

THE SCIO TRIBUNE

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY BY
T. L. DUGGER, EDITOR AND PROP.

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WILSON OR HUGHES

The nomination of Woodrow Wilson to succeed himself at the St. Louis convention, next month, is as sure as human possibility can make it. No other name mentioned as even a possibility and no other thought than his nomination occupies the mind of any democrat from coast to coast and the duty and pleasure of the national convention will be to simply ratify the unanimous verdict of the people.

With our republican friends, no such unanimity exists. "Anybody who can beat Wilson" is their first and central purpose. The delegates to the Chicago conventions will make almost any concession to name a candidate who promises to accomplish this end.

Without a doubt, Mr. Justice Charles E. Hughes is the man the great masses of the republican party desires and demand shall be named. But Judge Hughes is not wanted by the politicians of the republican party, nor by the great financial concerns of our country commonly denominated "the interests." Judge Hughes has never signified in any manner that he was even a receptive candidate. On the other hand his every act or utterance indicates that he is non-receptive and he may even reject the nomination if tendered. Judge Hughes should make his purpose in the matter known. While he, probably, enjoys keeping the politicians on the anxious seat, his duty to the American people demands that he declare himself.

But why do our republican friends try to force a nomination for the first office of the world upon a man who, evidently, does not want it? The one answer must be that he is their best bet—that he is the only man who can unify their party—that he is the only one of their many candidates whom they think can beat Wilson.

And why do they think Judge Hughes can beat Mr. Wilson? It must be because the Judge is so much like President Wilson in political ideals that the liberal minded republicans, who have little respect for the party lash and who are courageous enough to vote for a democrat if he is the better man, will have no cause to do so. They hope the small amount of party prejudice will hold them in line, providing they can offer a candidate as good as Wilson.

But is Judge Hughes as good a man as President Wilson? We don't know. His intrepid prosecutions of the insurance companies are to his credit. So is his service as governor of New York. In this his only public administrative service, he proved that he is honest as a public official and that he was in no sense a governor for the special purpose of serving the interests and to today to the wishes of the New York politicians.

President Wilson manifested these same traits when he was governor

of New Jersey. He smashed the democratic machine in that state and forced the election of an honest man as United States senator by the legislature and paved the way to his nomination for the presidency at Baltimore later on.

Until Mr. Wilson was promoted to the presidency the characters and actions of the governors of New York and New Jersey paralleled nicely. Both were honest. Both despised the political machines of their respective states, and both were absolutely free from improper influence by the "interests."

But Governor Wilson was elected president and Governor Hughes was appointed justice of the U. S. supreme court. Here the parallel ends. President Wilson has served as president more than three years and these years have been the most strenuous of any since the civil war. He has made good? His party will say yes by unanimously renominating him.

Our republican friends say yes by the efforts they are making to reunite their party and to select a nominee that can beat Wilson.

If Judge Hughes shall be nominated at the Chicago convention, and he will be if he himself does not block the game, our country can be congratulated; because whoever may be elected, we have reason to expect that the progress which has been made in the dissolution of the partnership which has existed between our government and Wall street, New York, will be continued. However, with Woodrow Wilson at the head of our nation, we know. With Charles E. Hughes in the White House we hope and believe, but we don't know.

This is the view which will occupy most of the silent unprejudiced minds of the people who do not desire or expect anything but good honest government. But with the politicians, the people who are making all of the political noise, it is different. Republicans who are out want to get back to the national feed trough. Democrats, who are now feeding nicely and comfortably, find it so satisfactory, they want to continue the inning indefinitely.

WRITING IN NAMES A FAILURE.

The practice of jumping in candidates just at the 11th hour, as it always will, proved not satisfactory in last Friday's election. It is not fair to the candidate whose name is used, nor is it creditable to the party ticket upon which the name is written.

Fully one-half the voters, when in the election booth, will overlook the blank space in which the name is to be written. This is especially true when the booths are dark as they are in most places.

The candidate, even if successful, if his total vote is far below the average of his party, cannot help but feel somewhat disappointed. He will hardly enter into the campaign with as much zest and courage as he would if he had received a full party vote. He feels that if the party cared so little for his candidacy, as to give him but a profunctor vote at the primary, the same may occur at the general election.

The present law gives a candidate all the sea room possible. He can seek the nomination in the regular petition way, or he can file his declaration of candidacy and pay a fee. Otherwise, if his name appears on the regular ballot, it must be written in, as was the case of more than one-half of the candidates of the democratic party last Friday.

