The Santiam News.

Politically Independent

Entered at the postoffice at Scio, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
T. L. DUGGER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year in advance	$1 25
One year, at end of year	1 50
One year, at end of 2 years	1 75
One year, at end of 3 years	2 00
Six months in advance	75
Three months in advance	50
Single copy in wrapper	05

ADVERTISING RATES:

Card of thanks	50
Special obituary notices, per line	02
Extended wedding comments, per line	02
Local advertising, per line per issue	05
Display ads, 2 changes per month, one column wide, per inch	10
Professional cards, 1½ inches, per month	1 00

Long time contracts for advertising made on application.

THE AMENDMENT TO THE LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Some time ago we stated that we would, after the Primary election, take up and discuss in a brief manner the proposed amendments to the State Constitution and the various proposed Initiatory laws. Probably any position that we might assume on any of these proposed measures would be affirmed or opposed by many of the readers of the News. Knowing this fact we shall endeavor to discuss them in a dispassionate manner, ever having in view the fact that every citizen has a right to his or her own opinion. Nor should any one be denied this right; otherwise this would not be the free country that we loudly proclaim it is. Every honest man must necessarily have a basis upon which he forms his opinion. He may err in what he conceives to be his basis of fact; or his deductions may be wrong. Discussion has a tendency to correct these mistaken ideas; or if correct, to more firmly fix or establish the fact. No honest and fair-minded man will claim a right or privilege that he is not willing to concede to others. This is the only true basis upon which a free Government can exist.

Among the several proposed Initiatory amendments and laws is an amendment to our present Local Option law. The fault that the amendment proposes to correct is to give anti-prohibitionists and prohibitionists equal privileges, and to raise the percentage of voters who petition for an election from 10 per cent of the voters registered to 30 per cent. The Ohio law, from which our law is largely a copy, requires 40 per cent.

Our present law gives prohibitionists the privilege to petition and have a special election called six months after an election in which a precinct or county has voted against prohibition. Should the precinct or county have voted for prohibition anti-prohibitionists may not petition for an election except at the next general election, two years later. The proposed amendment does not make this unfair distinction, but gives to either prohis or antis the same privilege. That is to say, both are equal before the law. Every unprejudiced mind will concede that this proposition is simply justice.

Another feature of the amendment is that it confines all prohibition elections to precincts. That is to say, any precinct may vote "dry" or "wet," just as a majority of the voters may determine. It also prevents the grouping of precincts together for election purposes. The present law is not truly a precinct law, for if by some means four or five precincts are grouped together and a majority declares for prohibition, the whole will be "dry," nevertheless one or more of the precincts so grouped may have voted "wet." The proposed amendment makes such a result as thus indicated impossible. No one will deny the right of any neighborhood or community to have or not to have liquor sold within its territory; but it should not have the right to decide what an adjoining neighborhood or community may or may not do.

The main feature of the proposed amendment is the raising of the percentage of voters required to call an election from 10 to 30 per cent. An election costs Linn County about $2000. If it was sought to have a special election called, as may be done under the present law, justice to the taxpayers seemingly would require at least 30 per cent of the voters to make the petition. Unless at least one-third of the voters of a precinct should be either for or against the sale of liquor within its borders it certainly would be nonsense to go to the expense and trouble of holding an election. It would be possible under the present law to secure the signatures of 10 per cent of the voters of a precinct to a petition all of whom have but little or no property subject to taxation; yet they have power to involve the other 90 per cent with the expense of a special election. By increasing the percentage required this would be avoided. A copy of the proposed amendment has been prepared for distribution so that every voter in Oregon may read and study its features and requirements. Its purpose is to make all men equal before the law. Our present law gives prohibitionists rights that are denied to anti-prohibitionists. Is this fair? Is it just? Does it give to others the right you may claim for yourself?

We have tried to present this matter fairly and without prejudice as we view it. We may be wrong in our deductions; if so, whenever we are convinced that we are wrong, we will cheerfully modify or change our opinion. But, in this matter, the liberty of the American citizen is at stake. For if it be conceded that one man or class of men have rights and privileges before the law that are denied to other men, there is no limit to which it may be carried. We are not attempting to defend the saloon, but to defend the civil liberty that our fathers fought to establish on the battlefields of the Revolutionary war.

CHAMBERLAIN VERSUS WITHYCOMBE.

The people will decide on June 4 who will be Oregon's next Governor. Shall our present safe, economical executive be exchanged for one who is at least untried and who could not, under the most favorable conditions, be anything more than his equal? We know that Governor Chamberlain has made it possible for the State to save near $375,000. We know that a Republican board of school land commissioners kept $750,000 of the irreducible school fund unloaned because they said they couldn't loan the money. When Governor Chamberlain replaced Governor Geer, the money was soon loaned out, and the interest it earned was added to the public school distribution fund, instead of going into the pockets of the State Treasurer, or to somebody else. We know that the school board, with Geer at its head, sold school lands at $2.50 per acre. The board, with Chamberlain as its chairman, are selling similar lands at $7.50 per acre.

