

# The Santiam News.

Politically Independent

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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
**T. L. DUGGER,**  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
One year in advance, \$1.00  
One year, at end of year, 1.25  
One year, at end of 2 years, 2.00  
One year, at end of 3 years, 2.75  
Six months in advance, .75  
Three months in advance, .50  
Single copy in wrapper, .05

**ADVERTISING RATES:**  
Card of thanks, 5¢  
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Local advertising, per line per time, .02  
Display ads, 2 changes per month, one column wide, per inch, .10  
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Long time contracts for advertising made on application.

## ARE WE PUBLIC-SPIRITED?

A splendid opportunity is now before the citizen of Scio to exhibit whether he has any public spirit in his mental make-up, or whether he is controlled by a spirit of purely selfish interest. Every citizen is valuable to the community in which he lives just from the way he acts upon all questions that affect the public welfare. Every citizen is in duty bound to look after the comfort and maintenance of his family, and if he does not do this, he justly merits the condemnation of his fellow-citizens. In addition to the duty one owes his family, he owes a duty to the public. There are certain things of a public nature that are provided for by a public tax and to look after which is the duty of officers elected by the people. There are other things that add to comfort, convenience, health, and prosperity, that depend upon voluntary action. It is in this latter regard that men and women demonstrate whether they are imbued with a spirit of disinterested public spirit, or whether they are controlled by a spirit of selfishness. Hence, men are valued in the community just in accordance with their voluntary actions on these questions of public import. If a citizen only contributes to a public benefit when he can reap an immediate personal advantage or remuneration, such an one cannot be said to be public-spirited. But if his contribution, either of money or personal endeavor, is given without thought of personal benefit other than what he will receive as a citizen in common with his fellows, such an one is certainly public-spirited in the fullest sense of the word.

Our proposed Stock and Agricultural Fair furnishes a splendid opportunity for the people of Scio and vicinity to show their public spirit and enterprise. But few people will reap a personal and financial benefit from the holding of a three or four days' fair in the immediate vicinity of Scio. Yet everyone will admit that a Stock and Agricultural Fair, well conducted, would indirectly be worth thousands of dollars to this entire section of the County. It would be the cause of improvement in the quality and of better care to be given to our stock. It would increase the value of our land because it would attract people to come to this part of the County, and consequently would create a greater demand and a better price for homes. Particularly would it be of value to our dairymen. All dairymen know that the profits of a dairy depend largely upon the quality of its cows. If the dairyman can keep but ten cows, he may realize a handsome profit if his cows are good ones, whereas he might lose money if his cows were inferior. At a Fair the dairymen will see good cows—see wherein his cows do not come up to the required standard, etc. So, men who contribute to bring about and aid in the successful management of the proposed Fair are in a measure public benefactors. But, in fancy we hear a man say, "I won't take a share for I will derive just as much benefit if I don't take a share as I will if I do take one." Now in this case such an one expects to get something for nothing—to receive a benefit for which he does not render a just equivalent. With all tenderness and respect for your feelings, such action is both dishonest and parsimonious.

There is another class of men who say, "The Fair is a good thing and if I was younger I would go in for it." To these people we would say you can, best of all, afford to help the Fair along. From your own reasoning you will have use for your money but a few years at most, and therefore can better afford to give than the young man who has a reasonable lifetime ahead of him. Again, your children, after you, will derive the benefit that your age will probably prevent you from enjoying.

Every man establishes his own value to a community. The News has often heard it said of Uncle Billy Cyrus, "His death was a public loss." How long would he hesitate, were he now living, if the Fair stockbooks were presented to him? Just about long enough to write his name, only. Now let us hope before you give the final "No" in this matter that you will divest yourself of all self-interest and consider only the interest of the general public and that of posterity.

The idea is proposed to enlarge the Scio school district to include the smaller districts adjoining. The purpose is, so that two or possibly four additional grades can be taught. Of course the children from these adjoining districts would be provided with conveyance to and from school. Scio has an ample building and because of having a teacher for two or more grades each, all would derive the benefit of probably more efficient teachers. Then a high school or the higher branches can be taught that pupils now have to go away from home to get. Let all who are concerned think about this matter. It is one of great importance and means a more advanced education for our boys and girls.

