

CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

General Resume of Important Events Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

Engineers find the Maine much worse than expected.

St. Louis has a million-dollar fire in the manufacturing district.

Kansas supreme court finds subsidiary companies of the Standard Oil are illegal.

Heads of the Mormon Church are said to be mixed up with the sugar trust.

A house in Oregon City, Ore., built in 1843, has been the scene of 115 weddings.

Mrs. Huston, 71 years old, of Prineville, Ore., takes her first ride on a railroad.

Five members of one family are graduated from the University of Oregon this year.

Portland commercial traveler buys lucky Epsom Derby ticket for one dollar and wins \$19,440. He gave the money to his wife.

San Francisco has a rapidly growing "pugilistic colony."

A Nebraskan, who never had over \$5.00 at one time, falls heir to \$100,000.

Fifteen thousand men will march in parade in San Francisco, each carrying a Bible.

S. Benson disposes of all his timber holdings to Benson Timber company for \$2,100,000.

The largest bank in the United States was organized in Chicago with a capital of \$265,000,000.

The United States Senate passes resolution which permits direct election of United States senators.

Jack Johnson, the prizefighter, with twenty new suits of clothes, is in attendance at the coronation.

It is proposed that the Portland Rose Festival, just ended, receive a special tax to insure its annual occurrence.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Bluestem, 97@97½c; club, 86c; Russian, 84c; Valley, 86c; 40-fold, 86c.

Barley—Choice feed, 27@28. Millstuffs—Bran, 24.50@25 per ton; middlings, 31; shorts, 25.50@26; rolled barley, 29.50@30.50.

Corn—Whole, 29; cracked, 29 per ton.

Oats—No. 1 white, 27.50@28.50.

Hay—Timothy, Eastern Oregon, No. 1, 21@22; light mixed, 19@20; heavy mixed, 17.50@18.50; alfalfa, 13@13.50; clover, 12.50@13; grain hay, 13.50@14.50.

Poultry—Hens, 15c; broilers, 20@23c; ducks, young, 20@25c; geese, nominal; turkeys, 20c; dressed, choice, 25c.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, candled, 21c per dozen; case count, 20c per dozen; Eastern, 19@20c.

Butter—City creamery extra, 1 and 2-pound prints, in boxes, 23c per pound; less than box lots, cartons and delivery extra.

Pork—Fancy, 10@10½c per pound.

Veal—Fancy, 11@12c per pound.

Fresh Fruit—Strawberries, Oregon, 1.75@2.50 per crate; gooseberries, 5@7c per pound; apples, 1.10@1.30 per box; cherries, 75c@1.50 per box; raspberries, 1.25 per crate; apricots, 1.50@1.75 per box; cantaloupes, 1.25 per crate; loganberries, 33 per crate.

Sack Vegetables—New carrots, 22 per sack; turnips, 22; beets, 22.

Potatoes—Oregon and Eastern, 2.25@2.50 per hundred; new California, 4c per pound.

Vegetables—Asparagus, 1.10@1.25 per box; beans, 8@10c; cabbage, 33 per hundredweight; cucumbers, 1.10@1.25 per dozen; eggplant, 15c per pound; garlic, 10@12c per pound; lettuce, 30@35c per dozen; hot-house lettuce, 1.25@1.75 per box; peas, 4@7c per pound; peppers, 30@35c per pound; radishes, 12½c per dozen; rhubarb, 2@3c per pound; tomatoes, 2@2.25.

Onions—Yellow, 23; red, 22.75 per hundred; crystal wax, 33.50 per hundred.

Hops—1911 contracts, 23@25c per pound; 1910 crop, 22c; 1909 crop, 15@15½c; olds, 8@10c.

Mohair—Choice, 36@37½c pound.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 10@16c per pound, according to shrinkage; Valley, 14@16½c per pound.

Pelts—Dry, 10c; salted lamb pelts, 25c.

Hides—Salted hides, 8½c per pound; salted calf, 15c; salted kip, 10c; salted stags, 6c; green hides, 1c less; dry hides, 17c; dry calf, 17@18c; dry stags, 11@12c.

Cascara Bark—Per pound, 5c.

AVIATOR BURNED IN MIDAIR.

Two Killed and Five Hurt at Start of Race.

Paris—Fifty aeroplanists took wing early Sunday from the aviation field at Vincennes on the first stage of the European circuit race, which calls for a flight to London and return with stops at various places going and returning. Almost immediately after the start two of the aviators met tragic deaths, and at least one was gravely hurt. One dead: Captain Prinetau, whose motor exploded in midair, flooding him with gasoline and burning him to death. M. LeMartin, who dashed against a tree, the motor of his aeroplane crushing his head.