We know how Governor Chamberlain stands on the Normal School question. We do not know how Governor Withycombe would stand, but we have been told that he favors the Normals. If so, he would favor their support. Should the Legislature appropriate money for the support of these schools for the past two years, providing the people veto the present appropriations bill, Governor Withycombe would probably sign the bill. Governor Chamberlain would not.

Let us compare the past records of the two candidates and see which one, by his experience and life work, is best fitted for the place, and who would probably be the better (for the people's interests) executive:

GEORGE E. CHAMBERLAIN.

Born in Mississippi. Profession, lawyer. Public service—Elected to Legislature; elected Prosecuting Attorney, in third judicial district; appointed Attorney-General; elected Attorney-General; elected Prosecuting Attorney of Multnomah County; re-elected Prosecuting Attorney of Multnomah County; elected Governor.

DR. JAMES WITHYCOMBE.

Born in England. Profession, veterinary surgeon. Public service—Appointed State Veterinary; appointed superintendent of agricultural experiment station at Corvallis.

It can thus be seen that if experience in public life is any value, Governor Chamberlain has the much riper experience. Let us have four years more of Governor Chamberlain's economy and then we will be more able, if we muse, to stand Republican extravagance.

THE BARLOW ROAD.

Another measure to be voted upon at the coming election is whether or not the Legislature shall appropriate $24,000 to purchase the Barlow Toll Road. Of course, this is a steal, pure and simple, and ought not to receive the least consideration from the people further than to vote NO most emphatically. These people have a property on hand that is no longer profitable. They therefore seek to unload it upon the State. For many years, until the building of the O. R. & N. Railway, this was a paying property. No attempt has ever been made to unload the same upon the State by act of the Legislature so far as we remember. But with the Initiatory came the opportunity to work this graft. By hiring petitions circulated at 10 cents per, the necessary number of signatures was secured. These people simply hope through the carelessness of the voters and without agitating the measure in the least to secure the appropriation. These people have milked the cow 'til she has become dry and now want to sell her measley old carcass for beef. But the people are not to be caught quite so easily. The Barlow road is destined to still remain private property.

Men who have proved themselves true to the people's interests, who cannot be bribed nor bulldozed, are valuable. They cannot be picked up every day. Senator Miller is such a man. His legislative record is such that he has proved himself an uncompromising friend to economy in spending the people's money, and a staunch friend to the public schools. He is the especial friend to the weak, sparsely settled school district, and will work for a larger specific appropriation of the public school fund for these districts. His opponent, George W. Wright, judging from the history of his political career, is somewhat vacillating, and hardly just the material with which to construct a successful State Senator. First a Republican in the upper country, then when he came to Linn County he became a Democrat, and then again returns to his first love, the Republican party. Doubtless Mr. Wright had his reasons for making these political somersaults. These we do not question. It is his right and privilege to change his political coat as often as he likes. But these political changes indicate a vacillating character, and a vacillating person makes an unsafe State Senator.

Fielding J. Denny, Volney Robinett, and L. C. Stratton are each and every one of them progressive, up-to-date farmers. Men who know well how to look after their own business affairs are safe men to entrust with the State's business. Mr. Denny is well known in this community. He is what may be termed "well posted" and among farmers is regarded as a good speaker. Mr. Robinett is also exceptionally well-read and is fully alive to the requirements, in the way of legislation to the common people. Mr. Stratton is one of our most successful farmers, having in his farm near Millersburg, an ideal, up-to-date home farm. As before stated, all are farmers and may be depended upon to do all within their power to cut down the State's expenditures to a reasonable sum. The Democratic legislative ticket is one the people may well be proud of, and is in every way worthy of election.

Dr. Byrd, candidate for Joint Senator for Linn and Marion counties, is one of Salem's leading physicians. As a man and as a physician, Salem has no better. Broad-minded and progressive, he is especially well fitted for the office of State Senator.

State Chairman Westgate is, we believe, a lover of fine horses, and we believe he owns several. How nice and convenient it will be to have a veterinary at hand in the person of his candidate for Governor!

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls and muffins.

An absolutely pure, cream of tartar powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

HON. CHARLES V. GALLOWAY.

