

CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

General Resume of Important Event Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

The Steel trust has purchased the Rison iron works of San Francisco.

Carnegie has given Cornell university \$60,300 for a new chemistry building.

A scheme has been presented to the British parliament for state insurance for working men and women.

Madero insists that Diaz and Minister Corral announce their resignations as a part of the peace agreement.

Seismographs at Santa Clara, Cal., recorded an earthquake in the Pacific ocean of one and one-half hour's duration.

Roosevelt scores union labor for defending the accused Los Angeles dynamiters simply because they are union men.

Delegates from Oregon and Washington were prominent in the meetings of the Northwest Development league at Helena, Mont.

For the second time in a week a vessel entering San Francisco harbor encountered a school of whales, one 60-foot specimen being bumped severely by the steamer.

Citizens of Cordova, Alaska, threw several hundred tons of British Columbia coal into the bay, as a protest against Taft's persistent ignoring of the Alaska coal land question.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Bluestem, 92c; club, 86c@87c; red Russian, 85c; valley 87c; 40-fold, 87c.

Barley—Choice feed, \$28 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$24@24.50 per ton; middings, \$31; shorts, \$25.50@26; rolled barley, \$29.50@30.50.

Corn—Whole, \$29; cracked, \$30 per ton.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$29@29.50 ton.

Hay—Timothy, Eastern Oregon, No. 1, \$21.50@22.50; light mixed, \$19@20; heavy, mixed, \$17.50@18.50; alfalfa, \$14@15; clover, \$12.50@13.50; grain hay, \$13.50@14.50.

Fresh Fruit—Strawberries, Florin, \$2.25@2.50 per crate; Los Angeles, \$1.75@1.85; apples, fancy, \$2@2.50; choice, \$1@1.50; commons, 75c@\$.1 per box.

Vegetables—Asparagus, 90c@1.75 per crate; cabbage, new, \$2 per hundred; cauliflower, \$1.50@1.75 per dozen; celery, California, 75c@90c per dozen; cucumbers, \$1.50@2.25; eggplant, 15c per pound; garlic, 10c@12c; lettuce, 50c; hothouse lettuce, \$1.50 @2 per box; peas, 7c@8c per pound; peppers, 30c@35c; radishes, 15c dozen; rhubarb, 2c@3c per pound; sprouts, 9c; tomatoes, \$2@3.25; carrots, \$1.25 @1.50 per sack; parsnips, \$1.25@1.50; turnips, \$1.25@1.50; beets, \$1.50.

Potatoes—Oregon, jobbing price, \$2.50 per hundred; new, 7c@7.5c per pound.

Onions—Jobbing prices: Oregon, \$3.50 per hundred; Australian, \$3.50; Texas, \$2.25 per crate; California, \$2.

Poultry—Hens, 16c; broilers, 30c; turkeys 20c; ducks, 22c@27c; geese, nominal; dressed turkeys, choice, 25c.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, candled, 20c@21c per dozen; case count, 19c.

Butter—City creamery extra, 1 and 2 pound prints, in boxes, 24c per pound; less than boxes, cartons and delivery extra.

Pork—Fancy, 10c@10.5c per pound.

Veal—Fancy, 85 to 125 pound, 10c @11c per pound.

Hops—1910 crop, last sale at 20c; 1909 crop, 15c; 1911 contracts, 20c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, nominal, 12 @14c per pound; valley, 12c@15c; mohair, choice, 37c.

Cattle—Prime grain-fed steers, \$6.75@7; hay-feed steers, \$6.50@6.80; choice, \$6.25@6.55; good, \$5.75@6; fair, \$5.50@5.75; common, \$4.75@5; prime cows, \$5.50@6; good, \$5@5.25; fair, \$4.75@5; poor, \$4.50 @4.75; choice heifers, \$5.50@5.75; choice bulls, \$4.75@5; good, \$4.50@4.75; choice light calves, \$7.75@8; good, \$7.50@7.75; fair, \$7@7.50; choice heavy calves, \$5.50@6; good, \$5@5.50; choice stags, \$5.25@5.75; good, \$4.50@5.

