

CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

General Resume of Important Event Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

The author of "How to Be Happy," has committed suicide.

Senator Bailey refused to testify in the Lorimer bribery case.

The Oregon system of direct legislation has been adopted by California.

Portland is now the leading port of the United States in the export of wheat.

The faculty of Columbia College, New York, are in revolt against President Butler.

President Lovett, of the Harriman lines, is very optimistic regarding prospects in the West.

Champ Clark is much impressed with opportunities in the South and advises young men to go there.

Citizens of Viterbo, Italy, are fleeing from jury duty in the trial of the Camorra, a murderous organization of Italians.

The United States government has requested the release of two Americans arrested by Mexican authorities on American soil.

Sir Edward Grey's speech before parliament favoring a permanent peace treaty with the United States met with great enthusiasm throughout England.

Conferences have taken place in New York between representatives of the Mexican government and the rebels, and it is believed peace is being considered.

The naval patrol of the Mexican coast has been recalled, owing to the protests of Secretary Limantour, of Mexico.

Three newspapermen from San Diego, Cal., are lost in Mexico, where they went on a news gathering expedition in an automobile. They are in the haunts of the rebels and may have been captured.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Bluestem, 83c; club, 80c; 81c; red Russian, 79c; valley, 80c; 40-fold, 81c.

Barley—Feed, \$23.50@24 per ton; brewing, nominal.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$20@21 per ton; middlings, \$27@28; shorts, \$21@22; rolled barley, \$25.50@26.50.

Corn—Whole, \$28; cracked, \$29 per ton.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$27@27.50 ton. Hay—Track prices: Timothy, Eastern Oregon, No. 1, \$20@21; mixed, \$16@20; alfalfa, 11.50@12; grain hay, \$13@14.50; clover, \$11@12.

Apples—Fancy, \$2@2.75; choice, \$1@2; common, 50c@1 per box; pears, \$1.50@1.75 per box; cranberries, \$13.50 per barrel.

Vegetables—Cabbage, \$1.50 per 100; celery, California, \$3.50@3.75 per crate; garlic, 10@12c pound; hot-house lettuce, 50c@1 per box; pumpkins, 2c per pound; sprouts, 9c; carrots, 85c@1 per hundred; parsnips, 85c@1; turnips, 85c@1; beets, 90c @1.

Potatoes—Oregon, buying price, \$1.25@1.50 per hundred.

Onions—Buying price, \$2 hundred.

Poultry—Live: Hens, 19@20c; fryers, 20@25c; turkeys, 20c; geese, 12@13c; dressed turkeys, choice, 23 @25c.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 18@19c per dozen.

Butter—City creamery extra, 1 and 2 pound prints, in boxes 31c pound; less than boxes, cartons and delivery extra.

Pork—Fancy, 11c per pound. Veal—Fancy, 85 to 125 pounds, 12 1/2 @13c per pound.

Hops—1910 crop, 17 1/2@18 1/2; 1909 crop, 12@12 1/2; contracts, 16c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 12@18c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley, 17@19c; mohair, choice, 30c.

Cattle—Prime steers, \$6@6.25; choice, \$5.50@6; good, \$5.25@5.50; common, \$4@5; Prime cows, \$5.25@5.50; choice, \$4.50@5; common, \$2@4; choice heifers, \$5.25@5.50; choice bulls, \$4.75@5.25; fair to good, \$3.75@4; common, \$3@3.50; choice light calves, \$7.75@8; fair to good, \$7@7.50; choice heavy calves, \$5.25 @5.50; fair to medium, \$4.75@5; choice stags, \$5.50@6; fair to good, \$4.50@5.

Hogs—Choice light, \$8.25@8.75; good to choice, \$8@8.25; choice heavy, \$7.75@8.

Sheep—Choice yearling wethers, grain fed, \$4.50@4.75; old wethers, \$4@4.25 choice ewes, grain fed, \$3.50 @4; fair to medium, \$2.75@3.25; choice lambs, grain fed, \$5.25@5.50; good to choice, \$5@5.25; fair to good, \$4.75@5; culs, \$2.50@3.50.

PEACE IN PROSPECT.

Rebels Will Suspend Operations if Reforms Are Granted.

Washington, March 21.—Peace is assured in Mexico within a week if certain influences now at work toward that end prove effective. With the arrival in Mexico City of Senor Jose Yves Limantour, minister of finance, President Diaz will begin conferences, which it is expected will result in the announcement, within three or four days of the re-organization of the cabinet.

Minister Limantour will present an explanation of the demands of the revolutionists and the changes in the official family of President Diaz as well as the institution of reforms which are expected to appease the insurgents.