## SAN FRANCISCO'S ROTTENNESS.

San Francisco, judging from press dispatches, is not all rotten, but the city government from mayor down to the city scavenger seems to be in the condition that once afflicted Denmark.

Three years ago Mayor Schmitz was elected as a labor reform mayor. The Board of Supervisors was supposed to be of the reform character as well. At the same time the influence of the now notorious Abe Ruef became the dominating influence with the city government. Ruef at once, or soon thereafter, laid the wires for a system of wholesale graft which at this time is reported to have involved in its meshes mayor, the eighteen supervisors, judiciary, police department, etc., until the whole municipal system and judiciary seem participants criminous with the thugs and disorderly people.

Something near one year ago Francis J. Heney, whose name is somewhat familiar to many Oregonians, became cognizant of the graft that seemed to honeycomb the municipal government and intimated that Boss Abe Ruef was the center and prime mover of the system of graft that was debauching the city government. Then the great earthquake and fire of last April switched public attention from the subject. This Fall, six months after the April catastrophe, the grafters have been plying their nefarious designs more industriously than ever, which has aroused the public as never since the days of 1851, when a not unlike condition existed.

A short time ago it was announced that Francis J. Heney had been appointed Deputy District Attorney of the Government service, who is also well known by some Oregon people, had been given leave of absence by the Government and the two were to ferret out and prosecute the grafters. Mayor Schmitz is now on a 60-day visit to Europe and a Supervisor is acting mayor in his absence.

Now comes in the smooth hand of Boss Ruef. At his instance the acting Mayor and Board of Supervisors removed District Attorney Langdon and appointed Mr. Abraham Ruef to succeed him. Ruef at once qualified. His first official act was to dismiss Mr. Heney from the office of Deputy District Attorney, and demanded that he turn over all books, papers, etc., of which he had become possessed in his official capacity. This act would place all the evidence against Abe Ruef, the grafter, in the hands of Abraham Ruef, the newly appointed District Attorney, as well as the evidence against the Supervisors, Mayor Schmitz and the police department, all of whom are accused of being grafters.

The question now is, will the courts make a virtue of necessity and not tolerate petty legal technicalities to screen criminals, high or low, and decide all matters in the interests of the public, or will they, as in the old time, make a travesty of justice and allow criminals, especially the big ones, immunity? Should the latter indication be the result, as like generally produces like, San Francisco may again witness criminals dangling at the rope's end at the instance of an enraged citizenry, as in 1851.

If Mr. Heney's accusations of graft and partnership with crime of public officials is true it shows a most deplorable and debauched condition of officialdom in San Francisco. If not true, Mr. Heney merits dishonor and to be forever ostracized by decent, law-abiding people.

## AN EXPECTED RESULT.

When Linn County voted "dry" last June, the News had stated in effect that the liquor question would be in a more undesirable condition under prohibition than under the license system. We believe the increase in or more prominence of drunken men in Scio fully justifies that opinion.

It is true that men did get drunk when we had a licensed saloon in town. It is true that men are seen drunken even more frequently since the town was closed down. They do not get the liquor upon which to get drunk in Scio. Packages received by express tell the story.

Now our Local Option laws are indirectly responsible, for the publicity given and frequent drunkenness of men. When a saloon was in town as a rule the drunks stayed in the saloon. Now they are to be seen on the public streets. Also when men obtained liquor by the drink they were not so liable to get drunk as they are when they have it sent here by the bottle. Again boys can now get liquor with greater ease than was the case under the old condition.

The liquor question is a difficult problem to solve. Just which is the better system has not yet been solved. Men ought not to drink liquor to excess at any time. But to prohibit by law the open traffic in liquor, seems to have brought about a worse condition. Seemingly when you say to the human biped "You shall not," a desire is at once created within him to see who is boss.

