

The Santiam News.

VOL. XIII.

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, JANUARY 28 1910.

NO. 32

FRANCE FLOODED PARIS IN DANGER

WATER DOING HARM IN REPUBLIC.

Victims Are Over 100,000. Government Requisitions Supplies From Army

CROWDED PARIS SUFFERS. RIVERS RISING

Jan Against Bridge Will Require Dynamiting Eiffel Tower Is In Danger—More District Inundated.

Paris, Jan. 25.—Floods have brought disaster to a large part of France. The ordinarily modest and peaceful Seine is now a raging torrent, and rising at the rate of more than half an inch an hour.

The general expectation that the maximum of the flood would be reached tonight has not been realized. The Seine's tributaries are rising steadily and the official estimate tonight is that the Seine will be at least 15 inches higher tomorrow afternoon.

Victims of the flood number more than 100,000 and the momentary loss is incalculable. Thousands of people are hopelessly ruined.

The Oregonian argues because the Democrats hold what that paper calls "Assemblies," the Republicans have the same or a like right. Nobody disputes this right. It is the intent of the "Assembly" which is questioned. The Democratic is the minority party of Oregon. A candidate on that ticket has but small show of election, unless there is a disaffection in the majority party. Hence, the purpose of the Democratic "Assembly" is to select and recommend to the primaries, particularly strong candidates for such places as the Republican party, because of disaffection, nominate a weak candidate. On the other hand, the Republican "Assembly" will be for the purpose of selecting, not the strongest candidate, but he who has the most influential pull. In other words, the man who can bring about the most complete organization. It is for this purpose the Direct Primary was instituted—to break up just such machine politics. Rings and combinations are always formed when a party is largely in the majority. The minority party can not afford to form rings nor combinations, because every vote of that party is necessary for election and then some.

Vetch Straw For Sale

I have 20 tons of vetch straw, which is equal to or better than cheat hay, at \$10 per ton.

S. W. GAINES, Santiam Farm

WARDEN'S BARN BURNED

Game Law Breakers Take Revenge For Arrest of Deer-Slayers.

Crawfordsville, Or., Jan. 22.—Serious trouble has been brewing at Holly, three miles above here. A short time ago the deputy game warden arrested two men for killing deer out of season. A few days ago, while he was in the mountains watching for other alleged law-breakers, his barn was burned and several head of stock shot. Some of his family were at home at the time, but did not dare leave the house to investigate for fear of being shot themselves. The barn and contents were a total loss, and some of the stock also died.

It is not known who are the guilty ones. Lawlessness is rife in that vicinity at present. Many people are losing their chickens.

OBITUARY.

Died at her home in Bilyeu Den, Linn county, Oregon, Thursday, Jan. 20, Amanda R. Calavan, wife of Madison Calavan, aged 61 years and 22 days.

Mrs. Calavan, whose maiden name was Goin, was born in Ky. Dec. 29, 1848. Two years later the family moved to Mercer Co., Mo., where they remained until the spring of 1864, when they, together with several other families of relatives, began the long journey across the plains to Oregon.

After five months of weary travel with ox teams the company arrived at Scio, Oregon.

In the following year, 1865 she was married to James Madison Calavan, and three years later the family, then four in number, moved to the San Juan River Valley, Stanislaus Co., California.

The family returned to Oregon again in 1876 and located near Scio, but afterwards moved to the present home three miles south of Jordan, Oregon.

Mrs. Calavan has had very poor health for many years, and her death was expected by all her near relatives and friends.

Amanda, as she was familiarly known was well loved by all who knew her. In 1871 she was united with the Christian church and has ever since led a faithful christian life. She was a loving mother and a devoted wife.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. S. B. Cole and the burial took place in the Bilyeu Den cemetery, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Besides scores of friends and other relatives Mrs. Calavan leaves behind, her lonely husband and six children, six other children of the family having preceded the mother to the Fair Beyond.

Those of the children who are living and all of whom were present at the funeral were:

J. E. Calavan, of Oregon City, Ore.; Mrs. J. F. Mitts, Canby, Ore.; John M. and Earl, of Scio, Ore.; V. L. Calavan, of Shedd, Ore. and Miss Nora Calavan, of Scio, Ore.

A large number of friends and relatives followed the remains to its last resting place. To the bereaved family are extended the sympathies of the entire community.

