The Santiam News.

Politically Independent.

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T. L. DUGGER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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MR. BRYAN.

The fact cannot be disguised that William J. Bryan holds the warmest place in the hearts of the common classes of the American people, if an exception be made if favor of President Roosevelt, and even he must look to his laurels in popular regard. What is the secret of Mr. Bryan's popularity? Not his advocacy of bimetalism; not his tendency to government ownership, nor to his known hostility to the trusts. All of these may contribute to his popularity, yet there must be something else that has so warmly attached the Nebraskan to the hearts of the people. This other something is the confidence that the people have in the honesty of his purpose. The common people feel that with Mr. Bryan as president, they would have a friend at court that would protect their interests so far as laid within his power.

Mr. Bryan was repudiated twice at the polls and may possibly submit to the same fate a third time. These results do not exhibit a fair measure of the love the people have for him. They demonstrated that plutocracy was able to throw glamor over the eyes of the people and make them believe that National calamity and ruin would follow the displacement of the Republican party from power. Twice has the money power succeeded in hoodwinking the people; it remains to be seen whether it can do so the third time.

Conditions have changed greatly since the political battle of '96 was fought. Then the people had not recovered from the financial panic of '93 and were ready to accept prosperity at any price. So, by making concessions to the National banks of an additional circulation of ten per cent on the same amount of security as previously, money, the blood of commerce, was permitted to again flow unvexed. But conditions are materially different now to what they were ten years ago. Then the comptroller of the currency reports showed less than $14 per capita in circulation. Excepting what was hoarded by individuals and banks, there was probably not one-third of this amount in actual circulation. All our readers doubtless have cause to remember 39-cent wheat, $25 horses (good ones) and $10 cows. Mr. Bryan contended that the volume of money in circulation was too small; that the volume of money in circulation measured the price of commodities. And it did. Now with more than $34 per capita in circulation the existing result proves the truthfulness of this proposition.

Mr. Bryan is proven to be a statesman of far-seeing powers. Many of the reforms that he advocated in his first campaign are slowly but gradually being adopted as the policy of the country. He states that he is as radical upon the reforms as he was when he electrified the country with his eloquence in Chicago in 1896. Republican plutocratic newspapers are attempting to construe this statement to mean the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, that he advocated at that time. Mr. Bryan states that while he believes in bimetalism as firmly as ever, the increase in the volume of money has largely done away with the necessity of bimetalism.

The events of the past decade show Mr. Bryan to be a statesman of wisdom. The added ten years to his age, with his trip around the world, has greatly ripened that wisdom, and has placed him in the very front rank of American statesmen. Indeed it would be difficult to name his equal among our present day statesmen.

Mr. Bryan will return to his native land at the end of September, and from present indications the country is ready to receive him with open arms. It seems, also, at the present time, that it is a foregone conclusion that he will be the next nominee for president by the Democratic party. Whether he will be elected or not remains to be seen. If plutocracy can control polities and browbeat and cajole enough of the voters, his defeat is assured. But if the American voter can go the polls uninfluenced and vote his sentiments, Mr. Bryan will be elected.

At the present time Mr. Bryan is visiting England, and has been treated practically as the Nation's guest. Never was a private American citizen, whose only title to notoriety is having been twice defeated for the presidency, been paid greater respect. He is looked upon by the English people as the most illustrious private American citizen and accordingly is made the guest of honor by the leading English statesmen.

Occupying the conspicuous position that he does, it will be remarkable if Mr. Bryan does not make some statement in his public speeches, that plutocratic newspapers can not construe to his disadvantage. Even now these newspapers are endeavoring to arrouse what prejudice may exist against the 16 to 1 silver question, and harp about 50 cent dollars. If the gold dollar is measured by its purchase power and a comparison made of the dollar of to day with that of '96 to '96, our present gold dollar is about a 25 cent dollar. So, such flimsy effort to arouse prejudice, in the light of past events, can have no influence. The American people are becoming too well posted on these matters, to be caught with such chaff. Mr. Bryan is, from present indications, the coming man.

THE PEOPLE WILL WIN OUT.

The best evidence that government will soon be taken from the influence of plutocracy and be restored to the people, is the almost universal demand from the people, that public officers shall be selected, who are believed to be firm friends to the interests of all the people and who will execute the law without fear or favor from or to anyone. Men of the class of Governor Folk, of Misouri, Senator LaFollette, of Wisconsin and Mayor Weaver, of Philadelphia, are rapidly coming to the front. Every act of President Roosevelt, that has for its purpose the compeling of trusts, railroads and other corporations to obey the law, just the same as ordinary people, is loudly applauded. The prosecution of land fraud operators meets with the approbation of all law-abiding citizens.

All of the above goes to show, that there is a strong demand coming up from the masses of the people, for honesty and economy in the conduct of governmental affairs. So strong, that it cannot longer be disregarded by either national or state governments. Hence, when an officer, be he President, governor, mayor, judicial officer or prosecuting attorney, elects to execute law without fear or favor, his hands are held up by the people. He is made to know he is supported and upheld by the opinion of all law-abiding citizens. And this class of politicians—the Roosevelts, the Folks, the Weavers and the Heneys, are rapidly multiplying. They are becoming popular. Fearless discharge of duty in the prosecution of grafters, dishonest officials and law breaking corporations, was never so popular as it is to day. The sentiment is rapidly growing that there must be some restraint placed upon the predatory financial operations of the inordinately wealthy individuals and corporations. The people have been forced by the grasping greed of plutocrats to voice the demand for their restraint by the Federal government.