There is not a question of doubt but that if prohibition could be made completely effective it would be far better for a great many men and for the rising generation. But to have a "wet" town within easy distance and an express company willing to carry packages, prohibition becomes a farce. It causes deception, disrespect for law, and we candidly believe, an increase in drunkenness. Both the "wet" and "dry" systems have faults and are and will be abused. If our law officers would arrest and imprison men every time they appear in public in a drunken condition, the News thinks a long step towards eradicating publicity of the evil would be taken. A more fine is not an effective remedy. Place the drunk in the city jail, keep him there until he is fully sober, then make him work for a day or two on the public streets. For the second offense, double the dose. If this rule was rigidly enforced in Scio; without respect of person or position, drunkenness would cease.

## MEMORANDUM

In The Circuit Court of The State of Oregon for Linn County.

W. A. Ewing, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
Maatha Charlton, Guy Estelle Hardman, Olooy Lawrence Hardman, Christopher C. Hardman, Mary Bertha Hardman, Samuel Hardman, Wynona A. Hardman, Archie E. Hardman, Charles Caserio, Ella Finney, Adelle Chamblin, Calie Johns, Cornelia Flack, Ella Flack, Elizabeth Sloan, T. E. Sloan, M. C. Sloan, Byron Sloan, James Sloan, and Mary Sloan, the above named defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint in the above named plaintiff in the above entitled court, now on file with the clerk of said court, on or before the 12th day of November, 1906, and you thereupon take notice that you fail to appear and answer said complaint, or otherwise plead thereto, as hereby required, the plaintiff's attorney desires against you as prayed for in plaintiff's complaint, to wit: Requiring the defendant to do, or cause to be done, on or about the 12th day of November, 1906, to set on file claim or interest they have, or claim to have, in and to the lands described in said complaint, which are as follows: A certain section, township 11, south of range 1 west of Willamette meridian, Oregon; also lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of section 11, south of range 1 west of Willamette meridian, Oregon; and

Also beginning at the southeast corner of No. 2 in said section 11 and running west 16.58 chains, more or less, to the east line of the donation land claim of Robert M. Moore and wife, notification No. 616, in said township and range, then south 5.18 chains, more or less, to a point in the center of a county road 1.43 chains, more or less, north of the southeast corner of said donation land claim, thence by the northern line of the center of said county road to a point 2.53 chains south of the place of beginning, thence north 2.53 chains to the place of beginning, containing in the aggregate 128.27 acres, more or less, all of said land being situated in Linn County, Oregon.

And further desiring that the defendants, nor either or any of them, have any interest whatever in and to said lands, and desiring that the plaintiff is the owner in fee thereof and of the whole thereof, and for the costs and disbursements of the suit to be taxed.

This summons is served upon you by publication by order of Hon. William Callaway, judge of the above entitled court, duly made on the 21st day of September, 1906, which said order requires the publication of this summons in The Santiam News, the first publication thereof to be made on the 26th day of September, 1906, and the last publication thereof to be made on the 21st day of November, 1906, and further requires that the defendants and each of them do, or cause to be done, to appear in person or by their attorneys, on or before the 12th day of November, 1906.

W. A. EWING & WYATT,  
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.

Portland, Oregon, August 23, 1906.  
NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Mary B. Magnuson, of Portland, County of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 7080, for the purchase of Lots 5, 6, 11, and 12 of Section No. 4, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 23rd day of November, 1906.

Her names as witnesses: Robert Louder, of Portland, Oregon; Robert E. Louden, of Portland, Oregon; A. G. Lefler, of Portland, Oregon; and W. H. Lefler, of Portland, Oregon.  
Any and all persons claiming adversely to the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of November, 1906.

ALDERSON S. DRASSEN,  
Register.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.

Portland, Oregon, September 4, 1906.  
NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Alvin J. Carothers, of Albany, County of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 7080, for the purchase of the Northwest 1/4 of Section No. 19, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk at Albany, Oregon, on Friday, the 23rd day of November, 1906.

