

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS OF OUR HOME STATE

BASS PUT IN KLAMATH.

Lake Stocked From River Sloughs
Near Portland.

Under the supervision of Robert O. Stevenson, state game warden, lake Klamath has been stocked with 10,000 bass fry. The fish were taken from the Willamette and Columbia sloughs near Portland to lake Klamath by J. L. Green, chief deputy game warden, and C. T. Evans, a special deputy warden.

The bass were liberated in the lake after being taken from Portland on board the Southern Pacific train. The fish were transported in huge cans in the express car.

Considering the fact that the fish were taken in the express car the loss was small. Fewer than 1,000 were lost in the transfer. The usual method of transportation is a refrigerating car. The temperature of the water should be about 56 degrees. Hundreds of pounds of ice were used in keeping the temperature down. Several stops were made for fresh water. A report was abroad that the state fish hatchery had stocked Lake Klamath, but this was erroneous. The work was done by Game Warden Stevenson and his assistants. If an appropriation is made for stocking the streams and lakes of the state, Game Warden Stevenson says that he will make them fairly teem with the gamey fish.

"We can stock every lake and stream in the state with bass, ring perch, croppies and sunfish at practically no expense," said Chief Deputy Warden Green. "These fish we shall take from the sloughs in the vicinity of Portland. Already we have taken more than 100,000 from the ponds adjacent to Columbia slough, which are rapidly drying up."

APPLE SHOW TO BE LARGE.

State Horticultural Society Receives
Many Inquiries.

Portland—That the annual apple show to be given here under the auspices of the Oregon State Horticultural society November 30 and December 1 and 2 will be the largest affair of the kind ever held in the state, is the belief of Frank W. Power, secretary of the society. Mr. Power is in receipt daily of inquiries from fruitgrowers all over the state for complete details and premium lists.

The special prize of \$250 for the largest and best exhibit, which has been made open to fruitgrowers of any district in the Northwest, is creating much interest and Mr. Powers believes that a large list of entries for this prize will be received.

The show is receiving support of the Portland Commercial club and that organization has voted \$100 towards the fund to be raised for the sweepstakes prize of \$250.

Mr. Power announced that the railroads have agreed to grant special rates for the show. With their assistance it is believed that the attendance this year will be unusually good.

'57 FOREST FIRE RECALLED.

Forest Service to Replant Acreage
Burned 53 Years Ago.

With the coming of the rainy season in Oregon, the forest service has planned the seeding of between 5,000 and 6,000 acres of burned-over lands at a cost of approximately \$20,000, 700 acres being situated at the Bull Run watershed, as an auxiliary to the Portland water supply.

The largest amount of planting is to be done in the Mt. Hebo district, south of Tillamook, and adjacent to the dairyland district. The district was burned over in 1857 and has never become reforested. It is now a mat of ferns and underbrush. On most of the area Eastern hardwoods will be planted, hickory, white oak and chestnut being the favorites. Most of these species are now being grown in the front yards of the ranchers in that section, which gives the Federal officers encouragement in the belief that they will thrive. The ferns and underbrush will be cleared away with mattocks so that seed may be given a chance to grow.

Hood Fruit Fair Nov. 23-26.

Hood River—The board of directors of the Hood River Fruit Fair association have fixed the date for holding the annual fruit fair from November 23 to 26. The fair will continue for four days. This is one day longer than it has been held in previous years. The late date at which it will be held this year will enable the growers to make a much finer display than in former years. The fair building will not be finished for this year's display and the use of several of the largest buildings in the city is at the disposal of the fair committee.

Comice Pears Sell High.

Medford—A carload of Comice pears from the Hillcrest orchard has been sold for \$6.70 a box. This is the banner price received for Rogue River valley pears this season.

SAYS OREGON BEST STATE.

Railroad Man Here on Visit, Sorry
He Can't Locate.