There is but one redeeming feature in the "writing in" of candidate process. Such candidates do not seek the office, but are drafted to fill the vacancy. And, be it said to their honor, some of the very

INCREASING COST OF LEGAL MACHINERY

The Lawyer Legislators Are Caring Well
For Their Professional
Brethren

(Continued from page 1)

lar to that attempted to pass by the last legislature will again be presented to the next legislature, with considerable assurance of becoming a law, by which each county of this state will be given at least one circuit judge at a salary of \$4,000 per year and that at least three additional circuit judges be given to Multnomah county. And besides this it is proposed to make five or more courts of appeal consisting of five judges each, such courts of appeal to be intermediate courts between the circuit court and the supreme court. If all this is accomplished it will make the appropriation at the next legislature for courts and district attorneys at least \$784,000 segregated as follows: \$350,000 for circuit judges, \$200,000 for courts of appeal judges, \$98,000 for the supreme court and its officers and \$136,400 for district attorneys.

This question was up before the last legislature and it came very nearly being passed. We are informed that the politicians, hungry office-seekers and code tinkers will be before the next legislature with increased energy with full confidence of the passage of such a law. The taxpayers should interrogate each candidate for the legislature and find out how he will stand on this subject and put a stop to this increased and unnecessary expense. If a stop cannot be effected through the legislature to the useless expenditure of the public funds, the only other remedy left is to take away from the legislature its present power of making appropriations of public funds and letting the people say directly what sums shall be appropriated.

best men are secured for office in this way and, again, some men who desire to run for office, could get on the ticket in no other way. But as above stated, it is fair to neither the candidate nor party.

DEMOCRAT POPULAR

Before the primary election, Ben W. Olcott, our present secretary of state, and who was one of the two candidates named to succeed himself, was heralded far and wide as a democrat by the Oregonian and numerous other state republican newspapers.

The cause of his offending is, he managed the campaign of his friend Oswald West, for governor, six years ago. Governor West appointed Mr. Olcott secretary of state upon the death of his predecessor, Mr. Benson.

Mr. Olcott, after nearly six years of service as secretary, has proven himself so efficient and popular throughout the state, that he has defeated Chas. B. Moores, a strong died-in-the-wool republican heavily. Mr. Olcott has carried nearly every county in the state, nevertheless the newspapers mentioned pronounce him a democrat.

Mr. Olcott's democracy is certainly popular even among republicans. It is of the Woodrow Wilson type and means the doing of the people's will. If the Oregonian's prophetic editorials are as true with reference to Mr. Wilson's election as it was about the Olcott-Moores contest, Mr. Wilson need not lose any sleep over the result next fall.

An Excellent Cuisine

Wm. Ehler, who is now proprietor of the Russ house, in Albany, invites all of his old friends and the traveling public in general to sample the splendid meals he is now serving. Good well prepared, served as you get it at home and without attempting any unnecessary display, is the rule at the Russ house. If you desire a good wholesome eat and plenty of it, the Ehler is the place to go.

Local Market Report

Wheat per bushel	\$.78
Oats " "	.35
Barley per ton	28.00
Wheat chop per ton	32.00
Oat chop " "	30.00
Barley Chop " "	30.00
Flour per sack	1.30
Eggs per dozen	.21
Butter per pound	.20
Chickens, hens per lb	.13
" " spring " "	.16
" " roosters " "	.07
Turkeys " "	.18
Geese " "	.08
Ducks " "	.12
Beef " "	.05
Veal " "	.09
Hogs, live per hundred lb.	8.00
Hogs, dressed " "	9.00
Mutton " "	8.00

R. SHELTON

Notary Public and
Conveyancer

Abstracts of Title Examined

SCIO - - - OREGON

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for
Linn County.

Charles White, Plaintiff
vs.
Lillian M. White, Defendant

TO LILLIAN M. WHITE, the above named defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff in the above entitled Court now on file with the Clerk of said Court, within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as is hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the said Court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, to-wit:

For a decree of the said Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper in the premises.

This Summons is published by virtue of an order made by Honorable Percy R. Kelly, Judge of the above entitled Court, duly made and entered of record in the above entitled Court and cause on the 28th day of April, 1916, which order specifies that Summons be published for six consecutive weeks in The Scio Tribune; that the date of the first publication shall be May 4, 1916, and the date of the last publication shall be June 15, 1916.

Weatherford & Weatherford
Attorneys for Plaintiff

J. F. WESELY

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