His names as witnesses: M. J. Cameron, of Albany, Oregon; A. C. Gaines, of Albany, Oregon; C. A. Cameron, of Albany, Oregon; O. F. Sexton, of Crabtree, Oregon.  
Any and all persons claiming adversely to the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of November, 1906.

ALDERSON S. DRASSEN,  
Register.

## THE SCIO MARKETS.

The following are prices quoted on Thursday of each week by our dealers:  
Wheat, per bushel, \$ .67  
Flour, per sack, 1.00  
Rye, " " " .80  
Shorts, " " " .25  
Clover, " " " .20  
Butter, (Country) per roll, .40  
Eggs, " " " .32  
Hens, " " " .15  
Chickens, " " Young, .11  
Geese, " " " .04  
Turkeys, " " " .16  
Ducks, " " " .12  
Beef, per pound live weight, .07  
Hogs, " " " .06  
Sheep, " " stockers, .05  
Mutton " " " .03

Subscribed for the Santiam News.

WE ARE NOT SELLING GOODS AT LESS THAN COST, nor less than one-tenth the price of producing the raw material; all such is like unto "Baron Munchausen's Fairy Tales." We are offering goods at very low prices and still a small profit is left for the store.

The best Calico made ..... 34c per yard  
Good Heavy Cotton Flannel 4c & 5c per yard  
Good Gingham ..... 3c per yard  
Sugar, (Dry granulated cane) \$5.45 per cwt  
Eggs, per dozen, (in trade) ..... 33c per doz  
Spear Head Tobacco ..... 45c per lb  
Men's Heavy Black and White Stripe Twilled Shirts, such as you have been paying 50c, 60c and 65c, my price ..... 45c  
3-4 Heavy Cotton Blankets, per pair ..... 50c  
You have been paying 65c and 75c for the same thing.  
Men's Long or Full Length Black "Fish Brand" Slickers, my price ..... \$2.00  
These goods are all clean, fresh goods.

Men's good, strong grey suit of Clothing ..... \$ 5.00  
Men's good wool suit of Clothing, will stand one year's hard wear ..... 7.50  
Men's dark grey all wool Clothing, good for two years' wear ..... 10.00  
Men's dark grey all wool Trico Clothing—good as gold ..... 10.00  
Men's fancy grey wool Clothing of the late patterns ..... 10.00  
Men's Black Clay Worsted all wool, full 16 oz ..... 10.00  
Any number of swell patterns for Fall and Winter in Checks, Plaids, and Stripes \$12.50 to 20.00 a suit.

## STAYTON, G. D. TROTTER, OREGON.

### The Farmer's Wife

Is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are almost exactly like the churning of butter. If it is not apparent then that if this stomach-churn is foul it makes food all which is put into it? The evil of a foul stomach is not alone the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of blood, and the dissemination of disease throughout the body.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour and foul stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every taint and corrupting element. In this way it cures indigestion, simple, eruptions, scrofulous swellings, sores, or open sores, and all humors or diseases arising from bad blood. If you have bitter, nasty, foul taste in your mouth, coated tongue, foul breath, are weak and easily tired, feel depressed and despondent, have frequent headaches, dizzy attacks, gnawing or distress in stomach, constipated or irregular bowels, sour or bitter eructations after eating, poor appetite, these symptoms, or any considerable number of them, indicate that you are suffering from indigestion, torpid or lazy liver with the usual accompanying indolence, or dyspepsia and their attendant derangements.

The best remedy known in medical science for the cure of all the above mentioned ailments is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is guaranteed to give you a permanent cure. It is absolutely true that it will really prove to your satisfaction if you will take it. Write a desire to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his best medical medicines, and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

## Farmers' Meat Market

GEORGE KOENEKE  
Proprietor

SCIO - - - OREGON  
Having purchased the above-named Market from the former proprietor, Guy McKnight, I solicit the patronage of the public. I will continue the wagon on the road on the routes established and supply choice cuts at reasonable prices. With a desire to form the acquaintance of everybody and a determination to treat every one right, I am  
Yours for business,  
GEORGE KOENEKE

## Corvallis & Eastern R. R.

TIME CARD No. 31.

