

## Railroad Time Table

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains

Woodburn-Springfield Branch  
WEST SCIO

North 7:50 a.m.  
South 5:31 p.m.

Corvallis & Eastern  
MUNKERS

To Albany 7:25 p.m.  
From Albany 9:22 a.m.  
Motor to Mill City 7:05 a.m.  
" from " 4:21 p.m.

§ Daily except Sunday

Auto bus leaves Scio postoffice  
7:10 a.m. & 5:00 p.m. for West Scio  
8:15 a.m. & 1:30 p.m. for Munkers

### Federated Church

SCIO, OREGON

Sunday School 10 a.m.  
Preaching 11 a.m.  
Christian Endeavor 6:30 to 7:30 p.m.  
Song Service 7:30 to 8:00 p.m.  
Prayer Meeting, Thursday 7:30 p.m.  
Brother Meikeljohn, Leader.

H. B. Iler, Pastor

Mortgage Loans Negotiated Notary Public

### N. M. Newport

Attorney at Law

(CITY ATTORNEY)

LEBANON OREGON

Mortgage Loans Negotiated Notary Public

### H. B. CHESS

Attorney at Law

Office on Sherman St

Lebanon, Ore.

## STICHA'S CONFECTIONERY

J. S. STICHA, Proprietor

Confectionery, Ice Cream, Tobacco  
and Cigars

POST CARDS A SPECIALTY

SCIO, OREGON

## ATTENTION FARMERS

When in town do not fail to call at our store,  
where you will always find a good line of staple  
merchandise to select from. Our prices are the  
lowest and our goods the best.

We take eggs and butter in exchange and pay  
the highest price for same.

Make our store your Headquarters.

### J. F. Prochaska & Co.

SCIO, OREGON

## Scio Milling Company

SUCCESSOR TO  
SCIO ROLLER MILLS

INCORPORATED DECEMBER 29, 1904

Our Flour is as good as any made in  
the Willamette Valley

EVERY SACK GUARANTEED

We do a General Custom Milling Business. Flour and  
Feed on Sale. Wheat Bought and Exchanged for  
Flour. We are in the Field for Business and Will  
Treat You Right



THE MAN WHO BROUGHT  
6% INTO THE  
WILLAMETTE VALLEY

More than One Million Dollars  
was necessary to do this. We  
have already brought that much  
into the valley and have more  
money to lend on farms at the  
lowest rates of interest and with  
privilege of paying \$50 or more  
on principal at any time. Can  
you get better terms? Don't  
borrow money till you see

J. M. and H. M. HAWKINS  
Albany, Oregon

### H. C. ROLOFF

AUCTIONEER

WATERLOO OREGON  
R. F. D. No. 1 Phone 12x Sweet Home

Sale dates arranged for at The Scio  
Tribune Office, Scio, Ore.

\$7.00 buys a Stewart phonograph at Morrison's. Come in  
and hear a few pieces played  
whether you purchase one or  
not. We also have a little Fisher-Thorsen paint left yet at a  
very low price to close out. —N I Morrison.

### CURIOUS CHAMELEONS.

Wonderful Powers of Motion in Their  
Eyes and Tongues.

The chameleon is an African lizard  
of peculiar form and structure. One  
feature of the chameleon is that his  
neck is so short that he cannot turn his  
head. To make up for this, however,  
he has remarkable powers of motion in  
his large, prominent eyes; they move  
independently of each other and are  
covered with a membrane pierced only  
by a small hole for the pupils to look  
through.

The chameleon is not covered with  
scales. The body is raised by the legs  
rather higher than most lizards, and  
each foot has the power of grasping  
like a hand. The animal's lungs are  
very large, and it has an unusual power  
of inflating itself with air. The tongue  
is remarkably extensible. The animal  
lives upon insects, which it seizes with  
its tongue, darting at them unerringly,  
while a viscous saliva causes them to  
adhere to it.

Except for their eyes and tongues,  
the movements of chameleons are slow.  
They live on the branches of trees, but  
lay their eggs under leaves on the  
ground. The eggs are large, and the  
chameleon lays ten or twelve. One of  
their peculiarities is their great power  
of fasting, which, coupled with their  
gulping of air in their great lungs,  
gave rise to the fable of the ancients  
that they lived on air.

Their celebrated power of changing  
color is not, however, equally fabu-  
lous. This depends upon the presence  
of two differently colored layers of  
pigment under a transparent skin,  
which may show simultaneously or one  
at a time or blend.

