### THE HOME RADIO How to Make and Use It N By A. HYAIT VERRILL

#### XVII. LOOSE-COUPLED COILS

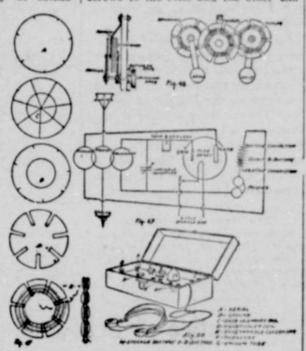
tions-in the secondary coll is merely induced by the primary circuit in the outer coll, so that if a portion of the secondary coll is withdrawn from the primary coil, as shown in the figure, there will be less induced current and in this way tuning is acapilshed. To allow of still finer adjustment, the primary coll is provided with an adjustable slider A, and the secondary coll has a multi-pointed switch

Another type of loose coupled coll is arranged so that one coll revolves within the other; while another type, which is the simplest of all for the amateur to construct and gives the best results, is composed of three discs or

adjusted back and forth. To make a fibre or bakelite knob at the opposite one of these inductors you will require some stiff, smooth cardboard, is done. In this way, the secondary heavy Bristol board, thin fibreboard and tickler may be swung back and or similar composition and about half a pound of No. 24 D. C. C. wire. Also, primary; but great care should be in setting up and arranging the coils, you will require binding posts, knobs, primary coll. When the coll is thus a little sheet brass and a few other odds and ends. With a pair of di- it should be wired as shown in Fig. viders or compasses draw three circles | 49, and when the whole set is in good on the cardboard or fibre, each about working order and final adjustments four to five inches in diameter, having made, it should all be enclosed in a all exactly the same size. Then, us neat wooden case with a hinged top or ing the dividers, scribe off an unequal cover, Fig. 50, although, of course, Fig. 47, A. Next, still using one-half inches in diameter within a vacuum-tube outfit as shown. When each circle (B). If the circles are all wiring is complete and adjustments four inches in diameter use the smaller circle inside, if five inches the larger one, and with a rule draw radiating lines one-fourth of an inch apart from each of the marks on the outer circumference to the center of the circle | the current to the bulb quickly or to (C). With a pair of scissors or a sharp knife (if cardboard is used) or a fine saw (if fibre), cut out the discs and cut slots in each disc according to the marks, as shown at (D).

Next, if you have used cardboard, give each slotted disc a thorough covering with shellac, using at least three coats, and when thoroughly dry proceed to wind the discs or colls. sure to leave enough for connections -at a point at the inner end of one slot and wind over one segment and under the next, and as the number is uneven you will find that the wires number of times the wire should be when all three are together, yo passed can only be decided upon by have the longest wave length

Coils, or, as they are more often | experimenting after the coil is in called tuning coils, are very essential use, but, as a starter, about twentyparts of radio telegraphy and tele five or thirty turns on one, about one phony. The old style tuning coil, as and one-half times as many, or say used in wireless telegraphy, has been thirty-eight to forty-five on the second, largely superseded by the type knows and twice as many on the third as on as loose-coupled coils or adjustable | the first, or from fifty to sixty, will be colls which may be altered or adjusted somewhere near right. Then, by reto tune much finer or more closely than moving or adding a few turns, as you by the old type coll. Although it is adjust your receivers you can finally not difficult to make a loose-coupled secure the very best results. To coll yet, as is the case with many of mount this coll so it may be used, the parts of radio sets, it is as cheap | the coil or disc with the least turns, and far more satisfactory to purchase or, in other words, the primary coil, them ready made. The conventional should be mounted rigidly and imtype of loose-coupled coll consists of movably and should be connected by two distinct coils, one within the other, | means of binding posts to the aerial as shown in Fig. 46. One of these and ground wires. The secondary is the primary coll, the other the coll and the tickler coll should then secondary or induction coil. The two be fastened to brass or metal strips are so arranged that the inner or about two or two and one-half inches secondary coll slips back and forth long, one-sixteenth inch thick and half within the larger or primary coll, an inch wide. One end of each strip thus varying the coupling or indue should be attached by small bolts or tion, for the electricity or oscilla- screws to the coils and the other and



colls "stagger-wound" which may be attached to a movable peg or boit with end. Fig. 48 shows clearly how this forth to cover more or less of the used that the tickler does not touch the mounted on a proper panel or stand, this is merely a protective me stood, however, that this type of coll can only be used in connection with are ready to be made, connect the storage battery, as shown; place the lamp or tube in its socket and gradually turn on the rheostat to see if the tube glows properly. Never turn on full power, or the filament will be needlessly burnt out and wasted long B, (or dry) battery, the ground and aerial and, finally, the phones. In using this outfit, turn on the

bulb slowly, adjust the knobs carrying and then adjust or tune the variable condenser until the signals you wish In doing this, start the wire being to hear are clear. Then, by gradually adjusting the movable colls, you can cut out interference and also make the signals, music or other sounds louder. When the two movable colls are entirely away from the primary-coll you will will thus cross, as shown at (E). The have your shortest wave length, while when all three are together, you will

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# Original Estimate and Accounting Sheet

School District No. 95

This original estimate is made in compliance with section 231-A of the school laws of 1921 and shows in parallel columns the unit costs of the several services, material and supplies for the three fiscal years next preceding the current year, the detail expenditures for the last one of said three preceding fiscal years and the budget allowances and expenditures for six months of the current year. ("Six months of the current year" means six months of the last school year.)