Portland—James H. Carside, one of the best known railroad men in the middle states and for nearly a quarter of a century connected with the A. T. & S. F. Ry. Co., and the C. R. I. & P. Ry., at Atchison, Kan., is in Portland for a few days visiting.

This is Mr. Carside's first trip west of the Rocky Mountains. Oregon looks good to him, and he says when he gets back to dear old Kansas he will have to boost for Oregon, whether he wants to or not, for he believes in telling the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

"Oregon is the best state in the Union," Mr. Carside exclaimed enthusiastically. "It's a dandy. And I have seen all the states of the country except those of the Pacific Northwest. On the way out I had a good opportunity to draw comparisons, and let me tell you that Oregon is the best of 'em all. I know you have a good many people from Kansas out here, and I don't blame them a bit for remaining. I would like to stay here myself. You've got the land, the resources, and above all the climate. I never had an idea what wealth had been bestowed by nature out here. I have read a good deal about it and heard it talked of, but could not imagine that it was the truth, but from what I now see only half was told."

New Sawmill to Start.

Portland—A new sawmill, with a capacity of 30,000 feet per day, is ready for operation near Bull Run. It is owned by the Mount Hood Railway company and will be sawing railroad ties to capacity in a few days. William Willis, of Sellwood, will take charge of the mill.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Green Fruits—Apples, new, 60¢@1.50 per box; pears, 1¢@2; peaches, 40¢@65¢ per crate; grapes, 50¢@1.25 per box; 15¢ per basket; cranberries, \$8.10@9.50 per barrel; huckleberries, 7¢@8¢ per pound; watermelons, \$1 per hundred; cantaloupes, \$1@1.50 per crate; casabas, \$3.50 per dozen.

Vegetables—Beans, 30¢@50¢ per pound; cabbage, 1¢@2¢; cauliflower, 50¢@1.25 per dozen; celery 75¢@90¢; corn, 12¢@15¢; cucumbers, 25¢@40¢ per box; eggplant, \$1@1.25 per crate; garlic, 8¢@10¢ per pound; green onions, 15¢ per dozen; peppers, 6¢; pumpkins, 1¢; radishes, 15¢@20¢ per dozen; sprouts, 7¢@8¢; squash, 1¢@1.5¢ per pound; tomatoes, 15¢@25¢ per box; carrots, 1¢@1.25 sack; 1.50 hundred; parsnips, \$1@1.25; turnips, \$1.

Potatoes—Oregon, \$1.15@1.25 per hundred; sweet potatoes, 2¢@2.5¢ per pound.

Onions—Oregon, buying price, \$1.10 per hundred.

Wheat—Track prices: Bluestem, 88¢@89¢; club, 83¢; red Russian, 81¢; valley, 86¢; 40-fold, 85¢; Turkey red, 82¢@88¢.

Barley—Feed, \$22 per ton; brewing, \$23.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$25 per ton; middlings, \$33; shorts, \$27; rolled barley, \$24.50@25.50.

Hay—Track prices: Timothy, Willamette valley, \$19@20 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$21@22; alfalfa, new, \$15@16; grain hay, \$14.

Corn—Whole, \$32; cracked, \$33 ton. Oats—White, \$27 per ton; gray, \$26; California, \$25@27.

Poultry—Hens, 16¢; springs, 16¢; ducks, white, 17¢@17.5¢; geese, 11¢@12.5¢; turkeys, live, 20¢; dressed, 22¢@25¢; squabs, \$2 per dozen.

Butter—City creamery, solid pack, 35¢ per pound; prints, 37¢@37.5¢; outside creamery, 35¢@36¢; butter fat, 36¢; country store, 24¢@25¢.

Eggs—Oregon, candled, 34¢@35¢, Eastern, 26¢@32¢ per dozen.

Pork—Fancy, 15¢ per pound.

Veal—Good, average, 10¢@11¢ per pound.