#### Moss Bread.

A kind of bread is made along the  
Columbia river by the Indians from a  
moss that grows on the spruce fir tree.  
This moss is prepared by placing it in  
heaps, sprinkling it with water and  
permitting it to ferment. Then it is  
rolled into balls as big as a man's  
head, and these are baked in pits.

#### Shortstop's Error.

"You can't be a good shortstop un-  
less you make errors," says C. H.  
Claudy in the Woman's Home Com-  
panion.

"Think a minute and you will under-  
stand this apparently surprising state-  
ment. Many an error in the error col-  
umn saves a score in the score column.  
Thus the ball you try for may be just  
too fast for you to catch. Yet you may  
get enough hands on it to knock it  
down. The runner is safe. But if you  
hadn't knocked it down he might be  
safe on second. Of course not all such  
knockdowns will be scored as errors.  
The point is you can't afford to give  
any thought to whether you are going  
to make an error or not."

#### Sleeping on Puffs.

The Japanese do not sleep on Euro-  
pean beds, but on many thick, soft  
puffs piled one on top of each other  
upon the floor. For bed covering they  
use more of the same kind of puffs.  
It is said that the Japanese emperor  
has twenty such puffs. One of those  
which cover him is made in the shape  
of a kimono and has a velvet collar.  
Probably he creeps inside of this if  
he feels cold in the night.

#### China and Its People.

About 95 per cent of the population  
of China is confined to one-third of the  
area of the country, with a density of  
200 to the square mile. Five per cent  
of the population inhabits 65 per cent  
of the area, with a density of ten to  
the square mile.

#### Dainty Boxes.

In Sicily one frequently sees dainty  
little circular boxes, pale yellow in col-  
or, painted in heraldic designs and  
giving off the sweet smell of oranges.  
They are used for pins, small jewels or  
collar buttons and are, in fact, orange  
skins.

#### Doubts and Don'ts.

Remember Talleyrand's advice, "If  
you are in doubt whether to write a  
letter or not—don't!" The advice ap-  
plies to many doubts in life besides  
that of letter writing.—Bulwer-Lytton.

### IRON OF THE FUTURE.

No Danger of a Shortage Because of  
Increased Consumption.

That iron is the very basis of our in-  
dustrial civilization will be admitted  
by the thoughtful, and many of our  
greatest supplies of iron ore are being  
rapidly depleted because of the in-  
creased per capita consumption of iron  
the world over, an increase which is  
destined to be greater in the future  
when the races in Asia and Africa in-  
crease their consumption of iron.

These conditions of increasing con-  
sumption and decreasing reserves have  
often in the past, particularly about  
the beginning of this century, been  
used to create a scare, on the ground  
that our supplies of usable ore were  
being so rapidly depleted that their ex-  
haustion would occur within two or  
three generations.

This is a preposterous point of view,  
because as we lower the percentage of  
iron in the rock which we call "ore"  
the quantity of such ore increases at a  
rate out of all proportion to the de-  
crease in iron content, and as we use  
leaner and leaner ores technical im-  
provements will be made which will  
minimize any tendency to increased  
cost of production.

The same thing has happened in gold,  
silver, copper and other ores, and to-  
day copper ores are being worked with  
only 1.5 per cent of copper in them.—  
Chemical Engineering.

#### Naval Gunfire.

In the Napoleonic era the ships open-  
ed fire with guns at ranges of about  
800 yards. The ships of today open  
fire at 22,000 yards range, and gunfire  
begins to be very effective at 18,000  
yards. The torpedo as fired from sur-  
face vessels is effective up to 10,000  
yards range, and this requires that a  
ship shall keep beyond this distance to  
fight her guns, says a British naval au-  
thority.

As long as you refrain from saying  
anything you keep the other fellow  
guessing.

## You Have Power to Spare in the

## GRANT SIX

\$875

THE GRANT SIX has one horse power for each  
110 pounds of car weight. No other six in its  
price class can make such a showing. No wonder  
the GRANT SIX averages 20 miles to a gallon of  
gasoline and 900 miles or more to a gallon of oil.  
No wonder that 7000 miles or more are obtained  
from standard tires.

With the light weight, high powered GRANT SIX, you  
can climb hills and pull through sand and mud which  
would stall many other cars. The sturdy GRANT SIX is  
built to last. In every part of the country the GRANT SIX  
has made a name for itself as a car of utmost dependability  
and continuous service.

When you pay \$875 for the GRANT SIX you buy as  
much of service and performance as you get in any car up  
to \$1000 to \$1100. Over 20,000 people will buy GRANT  
SIXES this year and if you're wise you'll be one of them.

FRED T. BILYEU, Agent  
SCIO, OREGON

GRANT MOTOR CAR CORPORATION  
CLEVELAND, OHIO

