

NEW BANKING SYSTEM.

In another column may be seen a table giving some statistics in connection with the various school districts of this county by which it will be seen that in several districts each the amount on hand, held over from last year, exceeds the amount paid out for teacher's wages, and in some of those districts there has been a surplus of one or two months' school. Twenty-five districts hold over from last year—a hundred dollars and upwards. In a district holding over from last year upwards of \$300 and drawing from the public funds upwards of \$200, and paying a teacher \$90 during the year, it would seem that there will be some increase of capital stock without taking any account of interest.

The query naturally arises, does the state contemplate such a state of affairs as this? Are these districts in which the means for the education of the children is provided and yet they are untaught? It is time for our people to be inquiring into matters pertaining to school work and where there is a weak place in the law to move to amend it.

A very good bill was introduced in our last legislature to require each district to have a five months' school instead of a three months' in order to be entitled to its apportionment. This bill, had it become a law, would have remedied the evil that stands out so plain in the table referred to. There is no question in regard to the propriety of apportioning money to a district to be idle or be used by someone without benefit accompanying to the district. Again, is not the whole system of providing or distributing the public funds faulty? For instance in two districts, one having twenty and the other thirty-five or forty pupils during the year the one will draw about \$130 and the other about \$150, making a difference of about \$20 or ten dollars per month on the wages of a teacher for a six months' school. Is there any reason why each of the twenty children should enjoy less advantages simply because there are only twenty and each of the thirty enjoy superior advantages simply because there are thirty?

As a rule, the size of the seed will indicate the depth to plant it, starting with the smallest at one-half of an inch, such as celery, parsnip, etc., while peas and beans may be put one and a half inches deep. Trees for shelter, shade and ornament, if well chosen, are always worth the planting, and subsequent care required to get them fairly rooted so they will need nothing more than friendly protection. Manure is a great stimulant for the garden, therefore put it on plentifully. Better put out only half the usual quantity, and do that well, than run over a large garden but half prepared. Never stir your land when very wet.

To show what can be done with early cut hay, a Mr. Terry, writing to the New York Tribune states that he has a team of heavy work horses that for nearly five years have lived on a diet of early cut clover and timothy hay. They have not had a single feed of grain during all this time, are as fat as seals, and at no time during the five years could one see a rib on either of them. To take a heavy load of wheat or potatoes to market (twelve miles) is but play for them.

This plan for starting a strawberry bed has succeeded well, and is worthy of trial by others who doubt their ability to grow this luscious fruit. In planting potatoes last spring the hills were made three feet apart in the row, and soon after the potatoes came up a strawberry plant was set between each two hills. Of course the strawberries were cultivated as often as the potatoes were hoed; they had plenty of room to spread out and grow. The result of the good cultivation given them is a very promising crop for this spring.

STATE NEWS.
The cannery at Empire will be run this season.
Work on the proposed Lost river bridge has been commenced and the necessary structure will be completed before long.
Governor Pennoyer has appointed Dr. Saylor, of Lexington, Surgeon-General of the Oregon State militia, with the title of Colonel.
Says an Ochoco paper: So far as we can learn very few of the wool growers of this country have engaged their wool or made any arrangements for selling.
There are many large hop yards in Jackson and Josephine counties which are in better condition than last year, owing, perhaps, to the high prices received for the last crop.

Immense crops of peaches, prunes, plums, apples, pears, grass, grain, in Jackson and Josephine counties which are in better condition than last year, owing, perhaps, to the high prices received for the last crop.

Wm. Nelson, a sheepherder formerly in the employ of Fritz Munz, of Sprague river valley, committed suicide a few days since by taking strychnine. He had been on an extended spree and probably took his life while in a fit of temporary insanity.

Work has commenced on the big Siskiyou tunnel and much headway will be made as soon as the preliminaries are finished. Grading continues at a rapid rate on the other side of the mountain, and a large force is strung along several miles north of the state line.

Id 1865, in Union county, a prominent citizen was indicted for assault with intent to kill, says a Baker City paper. On the day of the trial the indictment could not be found, and the case was dismissed on motion of the district attorney. Last week the clerk while searching through the old rusty papers in quest of something else, found the original instrument. The party still lives in the county.

