

BIG NEW YORK STRIKE IS ENDED

Agreements Signed by Express Companies and Drivers

Men Vote to Accept Terms Offered by Companies—Strikebreakers Steal Loaded Van.

New York—The strike of drivers and helpers employed by five transcontinental express companies has been declared off and the men returned to work Monday.

The close of the strike was brought about by the New Jersey strikers, who voted to accept the terms upon which the companies offered to take back the men. They had rejected the terms, but a conference of the strikers with Mayor Wittgen, of Jersey City, and President Towns, of the New York Merchants' association, cleared the way for an agreement.

The New York strikers had voted to accept the company's offer, conditional upon similar action being taken by the men across the river. The agreement provides the men shall be taken back without discrimination except for acts of violence during the strike.

The agreement between the companies and their employees does not affect the strikes of chauffeurs, cab drivers and drivers for department stores, who at first quit work in sympathy with the express company employees and later presented demands of their own.

Secretary Foster, of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, declared that the fight of the chauffeurs and cab drivers would continue until recognition of their union is won.

Negotiations between striking store drivers and their employers are under way and it is hoped a settlement will be effected soon.

The theft of an express van containing merchandise worth \$50,000 and several attacks on drivers by mobs gave the police the hardest work they have had for several days in connection with the strike.

Four strikebreakers were arrested charged with the theft of the van which belonged to the Adams Express company.

After a conference in the mayor's office in Jersey City the men's representative said the acceptance of the company's terms to the strikers would be recommended.

INDIAN'S PLEA PATHETIC.

Appeal Made That Trolley Company Save Their Cemetery.

Los Angeles—The most pathetic remnant of Indians on the American continent—the Cupenos, in San Diego county—are preparing a remarkable appeal to H. E. Huntington. They ask him to restore to them the little cemetery on Warner's ranch, the land from which they have been evicted. In this burial ground most of their dead lie. The fences have fallen, the crude crosses have toppled over, and the graves are sunken, but the place is sacred to them.

The ground is in litigation, and may not be Huntington's, but the simple people somehow heard of him as a great rich man, more powerful than the White Father at Washington, who exiled them, so they are turning to the trolley magnate for help. The cemetery is near valuable hot springs.

One of the most touching dramas of the generation was witnessed on Warner's ranch a few days ago, when an old man of the tribe fell at the altar rail of the deserted chapel of the old Indian village and begged the privilege of dying on the spot where his boyhood was spent, that he might be laid where his forefathers slept.

New Star is Discovered.

Boston—The third new star to be discovered at Harvard college observatory in the last six weeks is announced by Professor Edward C. Pickering. Miss A. J. Cannon, of the observatory staff, found the star in an examination of old photographic plates taken August 10, '89. It appears in the constellation Sagittarius from that date until October, 1911. The observatory has received advices from Captain T. E. Dewitt Veeder, superintendent of the naval observatory, that Cerulli's comet was observed on November 11.

Blackmailer Has Reason.

Washington—Peter Lilljohn, who wrote a threatening letter to John D. Rockefeller, demanding \$50,000, was held to the grand jury in \$1,000 bail. The prisoner said he had no home and wanted to be arrested to obtain shelter.

OLD STEAMER WRECKED.

Historic Portland Beating to Pieces on Alaskan Coast.

Cordova, Alaska—Lying at the mouth of the Katalla river, with an unobstructed sweep of the ocean beating in upon her, the steamer Portland, Captain Frank Moore, of the Alaska Coast company line, seems doomed to be added to the already long list of vessels that have been wrecked along the treacherous Alaska coast. Creeping through the inky darkness, made worse by a blinding snow storm, the vessel struck an uncharted rock rock off Martin island at 6 o'clock in the morning.

The heavy jar when the vessel ground upon the rock brought the passengers to the deck in their night clothes, but the excellent discipline of the officers and crew soon restored order. The pumps were set to work, but the inrush of the water was too great, and Captain Moore headed the vessel for the Katalla river, where she was beached at high tide with a calm sea. The passengers were landed in the ship's boats without harm.

Launches from Katalla were soon alongside and took off the mail, express and baggage.

Captain Moore thought he could make temporary repairs at low tide. Attention is now being directed to save freight on barges. The main boiler is out of commission and the hold of the vessel is filled with water.

The steamer Alameda, now off Cape St. Elias, has been ordered to the scene of the wreck to lend assistance if possible, but heavy swells are beginning to come in and it is believed the vessel will pound to pieces.

AMERICAN SHOTS MEXICAN

Also Wounds Gendarme in Defending His Home Against Mob.

Guadalajara, Mex.—Carlos B. Carothers, a real estate dealer, shot and killed Jesus Loza, a 14 year old Mexican, and wounded Prudencio Chavez, a gendarme, in defending his home against an attack by Mexicans. Carothers surrendered to the authorities and was placed in the state penitentiary at midnight. Following a preliminary examination he was placed incommunicado.

