagon. It is a church on wheels, and is one of the agencies used by the workers of the Union Mission. Every Sunday it passes from one point to another where preaching services are held, and nearly every evening it carries Christian workers on their evangelistic trips. Different churches in the city are interested in the work of the mission, and their representatives take part in the meetings and assist in the missionary efforts are being made. Representatives of a number of the churches have some one evening in the week when they take charge of the gospel wagon, and conduct the services at the several localities in the city where the services are held.

The purpose is to reach that class of people who do not go to church and have no church connections. The church is in this way brought to them. This field of operation for the wagon is the outskirts of the city. It is twenty feet long by seven feet wide and six and a half feet high. The wheels are low and of the same size, so that the box can turn on them, and all of the running gear is unusually large and strong, having been made to order just for the purpose. When on its way to a meeting the wagon, drawn by four horses, looks like a new kind of excursion vehicle. When it stops for a meeting it is quickly transformed into a comfortable little pulpit and choir platform, with the organist ready to play at the leaders and singers standing in front.

An Oregon Valley.

The June number of The West Shore magazine is accompanied by a large colored supplement of the Chehalis valley, of the sub-valley of the beautiful and famous Willamette. The Chehalis valley is one of the leading fruit raising sections of Oregon, and from a descriptive article in the magazine it appears that much choice fruit land is for sale there at from \$15 to \$75 per acre. The number also contains an illustrated article on Washington county, also a portion of the fertile Willamette valley, which offers good and cheap homes to thousands. Other descriptive articles, poetry, fiction and a large amount of valuable information about the entire northwest complete the number. The West Shore is the only publication on the Pacific Coast making a specialty of describing and illustrating the resources and industries of the great northwest, and should be taken by everyone interested in, or desiring to learn about Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, British Columbia or Alaska. A large supplement in tints or colors, accompanies every number. Published at Portland, Oregon, by L. Samuel, at \$2.50 per year. Single copies, 25 cents.

Hon. Clark Braden, of Kansas is in Lebanon lecturing on the subject of infidelity. We had the pleasure of hearing this able and eloquent speaker eight years ago in Texas, and can say that without doubt he is the peer of any man on this subject; learned, erudite and witty, he never fails to captivate his audience, presenting facts in a clear and logical manner.

ROYAL ANN.—We gratefully acknowledge the receipt of a box of delicious Royal Ann cherries from Aunt Phoebe Hickman, for which she will please accept the thanks of this office.

4TH OF JULY.—Crawford will give another one of those popular parties at the Lawson Dancing Academy, on Wednesday evening, July 4th, 1888. Musicians from Portland will be added to his justly celebrated orchestra. An elegant supper will be served, and no pains will be spared to make this the most social event of the season.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE.—When you go to Soda-ville—and want a good square meal, polite attention and made to feel at home, just call on our friend Klum. He is untiring in his efforts to please the patrons of the house, and the cook is certainly master of the art culinary; that is, if we are any judge of good things to eat.

Tickets including supper for the 4th, of July Ball, at the St. Hotel, \$1.50.

W. FORTMILLER & CO.,

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AYER'S Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

If the Liver be

comes torpid, if the

bowels are constipated, or if the stomach

fails to perform its functions properly, use

Ayer's Pills. They are invaluable.

For some years I was a victim to Liver

troubles, from which I suffered for

years. I consider them the best pills

made, and would not be without them.

Morris Gaines, Downsville, N. Y.

I was attacked with Bilious Fever,

which was followed by Jaundice, and

was so dangerously ill that my friends

despaired of my recovery. I commenced

taking Ayer's Pills, and soon regained

my customary strength and vigor. —

John C. Patterson, Lowell, Nebraska.

Last spring I suffered greatly from a

troublesome humor on my side. In spite

of every effort to cure this eruption, it in-

creased until the flesh became entirely

raw. I was troubled at the same time

with indigestion, and distressing pains in

the bowels.

By the advice of a friend I began taking

Ayer's Pills. In a short time I was free

from pain, my food digested properly, the

sores on my body commenced healing,

and, in less than one month, I was cured.

Samuel D. White, Atlanta, Ga.

I have long used Ayer's Pills, in my

family, and believe them to be the best

made. — S. C. Darden, Darden, Miss.

My wife and little girl were taken with

Dysentery a few days ago, and I at once

began giving them small doses of Ayer's

Pills, thinking I would find a doctor if the

disease became any worse. In a short

time the bloody discharges stopped, all

pain went away, and health was restored.

Theodore Estling, Richmond, Va.

Ayer's Pills.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Churchill, THE HARDWARE MAN.

Iron, Steel, Coal, Carpenter Tools, Ropes, Cordage, Build'rs H'dw're, Bl'ksm'th Sup'li's Powder and Shot Saws and Axes, Scythes, Snaths. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc.

I Keep Agricultural Implements of all Kinds. MITCHELL AND NEWTON FARM AND SPRING WAGONS. Sole Agent For Crawfordville Axes.

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BETTER TAKE US UP!

WE OFFER OUR HAND-

Some Stock of Dry Goods, Fashionable Feminine Finery

TO THE LADIES OF LEBANON,

And Assure Them That We Will Take No Ac-

count Of Time Or Trouble, But With Wide

Open Doors

GIVE THEM OUR HEART-

lest Welcome. We Shall Be Pleased To See Them, Pleased

To Serve Them, and Pleased To

Give Them A Fortune.

In the Spring Bargains. Come and See us and

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WON'T REFUSE

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To Buy, at Least Inspect Our Stock.

Andrews & Hackleman.

SWANBROS.

SUCCESSORS TO

G. W. SMITH,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND TINWARE,

IRON PUMPS, ETC.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware

LEAVE SPOUT, ETC.

All Kinds of Repairing done on

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THE WOVEN WIRE BED.

Lumber! Lumber! Lumber!

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LEBANON -- SAW -- MILLS

ALL KINDS OF

ROUGH and CLEAR LUMBER

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Bills of All Kinds Filled on Short Notice and at Reasonable

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Groceries and Provisions, Tobacco and Cigars.

We have on hand the largest stock of Groceries and Provisions ever brought to Lebanon, which we offer to the people of Lebanon and vicinity at the

LOWEST LIVING CASH RATES.

A full and complete line of CANNED GOODS kept constantly on hand.

Hides Furs and all kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

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W. B. DONACA & Co.

Corner Brick Store, Main Street, Lebanon, Linn County Or.

OREGONIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Limited Line.)

CHAS. N. SCOTT, - Receiver.

On and after Jan. 1, 1888, and until further notice trains will run daily (except Sunday) as follows:

EAST SIDE.

From Port-

land to

Portland, P. & W. V.

Port of Lincoln St.

At 6.00 p. m.

At 1.15 p. m.

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