THE BOYCOTT IS GROWING

Marked Decrease In Price Of Foodstuffs Reported From Many Points of Country.

THE UNIONS OF COLORADO JOIN

Beginning Today 50,000 Men In That State Will Eat No Meat Until Cost Is "Less—Special Grand Jury In New York.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—From many parts of the country come reports of lower prices for foodstuffs and accessions to the ranks of anti-meat crusaders. The labor unions of Colorado have passed resolutions that, beginning tomorrow, the 50,000 men who make up their ranks will eat no more meat until there has been a material reduction in the price.

As showing the effect the boycott has had so far, reductions were made here today of from 3 to 5 per cent in the wholesale prices of eggs, butter, potatoes, pork products and the higher grades of dressed beef cuts. On the exchanges quotations of live hogs, cattle and sheep and wheat, corn, oats and provisions are materially less.

Butter, a reduction in which was announced yesterday, has declined still more, from 32 to 31 cents, wholesale. Eggs, too, are now 32 cents a dozen, as contracted with 34 cents last week.

New York reports large reductions in the price of foodstuffs. Milk has dropped 1 cent a quart on at least two of the big dealers' routes; butter, in the best qualities, has been cut 5 cents a pound; eggs are off 5 cents a dozen. Storage eggs that have been put out as "strictly fresh," at high prices, are no longer sold as such.

The anti-monopoly of New York State are to be invoked in the fight for lower prices. A special grand jury has been sworn in to consider the effect of combinations among dealers on the prices of foodstuffs. The alleged milk combine in the city will be taken up first, and then the jury will turn its attention to meat.

In Cleveland a movement has been started asking Senator Burton to father a movement to have an export tax placed on meat. This is supplementary to petitions now being presented for signature in the city. These petitions will be sent to congress.

Pittsburg began its meat fast of 30 days today. About 25,000 workmen went to their toll without a sign of meat of any kind in their dinner pails. The movement has already had its effect on the prices of food. Butter has dropped 6 cents from yesterday, eggs are down 2 and 3 cents a dozen. The director of the Department of Health advises eating meat but once a day, as a solution to the problem.

The News will be glad to supply a copy of the paper free, regularly, to any one who will supply items of news weekly from any and all of the surrounding neighborhoods. Some one in every neighborhood should be willing to take up this work for the interests of themselves and neighbors.

Executors' Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed executor of the last Will and Estate of G. T. Frost, deceased, by the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn, and that said executors have duly qualified. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same, with proper vouchers and duly verified, to R. F. Frost, one of the undersigned executors, at his place of residence, to-wit: Scio, Linn County, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.

Dated and first published this 21 day of January 1910.

F. B. FROST
G. M. FROST

Executors of the will and estate of G. T. Frost, deceased.

J. B. Hosford,
Attorney for Executors.

Last Publication Feby. 18.

Subscribe for—

THE SANTIAM NEWS

NATURE'S GREAT HEALTH FOUNTAINS

THEY ESPECIALLY BENEFIT THE WOMEN

Are Declared by Scientists to be the Real Curative Means For Ill Health.

Recent scientific comparisons in Europe of the world's mineral springs are particularly interesting at this time.

Each of the European health resorts are given great detail of worth, both as to quality of water and air, treatment and patronage.

The famous health waters of Asia, India, Japan and the South Seas are given much attention and consideration but what is particularly interesting to Americans and especially to Californians and the people of the Pacific Coast is the fact that Paso Robles Hot Springs is recognized as the ideally perfect health resort and its cures are most miraculous.

Paso Robles has long been known to Californians, for here it was that the Indians for centuries came to treat their sick, even making dangerous journeys for hundreds of miles, fighting their way through hostile tribes to the waters. Then came Padre Junipero Serra with his Franciscan monks and his reports to the Church of Rome and to the throne of Spain are today extant, giving marvelous narratives of seeming wonders performed at Paso Robles (The Pass of the Oaks).

The town of Paso Robles is located on uplands of great beauty. It lies 10 miles from the sea, is 720 feet above sea level and is sheltered round about by a perfect wall of mountain ranges so that sea air is tempered with hot land winds, filtered and cooled and given to Paso Robles in a perfect state.

The waters of the springs come forth both hot and cold. Here is mineral mud also and other forms of water treatment recognized by science for curative purposes.