The injured: M. Gaubert, ex-lieutenant in the army, who was entered in the civilian race under the name of "Dalgier." He was found lying senseless near his machine in a wheat field four miles from Viller-Coterets. His injuries are serious. M. Bille, whose aeroplane struck the earth within a mile of the start. Bille was injured, but not seriously. Three other aviators fell, M. Lerdan near Charleville; Oscar Mortin, close to Gagny, and M. Mortin at Chevron, within 22 miles of Liege, which is the end of the first stage of the race. None of these men were badly hurt. Of the 50 aviators who started, 38 were civilians and 12 officers assigned for military duty. Hung up for the competitors are prizes amounting to \$94,000.

Dawn at Vincennes saw a crowd estimated at from 500,000 to 1,000,000 persons massed around the military exercise field to witness the start. Six thousand soldiers and 4000 police, most of them mounted, were present to keep the field clear. A signal fired at 5:45 o'clock signalled the commencement of the preliminaries. The Abbe Larabourg was just finishing the mass at an improvised altar in one of the aeroplane hangars for some of the aviators who desired spiritual preparation for the perils of the day. M. Le Martin, who within the hour was dying, was among those who knelt for the blessing.

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DISHES SET FOR MEAL.

Interesting Discoveries in Work on Battleship Maine.

Havana—Unwatering of the cofferdam about the old battleship Maine is progressing slowly, the army engineers in charge giving most of their attention to the condition of the dam, which is in excellent shape. Water from a hose was played on the mud on the spar deck and the surface was well cleaned off. Engineers began exploring the exposed parts of the vessel, and on entering the after-superstructure found a quantity of dishes laid out on the mess table. Many of them were unwashed and gave indications of having been left by mess attendants, who were surprised at their evening meal when the explosion occurred. The officers, of course, had finished their meal long before, as the explosion was after 9 o'clock.

On clearing off the spar deck, an ammunition box was found just aft of the port turret, which contained, besides a full complement of ammunition, clips for hand rifles and several hand swords. The lead and brass of the cartridges were little injured, but the steel swords practically were eaten away by the salt water. Officers' dress swords in scabbards were found leaning against the starboard wall of the deckhouse with the leather in good shape, but with the steel so badly eaten that it fell apart when picked up.

The engineers were astonished that the steel should have deteriorated in the water, and the only explanation is galvanic action. Several electric bulbs are said to have been found whole, which, with the fact that the crockery was unbroken on the mess table, indicates that the explosion was not felt to any extent aft.

General Bixby expected to depart for the United States and an attempt was made to pump as much as possible before he started. The outlook now is that the pumping will go on slowly but steadily till the cofferdam is all unwatered.

Diaz in Spain.

Santander, Spain—The steamer Ypiranga, with General Porfirio Diaz, ex-president of Mexico, aboard, sailed for Plymouth. Several tugs sailing the Mexican colors, with cheering people, escorted the steamer for several miles. General Diaz said the friendly demonstrations at Spanish ports had comforted him greatly in his bitter exile. "It is quite possible that, after a few months' visit, I shall turn my steps toward the peninsula. I speak only Spanish, and I am too old to begin the study of foreign languages."

Four Convicts Killed.

Waynesville, N. C.—Four convicts were killed, 12 were probably fatally wounded, and 17 guards and convicts were more or less seriously hurt by the collapse of the bullpen in which they were housed in a mountain pass in this county. The bullpen was built entirely from heavy logs, and the weight of the roof caused it to collapse. The structure slid down the mountain side without warning for 65 feet, and not one of the occupants escaped uninjured.

ROYALTY AMID CORONATION

Officials From All Nations Fill Staid London.

King and Queen Ready for Festivities. John Hays Hammond of U. S. on Hand.

Events of Week at Coronation of King and Queen.

June 18 and 19—The royal representatives from foreign nations arrive.

June 20—Special envoys and delegates are received by the king and queen. State banquet at Buckingham palace.

June 21—Reception by their majesties of the over-sea premiers and representatives. Day of special intercession for the king and nation. The Duke of Connaught gives a dinner at St. James palace.

June 22—Coronation day.

June 23—Royal progress through South London.

London—The Earl Marshal, the Duke of Norfolk, and the Lord Chamberlain, the Earl Spencer, are busy men and much sought after in these, the days immediately preceding the coronation. They are custodians of the elect, sorters of social aspirants, inquisitors into pretensions of rank in these trying times of pomp and circumstance. Whoever has failed to satisfy the bluff, black-bearded Earl Marshal in the tweed jacket before then certainly won't receive the illuminated cardboard inviting them to be present at the Abbey where they may see not merely the crowning, but also the Earl Marshal himself, trying to look as pleased with his gorgeous trappings as a simple man can be expected to do.