Cattle—Beef steers, good to choice, \$5@5.50; fair to medium, \$4.50@5; choice spayed heifers, \$4.50@4.75; good to choice beef cows, \$4.25@4.60; medium to good, \$3.50@4; common, \$2@3.50; bulls, \$3.50@4; stags, good to choice, \$4@4.50; calves, light, \$7@7.50; heavy, \$3.75@5.

Hogs—Top, \$10@10.25; fair to medium, \$9.25@10.

Sheep—Best valley wethers, \$3.25@3.50; fair to good wethers, \$3@3.25; best Mt. Adams wethers, \$4@4.25; best valley ewes, \$3@3.50; lambs, choice Mt. Adams, \$5.25@5.50; choice valley, \$5@5.25.

Ingratitude.

Chicago Tribune.

"I wish the meddlesome busybody who made two blades of grass grow where only one grew before," grunted the old gentleman with a lawnmower, pausing to wipe his perspiring brow, "could make two muscles grow where there is only one now."

PORTUGAL IS REPUBLIC.

Braga Proclaimed President—King
Flees From Capital.

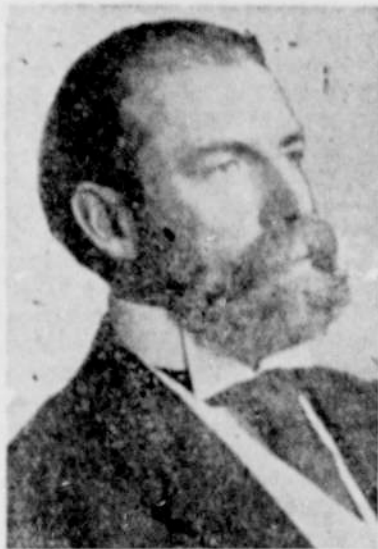
Lisbon, Oct. 6.—The capital is now completely in the hands of the Republicans, who have formed a provisional government, with Theophile Braga as president. A new national flag of red and green is flying over all public buildings, including the town hall.

This afternoon a proclamation was issued by the provisional government to the Portuguese people, announcing: "The people, army and navy have succeeded in proclaiming a republic. The Braganza dynasty, mischievous and disturbing to social peace, has been forever exiled from Portugal."

King Manuel, with the Queen Mother Amelie and his grandmother, the Queen Dowager Maria Pia, has taken refuge at Mafra, 23 miles from Lisbon.

Already the Spanish minister, in full uniform, has called to pay his respects to the Republican leaders.

It is impossible to estimate the number of those killed or wounded in yesterday's fighting, but it is expected to



GOV. CHAS. E. HUGHES
Of New York, who has been appointed Associate
Justice of the Supreme Court.

reach several hundred. The city has been considerably damaged by the bombardment of insurgent warships. The buildings occupied by the ministries around the Praca do Comercio and the Necessidades palace were made the particular targets and today show broken walls and turrets. The tower of the church attached to the palace was demolished.

Thus far, however, no attack has been made upon private property and it is reported that the banks are being guarded by bluejackets. No word has been received from the province, as communication has been largely cut off, and dispatches and messages of all kinds have been suppressed.

REVOLT MAY SPREAD.

Spain is Badly Worried and European
Monarchs Anxious.

Paris—The Sud express train reached Paris Wednesday minus its Lisbon section. Crowds awaited its arrival, hoping to get news of the outbreak.

Members of the Portuguese legation were among those disappointed.

Travelers from Spain say that Bilbao and Barcelona, Spain, are in a state of effervescence. Republicans and Carlists are following the trend of revolution with undisguised satisfaction.

General Weyler, captain general of Catalonia, has taken stringent measures to preserve order. He is hurrying troops to Republican and Carlist strongholds, where an outbreak is feared on October 13, the anniversary of the execution of Ferrer.

The Spanish-Portuguese frontier is the scene of extraordinary animation. A stream of carts is entering Spain, laden with chattels of the wealthy and poor, all fearing pillage if they remain in Portugal.

The presence of a British warship in the Tagus greatly comforted King Alfonso, who feared King Manuel would fall a victim to the revolution.