In the meantime, President Taft, who arrives here tomorrow morning from Augusta, Ga., will confer with Ambassador de la Barra, and there is good grounds for the assumption that the troops now concentrated in Texas immediately will begin a series of maneuvers, and will return shortly to their posts. In addition, when conditions are normal in Mexico, a complete statement of the consideration that actuated the mobilization of troops will be issued.

Hope for the coming of peace in Mexico is strengthened by the manner in which the revolutionists have commented on the magazine article of Ambassador de la Barra and the significant spirit of expectancy with which the results of Senor Limantour's conferences in Mexico City this week are awaited by organs of insurgent sentiments.

Not a single adverse comment was recorded in Mexican newspapers to the proposal of the Mexican ambassador that all classes in Mexico unite for the promotion of national unity.

The insurgents have taken the stand that their operations have proved they are willing to risk a great deal to secure the adoption of certain reforms in the government, and if not granted will continue the strife.

The dissatisfaction in Mexico, though most conspicuous in Chihuahua, has not been confined to that state and serious outbreaks in other states have been prevented by the promises of early changes in administration.

FIND WILD INDIAN BAND.

Scientists Discover Savage Tribe Thought Wiped Out in 1870.

San Francisco—An anthropological expedition from the university of California, under Professor Kroeber, has reported the discovery of remnants of a supposedly extinct tribe of California Indians near the headwaters of the Sacramento river.

The rest of the tribe, the Kombos, were exterminated in a raid in 1870, the settlers of Northern California having been aroused by the depredations of the Indians, who were hunted down and massacred.

According to the members of the expedition, which returned from the North, recently, there are about 20 in the tribe at present. They were identified by arrowheads and other implements found in their camps, although the Indians themselves were too wild to be approached.

The university will try to have them rounded up by a troop of United States cavalry in order that their language and ancient customs may be studied in the interest of ethnology.

Numerous reports from sheepmen in Tehama county that sheep had been found killed by arrows led to the search for the tribe.

Rain Drenches Soldiers.

Galveston, Tex., March 21.—Rain fell in torrents at Fort Crockett last night and almost flooded out the 2,600 soldiers who arrived yesterday from the North on transports and spent the night under the shelter of their dog tents. Several large tents were blown down and the smaller ones that stood were rendered practically uninhabitable. Though most of the soldiers were soaked to the skin, they came up smiling when reveille sounded this morning and entered with enthusiasm into the work of setting camp in order.

Farmers' Wives Strike.

Gandy, Neb.—Encouraged by the recent decision of Judge Otto, of Brule, who defined the rights of husband and wife relative to work on the farm, Nebraska women are declaring themselves in no uncertain manner. All through this section of the state the women have organized clubs and determined that henceforth farm work shall be done by the men, or it will go undone.

Hay Signs All But Eight.

Olympia, Wash.—Governor Hay has signed all but eight of the bills passed by the legislature at its recent session. Of these eight, the only two of consequence are the bill requiring full crews for freight trains, the railroads being hotly opposed to the measure, and the bill repealing the anti-cigarette law. The cigarette bill is said to contain a "joker" which repeals a law forbidding women to enter saloons.

TROOPS READY FOR QUICK MOVE

Trains With Crews Aboard and Steam Up.

Cavalry Can Start on 'Moment's No- tice—Events in Mexico Are Closely Watched.

San Antonio, Tex., March 20.—The air was electrified tonight with rumors of important developments in Mexico and of the movement of the maneuver division to the border. The return of Jose Yves Limantour to Mexico in part accounted for this.

A newspaper man who returned from the City of Mexico said sensational developments were to be expected. He said the story of the stoning of Diaz' palace was untrue.

At the maneuver camp nearly every preparation was a denial of the story of mere drill and tactics. Eight tracks have been cleared in the Southern Pacific yards. Runways have been constructed so that the loading of eight troop trains can be effected simultaneously. The entire yard has been cleared, so that nothing will hinder the regular army in the event of any emergency.

That these eight tracks are at the disposal of the government was admitted by an official of the railroad company, who, in the same breath, told of the "bedding" of a lot of stock cars that are being stored in the Southern Pacific yards. A second official said a representative of the government asked him, in case stock cars were not available for the shipment of horses, how many animals could be loaded into ordinary 36 or 40-foot box cars. Inquiry was also made if the road would undertake to handle soldiers in box cars in an emergency.

A train, said to be destined to carry troops to Nogales, Arizona, on the Mexican border, was made up at the army yards here tonight. It consists of nine tourist and two standard sleepers, a kitchen and a baggage car. It is manned and under orders to remain in readiness to pull out at any hour.