Although the entire police force, foot and mounted, and the Tenth regiment of cavalry were called out, rioting, which began at 8 o'clock at night, was suppressed only after three hours of vigorous efforts and after additional damage to property had been done. The affair was a continuation of the previous night's violence by students and workmen.

Carothers, who declared at the police station that he was a Mexican, born at Saltillo, state of Coahuila, but whose parents were Louisianans, was guarding his home in the western part of the city, the windows and doors of which had been broken in the first night's rioting, when the mob approached.

NINE KILLED; MANY INJURED IN TROLLEY CAR SMASHUP

Kalamazoo, Mich.—Nine persons were killed here when a fast Michigan Central express train hit a Main street car. Nearly a dozen were injured, some fatally. The known dead: Mortimer Ward Abbott, Harry Holtz, Miss Bertha Hensler, James Breeze, William Shafer, Hazel Hart.

Three bodies were removed from the plot of the engine so badly mangled that recognition was impossible.

Conductor Van Horn had gone up the track to flag his car ahead. Standing near the crossing was a string of box cars, which obscured the view of the main track, and he motioned his car ahead.

He had stepped aside to let the car pass when the train came around the bend at a terrific rate. The crash came just as Van Horn stepped from between the train and his car. He escaped injury, but has been removed to his home in a state of nervous collapse.

At the hospital are two unidentified girls, whose injuries may prove fatal. They are badly cut and physicians say they are injured internally.

Police Chief is Slain.

Anadarko, Okla.—Police Chief W. C. Temple was called to his door by an unidentified Mexican and fatally shot. He died in 15 minutes. The shooting came about an hour after six shots were fired at a patrolman on Main street here by some person who was not found.

The Mexican, who came to Anadarko recently, appeared to be well educated. About 300 men from Anadarko are scattered over the county searching for him and if he is found it is feared that a lynching will result.

Mail-Order House Pays.

Chicago—A \$10,000,000 "melon" was decided on by the directors of Sears, Roebuck Co., the stock of which firm is listed on the New York and Chicago exchanges. The directors voted to recommend a stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent on the common stock (\$30,000,000) to holders of record April 1, 1911.

WEST DEFEATS BOWERMAN

Republicans Get Both Representatives in Congress.

Prohibition is Defeated and Home Rule Carries Small—Woman's Suffrage is Swamped.

The winners in Oregon: Congressman, First district—W. C. Hawley, Marion county, Rep. Congressman, Second district—A. W. Lafferty, Multnomah county, Rep. Governor—Oswald West, Clatsop county, Dem.

Secretary of state—F. W. Benson, Douglas county, Rep. State treasurer—Thomas B. Kay, Marion county, Rep.

Justices of Supreme court, four-year term—Henry J. Bean, Umatilla county, Rep.; Thomas A. McBride, Clackamas county, Rep., Dem., non-political judiciary.

Justices of Supreme court, six-year term—George H. Burnett, Marion county, Rep.; Frank A. Moore, Columbia county, Rep., Dem., non-political judiciary.

Attorney general—A. M. Crawford, Douglas county, Rep.

Superintendent of public instruction—L. R. Alderman, Lane county, Rep. State printer—Willis S. Duniway, Multnomah county, Rep.

Commissioner of labor and inspector of factories and workshops—O. P. Hoff, Multnomah county, Rep.

Railroad commissioner—Frank J. Miller, Linn county, Rep.

State engineer—John H. Lewis, Marion county, Rep.

With more than half the vote in the state counted, Oswald West leads Jay Bowerman in the contest for governor by more than 1,800, and apparently the estimate made at first indications that West had been elected by a plurality of 3,000 to 4,000 will be borne out by the final count.

The expectations aroused by the early count as to West's plurality in Multnomah county have not been fulfilled. Later returns partly closed the gap between the two, but Bowerman apparently has no hope of carrying the county. West will have about 1,000 plurality in Multnomah. The figures given include 129 of the 182 precincts of the county, where the count has been completed, and fair percentages of the vote cast in all other counties but Columbia, Curry, Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Sherman and Wheeler.

With returns in covering fully 80 per cent of the vote cast on the home rule liquor amendment to the constitution, the measure has a majority in the state of 3,335. The remaining returns will cut this majority down considerably and the amendment, if carried, will have a small majority, possibly not more than 1,000.

The state at large, outside of Multnomah county, has given a substantial vote against the amendment, but Multnomah's majority for it of 5,000 seems to have turned back the tide.

Elections under the local option law were held in 15 counties in Oregon at the time of the general election and the reports received therefrom indicate that five, and possibly six, counties now dry have gone over to the "wet" column.

