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L. W. CHARLES

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**THIRD TERMER'S
JOKE ON LABOR**

Brandels Shows Right to Or-
ganize Is Not Recognized.

THE PLATFORM IS SILENT.

Noted Lawyer Exposes the Flimsiness
of Promises Made to Workingmen by
Perkins and His Candidate, Who
Stands For Private Monopoly.

"The new party pledges itself to social and industrial justice and specifically to work unceasingly for effective legislation looking to the prevention of occupational diseases, overwork, involuntary unemployment and other injurious effects incident to modern industry. . . . but nowhere in that long and comprehensive platform . . . can there be found one word approving the fundamental right of labor to organize or even recognizing this right without which all other grants and concessions for improvement of the condition of the workingman are futile. The platform promises social and industrial justice, but does not promise industrial democracy. The justice which it offers is that which the benevolent and wise corporation is prone to administer through its welfare department. There is no promise of that justice which free American workingmen are striving to secure for themselves through organization. Indeed, the industrial policy advocated by the new party would result in the denial of labor's right to organize.

"The new party stands for the perpetuation and extension of private monopoly in industry—that private monopoly from which the few have ever profited at the expense of the many and for the dethronement of which the people have, in the past, fought so many valiant battles. That cursed product of despotism, the new party, proposes to domesticate in our republic, proclaiming: 'We do not fear commercial power.' Certainly organized labor has had experience with the great trusts which should teach all men that commercial power may be so great that it is the part of wisdom to fear it."

The above declaration was made by Louis D. Brandels before the convention of the American Federation of Labor, Massachusetts state branch, at Fitchburg, Sept. 18.

Of Supreme Importance.
He urges a careful study of the new party platform, particularly its effect upon labor, noting not only WHAT IT CONTAINS, but WHAT IT OMITTS, adding, "When you make that examination you will find that there is a significant omission and that this skillfully devised platform TAKES FROM LABOR MORE THAN IT GIVES."

Labor Record of Trusts.
Mr. Brandels then lays bare the labor record of the trusts, declaring that

A POINTER FOR YOU

Always see what you are buying before buying it. If you wish to know before buying a bill of lumber that you are going to get the very best and the most your money will buy, don't make any mistake, but bring your bill to us. We preach quality because we buy a superior stock for our trade and want everybody to know that they can buy the best from us and that it will not cost any more than ordinary lumber elsewhere. Quality, Price and Service is our motto.

**SCIO PLANING MILL
Scio, Oregon**

"Great trusts—the steel trust, the sugar trust, the beef trust, the tobacco trust, the smelter trust and a whole troop of lesser trusts—have made the extermination of organized labor from their factories the very foundation stone of their labor policy. The ability to defeat labor's right to combine seems to have been regarded by the trust magnates as a proper test of the efficiency of their capitalistic combination."

Mr. Brandels shows that in 1897, during the Colorado smelters' strike, the American Smelting and Refining company closed its mills where the strikers had been employed and transferred the work to other mills, thus breaking the strike. The United States Steel corporation had similar success in 1901 with the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers. Had the association been dealing with competing employers the result would have been different. The United States Steel trust was prompt in introducing this plan. June 17, 1901, six weeks after it began its operation, its executive committee passed this vote, which was offered by Charles Meele, a partner of George W. Perkins in the firm of J. P. Moran & Co.:

"That we are unalterably opposed to any extension of union labor and advise subsidiary companies to take firm position when these questions come up and say that they are not going to recognize it—that is, any extension of union in mills where they do not now exist."

Union Men Not Wanted.

The result was that the bulk of American union laboring men in the iron and steel industry were made to understand that they were not wanted at the works of the United States Steel corporation. Places once filled by American laborers went to their union were given to others, and, as the Morgan committee found, "Hordes of invaders from southern Europe poured into the United States." . . . Hence about 80 per cent of the unskilled laborers in the iron and steel industry are foreigners of these classes, the profits going to the steel corporation. Mr. Brandels declared that "the immediate and continuing result of the steel trust's triumph over organized labor has been an extensive system of espionage and repression."

There has been no disturbance of business interests during this presidential campaign. Why? Confidence in the integrity of the Democratic nominees and right purposes of the party.

**Roosevelt Vote
Looms Immense**

NEW YORK HERALD POLL CONCEDES HIM VICTORY.

Metropolitan Newspaper Bitterly Opposed to Progressive Candidates Finds Small Comfort for Any Others in Contest.