Arlington correspondence of Dalles paper: Wool is being shipped in such quantities that one is led to believe that the sheep were not all starved to death last winter while conclusions one would naturally come to judging from the large amount of pelts that have filled our market. It seems to me that in time our stockmen will come to the conclusion that wintering sheep and cattle on fresh air is an expensive luxury.

FARM NOTES.

The theory that the sex of an egg can be told by its shape is erroneous. Millions of weed seeds can be destroyed on almost every farm by fire.
Do not be in a hurry to sow seeds in the ground or put out tender plants.
Don't let your tomato plants spindly up before you transplant them in the hot bed.
Onion seed that has no firmness, or that is perfectly dry, is not good. Test on a sheet of writing paper.
Put the pig-sty manure on the garden where the running vines are to be planted. It will work wonders.
A liberal sprinkling of fine manure between the rows of the strawberry bed will very materially help them.
Marl, half a peck to a hill, is highly recommended for blackberry bushes. If that cannot be obtained, use loam.
Much between the strawberry rows six inches deep with old straw. It will strengthen the plant and increase the yield.
The farmer who has the best bred animals to sell generally fares the best—a good thing to think about as breeding time approaches.
Pine "chases" or needles, make a capital mulch for small fruits and flowering plants, for the latter will push up through a sufficient covering.
Goldsmith Maid trotted more miles beats 220 time than any other animal in the United States. She has 114 heats to her credit in 2:20 time.
The most efficient and economical mode for using ashes is to apply twenty or twenty-five bushels per acre at two or three different times during the growing season.
Deep cultivation and fining of the soil before planting is in accordance with approved knowledge in corn growing, and shallow cultivation after the corn is up and growing.
A paper peach basket, which can be manufactured for about four cents, has been invented by a New Yorker, and it is thought will settle the question of "free baskets" for peaches.
The practice of washing sheep is being discarded. Nothing is gained by so doing, while it is injurious to the animals as well as to those who have the disagreeable work to perform.
Manure is the farmers' savings bank, and if more of them would have large heaps of it every spring to spread upon the lands, instead of moving it to the east, they would prosper better in the end.
Near slaughter-houses and soap factories, farmers can make small fortunes at duck raising. A duck is as great a scavenger as a hog. Ducks will thrive well on offal and slaughter-house refuse.
To destroy aphides or plant lice, dip the ends of the twigs into a strong tea made by steeping tobacco stems (which may be procured at any cigar factory) in hot water, or syringe with whale-oil soap suds.
As a rule, the size of the seed will indicate the depth to plant it, starting with the smallest at one-half of an inch, such as celery, parsnip, etc., while peas and beans may be put one and a half inches deep.
Trees for shelter, shade and ornament, if well chosen, are always worth the planting, and subsequent care required to get them fairly rooted so they will need nothing more than friendly protection.
Manure is a great stimulant for the garden, therefore put it on plentifully. Better put out only half the usual quantity, and do that well, than run over a large garden but half prepared. Never stir your land when very wet.
To show what can be done with early cut hay, a Mr. Terry, writing to the New York Tribune states that he has a team of heavy work horses that for nearly five years have lived on a diet of early cut clover and timothy hay. They have not had a single feed of grain during all this time, are as fat as seals, and at no time during the five years could one see a rib on either of them. To take a heavy load of wheat or potatoes to market (twelve miles) is but play for them.

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT.