The "dry" counties known to have voted "wet" are Morrow, Klamath, Umatilla, Malheur and Polk, and reports indicate that Tillamook, now a "dry" county, has also voted to restore the sale of liquor.

It is known that Douglas county has again voted against the saloons and Linn remains dry by a majority of more than 500. Clackamas, now "wet," has refused to change its policy. Josephine county, now "dry," has given a majority of only 12 against the sale of liquor, but it is reported a contest will be entered in the effort to throw out the vote in one dry precinct on account of alleged irregularities.

Cos, now "wet," it is reported, has voted to oust the liquor dealers, but the report could not be confirmed.

Lake county remains "wet" by a majority of about 60.

The home rule bill may reasonably be expected to have passed, although the majority for the bill is not as great as the majority against prohibition. The vote so far as reported, including Multnomah county, is yes, 3,157; no, 2,271.

Very meager returns on other amendments are in from the state outside of Portland, but in that city woman's suffrage has been defeated two to one and a like majority has been rolled up against the separate district measure. Portland has given strong approval to the Eastern Washington asylum bill, has voted against a constitutional convention and all three tax amendments have been favored. The employers' liability bill has a strong lead in Portland, all county division bills have been disapproved, but the normal school bills seem to have carried in the city.

CHEAPER FOOD SOON DUE.

Armour Predicts Early Decline of High Prices.

Kansas City—Charles W. Armour, head of the Armour interests here, said that he believed food prices had reached their climax and were now on the down grade.

"General food prices are working towards a lower basis," he said. "The cereals are getting down. People are going to take advantage of lower prices and that will have a tendency to relieve the stringency in meat prices, especially pork."

Just how soon the lower prices are to come, Mr. Armour said he did not know.

"But we welcome the time," he said, "for no dealer likes to sell stuff at such high prices as pork has been bringing for several weeks. But when the packer has to pay 8, 9, 10, and 11 cents for live hogs, what has he to say about prices?"

Mr. Armour said that if the farmers would raise better hogs the pork problem in this country would soon be solved. "Suppose," he argued, "that two pounds extra weight were put on every hog sent to the markets. The aggregate increase in weight would be enormous."

"If farmers were to work harder for healthy hogs, much less pork would be condemned by the United States inspectors," he said.

RAILROAD STRIKE PENDING.

Southern Pacific Notified That Trainmen Would Arbitrate.

San Francisco—Officials of the Southern Pacific company have been informed of the desire of the trainmen of Western roads for a meeting to arbitrate their demands for an increase of wages. The meeting will likely be held in Chicago about the middle of December.

The Southern Pacific employs about 1,500 conductors and 3,000 brakemen. The demand will be for an average increase of 10 per cent. The controversy of the firemen was settled recently at a meeting in San Francisco.

The engineers of the Western roads are now polling the men in their organization throughout the West as to whether a general strike will be called. Union officials have informed the railroad company that an answer as to the strike problem would be given at Chicago on December 12.

INSULAR AUDITOR HIT AT.

He is Suspended by President for Row With General Forbes.

Manila—Insular Auditor Clarke has been suspended by Secretary of War Dickinson for alleged insubordination to Governor General Forbes. Mr. Clarke was engaged in the investigation of alleged graft at Baguio, the charge being made that his deputies were intimidating and otherwise misconducting themselves.

Governor General Forbes ordered an investigation of their methods. Mr. Clarke protested, denied the authority of the governor general and instructed his deputies to give the investigator sent by General Forbes no information. It is understood that Mr. Clarke alleged that there had been no improper expenditures of money at Baguio.

Milwaukee Runs Behind.

Milwaukee, Wis.—The Socialist administration has borrowed another \$160,000 from Milwaukee banks to meet expenses during November. This is the second sum needed since the funds ran out two months ago. It is expected that the city will have to borrow another sum before tax money comes in. Controller Dietz has returned to Commissioner Briggs payrolls for extra work by employees of the department of public works, amounting to \$137.75, with information that the money cannot be allowed.

Conspiracy is Charged.

Seattle—Henry White, of Los Angeles, and C. A. McKenzie and Charles H. Doughton, of Seattle, were arrested by a deputy United States marshal on indictments returned recently by the Federal grand jury sitting at Spokane. The men were released under bonds of \$2,500 each. White, McKenzie and Doughton are charged with conspiring to defraud the government by organizing companies to take over Alaska coal claims illegally filed upon by the claimants.

Gomez Threatens to Quit.

Havana—La Discussion says a serious political crisis is imminent. According to the newspaper, Vice President Zayas, having called upon President Gomez to fulfill his pledges made two years ago to recognize Zayas as the presidential candidate of the United Liberal factions and President Gomez having shown no disposition to keep the pledge, is reported to have threatened to disrupt the party and even to resign the vice presidency.