Rheumatism, gout, stomach and kidney diseases seem to be the most prevalent at Paso Robles, although the waters are unfailing for female complaints and all forms of nervous disorders.

Paso Robles is not a resort like those of Europe, where only the rich attend.

You may find scores of poor people living in tents or at lodging houses, who come here and are cured with little cost except that necessary to keep them under shelter and to furnish meals. No one is denied use of its waters except those suffering with tuberculosis or unclean disease.

The rich have their exclusive and luxurious hotel and private bath, while the medium purse may select comfortable and desirable quarters in hotel, or private boarding house.

Paso Robles Hot Springs is indeed worthy of the estimate placed upon it by foreign thinkers, as its cures and its generous policy towards health seekers make it a spot worthy of America and California.

A small book, neatly illustrated, has been recently published by the management telling the story of the Hot Springs in a most interesting manner and giving complete information. Send for it, either to Wm. McMurray, General Passenger Agent of the O. R. & N., Portland, Ore., or Dr. F. W. Sawyer, Manager, Paso Robles, Cal.

A Remarkable Offer.

The NEWS is now prepared to make the following most remarkable offer: The SANTIAM NEWS, "The Commoner" (Bryan's paper) and "The American Homestead"—the three papers for almost the price of one \$1.90.

"The Commoner," Mr. Bryan's paper, is a weekly and is devoted to the discussion of National politics. Any man, if he wishes to understand National politics, whether he is a Republican or a Democrat, should read both sides of all questions. He cannot reach an honest understanding without doing so. The Commoner discusses all questions from the progressive Democratic viewpoint, without indulging in abuse of those who think differently.

The American Homestead, is an excellent monthly farm paper, filled with valuable information for the farmer, stock raiser, orchardist, poultryman, gardener and housewife.

Everybody in this vicinity knows what class of paper the NEWS is. But with this club of excellent papers, the NEWS should be found in every home in the Furks of the Santiam.

TAFT BUMPING SOLONS IN LINE

President Gains Supporters of His Programme. Minority Impressed

HIS SKILL AVOIDS CLASHES

Majority Not in Fear of Fusion by Democrats and Insurgents—Committees Very Active—Railroad Bill Favored

Washington, Jan. 23.—Activity such as seldom has been displayed by committees so early in the first regular session of Congress, is in evidence in both wings of the Capitol.

Although there are practically three parties, "regular" Republicans, "insurgent" Republicans and Democrats, there are signs on every hand that President Taft is daily gaining supporters, for his legislative programme. The skill shown by the President in avoiding clashes with either Republican faction and the knack he has exhibited in compelling the aid of both in his fight for the redemption of party pledges has noticeably impressed the Democratic minority. In the House there are indications that threatened fusion of Democrats and insurgent Republicans on several legislative questions is little feared by the majority. "Taft is trying to beat the Democrats out of any prospect of controlling the House," remarked a prominent Democratic leader of the Senate yesterday.

The Senate committees, under pressure from the White House, have laid plans to take up the Administrative measures, while the House has supply bills under consideration. Indications are that by the time the House calendar has been cleared of budget bills, the Senate will have ready for the attention of that body a number of most important Taft bills.

Senate leaders who have gone to the White House have been told that it is not necessary to wait for action by the public on bills designed to carry out Republican pledges. Those inclined to stay away from the White House have been sent for, or the warning has been delivered to them by their colleagues.

It is regarded probably that the President's railroad bill will be enacted at the present session, regardless of the fact that bills on the same subject, and somewhat opposed to the Taft bill, have been introduced in the Senate by Cummins and in the House by Mann, of Illinois. There may be some Democratic opposition to certain features of the Administration bill.

The President's Federal incorporation bill is expected to have the hardest sledding of any measure in his program.

ACQUIRERS ARE READY

Bullinger-Pinchot Investigation to be Begun This Week.

Washington, Jan. 23.—This week probably will see the beginning of work by the joint committee completed to investigate the Bullinger-Pinchot controversy. For the moment the affairs of the Interior Department are before two committees, for, aside from the main investigation, the charges of Representative Hitchcock, of Nebraska alleging reckless and improper expenditures by the Interior Department, are being investigated by the House committee on expenditure for that department.