Between now and July 1 there will be a round of engagements. Premier and Mrs. Asquith will give a dinner to their majesties in Downing street, June 30. The entertainment will include the presenting of two plays, Bernard Shaw's "The Man of Destiny" and James A. Barrie's "The Twelve-Pound Look."

Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, gave a dinner in honor of the king and queen at the foreign office, June 23, which was one of the most brilliant of the season. There were 159 guests at the dinner, including all the foreign princes and envoys to the coronation.

A noteworthy feature along the lines of route to be followed by the newly crowned King, in his procession through the streets of London, is the almost complete transformation of familiar sights. Churches, ancient edifices, public buildings and open spaces, business premises and private residences have entirely changed their appearance. Starting with the Westminster Abbey itself, the annex added to increase the accommodation has altered its aspect almost alarmingly, although efforts were exerted to lend an air of age to the stucco addition.

The office of works has decided to permit those present to purchase, as souvenirs, the chairs and stools on which they sat, all of which are marked with the word "Coronation," and embossed with the crown and the date of the occurrence.

A peculiar dilemma which arose out of the scarcity of first-class carriage horses has developed since the universal introduction of the motor car, affected many members of the peerage. To avoid the terrible consequences of possible rushes into the main thoroughfares from side streets, barriers of timber were erected at the most dangerous street junctions.

John Hays Hammond, special ambassador of the United States, made his official entry into the city at noon Monday, arriving from the country.

He was met at the Victoria station by the Duke of Connaught, representing King George, and other officials and the staff, consisting of Baron Sandhurst, Lieutenant-Colonel Bernard N. James and Captain C. F. G. Sowerby, especially appointed to attend the American envoy throughout his mission.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid, who has been ill at his country place during the last week, is greatly improved and attending the festivities.

Jap Fireworks Censored.

Sacramento—To avoid race riots on the Fourth of July in Sacramento, the committee in charge of the celebration, named by Mayor Beard, issued a decree that there would be no Japanese fireworks and no raising of the Japanese flag on that day. There was a display of daylight fireworks last year and bombs were sent up, which, when exploded, displayed the Japanese flag. This year, because of strained relations between the factions, this will not be allowed.

Rope Skipping Fatal to Child.

Pittsburg—Otilis Danner, aged 6, died at her home in St. Clair borough, the result of a ruptured blood vessel, caused by jumping the rope.

LAWLESSNESS IN CHICAGO.

"Moral Uplift" Idea is Promoter of Crime—Murderers Thick.

Chicago—Chicago is overwhelmed by crime and criminals who laugh at the feeble efforts of the police to subdue them, and who have only sneers and contempt for the rapid judges, who, under the guise of "moral uplift," give them ridiculous low fines or set them free to resume preying upon helpless society.

Atrocious crimes are now committed in broad day, in the very heart of the city, the perpetrators no longer waiting for the cover of darkness. There has been an appalling epidemic of attacks upon women and little girls. In the latter cases, the children are lured to empty flats by various pretexts and left unconscious. One woman has died as the result of an attack by a man who never has been captured. He entered her room under pretense of renting a room and shot her when she resisted him.

Restaurants and stores have been robbed as frequently as three times within a week. The robbers line up any customers who happen to be in the place and despoil them, as well as the proprietor and the cash box.

Two robbers made a specialty this week of robbing young men escorting girls to their homes from entertainments. They also robbed the girls of their jewels and money and wound up the night by holding up a priest, from whom they took a diamond-studded gift watch and \$70.

It is the general impression that the vast horde of criminals and hoboes brought in here and colonized for the election for mayor, have found the pickings so rich and the dangers so limited, that they have decided to remain in Chicago. Once in a while they venture to outside towns and rob small banks and post-offices, but the rural marshals and citizens frequently shoot them or send them to prison for long terms.

DOMESTIC ERA IS GONE.

Larger Issues Supersede Old Pots and Pans for Women.

Oakland—Suffragists and their friends crowded the MacDonough the first public meeting of the present campaign held under the auspices of the College Equal Suffrage league.

Considerable disappointment was manifested when Miss Anita Whitney, president of the league, announced that Dr. Charles F. Aked was unable to appear. His place was filled by Duncan McKinley, surveyor of the port of San Francisco.

"The new era made inevitable the social and political liberation of the American woman," said Mrs. Hume. "Her sphere now extends outside the home, and she is concerned with everything in municipal housekeeping. We find the modern woman concerned with municipal improvements, streets, parks, playgrounds, pure milk, streets, censoring picture shows and delinquent children."

"This has not perverted woman nature. The modern woman is simply an enlarged edition of the old-fashioned mother, and the responsibility of modern municipal housekeeping is being gradually turned over to her by the men."

CELEBRATE SILVER WEDDING.

President and Wife Invite Relatives of Former Executives.