Hogs—Good to choice light, \$6.75@7; choice heavy, \$6.25@6.50; good, \$5@6; common, \$5@6; stock, \$7.50 @7.75.

Sheep—Grain-fed wethers, heavy, \$4.50@5; choice yearling wethers, grain-fed, \$5@5.50; old wethers, \$4@4.50; good shorn wethers, \$4.25@4.50; choice ewes, grain-fed, \$4.50@4.75; fair ewes, \$3.75@4; good shorn ewes, \$3.75@4; choice wool lambs, grain-fed, \$5.50@5.75; good, \$5.25@5.50; good, \$5@5.25; fair, \$4.75@5.25; culls, \$2.50@3.50.

DIAZ PROMISES TO RESIGN.

But Insists That Revolution Must Be Ended First.

Events Exciting.

Following is a resume of exciting developments in the Mexican situation, given in their proper sequence:

Madero announces that in deference to United States, he will give up plan to attack Juarez, take his troops from the neighborhood of the international boundary and start south with cry, "On to Mexico City."

Rebels apparently change plans and prepare to make midnight attack on Juarez.

When rebel guns are trained on Juarez and attack is about to begin, the news of Diaz' announcement reaches insurrecto leaders and both attack on Juarez and expedition to south are halted. Peace is thought near at hand.

Mexico City, May 9.—General Porfirio Diaz tonight issued a manifesto to the people of Mexico declaring his intention of resigning the presidency as soon as peace is restored. In this manner the president has virtually acceded to the demands of Francisco I. Madero that he make announcement of such intention.

As to when peace is actually restored, General Diaz reserves the right to be the judge. In the words of the manifesto, it will be "when, according to the dictates of my conscience, I am sure that my resignation will not be followed by anarchy."

The president said his determination not to relinquish the presidency at this time was not due to vanity or love of power, because, as he pointed out, power at this time had no attraction, accompanied as it is by tremendous responsibilities and worry. He said he was prompted solely by a desire to conserve the best interests of his country.

The president made it clear he does not propose to abandon the presidency while his country is at war and that he would not do so at any time under compulsion. President Diaz' manifesto will be made public tomorrow morning, but it will not be sent officially to Judge Carbajal for formal transmission to Dr. Vasquez Gomez.

The promise of the president is made to the people of Mexico and its receipt by the revolutionist will be incidental. That it will be sent to them immediately, however, by private individuals and regarded as entirely satisfactory by them is taken for granted.

REVOLT IS IMPENDING.

Plan on Foot to Depose President of Venezuela.

New York, May 9.—Plans are being formulated in New York to launch an insurrection in Venezuela to depose President Juan Vicente Gomez, by Alejandro Rivas Vasquez, a member of the Venezuelan congress from the state of Apure and a former cabinet officer during the administration of Cipriano Castro.

In a long interview, discussing the plan, Dr. Vasquez is reported as saying that President Gomez has established a dictatorship in Venezuela more harrassing to the people than that of his predecessor.

"I have every assurance," Dr. Vasquez is quoted as saying, "that I will be given support by patriotic Venezuelans abroad and by my own compatriots in Venezuela. I have already organized agencies for our cause, but of course the principal field of operations will be in New York."

Dates May Be Changed.

Washington—A change of the date of the inauguration of the president is assured of ratification by the 62d congress, and it is not improbable similar action will be taken to change the date of holding national elections. The proposal changes the date of the inauguration from March 4 to the last Thursday in April. The date of holding national elections would be changed from the first Tuesday in November to the first Tuesday in April preceding the expiration of the terms of the president and congressmen.

People Flee From Fires.

Winnipeg, Man.—Forest fires are threatening settlements along Big River, north of Saskatchewan. A special train has brought all persons living in the danger zone to safety. At Clearwater Bay, 15 miles from Kenora, Ont., on the Lake of the Woods, bush fires have been raging for the last two days. There is no settlement there. Fire rangers report the country dry and small fires along the railway right of way at many points may spread to dangerous proportions.

