

State Market Agent Department

C. E. Spenoz, Market Agent

Washington has its co-operative hay association over and has 75 per cent of the alfalfa hay signed up to be handled through pool selling. The organization will finance through the Intermediate Credit Bank. The same movement is now under way in Oregon and there is little doubt, say the promoters, but what it will go over easily, when there will be co-operation of the two state associations and 75% of the hay grown in the northwest will be committed to a definite selling plan. When Oregon's 75% is signed up joint price fixing and selling will be worked out. This is a demonstration of farmers operating their own business, rather than letting the bankers run it for them. It can be applied to almost any product grown in sufficient quantities to warrant an organization.

A few years ago the poultrymen of Oregon shipped their eggs to the different commission houses and packing concern and asked, "How much will you give?" Today the poultrymen have a strong co-operative association which fixes the price on the eggs and the dealers have to meet it. Further, the dealers consider the price of the co-operative association in quoting prices to those who are not members of the organization. The association fixes the egg price of Oregon.

Industrial prices are abnormally high and agricultural prices abnormally low. This puts the farmer in a tight hole and it would seem that through group action lies his only hope in adjusting these conditions. The cotton growers, tobacco raisers and fruit growers of the South have pulled their industries up from loss to profit by united action. In this era of combinations and price fixing, the industry that throws its products on the market and takes the buyers' price, stands a slim chance to succeed.

The Agricultural news, Washington's state Grange publication, prints a story that should sear itself into the mind of every farmer who reads it. A wheat-raising community in Canada was paying 16¢ for binder twine, when the farmers formed a co-operative company and built a twine factory and sold the same twine at 8½ cents, the actual cost being 8 cents. The big machinery corporation, which had for years sold the farmers twine, at once cut their price from 16 cents to 8 cents, one-half cent lower than the farmer's co-operative price, and this price prevailed until the farmers' factory was struck by lightning and burned, then the corporation put its price back to 16 cents, fully insured, the farmers rebuilt their plant and again put their twine on the market at 8½ cents, when the private corporation once more reduced its price from 16 to 8 cents, hoping to induce the farmers to desert their own organization by the lower price. This story illustrates the whole co-operative movement more than columns of argument could.

The potato inspection and grading law is being generally observed by growers and shippers and the sentiment over the state is very favorable to the new act. There is of course the usual opposition on the part of some to this law, as there is to any law that would guarantee a standard product. Farmers may obtain sack stencils, postpaid, 25¢ each, by applying to George R. Hislop, Experiment Station, O. A. C., Corvallis, Oregon.

Slowly the farmers of Oregon are realizing that they must combine as other industries do. When consumers and retailers will realize that they must also combine with

the producers, then will the great middle-profits and expenses be lowered to the benefit of the three classes.

Dignity goeth before a banana peel.

Howdy Neighbors: It took Milton fifteen days to write one page of a book. "Nothing, I saw in the paper the other day where a fellow in the pen spent twenty years on one sentence.



"Me for COMFORT in the morning!"

— Noon, night or morning—there's nothing so gratifying as the warmth from a good oil heater filled with Pearl Oil! Heat by the roomful right where and when it is needed: sick-room or guest-room, living-room, hallway or bath—no fire to lay—coal, wood or ashes to lug—only the touch of a match! And no "oily" smell—Pearl Oil is refined and re-refined—the clear, bright flame consumes it entirely.

When you order, remember "coal oil" and "kerosene" are simply generic terms for kerosene of all kinds—good, bad and indifferent. Make sure you get the highest quality kerosene only, refined by the Standard Oil Company's special process. Ask for Pearl Oil by name.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(California)

PEARL OIL
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OIL
for HEAT & LIGHT



HOW TO SAVE MONEY WHEN SHOPPING

By MRS. HARLAND H. ALLEN

(© 1922, Harland H. Allen.)

THE RIGHT CORSET

If you still wear 'em, it is important that you should know the kind of corset you can wear with greatest comfort, and the kind that gives you the best lines.

There are recognized to be nine types of women to be fitted with corsets, and all up-to-date corsetiers now provide for these types. They are: (1) The short, slender figure; (2) The tall, slender figure; (3) The short-waisted figure; (4) The short, heavy figure; (5) The tall, heavy figure; (6) The full-hip figure; (7) The full-bust figure; (8) The swayed-back figure; and (9) The normal figure.

Here are a few suggestions as to the kinds of corsets that are best for your build.

If you have a short, slender figure, choose a corset moderately short, light in weight, and with few stays.

The same holds for the tall, slender figure, with the added caution that the corset must be long enough over the hips to give an unbroken line. Never wear a corset too tight, as this only makes a slender woman appear more slender.

For the short-waisted figure, the corset should be fitted rather loosely, and worn well down on the figure. Be sure that the corset is short enough below the waist line in front.

The short, heavy figure requires a corset with short stays, to prevent "litching" up when the wearer sits down, thus making her appear shorter-waisted than ever.

If you are tall, inclined to the heavy figure, wear a corset with a very long skirt. Let the length come at the back and sides, however, keeping it short in front. A corset that is too tight on a large woman will cause her to appear to be "all corsets."

The full-hip figure has the same problem, and the corset must be long and well-boned over the hips. Several strong elastic bands are necessary to fasten the corset to hose. Do not wear corset tight in an attempt to reduce size of hips, or termination of the corset will show, giving an ugly line.

For the full-busted figure it is generally more satisfactory to wear low-busted corset and confine the extra flesh in a well-fitting brassiere.

The swayed-back figure takes an ordinary corset, and where the back is very much curved, a small corset-pad is attached to the inside of the corset where needed.

If you have the happy perfect figure, you have only to choose the correct size for your waist, and a comfortable length and weight. A size two inches smaller than your ordinary measurement is the general rule.