"It may go tonight, tomorrow or never," said a railroad man. "It must remain with steam up and a crew aboard at all times, in any event."

So far as could be learned, no orders have been received for the embarkation of troops, but it is said among railroad men that the destination of the train is Nogales. It probably will carry the Eleventh cavalry.

Interest is added to the news by the fact that in the plans pigeon-holed at Washington for the movement of troops ready for any eventualities, an invasion of Mexico includes the use of Nogales as a gateway.

TUMOR CUT FROM BRAIN.

Spokane Woman Undergoes Delicate Operation and Lives.

Spokane, March 20.—One of the most rare and difficult operations in medical annals, the removal of a tumor from the pituitary gland at the base of the brain, was performed at Sacred Heart hospital, in this city.

The operation, which was performed by D. Labau, was witnessed by nearly a score of local physicians and 40 nurses.

Among the physicians present were Dr. Solomon W. Shafer, of Johns Hopkins university, who administered the anæsthetic, and Dr. E. M. Wolty, demonstrator of surgery in the Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia.

The patient was Miss Maude Rupp, formerly of Evanston, Wyo., but who for some time has been a resident of Spokane. Five years ago the tumor started at the base of the brain. It caused an enlargement of her extremities, which amounted to a deformity, and pressing on the optic nerve destroyed the sight of one eye entirely and impaired the use of the other.

Drunk Chauffeurs Taboo.

Chicago—"Drinking while on duty as a chauffeur or before going on duty will be considered a misdemeanor in Chicago hereafter," said Municipal Judge Newcomer, who fined Charles Jones, chauffeur for E. I. Cudahy, \$50 and costs. "I consider it one of the very worst offenses that can be committed," said the judge, "to drink when your have to drive an automobile. We have got to do something to put a stop to this wholesale killing of people, and we've decided to begin here."

Guns at Honolulu Tested.

Honolulu—The big 12-inch guns which have been placed in the fortifications at Pearl Harbor were fired Monday for the first time. The tests, made under the direction of Captain William P. Platt, of the Ordnance department, proved most satisfactory.

ARMY PREPARES FOR WAR.

Whole Division Held Ready for Field in Two Hours.

San Antonio, March 18.—Orders have been received here from Washington that Major General Carter's maneuver division shall hold itself in readiness to break camp and take the field as if for actual warfare within two hours.

The order caused much comment, for the particular reason that it did not come in the general maneuvers orders issued by Major General Carter today, but from the seat of government.

The order to be in readiness for operations in the field, while it may be a legitimate feature of maneuvers, is not taken in that sense.

Excepting the generals to whom long years have taught conservatism, everyone rejected the maneuver theory, but could not explain where war was to be expected.

One officer of prominence today said he hoped Mexico and the United States would not become embroiled.

"We could defeat Mexico and there would be no lesson learned," he said. "The unthinking in congress would have another object to point to, to show that we can depend on the volunteers in an emergency. So we can, after we have lost 75 per cent to teach the remaining 25 per cent how to fight."

"A stronger lesson is needed; Japan or Germany would do, preferably the former, because of her geographical situation. They are quite capable of reducing us, with their perfect preparedness, whenever ready."

"We have spent ten days in turmoil gathering a handful of men in Texas. Ultimately we should triumph, but the ultimate cost would be appalling. It would be much cheaper even in money, let alone lives, to treble our force than to take such a lesson, considering the ensuing pension rolls alone."

Officers cannot be quoted for publication where criticisms of superiors is involved or to be inferred, but the man who made the foregoing statement has a reputation which extends beyond the army.

50,000 THREATEN STRIKE

New York Express Drivers Upset Plans for Peace.

New York, March 18.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has been summoned to New York to take charge of the threatened general strike of the teamsters in the metropolitan district, which, if called, will involve 50,000 men. Mr. Gompers, it is understood, will arrive Monday or Tuesday.

Strikers and employers are asked to submit their differences to arbitration, the men returning to work pending a decision, in resolutions adopted tonight by the interdenominational committee for the promotion of industrial arbitration.

After deciding at a meeting yesterday to return to work and leave the settlement of their grievances to Mayor Gaynor, the striking Adams Express company drivers held another session in Jersey late at night and overturned the plans by deciding not only to continue the strike, but to call out the drivers employed by other companies as well.

DIAZ WILL NOT TALK PEACE.

Limantour's Effort in That Direction Likely to Be in Vain.

Mexico City, March 18.—The intention of Finance Minister Limantour, attributed to him in dispatches from New York, of coming to the capital to induce President Diaz to listen to terms proposed by the insurgents, it is said in official circles, probably will prove fruitless.