Train Runs Through Fire.

Walker, Minn.—Dangerous forest fires are raging north of here on the Minnesota & International railroad. At Spur, the St. Paul train was forced to run through the flames which are being swept northwest by a strong wind. Settlers are well protected, as hundreds of men are out back-firing. Thousands of dollars' worth of property is being destroyed.

TWO PROMINENT FIGURES IN WORLD'S PEACE MOVEMENT.



Baron D'Estournelles de Constant.

UNITED STATES IS NOT GREEDY

Taft Denies Ambition to Extend Domain.

Allusion is to Mexico—Says We Know What War Means—Want None of It.

Baltimore, May 4.—President Taft in his speech at the opening of the Third National Peace conference here today, said the United States would keep hands off and not seek to extend its domain or to acquire foreign territory. He made no mention of Mexico, but to those who heard him it was evident that he referred to the southern republic.

"One of the difficulties the United States finds is the natural suspicions that the countries engaged have of the motives the United States has in tendering its good offices," continued the president. "Asseveration of good faith helps but little where suspicion is the rule, and yet I like to avail myself of an opportunity in such presence as this to assert that there is not in the whole length and breadth of the United States among its people any desire for territorial aggrandizement and that its people as a whole will not permit its government, if it would, to take any steps in respect to foreign peoples, looking to a forcible extension of our political power."

"We have had wars and we know what they are. We know what responsibilities they entail, the burdens and losses and horrors, and we would have none of them. We have a magnificent domain of our own in which we are attempting to work out and show to the world success in popular government, and we need no more territory in which to show this. But we have attained great prosperity and great power. We have become a powerful member of the community of nations in which we live and there is, therefore, thrust upon us necessarily a care and responsibility for the peace of the world in our neighborhood, and a burden of helping those nations that cannot help themselves, if we may do that peacefully and effectively."

The president spoke to several thousand persons in the Lyric theater. Cardinal Gibbons, Secretary of War Dickinson, Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, Count Leo Tolstoi, Andrew Carnegie.

Woman Mayor "Meets" Alone.

Hunnell, Kan.—Hunnell's new mayor, Mrs. Ella Wilson, has clashed with the city council. On Mrs. Wilson's motion the council voted last week to meet in a local hotel. The five councilmen went to the hotel to hold their meeting, but Mrs. Wilson "met" in a feed store. She had the clerk's journal and other papers, but as she alone was not a quorum, neither session transacted any business. Meanwhile two women who were to have been appointed city clerk and marshal, still lack their commissions.

negie and more than a dozen leaders in the movement for world peace sat on the platform with the president.

LABOR WAR RAGES.

Chicago Workers Forced to Flee for Lives—Strike Spreads.

Chicago, May 4.—Professional sluggers and hired "gun men" ran riot in the city today, while government and state officials, architects, building contractors and international labor union officials worked in an effort to restore harmony in the industrial field.

Late tonight all negotiations between the freight handlers and the railroads were declared off and a strike will probably be called tomorrow. This will involve the territory in an area from the Canadian border to New Orleans and the Pennsylvania line to Western Iowa. It will also bring in the teamsters in all affected cities.

A new element of discord was injected into the troubled building trades situation when the Otis Elevator company hired elevator constructors to take the place of the machinists who have been doing the work for two years. Sluggers working for the machinists who were ousted by the company raided a number of buildings and attacked the elevator constructors, with the result that one man is in the Alexander Brothers' hospital and a number of others are seriously injured.

In the plumbers and steamfitters' war, international association steamfitters were driven at the points of revolvers from two school buildings where they were employed.

Mazatlan Standing Siege.

Nogales, Mexico—What is believed to be an authentic report has reached this city from Mazatlan, the big port on the western coast of the state of Sinaloa, saying it is completely surrounded by rebels. The Mexican gunboat began shelling the rebel position from the harbor, but yielded to the united protests of foreign consuls and ceased firing, and later put to sea. Trains are not running to Mazatlan from the north, the rebels having burned a bridge 18 miles out. Trains south to Culiacan are also stopped.