In the Mode for Misses



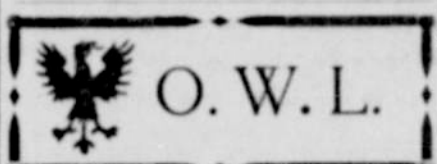
The three sprightly hats pictured here, for young girls, convey the appeal of naive and happy youth, in their simple designing. The hat at the top has a cap crown—made in sections—and brim rolled up saucily at the front. Below is a velvet tam with sectional crown resting on a narrow upturned brim and little velvet apples dangling from the side. In the third hat the wider up-rolling brim is featured by placing on it triangular straps having their edges buttonholed with heavy silk floss.

Notice of District Road Meeting

Pursuant to a petition signed by a legal number of resident freeholders, taxpayers and legal voters of Road District No. 16 of Linn County, Oregon, Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the legal voters of road District No. 16 of Linn County, Oregon, will be held at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 24th day of November, 1923, at the Sam Grimes School House in said Road District to determine whether or not said Road District shall vote a special tax of \$1000 upon all the taxable property within said Road District for the improvement of the roads therein as follows, to-wit, grading, graveling, draining and repairing said roads.

By order of the County Court of Linn County, Oregon.

Dated this 29 day of October, 1923.
Attest: Russell, County Clerk.
B. M. Payne, County Judge,
J. D. Isom, County Commissioner.
Posted this 29th day of October, 1923.
By W. A. Gilkey, Appointed by the Court.



No, Gladys, the automobile bandits referred to in the newspapers are not the ones who work on your car in the repair shop.

The salesman who falls down gets up a lot quicker than the one that lies down. Moral: Go to bat on everything.

Germany can't pay that debt to the United States until she figures it up in marks and that may take several years.

Maybe Henry Ford could get a lot more votes for President if he changed the shape of the hoods and tonneaus and painted them some other shade of black.

We Doubt It.
Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself has said,
When he bumped his shin against the bed—(Censored.)

Two Persons Killed in \$1,000,000 Blaze
Los Angeles, Cal.—Two dead, scores slightly injured and property losses estimated at upwards of \$1,000,000 resulted from the brush fires which swept over ridges and canyons near the suburbs of Montrose, Eagle Rock and Glendale north of here.

General Oglethorpe's Body Exhumed.
Cranham, England.—The body of General James E. Oglethorpe, founder of the state of Georgia, was unearthed here by the excavators under the direction of Dr. Thornwell Jacobs. The body will be removed to Atlanta.

Increase of Butterfat

Is Not Made by Feeding
According to experimental work that has been done, the percentage of fat in milk cannot be increased by feeding. The milk of each individual cow seems to have a fixed composition that is natural to her. True, the richness of the milk may be increased or decreased for a short time if the cow's digestive system is disturbed by sickness or improper feeding, but will return to the normal test in a short time. The quantity of milk may easily vary with feeding, consequently the total pounds of butterfat would be increased without a variation in the test. By having a cow in high flesh at the time of freshening, the test may be raised for a time, the supposition being that the body fat is drawn upon, but it only lasts for a short time, when the test returns to the point peculiar to the individual.

Pointers for Selection of Improved Dairy Cow

One or two signs tell a good cow. In a poor cow the thigh runs down straight, so there is no place between the thigh and the udder on one side and the tail on the other. There should be plenty of daylight between the udder and the tail. One of the best ways to tell what kind of a cow you have is by her temperament. A good dairy type has a sharp spine, and sharp hip bones. A good cow has a large wedge-shaped stomach.



CAREFULLY CONDUCTED VISION SURVEYS shows that 62% of all children between the ages of six and sixteen have defective eyes.
Most of these children are being forced to do school work under the handicap of a constant nervous strain caused by neglect of eyes that need help. And the pitiful part is that the parent's ignorance of the conditions does not save the child from the penalty he is constantly paying.

E. E. Meade
Optometrist
ALBANY, OREG.

HAROLD ALBRO,
Manufacturing Optician

Advertise in The Scio Tribune and get results.

NOTICE OF DISTRICT ROAD MEETING

Pursuant to a petition signed by a legal number of resident freeholders, taxpayers and legal voters of Road District No. 15 of Linn County, Oregon, Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the legal voters of Road District No. 15 of Linn County, Oregon, will be held at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 17th day of November, 1923, at the Oregon Milk Company's Condensing Milk Plant in said Road District, to determine whether or not said Road District shall vote a special tax of \$1500.00 upon all the taxable property within said Road District for the improvement of the roads therein as follows, to-wit, grading, graveling, draining and repairing said roads.

By order of the County Court of Linn County, Oregon.

Dated this 17th day of October, 1923
Attest: R. M. Russell, County Clerk.
B. M. Payne, County Judge,
D. C. Thoms, County Commissioner.
Posted this 17th day of October 1923
By Riley Shelton, Appointed by the Court. 12-3t.

Definitions.

Tact—Tact is what prevents a gray haired old rounder with wrinkles in his face from reminding a youthful-looking woman in knee length skirt that they were boy and girl together.

Thrift—Thrift is what causes the telephone company to issue an order to the effect that no operator shall tell the time of day. Instead of saying 8 o'clock she saves a lot of time by saying: "We are not permitted under the rules of the company, to give you the time of day."

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MICKIE SAYS—

SPEAKIN' OF ADS,
JONAH'S WHALE HAD A HUNK
OF LUCK AND PULLED IN A
CUSTOMER WITHOUT ANY
PUBLICITY, BUT IT IS
RECORDED THAT HE COULDN'T
HOLD HIM!



AN AD A DAY
KEEPS THE
SHERIFF AWAY

CHARLES
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