The House tomorrow probably will ratify the selection of Representative Graham, of Illinois, as one of the Democratic members of the joint special committee. He was chosen by the Democratic caucus Saturday night in place of Representative Lloyd.

The committee then will consist of the following: Senators Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, chairman; Frank P. Flint of California; George Sutherland, of Utah; Elihu Root, of New York; Thomas H. Paynter, of Kentucky and Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida. Representatives Samuel McCall, of Massachusetts; M. E. Olmstead, of Pennsylvania; E. H. Madison, of Kansas; Edwin Denby, of Michigan; Ollie James of Kentucky, and James M. Graham, of Illinois.

WE CAN BUILD SHIPS

Prohibitive Tariff Unnecessary When We Can Compete With Foreign Builders

In competition with 25 shipbuilders of England, France, Italy and Germany, American builders have secured the contract for two Dreadnoughts for the Argentine Republic, the contract price being \$22,000,000. This transaction is a notable one. It has a direct bearing on our economic conditions and policies, far and away greater than is shown by the mere distribution among American workmen and manufacturers of the sum involved.

The shipbuilding industry is at low ebb throughout the world. General stagnation in freights has left a great surplus of tonnage. Only abnormally low rates quoted by the builders will induce the placing of orders. Under such conditions, nothing but the keenest competition could be expected when such a prize as the building of the two big Dreadnoughts was at stake. The contract came to this country because American builders with the cheapest raw material and the most skilled workmen in the world were in a position to underbid foreign competitors.

On the Great Lakes where we are actually compelled to build ships because we do not have the tonnage of the world to draw on for moving our freight, the mammoth carriers are turned out more rapidly and at less cost than anywhere else in the world. Not only that, but the cost per ton mile of moving freight in these American lake-built craft average the lowest reported anywhere in the world. A Boston dispatch in yesterday's Oregonian states that a semi-official estimate of the cost of the two Argentine Dreadnoughts places the amount that will be paid for labor at 90 per cent of the total cost of the ships.

In securing this contract in the face of such conditions, the American builders have dealt the sacred idol of protection the most staggering blow it has yet received. If American labor with its superior skill can wrest from the cheap labor of Europe a \$22,000,000 contract in which 90 per cent of the total goes to labor, what becomes of that absurd theory that our infant industries and overgrown trusts must have an outrageously high tariff solely for the protection of American labor? It is particularly unfortunate for that hungry band of ship subsidy pirates, that a plain ordinary business fact should throw such a bright light through their transparent theory just at this time when unusual effort is being put forth to force the subsidy bill through Congress in the interest of American labor.

Here is a plain question which the subsidy seekers must answer: If American builders can secure contracts for building warships for which the whole world is competing, and in which 90 per cent of the cost is for labor, can any logical reason be advanced for their inability to build on equally advantageous terms vessels for the merchant marine?—Editorial from The Oregonian.

Clubbing Rates

As the time of year is now at hand when winter reading should be provided for, we make the following clubbing offer to our readers. One year's subscription to the Santiam News is included in all the prices quoted below: The Weekly Oregonian (Portland) \$2.25 The Semi-Weekly Journal " \$2.00 The Brecklers Gazette (Chicago) \$2.25 The Thrice a week World (N.Y.) \$2.25 Any \$1 a year magazine " \$2.00 We can give you clubbing rates with any newspaper or magazine, no matter where published.

New Irrigation Book Free

"Well Irrigation for Small Farms" is a publication just issued by the General Passenger Department, of the Oregon Railroad and Navigation Co., and Southern Pacific—Lines in Oregon. This booklet sets forth in a practical concise way the possibilities for profit of inexpensive irrigation, and should be in the hands of every farmer in Oregon.

Copies may be obtained free on application to Wm. McMurray, General Passenger Agent, O. R. & N., and S.P. Lines in Oregon, Portland, Ore.

For Sale

Full blood English Setter. Price \$5. Must be sold before January 29. Apply to Elmer Holecck, Scio, Ore.

Annual Clearance Sale

Beginning Sat., January 22

Closing Sat., February 5

Big Reductions in Mens and Boys

Hats, Duck Coats, Boys Suits, Blankets, Gingham, Calico, Outing Flannels and everything in our big stock of Shoes etc.

Don't fail to attend this Sale as you can save money, otherwise you lose.

HIBLER & GILL CO.
SCIO OREGON