It is with pleasure that we present the cut of our brilliant young candidate for Congress, Hon. Charles V. Galloway, of McMinnville, Yamhill County. Mr. Galloway is a young man of splendid attainments, good, clean character, and, if THE NEWS man is any judge, is splendid material of which to make a Congressman. A son of pioneer parents, Judge and Mrs. William Galloway, his entire sympathies and thoughts are bound up in the development of Oregon. He is a good, easy offhand speaker, a lawyer of fine ability, and believes the laws should be enforced. He favors the completion of the Panama canal at the earliest date possible; opposes the admission of all classes of foreigners who are incapable of becoming assimilated with our National life and are not competent for intelligent American citizenship; favors extending the rural mail service with better pay for the carriers, and the establishment of a parcels post service; favors granting liberal pensions to the veterans of our wars as an act of justice; favors a railway freight rate law as advocated by President Roosevelt; favors the reduction of tariff to a revenue basis; will oppose first, last and all the time a ship subsidy law, and will at all times favor laws that will be for the benefit of all the people rather than for individuals and classes. In the closing paragraph of an address to voters prior to the Primary election, he states:

"I believe that the need in legislation now is not so much the enactment of more laws to perplex courts of justice and paralyze powers of administration, as it is the repeal of laws that protect special interests and the vigorous enforcement of law against criminals of every degree, high or low, great or small, incorporated or individual."

Mr. Galloway is of the class of statesmen now rapidly coming to the front, that believe that laws were made to be obeyed by the railway magnate, beef baron or Standard Oil king as well as by the farmer or laboring man. The people will make no mistake by sending him to Congress.

CHARLES V. GALLOWAY.

Candidate for Congress.

Everybody in Linn County, especially the residents for the past fifteen years, knows the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, "Vanny" Smith. Linn County may have had other sheriffs as efficient, but she has never had a better one. Vanny did not seek the nomination. He very reluctantly consented to stand for the office after being solicited to do so by a large number of his friends. He is a farmer, living something like six miles South of Albany, and can in no sense be called an office-seeker. Mr. Smith thinks he has a good prospect of being elected, and THE NEWS is of the same opinion. One thing is sure—if he is elected, the laws will be enforced without respect to position or person. This should not be construed as a reflection upon our present efficient Sheriff, Mr. R. L. White. We only wish to state that in Vanny Smith Linn County would have an ideal Sheriff.

Linn county, or any other county in the state never had a more efficient and accommodating county clerk, than our present clerk, B. M. Payne is. The only objection that can be urged against him is: He is standing for a third term. In your own private business, in the store or on the farm, you would not turn down the experienced man for the inexperienced? Mr. Payne will get a liberal support from Republicans who take the above fact into consideration. Of course all Democrats, except for personal reasons, will support him. Mr. W. J. Miller, his Republican opponent is a splendid young man, of good character and is well liked. But he is inexperienced in mattery relating to the county clerk's office. It is, therefore, impossible for him to render as efficient service for the county as is now being given by Mr. Payne.

The Oregonian finds fault with Governor Chamberlain because he did not vetoe the big appropriations bill. When he succeeded in having the emergency clause taken from the bill, he did just as he said he would. Let the bill go to the people for their acquiescence or rejection. Would Mr. Withycombe have done even this much? Would he not have signed the bill emergency clause and all?

Hon. J. D. Matlock, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, is a citizen of Eugene. He has been elected to various offices in his home town, and to the Legislature as well. In all of these positions he has ever been found faithful to the trusts imposed upon him. He is a retired farmer and business man, and is in every way worthy to fill the office to which he aspires.

Corvallis & Eastern R. R.

TIME CARD NO. 31.

Trains From and To Yaquina.

No. 1—	
Leaves Yaquina	7.00 A. M.
Arrives Corvallis	11.15 "
Arrives Albany	12.15 P. M
No. 2—	
Train leaves Albany	12.45 P. M
" " Corvallis	1.45 "
" arrives Yaquina	6.50 "

Trains To and From Detroit.

No. 3—	
Leaves Albany for Detroit	7.30 A. M.
Arrives Detroit	12.40 P. M
No. 4—	
Leaves Detroit	1.00 P. M.
Arrives Albany	5.40 P. M.

Trains for Corvallis.

No. 8—	
Leaves Albany for Corvallis	7.55 A. M.
Arrives Corvallis	8.55 A. M.
No. 10—	
Leaves Albany	2.30 P. M.
Arrives at Corvallis	3.30 P. M.
No. 6—	
Leaves Albany	7.35 P. M
Arrives Corvallis	8.35 P. M.

Trains for Albany.

No. 5—	
Leaves Corvallis	6.30 A. M.
Arrives Albany	7.10 A. M.
No. 9—	
Leaves Corvallis	12.40 P. M.
Arrives at Albany	1.35 P. M.
No. 7—	
Leaves Corvallis	6.00 P. M.
Arrives Albany	6.40 P. M.

Regular Sunday Trains.