The following is a financial exhibit of the several school districts of Linn county, for the school year ending March 7, 1887:

No. of Districts.	No. of persons over 4 drawing money during year.	Amount from the County and State.	No. months school.	Amount on hands.
1	150	100	4	84
2	200	150	4	85
3	250	200	4	86
4	300	250	4	87
5	350	300	4	88
6	400	350	4	89
7	450	400	4	90
8	500	450	4	91
9	550	500	4	92
10	600	550	4	93
11	650	600	4	94
12	700	650	4	95
13	750	700	4	96
14	800	750	4	97
15	850	800	4	98
16	900	850	4	99
17	950	900	4	100
18	1000	950	4	101
19	1050	1000	4	102
20	1100	1050	4	103
21	1150	1100	4	104
22	1200	1150	4	105
23	1250	1200	4	106
24	1300	1250	4	107
25	1350	1300	4	108
26	1400	1350	4	109
27	1450	1400	4	110
28	1500	1450	4	111
29	1550	1500	4	112
30	1600	1550	4	113
31	1650	1600	4	114
32	1700	1650	4	115
33	1750	1700	4	116
34	1800	1750	4	117
35	1850	1800	4	118
36	1900	1850	4	119
37	1950	1900	4	120
38	2000	1950	4	121
39	2050	2000	4	122
40	2100	2050	4	123
41	2150	2100	4	124
42	2200	2150	4	125
43	2250	2200	4	126
44	2300	2250	4	127
45	2350	2300	4	128
46	2400	2350	4	129
47	2450	2400	4	130
48	2500	2450	4	131
49	2550	2500	4	132
50	2600	2550	4	133
51	2650	2600	4	134
52	2700	2650	4	135
53	2750	2700	4	136
54	2800	2750	4	137
55	2850	2800	4	138
56	2900	2850	4	139
57	2950	2900	4	140
58	3000	2950	4	141
59	3050	3000	4	142
60	3100	3050	4	143
61	3150	3100	4	144
62	3200	3150	4	145
63	3250	3200	4	146
64	3300	3250	4	147
65	3350	3300	4	148
66	3400	3350	4	149
67	3450	3400	4	150
68	3500	3450	4	151
69	3550	3500	4	152
70	3600	3550	4	153
71	3650	3600	4	154
72	3700	3650	4	155
73	3750	3700	4	156
74	3800	3750	4	157
75	3850	3800	4	158
76	3900	3850	4	159
77	3950	3900	4	160
78	4000	3950	4	161
79	4050	4000	4	162
80	4100	4050	4	163
81	4150	4100	4	164
82	4200	4150	4	165
83	4250	4200	4	166
84	4300	4250	4	167
85	4350	4300	4	168
86	4400	4350	4	169
87	4450	4400	4	170
88	4500	4450	4	171
89	4550	4500	4	172
90	4600	4550	4	173
91	4650	4600	4	174
92	4700	4650	4	175
93	4750	4700	4	176
94	4800	4750	4	177
95	4850	4800	4	178
96	4900	4850	4	179
97	4950	4900	4	180
98	5000	4950	4	181
99	5050	5000	4	182
100	5100	5050	4	183

PROHIBITION POINTERS.

High license is no step towards prohibition; it leads miles away from it. To vote for the amendment is to vote to save your sons from the temptation of the open saloon and your daughters from being drunkards' wives. To license such a source of corruption as the liquor traffic is known to be, is to stultify law by legalizing the chief cause of the wrong doing for which law is enacted to punish.—Safe Ballot.
Henry Ward Beecher, in 1846, in speaking of distilleries said: "The man made by immoral means is worse than counterfeit. It damns the man and will damn the people that love it."
Perhaps the main difference between England and this country is that in England, the government controls the liquor traffic, and in the United States the liquor traffic controls the government.
About one-half of the druggists of Topeka, in Kansas, who hold a liquor permit. Some of them find it a hard matter to find twenty-five ladies and twenty-five responsible men to sign their petition.
The sheriff of Polk county, Iowa, says he has ruined his business by enforcing the prohibitory law in Des Moines. Will some advocate of high license tell us of some county under high license where enforcing the law has ruined the business of the sheriff?
The Iowa State Register, May 17, says: "The warfare upon the sale of liquors of all kinds has been so successful that the great majority of the saloons with which the state was for a long time cursed have been entirely abolished in four-fifths of the counties in the state." The soul of Haddock is marching on.
Petroleum V. Nasby says that under the license system the saloon keeper hunts up the drinker, under prohibition the drinker hunts up the saloon-keeper. Nasby is right, and when prohibition comes the drinker will find the front door of the saloon closed, the back door tightly locked, and the saloon-keeper out in the garden hoeing potatoes.
The late General Hillier, who was on General Grant's staff, said to me on one occasion he had a bottle upon his table, and was talking against persons who had not met his expectations of fame: "Oh, that mine enemy could write a book!" At this, General Grant pointed to the bottle and said: "Hillier, your enemy does not write books."—Cincinnati Enquirer.
Whisky, wine and beer never keep faith with the man who trusts in them. They always deceive, cheat and destroy. They promise pleasure, and give pain; they promise happiness and give sorrow. They promise riches and give beggary and want. They even hold out allurements and induce men to trust them, but finally they "bite like a serpent and sting like an adder," and the end is disgrace and death.
The Young Women's Christian Association of New York will soon erect a building five stories high, seventy-five by one hundred feet, at a cost of \$100,000.