Today's train for Lisbon was crowded, the passengers including representatives of French business houses with interests in Portugal.

New Anesthetic is Tried.

Spokane, Wash.—The first operation to be performed in Spokane with the new anesthetic, stovaine, took place at St. Luke's hospital. For 45 minutes Dr. S. E. Lambert operated upon Guy Lemon, a cook, 40 years old, for varicose veins, one of the most painful operations known to surgery. During all of this time the patient was conscious, exchanged words with the surgeons gathered about, and occasionally watched the progress of the operation. Below the chest he had no feeling, and suffered no pain whatever.

Fire Destroys Four Towns.

St. Paul—The towns of Gracetown, Williams, Swift and Roosevelt, Minnesota, on the Canadian Northern railroad, near the international boundary line, have been destroyed by forest fires. No loss of life is reported.

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

GUARD TO ASK FOR PAY.

General Wood Says Congress Will
Grant Request.

St. Louis—The plan to ask congress to place the National guard on the army salary list, at rates of 5 to 25 per cent of the regular wages, was adopted at a conference of National guard officers here.

General Leonard Wood, who attended the conference, said the War department would support the bill to appropriate \$5,000,000 to \$6,000,000 for pay of officers and enlisted men of the guards. Every boy in the United States more than 13 years old should be trained as a soldier, according to General Wood.

"I would out-German the Germans," said the general, "by instituting compulsory military education in all the schools."

"Every boy 13 years of age or more should be compelled to learn to use a rifle as part of his school course. Then we would have a generation of crack marksmen."

"I would have the boys instructed in the rudiments of military science. They should be taught to throw up earth-works and to plan scientific lines of defense. These studies would teach them the initiative in combat which modern warfare requires."

"Military drill would be part of the compulsory education. The public schools would be advisable in this connection but not indispensable."

"Our standing army of 80,000 men is far too small, and congress should provide for its increase to at least 140,000 men. We have not only the Philippines and Alaska to guard, but the fortifications at the Isthmus of Panama will soon have to be manned."

He elaborated on his former statement of the use of aeroplanes by saying that the aeroplane will be the greatest aid to the army in the future. Its usefulness, however, can be demonstrated only by young men who have money and time, as the army is facing an economical congress.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE RESIGNS.

Fourth to Retire During Administration
of President Taft.

Beverly, Mass.—Associate Justice William H. Moody, of the United States Supreme court, tendered his resignation to President Taft, to take effect November 20. The president wrote to Justice Moody, who is at Magnolia, accepting the resignation, and expressing his high regard for the retiring jurist. In retirement, Judge Moody will receive the full pay of an active member of the court, \$12,000.

Justice Moody has been ill for more than a year. Despite the fact that he had known for some time that Mr. Moody's retirement was inevitable, the president said today that he had accepted the resignation with great reluctance.

When he shall have appointed successors to the late Chief Justice Fuller and to Justice Moody, Mr. Taft, within two years of taking office, will have appointed four of the justices of the Supreme court.

MATURE SALMON DROP OFF.

Government Inspector Says Alaska
Fisheries Need Aid.

Astoria, Or.—Harry Clifford Fassett, inspector of fisheries of the Federal department, has just returned from Nushagak river, Alaska, where he has been stationed during the fishing season. The government has endeavored for a number of years to count the mature salmon which go up Nushagak and Wood rivers to the natural spawning grounds. He says while he is not permitted to give any figures the number this season was less than three-fourths of what ascended those streams last year.

Mr. Fassett says the government has practically decided to establish a hatchery on Wood river and congress is expected to make an appropriation for the plant at its coming session. He has selected the site for the proposed plant and is also ascertaining what arrangements can be made for taking in the supplies for the hatchery to the ships of the cannery fleet.

Mail Order Man Is Arrested.