In answer to this demand, we have the railroad rate law recently enacted by congress; similar laws by a number of the states; prosecution of the beef and sugar trusts for unlawful acts; prosecution of land grabbers, etc. Nor will the good work stop with the feeble attempts that have been made by congress and state legislatures to regulate these wrongs. The beginning has just been made. The people are at last learning that all this power for evil and wrong doing, has been derived through their leathergy and carelessness. The people have, much to their chagrine and sorrow, been grossly careless in the selection of law-makers and executors of the law. They see, when it is well nigh too late, the evil effect of class-legislation and it is their purpose to correct this mistake as quickly as it can be lawfully accomplished.

Becoming convinced that an excessively high protective tariff is the cause of much of the wrong of which they suffer, such a strong demand will go up to Congress for revision that that body must accede to the demand. The people will patiently give the railway freight rate law a fair trial. Failing to accomplish the desired result, a more drastic remedy will be demanded. If the trusts cannot be controlled by the remedial laws we now have, more severe law will be enacted. Even the charters under which they are swindling and oppressing the people will be revoked or recalled if necessary to curb their mercenary greed.

The people have at least learned that what they have builded they can tear down; what they have created they can destroy, and they will not be content until all men, rich as well as poor, shall be equal before the law; until life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness shall be guaranteed to every citizen. If this can be done and our present form of government maintained, well and good; otherwise the very form of government will be changed if necessary. They believe that our governmental structure was reared, not for the aggrandizement and prosperity of a few persons only, but for the happiness and prosperity of the people. Failing to do this, there is something wrong—something lacking in the superstructure, which they can and will supply. In the greed and oppression of predatory wealth the people believe they have found the lacking element, and the reasonable control by the government of this greed and oppression is the element that will so strengthen the structure that popular government will not prove a failure.

The Associated Press reports from Russia indicate conditions in a very turbulent state. When the czar prorogued the Douma, the Russian people accepted the result as being tantamount to the government being turned over to the beaurocracy. The Douma was about to investigate the beaurocrats who had charge of the supply departments, during the Japanese war. This was just what the beaurocrats did not want. They had swindled the government in supplying food and clothing for the army and had stolen from the funds provided for building war ships, buying powder, etc., and did not purpose to be investigated. Hence, dissolution of the Douma was their only safety.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.
United States Land Office,
Portland, Oregon, July 2, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, William Brenner, of Scio, County, of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6978, for the purchase of Lots 3 and 4, and E. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Section No. 18, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 14th day of September, 1906.

He names as witnesses: John Mars, of Lacomb, Oregon; Frank I. Jones, of Scio, Oregon; Fred Jones, of Scio, Oregon, and M. W. Yeoman, of Lacomb, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claim in this office on or before said 14th day of September, 1906.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER,
Register.

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TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.
United States Land Office,
Portland, Oregon, July 2, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Mary F. Brenner, of Scio, County of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement, No. 6979, for the purchase of Lots 1 and 2, and the E. ½ of N. W. ¼ of Section No. 18, Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office at Portland, Oregon, Friday, the 14th day of September, 1906.

She names as witnesses: John Mars, of Lacomb, Oregon; Frank I. Jones, of Scio, Oregon; Fred Jones, of Scio, Oregon, and M. W. Yeoman, of Lacomb, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claim in this office on or before said 14th day of September, 1906.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER,
Register.

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NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Caroline Waddle, of Tigardeville, County of Washington, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement, No. 6980, for the purchase of the N. E. ¼ of Section No. 22, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 14th day of September, 1906.

She names as witnesses: John Mars, of Lacomb, Oregon; William Brenner, of Scio, Oregon; Frank I. Jones, of Scio, Oregon, and M. W. Yeoman, of Lacomb, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of September, 1906.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.
United States Land Office,
Portland, Oregon, July 2, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, John A. Waddle, of Tigardeville, County of Washington, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 6981, for the purchase of the S. E. ¼ of Section No. 22, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 14th day of September, 1906.

He names as witnesses: John Mars, of Lacomb, Oregon; William Brenner, of Scio, Oregon; Frank I. Jones, of Scio, Oregon, and M. W. Yeoman, of Lacomb, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of September, 1906.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.
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NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Frank I. Jones, of Scio, County of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 6982, for the purchase of the N. E. ¼ of Section No. 18, in Township No. 11 South, Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office at Portland, Oregon, on Thursday, the 13th day of September, 1906.

He names as witnesses: Fred Jones, of Scio, Oregon; William Brenner, of Scio, Oregon; John Mars, of Lacomb, Oregon, and M. W. Yeoman, of Lacomb, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day of September, 1906.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER,
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" " Corvallis ..... 1.45 "
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Arrives Detroit ..... 12.40 P. M.

No. 4—
Leaves Detroit ..... 1.00 P. M.
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Trains for Corvallis.

No. 5—
Leaves Albany for Corvallis ..... 7.35 A. M.
Arrives Corvallis ..... 8.35 A. M.

No. 10—
Leaves Albany ..... 3.30 P. M.
Arrives at Corvallis ..... 5.10 P. M.

No. 6—
Leaves Albany ..... 7.35 P. M.
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No. 8—
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No. 9—
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No. 7—
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Arrives at Albany ..... 6.40 P. M.

No. 8—
Leaves Albany ..... 7.35 A. M.
Arrives at Corvallis ..... 8.35 A. M.

No. 12—
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The Santiam News.

PUBLISHED BY
T. L. DUGGER, SCIO, OREGON.

The NEWS is devoted to the interests of Scio and Santiam Forks. Live Editorials upon the leading topics of the day in each issue. It works for the interests of the Common People and the editors pocket book.

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