C. B. MONTAGUE'S COLUMN.

The Spring is Backward.
The weather extremely cold for the season. Montague is selling more blankets than usual. If you would sleep warm and comfortable now is a good time to buy coverlets, comforters and blankets at very low figures. Of course everybody who favors economy and low prices purchase their supplies of Montague.
The Farming Community
Have been annoyed with price lists sent them wherein apparent bargains are offered. The unwary are sometimes caught with this kind of chaff. Montague proposes to sell as low as the lowest of these lists, and give 5 per cent off for the cash besides. Buy your goods of Montague. He is demonstrating in a practical manner what low prices will do.
Montague Buys all Kinds
Of merchantable produce and will give you the highest market price either in cash or merchandise, at his remarkably low prices.
Montague is Opening Up
A fine line of mens', boys' and children's clothing, of the celebrated Oregon City goods. These goods were bought at heavy discounts, for cash, and are marked away down. Call in, get a good suit for yourself, then have your wife bring in the boys and Montague will fit them out in neat, durable suits at marvelously low rates.
The Ladies are Particularly
Invited to look over Montague's fine line of spring and summer dress goods. They are bought very low for cash and will be sold at rates that will surprise you. Good goods at low prices is the motto in his mammoth cash store.
Montague Has a Large Stock
Of mens' and boys' hats and caps. Many of the styles are something entirely new in Lebanon. Go and see them.

It is Said Straws

Show which way the wind blows. Montague never complains of dull times. His mammoth cash store is crowded with close buyers every day. No long faces about his establishment.

The Wool Clip of 1887

Will soon be coming in. Montague is fully prepared to pay the highest prices as usual in cash, for all wool offered. Wool growers of Linn county generally know that Montague pays a little more than any one else for good wools. Drop in and see him before you sell; it will be to your pecuniary advantage to do so.
Having located to stay I ask a share of the public patronage.
R. C. WATKINS.
FOR SALE.
Forty acres of good farming land, one-fourth mile west of Santiam Academy, Lebanon, Oregon. Crop included.
Price, \$50 per Acre. One-half, Cash.
For particulars enquire of A. R. Cyrus, or of J. N. McDonald on premises.
mch22-3m

Go and See Montague's

\$2.00 shoe for men, wear. It will compare favorably with any \$3.00 shoe in the market. When you can save \$1.50 on a pair of shoes do it and you can invest it in something else to your advantage.

BANK of LEBANON,
Lebanon, Oregon.
Transact a General Banking Business.
Accounts Kept Subject to Check.
—EXCHANGE SOLD ON—
New York, San Francisco, Portland and Albany, Oregon.
—COLLECTIONS MADE—
On Favorable Terms.

E. E. MONTAGUE,
—DEALER IN—
Stationery
—OF ALL KINDS—
—ALSO—
Foreign and Domestic
Periodicals
LEBANON, OREGON.

Harkness & Mayers Bros.,
-Blacksmiths,-
LEBANON, OREGON.
Horse Shoeing and General Repairing.
ALL WORK WARRANTED
TO GIVE SATISFACTION,
—AT—
Prices to Suit the Times.
GIVE US A CALL.