Chicago—Alfred H. Monroe, president of the Globe association, a \$300,000 mail order house, was arrested by the Federal authorities charged with violating the postal law through an alleged fraudulent mail order scheme. Monroe is said to have made thousands of dollars and to have swindled persons all over the country. The complaining witness is L. McBride, of Akron, O.

Rear-Admiral Roelker Dies.

Washington—Rear Admiral Charles R. Roelker, retired, is dead in this city. He was born in Germany in 1841; saw service in the Civil war as an engineer and during the Spanish-American war was a member of the inspection board. His last active duty was with the fish commission in 1907.

CHINA MUST WAIT AWHILE.

Japan Thinks Empire Not Ready for
Constitution.

Washington—Should anyone attempt to press the Chinese government hereafter for immediate opening of Parliament the authorities should deal with him vigorously, declared Count Okuma, the former Japanese premier in a recent statement which has reached Washington. Count Okuma refers to the Chinese prince regent's refusal to grant a parliament as prayed for during the turbulent times last summer. Count Okuma, who has closely watched the situation in China says he doubts whether that country will be in a fit condition to have a national assembly for nine years at the present rate of progress, but in its present unprepared state it is "altogether too rash" to claim constitutional rights.

"Thus 19 years ago," according to his statement, "a decree was issued in Japan, promising the nation to open a Diet after nine years. Yet more than 20 years were spent in various arrangements before Parliament was opened. In China not more than three years have passed since the edict promising a Diet was issued. The constitutions of various countries were investigated, provincial assemblies opened and the council of administrative affairs is going to be organized, but national conditions hardly warrant the empire in possessing a parliament instantly. In China the central government is singularly weak, owing to the constant friction between Chinese and Manchus concerning the Manchu government, the imperfection of communication and the difference of dialects. It is best for China to develop the provincial assemblies, cultivate political ideas among the nation and gradually move toward the desired goal."

LAWS WILL BE CHANGED.

Interests Now Control Much Property
Through Pernicious Statutes.

Square miles of the most valuable mineral lands in Alaska have been located and are being held by men who never moved from their Wall street offices. Thousands of acres of mineral lands are being held by speculators who have not the shadow of right to them, because the mining laws permit the practice of fraud in public lands.

Until the mining laws are changed, wholesale fraud and robbery by the "interests" will continue, declared Edmund B. Kirby, a leading mining engineer, while passing through Portland on his return to St. Louis after attending the American Mining congress at Los Angeles.

"The repressive effect of the present evils of the mining code in the United States and Alaska is attracting attention from mining men everywhere," said Mr. Kirby.

Only those actually engaged in the business realize the extent to which miners and prospectors are being shut out from mineral territory. I know of one man who has located and is holding for purely speculative purposes, in the United States, 560 lode claims, or 11,000 acres, in one block, and over 300 claims in another. The imperfections in our mining laws are responsible for the fact that such a man has control and miners who would actually develop the property are shut out."

Because of the desire to unravel the tangle of mining laws, and replacing them with new and adequate legislation, the mining congress adopted the committee's report on revision of mining laws. Mr. Kirby is chairman of that committee.

MUST BE APPORTIONED.

Result of Census Sets New Task for
Congress.

Washington—One of the first questions with which the approaching session of congress will be called to grapple will be to determine when the next apportionment of members of the house of representatives under the recent census shall be made.

While it is not actually required by the constitution, that instrument implies that a reapportionment shall follow each decennial enumeration of the people, and accordingly a redistribution of seats in the house membership has taken place hitherto soon after the conclusion of each census.

Apportionment in itself can be used for party advantage only through the manipulation of population fractions in the various states. The size of the house once determined, the representation of each state is arrived at by dividing the aggregate population of the country by the total membership of the house and then dividing the population of any given state by the quotient thus obtained. Almost inevitably there ensues upon each of such divisions a remainder, large or small.

San Francisco: Over 400,000.

San Francisco—There has been no intimation or suspicion that San Francisco's census returns were padded. The best estimates put the population at approximately 420,000.