Trains From and To Yagulis.  
No. 1—  
Leaves Yagulis ..... 5:30 A. M.  
Arrives Corvallis ..... 6:45  
Arrives Albany ..... 11:45 A. M.  
No. 2—  
Train leaves Albany ..... 11:20 P. M.  
" arrives Yagulis ..... 5:45 "

Trains To and From Detroit.  
No. 3—  
Leaves Albany for Detroit ..... 7:00 A. M.  
Arrives Detroit ..... 11:30 P. M.  
No. 4—  
Leaves Detroit ..... 1:00 P. M.  
Arrives Albany ..... 5:30 P. M.

Trains for Corvallis.  
No. 5—  
Leaves Albany for Corvallis ..... 7:00 A. M.  
Arrives Corvallis ..... 8:45 A. M.  
No. 10—  
Leaves Albany ..... 3:30 P. M.  
Arrives at Corvallis ..... 4:30 P. M.

Trains for Albany.  
No. 11—  
Leaves Corvallis ..... 8:00 A. M.  
Arrives Albany ..... 7:45 P. M.  
No. 9—  
Leaves Corvallis ..... 1:30 P. M.  
Arrives at Albany ..... 2:10 P. M.  
No. 7—  
Leaves Corvallis ..... 6:00 P. M.  
Arrives Albany ..... 6:15 P. M.

Trains for Albany.  
No. 12—  
Leaves Corvallis ..... 11:00 A. M.  
Arrives at Albany ..... 12:45 P. M.  
No. 13—  
Leaves Albany ..... 12:45 P. M.  
Arrives at Corvallis ..... 1:30 P. M.  
No. 14—  
Leaves Albany ..... 12:45 P. M.  
Arrives at Corvallis ..... 1:30 P. M.

All of the above-trains connect with Southern Pacific Company trains for Albany and Corvallis, as well as trains for Detroit, giving direct service to Newport and adjacent beaches as well as Medford, Hot Springs, etc.  
For further information apply to  
J. C. RAY, Gen. Pass. Agt.  
P. O. Box 208, Corvallis, OR.

## ALBANY COLLEGE

FALL TERM OPENS  
SEPTEMBER 26, 1906

**Strong Faculty**  
Of Men and Women who believe in young people.

**Ample Buildings**  
One of which is a well furnished DORMITORY FOR GIRLS.

**Good Location**  
In a town without saloons and with no record of epidemic sickness, and a PERFECT WATER SYSTEM.

**Many Advantages**  
Of a Literary, Social, and Musical Sort.

**Opportunities for Self-Support:**  
No energetic youth need hesitate for lack of funds. Write us. We manage.  
Commercial School may be entered at any time.

Write for literature to  
PRESIDENT H. M. CROOKS,  
Albany, Oregon.

## Seio Milling Company

SUCCESSORS TO  
SCIO ROLLER MILLS

INCORPORATED DECEMBER 28, 1904.

We do a General Custom Milling Business. Flour and Feed on Sale. Wheat Bought and Exchanged for Flour. We are in the Field for Business and Will Treat You Right

J. G. GILL, D. M. D.  
Has established his dental office in Scio and is prepared to do first-class work in all branches of dentistry.

L. W. POMEROY  
REAL ESTATE BROKER  
SCIO, OREGON  
Farm and city properties bought and sold on the usual commission basis. If you want to sell your farm, I can sell it if it can be sold. If you want to buy, I can find the place you want.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE  
**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS & COPYRIGHTS  
Scientific American  
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Great line of Chiffon, at \$1.75. New wool Heavy Cheviot, per yard, 50c. Hosiery, check for \$1.10. New Furrows.

W... does not... ble at rig... in our ch... everything... that we c... CHEAP go... you at yo... est, and f... music... Diamond... teas and... Rem... market p... for prod... hardware... pets, dry... chinaware... Yours...

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