Federal Finances Good.

Washington—The beginning of this month has brought an improved condition of government finances showing a surplus of more than \$700,000 as against a deficit of \$2,500,000 a year ago.

SENATE WILL BE REPUBLICAN

Democrats Gain 56 in House and Lose Only Six.

Montana Goes Democratic—Beveridge Loses Seat in Senate—Twenty-Seven Governors Chosen.

New York—The political upheaval of Tuesday was followed by a general survey of the field, which disclosed in greater detail and precision just what had been accomplished. Latest calculations on the national house of representatives, based on complete but unofficial returns, show that the Democrats will have a majority of 60.

The outcome of the United States senate is now definitely settled. The Republicans are assured of 17 new senators, which, with 34 hold-over senators, gives them a total of 51. The Democrats are assured of 16 new senators, which, with 25 hold-overs, give them a total of 41.

Returns late from Montana are to the effect that the Democrats have elected at least 53 members of the next state legislature, which means that a Democrat will be elected to succeed United States Senator Carter. Fifty-two votes are necessary to control on joint ballot. The senate will be Republican by a vote of 11 to 17, while the house will be Democratic by 42 to 32, according to practically complete returns.

These determined totals, however, leave a Republican majority in the senate as follows: Total membership, 92; necessary to majority, 47; Republicans, 51; Democrats, 41.

The table of losses and gains in the house shows that Democrats won 56 seats previously held by Republicans, while only six Republicans took places away from Democrats.

The 63d congress will be composed as follows:

Democrats—Alabama 9, Arkansas 7, Colorado 3, Florida 3, Georgia, 11, Illinois 6, Indiana 11, Iowa 1, Kentucky 8, Louisiana 6, Maryland 3, Massachusetts 4, Minnesota 1, Mississippi 8, Missouri 10, Nebraska 3, Nevada 1, New Jersey 3, New York 12, North Carolina 7, Ohio 8, Oklahoma, 2, Pennsylvania 5, South Carolina 7, Tennessee 8, Texas 15, Virginia 9, Wisconsin 1; total 172.

Republicans—California 8, Connecticut 5, Delaware 1, Idaho 1, Illinois 19, Indiana 2, Iowa 10, Kansas 8, Kentucky 3, Maine 4, Maryland 3, Massachusetts 9, Michigan 12, Minnesota 8, Missouri 6, Montana 1, Nebraska 3, New Hampshire 2, New Jersey 7, New York 25, North Carolina 3, North Dakota 2, Ohio 13, Oklahoma 3, Oregon 2, Pennsylvania 27, Rhode Island 2, South Dakota 2, Tennessee 1, Utah 1, Vermont 2, Virginia 1, Washington 3, West Virginia 5, Wisconsin 10, Wyoming 1; total 215.

A summary of the contest for governorships in 27 states shows that 13 Republicans and 13 Democrats won, Idaho being in doubt. The successful candidates with their pluralities follow:

Pennsylvania, Tener, 33,000; New Hampshire, Bass, 70,000; Rhode Island, Pothier, 900; Iowa, Carroll, 10,000; Kansas, Stubbs, 10,000; Michigan, Osborn, 40,000; Minnesota, Eberhart, 50,000; Nebraska, Aldrich, 5,000; South Dakota, Vessey, 12,000; Wisconsin, McGovern; California, Johnson, 25,000; Nevada, Oddie; Tennessee, Hooper, 12,000.

Democrats—New York, Dix, 66,000; New Jersey, Wilson, 30,000; Connecticut, Baldwin, 3,500; Massachusetts, Foss, 33,000; Ohio, Harmon, 60,000; Oklahoma, Cruce; Colorado, Shafroth; Oregon, West; Wyoming, Carey; Alabama, O'Neill, 50,000; South Carolina, Blease, 60,000; Texas, Colquitt; North Dakota, Burke, 3,000.

New York—Commenting on the result of the elections, the New York papers generally regard it as a rebuke to Theodore Roosevelt and a death blow to his ambition and his new nationalism.

Roseburg Wants Bowerman.

Roseburg—Out of a total of 150 votes counted up to 11:30 o'clock Bowerman had 100 votes. Indications are that Bowerman will carry the county by 300 votes instead of 150 votes, as predicted. Hawley will win over Smith by 400 votes in Douglas county. All other Republican nominees on the state ticket will outdistance their opponents. Roseburg will probably go "wet" by 200 votes. Owing to the slow count it will be impossible to determine the results in detail for some time.

15 Burbons Win in Ohio.

Cleveland, O.—Final unofficial figures on the Ohio election show that the Democrats have elected 15 out of 21 congressmen. The Cleveland News figures Judson Harmon, Democrat, has been re-elected governor by a plurality of 80,770.