Only recently General Diaz announced a plan which was not one of conciliation, but one of relentless warfare. The administration no longer denies that a condition of war exists, but it is maintained that the progress of the campaign against the rebels has shown satisfactory results.

The War department explained the Maderos' campaign in the north has received a serious setback within the last four days. Up to the first of this week revolutionists apparently were in control of the situation in the state of Chihuahua.

Eleven Battleships in Port.

Norfolk, Va., March 18.—Eleven battleships of the first, third and fourth divisions of the Atlantic fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, passed in the Virginia capes at 1 o'clock this afternoon for Guantanamo, Cuba, and anchored in Hampton Roads. They will engage in preliminary practice and maneuvers and then disperse to their home stations. Among the vessels were the Connecticut, North Dakota, Michigan, Minnesota, Vermont, Mississippi, Idaho, Georgia and Virginia.

Transportation Company Guilty.

Savannah, Ga.—The Merchants & Miners Transportation company was found guilty of discrimination of freight rates in violation of the interstate commerce law. The Atlantic coast line and the Seaboard Air line railroad companies pleaded guilty to the same charge.

CROOKED LAW- MAKERS SCORED

Roosevelt Goes After Lorimer and Haskell.

Declares Country Is Disgraced By Such Men—Sympathizes With New Mexico.

Albuquerque, N. M., March 16.—Colonel Roosevelt paid his respects by name to Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, and Governor Haskell, of Oklahoma, tonight. He denounced both as "unfit to hold public office." Their election, he said, was a disgrace to the communities which elected them.

The denunciation was made in the course of Colonel Roosevelt's address to an audience which crowded the opera house and left hundreds standing outside. In opening his talk, the Colonel declared that in its failure to grant New Mexico statehood during the last regular session of congress, the national government had committed a breach of faith. Arizona, he said, might have offered ground for question, although he favored its admission, but with New Mexico there was no question.

Turning to the duties which the citizens of New Mexico must take up when the territory does become a state, Colonel Roosevelt warned his hearers that, while good laws are necessary, good citizenship must back them up. He said that unfit men had been elected to office by popular and representative vote. Such a man remained unfit for office, he said, "whether he is unfit, as Mr. Lorimer is unfit, who was elected by the legislature of Illinois, or as Mr. Haskell is unfit, who was elected by popular vote."

The Colonel recommended a drastic corrupt practices law for New Mexico when it becomes a state. He also declared for direct election of United States senators. In this connection, he said, New York offered an object lesson. With direct primary election, "somebody" would have been elected, senator from that state, he concluded. He also declared that justice toward corporations must characterize all dealings with combinations of capital and after an explanation of his views on this subject, devoted the rest of a long address to a plea for good citizenship.

ZELAYA BITTER IN ATTACK.

Nicaraguan Exile Says United States Plans to Seize All America.

Paris—Jose Santos Zelaya, who was compelled to relinquish the presidency of Nicaragua during the recent revolution, gave an interview to Le Siecle, in which he violently attacked the attitude of the United States in the Mexican affair. Zelaya charges that the United States government, inspired by the prospect of commercial and financial gain, is waging a merciless duel not only with Mexico, but with the whole of Central America, which it seeks to absorb so as to become absolute master of the Western hemisphere. He asserts that the United States is deliberately inciting revolutions in Latin America, that they may serve as excuses for intervention.

CANADA HAS DIAMONDS.

Gems Are Small, However, and Chiefly of Scientific Interest.

Vancouver—The director of the geological survey announces that diamonds have been discovered by the survey in British Columbia, the first recorded discovery of the kind in Canada. The rock is peridotite, of the variety known as danite, consisting of olivine and chromite. The specimens were obtained on Olivine mountain, near Tallaneen river, by Charles Cassels, of the survey. Because of the small size of the diamonds, none being much larger than a pinhead, the discovery would seem to be of scientific rather than commercial importance.

Ruins Crash on 30 Men.

Nashville — By the collapse of the walls of the building of the Fall Hardware company, which burned about ten days ago, about 30 men were buried under tons of brick, mortar and lime. Twelve bodies have been removed, but it is believed at least one more is buried in the ruins. Seventeen persons were more or less injured. Ralph McCallum was the only white man known to have been killed and Edwin Hart the only white man injured. The other victims were all colored.

500 Deputies to Work.

Somerset, Ky.—Orders to swear in 500 deputies to cope with lawlessness growing out of the white firemen's strike on the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad have been issued to Sheriff Weddle, of this county. All locomotive cab windows on trains running through Somerset have been equipped with steel plates.