Washington—Descendants or relations of every President of the United States since 1860 were invited to the silver wedding celebration which the President and Mrs. Taft gave at the White House Monday. The list is believed to be complete except the relatives of President McKinley.

Elaborate preparations were made for the entertainment of probably the largest number that has ever been present at a function in the White House. The mansion itself was lighted throughout with hundreds of electric lights; the grounds in the rear were made nearly like day as artificial light could make them; two bands furnished music and the fountain was played upon by a big searchlight on the east front of the State, War and Navy building, just across Executive avenue.

Mercury Mounts to 106.

Kansas City—Many heat records were shattered by the sudden rise in temperature in the Southwest, but the sky is cloudy and rain is expected within the next 24 hours. New maximum heat records for June were established at Muskogee, Okla., and Oklahoma City, the mercury reaching 105 and 106 degrees, respectively. A high temperature of 100 was registered in Leavenworth and Topeka and 99 in Kansas City, Joplin, Mo., and Wichita, Kan.

Fishers Lost in Storm.

Trieste—A great hurricane which swept over this section did great damage. The loss of life is great. Some of the fishing boats, however, which it was feared had foundered, have returned to port. Eight steamships of the Austrian Lloyd Line broke from their moorings and were more or less seriously damaged. Several lightships were driven ashore. Quays, piers and embankments suffered severely.

TRUST WOULD NAME WITNESSES

"Those Who Might Be Overlooked" Is Suggestion.

Chairman of Committee Says They Will Determine Who to Summon When Time Comes.

Washington, June 15.—The United States Steel Corporation intends to suggest to the Stanley Steel Trust investigating committee the calling of witnesses whom the committee may overlook and who may throw light on matters in question in the inquiry and also to suggest that questions be asked of certain witnesses if the committee fails to bring out facts possessed by such witnesses.

R. V. Linsbury, counsel for the steel corporation before the committee, declared this to be his intention today at the close of the examination of James Gayley, ex-vice president of the steel corporation, in answer to an inquiry by Representative Young, of Michigan.

"It is our intention," said Mr. Linsbury, "to suggest questions overlooked that we think pertinent and witnesses whom we think in all fairness should be called."

"The committee will exercise its discretion as to whom it will summon," said Chairman Stanley.

"Of course, I assume," Mr. Linsbury replied, "that the committee would not refuse to summon witnesses we suggest."

"That will be determined when the suggestions are made," Mr. Stanley replied.

The committee will not meet again for several days, probably not until next week after the passage of the wage bill in the house. The future course will be determined within a few days. Among the first witnesses to be called when the committee resumes will be James Farrell, president of the steel corporation.

SHIP IS UNCOVERED.

Bodies Lying in Battleship Maine Will Be Reached Soon.

Havana, June 15.—The work of removing the water from the cofferdam inclosing the wreck of the battleship Maine will be carried to a point low enough to reveal portions of the wreck submerged for 13 feet, in a few days, including a part of the midship section immediately affected by the explosion, the whole quarterdeck and a portion of the berth deck, in which it is believed lie most of the unrecovered bodies.

This was determined after a conference today between General Bixbee and Colonels Black and Patrick, following a minute examination of the wreck. The board of officers was fully satisfied that the stability of the cofferdam warrants them in proceeding with the pumping operations.

The most powerful pumps will be put to work to reduce the level to a point which will permit the partial exploration of the upper part of the after section from the stern to immediately forward of the engine-room space, where the explosion severed the forward section, including the 16-inch turret on the starboard side.

STRIKE FARES BADLY.

Little Enthusiasm is Shown and Spread of Walkout Not Feared.

London, June 15.—The seamen's strike was formally declared tonight at London, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol, Southampton, Liverpool and other British ports, and also at Belgian and Dutch ports, but the chances of any great international strike seem remote.

So far as indications show, the confidence of the shipping federation is well placed, for at hardly any of these ports was enthusiasm displayed for the strike, and the ship-owners maintain an attitude of indifference, seemingly satisfied they will have no trouble in filling the places of the strikers.

There appears very small hope here that either Germany, Norway or Denmark will come into the movement.

Liners Bring Cholera.

New York—A ship with a true case of cholera came to port Thursday. The Italian line steamship Europa from Genoa and Naples dropped anchor off quarantine and reported that a steerage passenger named Agostino Tavolla was on board suffering from cholera. The patient is on his way to recovery. The Europa, with its 77 cabin and 363 steerage passengers, will be held at quarantine for the present. Tavolla is from Calabria, and on June 5, four days after leaving Naples, reported ill.

Bakers' Trust is Formed.

New York—The General Baking company has incorporated as a combination of 21 concerns engaged in bread and general baking business. The merger is the first since the decisions in the Standard Oil and tobacco cases, and the incorporators took pains to disclaim any intention of violating the law as construed.