Saw Mill
FOR SALE.
A Double Circular Water Power Saw Mill,
NEAR LEBANON, OR.
Capacity about 5000 feet per day. Also 16 acres of land on which the saw mill is located.
PRICE, \$2,500.
Also have a large stock of
First Quality Lumber
At lowest market rates for cash.
G. W. WHEELER, Lebanon, Oregon.
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Andrews & Hackleman,
W.L. DOUGLAS'S
\$3.00
SHOE
WARRANTED
BEST TANNERY CALF
SOLE AGENTS,
LEBANON, OREGON.

WALLACE & THOMPSON,
—THE—
Leading Grocers
—OF—
LINN COUNTY.
—SOLE AGENTS—
—FOR THE—
Celebrate D
Geysere Soap.
ALBANY, OREGON.

BLACKSMITHING.
Horse Shoeing a Speciality
—BY—
R. C. Watkins,
SWEET HOME, — OREGON.

REpairing of All Kinds at Reasonable Prices.
CHARGES:
Shoeing all around, new shoes, \$1.75.
Having located to stay I ask a share of the public patronage.
R. C. WATKINS.
FOR SALE.
Forty acres of good farming land, one-fourth mile west of Santiam Academy, Lebanon, Oregon. Crop included.
Price, \$50 per Acre. One-half, Cash.
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BUY THE
Boss of the Road Overall
—AND—
STANDARD WHITE SHIRTS.
The Best in the Market.
Ask for Them and Take no Other.

W. C. PETERSON,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Optical Goods a Specialty. King's Celebrated Spectacles in Store.
LEBANON. OREGON.
—AGENT FOR ALL—
Standard
Watches
and Clocks.
—ALSO—
Sewing
Machines,
Needles,
Oils, Etc.
All kinds of Repairing Neatly done and Warranted to Suit.
ANOTHER CUT IN RATES!
I beg leave to announce to the farmers of Linn county, that I am still in business at the Old Stand, and have just received from the East a Large Stock of Wagon Timber, During the Cut in Freight Rates, And I am willing the farmers and people generally should have the same. Any one wishing Wagon Repairing done, will please notice my PRICES:
Filling all kinds of wheels, per set - - \$ 14 00
" " " " " wheel - - 3 to 4 00
New set of wheels - - - - - 20 00
Bolsters, Sandboards and Tongues, each 1 00
Hickory Axles, each - - - - - 4 00
Sling Spokes and Fellows, each - - 20
Everything else in Proportion. All work Warranted.
Remember the place—one door south of Arthur & Bishop's blacksmith shop
A. C. HAUSMAN, — NORTH BROWNSVILLE, OREGON.

M. A. MILLER,
—DEALER IN—
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, & Glass.
—ALSO—
A Complete Stock of Stationery,
—AND—
LADIES' TOILET ARTICLES.
Prescriptions a Speciality.
NEXT DOOR TO W. B. DONACA, — LEBANON, OREGON.

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—DEALER IN—
Druggist and Apothecary,
DRUGS -:- AND -:- MEDICINES
—+Paints, Oils and Glass,+
Fine Toilet Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Etc.
PERFUMERY
And Fancy Toilet Articles.
PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED.
Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon.

E. GOAN,
Manufacturer -:- of -:- Furniture,
—AND DEALER IN—
Coffins, Caskets, Trimmings and Burying Robes.
—ALSO—
Doors, Window Blinds, Locks, Hanging-Nails, Etc.
MAIN STREET, — LEBANON, OREGON.

I. F. CONN,
Contractor, Carpenter and Builder.
Plans & Specifications
—FURNISHED—
ON SHORT NOTICE.
All kinds of Carpenter Work Done and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Prices Very Reasonable.
Lebanon, Oregon.
ALBANY & LEBANON, OREGON.
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Carrying U. S. Mail.
Leaves Lebanon on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Returning same day.
RATES OF FARE:
Lebanon to Sodalville or Waterloo.....50cts.
Lebanon to Sweet Home.....\$1.00
Good New Hack and other Accommodations First-class.
Parties desiring to go to any of the above named points, on intervening days will be accommodated by applying at my residence in Lebanon.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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