#### EXPENDITURES

| ITEM   | Eestimal<br>diture for<br>suing sol  | Expenditures and<br>budget allowance<br>for six months of<br>last school year |   | Expenditures for three fis-<br>cal years next preceding<br>the last school year   |            |  |
|--|--|---|---|---|------------|--|
|  | for the en-<br>chool year  | Expendi-<br>tures in<br>detail  | Budget<br>allow-<br>ance in<br>detail                                       | Detail'd ex-<br>penditures<br>for the last<br>year of the<br>three-year<br>period |            | First<br>year-give<br>yearly<br>totals |
| Personal Service 2. Principals 3. Teachers 4. Janitor 5. Clerk   | 1215 00<br>1155 00<br>1080 00<br>990 00<br>990 00<br>1080 00<br>450 00<br>50 00    | 810 00<br>769 98<br>720 00<br>660 00<br>720 00<br>300 00<br>25 00             | 810 00<br>769 98<br>720 00<br>660 00<br>660 00<br>720 00<br>300 00<br>25 00 | 450 00<br>50 00   |            |  |
| 7. Other services<br>Total—Personal Services   | \$ 9010 00   | \$ 5718 28  |   | 9 25<br>\$ 8717 48  | \$ 8875 00 | \$ 6933 12                             |
| MATERIAL AND SUPPLIES  1. Furniture (desk, etc.) 2. Supples (chalk, etc.) 3. Library books 4. Laboratory supplies 6. Janitor's supplies 7. Fuel 8. Light 9. Water 10. Postage and stationery Total—Material & supplies Maintenance and Repairs Heating plant | 65 00<br>80 00<br>50 00<br>25 00<br>150 00<br>28 90<br>12 00<br>20 00<br>\$ 705 00 | 25 00<br>53 90<br>1 00<br>\$ 135 72   | 100 00<br>24 00<br>2 50<br>\$ 169 50  | 65 50<br>266 65<br>11 35<br>252 50<br>40 95<br>5 00<br>\$ 641 95                  | \$ 634 35  | \$ 362.85                              |
| Buildings and grounds  | 560 00   |   |   |   | . 107.00   |  |
| Total—Maintenance & Rep. INDESTEDNESS Interest on warrants Total—indebtedness  | \$ 1235 00<br>\$ 350 00<br>\$ 350 00   | \$ 259 54   | \$ 266 66   | 824 97  |            |  |
| Insugance Total—Insurance  | \$ 50 00   |   | \$ 45 50<br>\$ 45 50  | \$ 75 00  |            |  |
| MISCELLANGOUS Printing and advertising. Supplies for D. Science. Freight and hauling Total—Miscellaneous.  | \$ 5 00<br>100 00<br>20 00   | \$ 13 45<br>67 52   |   | 100 24<br>18 38   | \$ 118 47  | s 164 62                               |
| EMERGENCY Total—Emergency  | \$ 517 42  |   |   |   |            | 104 02                                 |
| GRAND TOTAL  |  | \$ 6979 90  | a roste ne  | 2 000E DO   | 210100 75  |  |

D. Bartu, do hereby certify that the above estimate of expenditures for the year 1922-1923 was prepared by me and that the expenditures and budget allowance for six months of the current year and the expenditures for the three fiscal years next preceding the current year as shown above have been compiled from the records in my charge and are true and correct copies thereof.

ANNIE D. BARTU, District Clerk.

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#### A Lake on Shipboard.

within the hull of the vessel. A mod ern liner has enough water in her bul to make a good-sized take. About 1,740 tons of water is carried by a big six boilers contain 360 tons. The tanks are situated between the double bulls of the vessel.

#### Raisin Lacto.

Beat the yolks and whites of two eggs separately and add them to three cupfuls of sugar, mixed with two quarts of skimmed milk and 14 cupfuls of plumped and chopped raisins. When partly frozen add the juice of

One of the strangest things in this vorid is why a woman will tell the neighbors her daughter can sing when \$1.75 the Year heighbors her daughter can sing when their ears are perfectly obvious.—Dal-

# We Do Dyeing:::

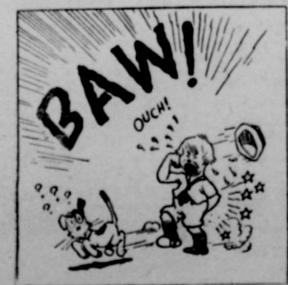
Hub Cleaning Works, Inc.

Master Dyers and Cleaners

335 Lyon st., Albany, Ore.

We Do Pleating

## RADIO RALF AND HIS FRIENDS---









By JACK WILSON