No. 5—	
Leaves Corvallis	6.30 A. M.
Arrives at Albany	7.10 A. M.
No. 11—	
Leaves Corvallis	11.30 A. M.
Arrives at Albany	12.15 P. M.
No. 7—	
Leaves Corvallis	6.00 P. M.
Arrives at Albany	6.40 P. M.
No. 8—	
Leaves Albany	7.55 A. M
Arrives at Corvallis	8.55 A. M.
No. 12—	
Leaves Albany	2.45 P. M.
Arrives at Corvallis	3.30 P. M.
No. 6—	
Leaves Albany	7.35 P. M
Arrives at Corvallis	8.35 P. M.

All of the above trains connect with Southern Pacific Company trains, both at Albany and Corvallis, as well as train for Detroit, giving direct service to Newport and adjacent beaches as well as Breitenbush Hot Springs.

For further information apply to

J. C. MAHO, Gen. Pass. Agt.

R. H. BOLES, Agent, Albany.
H. H. CRONISE, Agent, Corvallis.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of Linn County, Oregon, administrator of the estate of Eva A. McClain, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned at the office of L. L. Swan, First National Bank Building, Albany, Oregon, with proper vouchers as by law required, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated April 6th, 1906.

T. D. McCLAIN,
Administrator.

L. L. SWAN,
Attorney for Administrator.

Albany Hardware Company.

The Albany Hardware Co. has the best stock in town, and is the cheapest place to trade. Sole agents for Valvaline oil. 219 and 221 first St. Albany.

THE SCIO MARKETS.

The following are prices quoted on Thursday of each week by our dealers.

Wheat,	per bushel,		$ 64
Oats,	"	"	37½
Bran,	"	ton	21 50
Shorts,	"	"	25 00
Chop,	"	"	25 00
Butter, (Country)	per roll		30
Eggs,	"	dozen	17
Chickens,	"	pound	12
Geese,	"	"	08
Turkeys,	"	"	15
Ducks,	"	"	12
Beef,	per pound	live weight	02½
Hogs,	"	"	07½
Veal	"	for shipping	07½
Sheep,	"	stockers	04½
Mutton	"	"	08

Treating Wrong Disease.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion or prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are all only *symptoms* caused by some uterine disease. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages this practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse, by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system.

As a powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop girls," house-keepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

BE EARLY!

We would suggest that you select your SERGE SUIT early.

The choice patterns are always found at the Opening of the Season when stocks are unbroken.

This will be about the last week you'll see many Men wearing Winter clothes.

It will soon be a case of resurrecting something from the garret or closet or coming out in a Spring Suit—new, clean, stylish, and handsome.

We have an almost unlimited variety of choice Cheviots, Serges, and Scotch Mixtures.

They're Masterpieces of Suit Making

We trust you will stop in for a moment's look. We believe that you will be impressed with the reasonableness of our prices as well as with the excellence of our Clothing.

THE BLAIN CLOTHING COMPANY
The People's Clothing House

OFFICERS
PRESIDENT, T. J. MUNKERS.
SECRETARY, C. A. WARNER.

DIRECTORS
T. J. MUNKERS, W. F. GILL,
E. C. PEERY, J. J. BARNES,
C. A. WARNER.

Scio Milling Company

SUCCESSORS TO

SCIO ROLLER MILLS

INCORPORATED DECEMBER 28, 1904.

We do a General Custom Milling Business. Flour and Feed on Sale. Wheat Bought and Exchanged for Flour. We are in the Field for Business and Will Treat You Right

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I wish to announce to the people of Scio and vicinity that I have purchased from the firm of Wesely & Cain their entire stock of Groceries, Canned Goods, Crockery and Glassware, Tobaccos and Cigars, which stock I have largely increased and am now ready for business in the Corner Brick store, adjoining Wesely & Cain's. Thanking you for your generous patronage of the firm of Wesely Bros., of which I was a member, I solicit your patronage in my line, assuring you just and honorable treatment at all times.

JOSEPH F. WESELY.

ON DECK AGAIN!

After three months' absence from Scio, I am again at the bench ready and anxious to repair your

Watches and Clocks

I can also repair engines and other machinery. Bicycle Repairing a specialty. I can do the work or direct how it can be done.

A. W. HAGEY
At the old Stand

The Wigwam

Mammoth Feed Shed, of Albany, on Second Street, is now ready for business, with accommodations never before offered the agricultural public. Drive in, when you come to Albany, and let us prove to you how attentive and accommodating we are.

FRED TOMLINSON, Lessee

WANTED—Men in each state to travel, post signs, advertise and leave samples of our goods. Salary $75 per month. $3 per day for expenses. KUHLMAN CO., Dept. S, Atlas Block, Chicago.

The Norwich Union is solid and substantial. T. L. Dugger, agent.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.