Though bitterly opposed to the election of Theodore Roosevelt, the New York Herald, by its own figures, gives the strongest hope of success to the Progressive Party yet held forth. To date the Herald has held two polls of the sentiment in various parts of the nation, and the conclusion to be drawn from both of these is that a Roosevelt landslide will occur in November.

The first poll, taken about two weeks ago, indicates that in New York Roosevelt will have a plurality of 229,000 over Taft, who will be his nearest competitor.

16,000 Over Wilson.
In Connecticut, in this same poll, the Herald concedes Roosevelt a plurality of 18,000 over Wilson and a plurality of 22,000 over Taft. Pennsylvania is conceded to Roosevelt without any doubt; and in Indiana the Herald sets forth that Roosevelt will have a plurality of at least 12,000 over Taft.

So startling did these conclusions seem to the Herald that a more extensive poll was taken, returns from which were published October 6. This second review of the political situation shows Roosevelt in undoubted lead in eleven states and puts

Taft in those places to all but five states, in those five his position being second by a narrow margin. In eleven other states covered by the poll Roosevelt support is shown to be growing at a remarkable rate, and tremendous votes in his favor are indicated.

More Roosevelt States.

Details of this second Herald poll show that in Wyoming every poll and straw vote taken gives Roosevelt a big lead over all. In Montana a safe plurality is indicated, while in Colorado a landslide of ten to one in Roosevelt's favor is indicated.

The Herald concedes Oregon to Roosevelt by 12,000 plurality. In California a plurality of between 100,000 and 125,000 is indicated for Roosevelt and Johnson, with a similar victory for the state Progressive ticket.

Nebraska, in spite of the efforts of Bryan, is conceded by the Herald as safe for Roosevelt, while Pennsylvania is shown to be still stronger for the Colonel than the first poll indicated.

Twice as Many as Taft.

Michigan is set down as favoring Roosevelt to the extent of 50,000 plurality. In Kentucky the Herald believes that Roosevelt will receive twice as many votes as Taft, while Kansas is reported as being overwhelmingly in the Roosevelt column. A plurality of over 100,000 is indicated in Illinois.

Aside from these states the Herald poll shows 50,000 votes for Roosevelt in Alabama; a third of the total vote in Georgia; a large percentage of the Confederate soldiers' vote in Arkansas; from 25,000 to 75,000 democratic votes in Tennessee, and a large vote in Louisiana.

Indiana is regarded as safe for Roosevelt; 25,000 votes are conceded him in Mississippi; Missouri shows a rapidly growing strength in his favor; and Maine and New Jersey are regarded as fertile soil for the growth of Roosevelt sentiment.

The Herald finds that in Massachusetts the fight is entirely between the Progressive Party and the Democrats, and Roosevelt is regarded as a favorite.

This report from a paper avowedly opposed to Roosevelt, is regarded as being one of the most striking indications of the strength of the Progressive Party leader.

Many Brokers in Line.

While speculators and capitalists are not in sympathy with Theodore Roosevelt or with the Progressive Party, it is interesting to note that in a poll taken of brokers and dealers in the New York stock exchange, 24 men were found who declared with vigor that they were for the Colonel. Three of these brokers said they were out and out Bull Moosemen; 23 declared that they were Republicans who were going to vote for Roosevelt, and two said they were Democrats, but were going to vote for Roosevelt for president.

The Santiam News and Semi-Weekly Journal for \$1.75 per year, the price of the Journal alone. If you are not getting the Journal call at this office and get a sample copy. One hundred and fifty-six papers for \$1.75. The Journal contains the cream of the state and general news, market reports, etc.

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W. A. Ewing, Cash. E. D. Myers, Asst. Cash.

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**OUR CLUBBING
OFFER**

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	Regular price.	Club price
Weeklyregonian	\$3.00	\$2 25
Semi Weekly Journal	3.00	2.00
Daily and Sunday Journal	9.00	6 75
Daily Journal	6.50	5.25
Town & Country, twice a mo.	2.50	1.50
Rural Spirit, weekly	3.00	2 15
regon Homestead, weekly	3.00	2.00
Toledo Blade	2.50	2.00
Oregon Teachers' Journal	2.75	1.95
Scientific American	4.50	3.75
Delineator	3.00	2.25
Northwest Poultry Journal	2.00	1.60
LaFollette's Weekly	2.50	1.95

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N. I. Morrison, Scio, Oregon