Frenchwoman is Spy?

Cologne, Germany—Mme. Thirion, an attractive Parisian resident here, was arrested charged with being a spy and obtaining the secret mobilization plans of the German army from an army officer. The prisoner offers the romantic defense that she had asked for the plans in order to test the honor of the officer, who was a suitor for her hand.

WOMEN MARCH IN SUFFRAGE CAUSE

N w York City Scene of Great Demonstration.

"Girls of '61," Babes in Arms, And All Intervening Ages Represented—Many Men in Line.

New York, May 8.—Gray-haired woman suffrage pioneers styled "The Girls of '61," dimpled, laughing girl babies of 1910, not yet out of their first long dresses, girls and women of all ages between, swept down Fifth avenue from Fifty-seventh street to Union square Saturday afternoon in an unorganized protest against denial to their sex of the ballot.

Every avenue through which woman has invaded man's field of endeavor was represented, from sculpture to cab driving. One hundred male supporters joined in the parade.

Four brass bands, dozens of elaborate floats and fluttering pennants by the hundreds, with here and there a banner bearing epigrams, lengthened the line of 2,000 marchers. The ranks were separated into seven divisions and more than half the marchers were laden with camp stools, besides the regular insignia and banners which they carried.

The camp stools, an innovation in New York parades, had served as seats for the feminine army preceding the formation. Having answered their purpose, they were folded up, tucked under arms and carried along. Every one marched with the exception of the veterans and the babies.

Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, nearly 90, Mrs. Anna Garlan Spencer and Mrs. Phoebe A. Hapford, representing "The Girls of '61," rode in open carriages. The youngest recruits were trundled in go-carts by their mothers.

Out-of-town associations, in a separate division, consisted of delegates from Colorado, Wyoming, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Connecticut.

When the marchers reached Union square an open-air mass meeting was held and addresses were delivered by the leaders.

Half a dozen floats, illustrating the progress woman has made since Eve handed Adam the pippin were interesting features of the celebration and yellow "votes for women" sashes were plentiful enough to give the moving panorama a "Mayonnaise" appearance.

BOGUS \$20 COINS AFLOAT.

Counterfeit So Good As Almost to Defy Detection.

San Francisco—Counterfeit \$20 gold pieces, so clever in execution as almost to defy detection, have been spread profusely over San Francisco and other cities of the Pacific coast, according to information given by the Federal authorities.

The spurious gold pieces appear so much like the genuine that they will deceive even the most scrupulous, unless examined very closely.

The date on the output is 1888, and it will be found on close observation that the metal is a trifle light. The ring is almost as good as in the legitimate coins, though to the experienced ear it will seem a little "brassy."

Around the design and inscriptions a slightly blurred appearance is evident, convincing the authorities that the coin has been cast. A considerable amount of copper is used in making the bogus coin, and much gold has been employed in completing it.

It is believed that the gang has circulated the output in several Western states and will soon be run to cover by Chief Operative Moffitt and his operatives, who are noted for their success in this line. In the meantime all merchants of San Francisco are especially cautioned by the authorities to be on the lookout for bogus gold pieces.

Fez Besieged by Rebels.

Fez, Morocco—The arrival of Captain Bremon's column has not changed the situation here. The loose investment of the capital continues. The rebel horsemen, who are beyond the reach of the artillery, have cut off the food supplies. The sultan's troops are worn out with the constant skirmishing and watchfulness. The rebel chiefs have a growing moral advantage, now all Morocco knows that the sultan is penned up in the capital and that his troops are unable to move outside the range of their artillery.

Suffrage Fight Starts.

Washington—Universal woman's suffrage was advocated in congress Saturday in a joint resolution introduced by Representative Mondell, of Wyoming. The resolution would amend the constitution to read: "The rights of citizens shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex."