Spring Humors

Impure or effete matters accumulated in the blood during the winter cause in the spring such disfiguring and painful troubles as boils, pimples, and other eruptions, also weakness, loss of appetite and that tired feeling.

The best medicine to take to rid yourself of them is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which thoroughly cleanses the blood, and effects permanent cures by giving healthy functional activity to the stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels and skin.

This is the testimony of tens of thousands who have taken this great spring medicine.

Accept no substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla, but insist on having Hood's and get it today.

Sold by druggists everywhere.

Usual form, liquid, or in new form, tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

A REAL KING IN AMERICA.

Man of Great Ambition and Wealth Could Make Potentates Cringe.

What about these sons of the rich, these princes of our money aristocracy? How much chance is there that one of them will develop the genius of the founder of his line, and instead of squandering millions will accumulate tens of millions; instead of living in useless luxury on his income will prove himself a force in the industrial and financial world, a man able to fight and conquer like his father or grandfather?

Extraordinary happenings are always unexpected, yet once in a century or so, like the advent of a mighty conquerer or reformer, they do come to pass. And if there should arise in this land a man of thirty or forty who, starting with two or three billions (owned or controlled by him) should be great enough to brush aside the trammels of indolence and temptation, great enough to see that never in modern times has there been offered to a man, not even to Napoleon, so stupendous a chance as this to wield absolute power, great enough finally to use his two or three billions to its full potentiality, then—well, there would surely be interesting history made in that man's lifetime! We have had our iron kings, railroad kings, copper kings, sugar kings and others, but there is one kind of king we have not had yet. A real king? Yes, for how long, pray, would this republic stand against the aggressions of such a man, a great-minded despot without conscience or bounds to his ambition, one in comparison to whom our Rockefellers and Carnegies would seem like blundering beginners? Already our millionaire magnates have begun to buy our courts and legislatures, to corrupt our cities, to debauch the public conscience; he would finish the work and do it thoroughly, he would make the laws, own the newspapers, subsidize churches and colleges, mold public opinion, direct the machinery of justice, control the industries, the banks, the insurance companies, the conditions of labor, regulate supply and demand, fix prices, absorb profits, centralize everything, be everything. Why not? Even as things are, has the world any king more powerful than J. P. Morgan or John D. Rockefeller? Remember how Europe cringed to Mr. Morgan at his last visit, with emperors seeking his favor and princes waiting at his door. A real king? Why, we practically have two of them already!—Cleveland Moffett in Success Magazine.

Broken and Mended.

On swept the little red automobile that was built for two.

"You—you seem so quiet," whispered the beautiful girl, anxiously. "Is there anything about this machine that is broken?"

"Yes," hissed the tall man at her side, bitterly. "My heart."

Feeling remorseful at having jilted him so cruelly the beautiful girl leaned over and added:

"Cheer up, George! If your heart is really broken we can stop at a repair shop."

"Nonsense! What kind of a repair shop could mend a broken heart?"

"Why, the parsonage, George!"

Twenty minutes later the "repair shop" was reached.

THE OLD PRECEPTRESS.

She Clung to the Manners, Speech and Dress of a Bygone Era.

There are few things more cruel than ridicule can be, and few wrongs to friendship greater than to hold up to mockery behind his back the weaknesses of a friend. But there is a tender laughter with neither mockery nor malice in it, but rather of the very fiber of affection, which may be evoked by the foibles of even those whom we most love and honor.

There lived a few years ago in New England a very aged woman, a teacher in early days in one of the pioneer institutions for the education of women, who in her later years afforded a lesson in the right way to laugh. Laugh at her one must, for a queerer though a dearer old lady never lived.

She wore the clothes of a bygone era never changing her fashions; she thought its thoughts, seriously distrusting the most innocent innovations, and cultivated the most curious little "by-products of the virtues," as the granddaughter of one of her old pupils termed them, which were at once the delight and the despair of her friends.

She had been taught, for instance that waste was a sin. Consequently she would throw nothing away, and her premises were burdened with the most preposterous accumulations of rubbish. She saved old newspapers and presented them to her friends to "cut patterns from." Twine was never cut or cast aside, but patiently untied and saved in innumerable wads and wisps, which were continually escaping from forgotten receptacles to ensnare the feet of unsuspecting visitors. She was odd alike in aspect, manners, and habits; and her speech was perhaps the oddest of all, for she never spoke colloquially, but invariably employed what she herself once designated as "that elegance and precision of language which alone befits the lips of a gentlewoman in polite society."

But no on who was a "gentlewoman" could have ridiculed her, as no one blessed with humor could have failed to be amused. She was of too kind a soul, too charitable a tongue, too serene and fine a temper. Once an ill-disposed woman had lied about her, although the lie possessed, as the most troublesome lies usually do, at the bottom of its wild exaggerations just the grain of truth sufficient to make it believable. The old lady learned of it, and was deeply grieved. Later a friend, in speaking of the offender to her, called lie and liar by their plain names; but she appeared perturbed and made a sign of dissent.

"Well, what is she, then, if she isn't a liar?" challenged the indignant champion of truth.

The ancient preceptress and gentlewoman sighed, and did not answer at once. Then she admitted, with delicately reluctant indirection, "I am afraid, my dear, that Henrietta is addicted to hyperbole."—Youth's Companion.

Identification Necessary.

"Is your mistress at home," inquired Mrs. Borem, standing in the shadow of the doorway.

"I don't know, ma'am," replied the servant. "Can't tell whether she's home or not till I git a good look at ye. If ye hov a wart on the side o' yer nose, ma'am, she ain't."—Philadelphia Ledger.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS

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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
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Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
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Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

IN THE NATIONAL HALLS OF CONGRESS

Monday, April 2.

Washington, April 2.—The amendment to the house railroad rate bill agreed to at the White house Saturday by friends of the bill, providing for a limited review of orders of the Interstate Commerce commission, was offered in the senate today by Long, of Kansas, but he was not able to get the floor to make his speech. The principal speech was made by Fulton, of Oregon, who spoke for the bill. It was a legal argument bearing upon the constitutional questions involved, and interruptions were so frequent that the speech amounted to a debate on law points, where the speaker divided time with the a majority of the lawyers of the senate. Nelson, of Minnesota, and Heyburn, of Idaho, made brief speeches on the bill.

Washington, April 2.—Chief among the measures passed by the house today was the so-called "personal liability" bill, which has been favored by the army of railway employes throughout the country, and which practically had a unanimous report from the committee. Members of the house showed great interest in the measure, and, had a division been called for, the bill would have had an almost unanimous vote. Another measure changing existing law which excited a filibustering opposition, was the bill permitting the fortification of sweet wines and levying a tax of 3 cents a gallon on all wines thus fortified. A number of bills were passed under suspension of the rules.

The personal liability bill makes each party responsible for its own negligence. It also renders void any contract intended to restrict the liability of the employer for the negligence of employes.

Saturday, March 31.

Washington, March 13.— This being war claim day in the house, only those directly interested in the legislation in the private calendar were in attendance. The house during the four hours it was in session considered and passed 179 bills, many, however, sending the particular claim to the court of claims for adjudication.

Previous to taking up the calendar a bill was passed granting to the Capital City Improvement company, of Helena, Montana, the right to construct a dam across the Missouri river in Montana.

A bill to pay the claim of the French Trans-Atlantic Cable company for $77,712, growing out of the cutting of cables during the Spanish war, was passed.

Another bill recalling the war with Spain which attracted little or no attention was that appropriating $13,694 to the Ferro Carriles Railroad company, of Porto Rico, for mail service performed by this company during the military occupation by the United States. The bill was passed.

Friday, March 30.

Washington, March 30.—The house today passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying $30,000,000, after considering the measure two weeks. The feature of today's proceedings was the elimination of the age limit of clerks, a provision which created much discussion and which incited the fight against the bill. The bill as passed carries nearly $700,000 less than the last appropriation bill for similar purposes.

Thursday, March 29.

Washington, March 29.—The senate today listened to speeches on the railroad rate bill by Clay, Carmack and Newlands and passed a bill which provides for the reorganization of the medical department of the army by authorizing the appointment of officers to take the place of contract surgeons. All the senators who spoke on the rate bill indicated a purpose to support it, but Clay expressed the hope that it would be so amended as to afford a limited court review of the orders of the Interstate Commerce commission. Hale criticized the military medical bill, saying it showed a tendency to increase the army, which was not desirable in time of peace.

Culberson presented and had the clerk read a memorial from the Cattle-raisers' association of Texas, urging the passage of the railroad rate bill as it came from the house.

A bill was passed authorizing the erection of three life saving stations on the coast of Washington between Cape Flattery and Gray's harbor.

The senate adjourned until Monday.

Washington, March 29.—Today was a busy day for the house, considerable progress having been made on the executive, legislative and judicial bill. The committee on appropriationds suffered a defeat, the committee of the whole, by a vote of 58 to 22, expunging a paragraph from the bill which was alleged to be properly part of the postoffice appropriation bill. An increase of $10,000 over the appropriation carried by the bill was voted for confidential agents of the Interior department to aid in ferreting out land frauds.

Wednesday, March 28.

Washington, March 28.—Knox made his first set speech in the senate today. He spoke on the railroad rate question, and dealt almost exclusively with the legal features of the problem. When he concluded the senate entered upon the consideration of the conference report on the bill regarding the final disposition of the affairs of the five civilized tribes of Indians and much objection was expressed to many of the changes. Several senators, including La Folette, Clark, of Wyoming, and Tillman, expressed disapproval of the conference provision authorizing the secretary of the interior to lease land.

Washington, March 28.—The president today transmitted to the house the report of Assistant Secretary of State Herbert H. D. Peirce, regarding the consular service in the Orient.

The visit of Mr. Peirce included many cities, but his severe criticism is reserved for ex-Consul General McWade at Canton, and Consul Williams at Singapore. The charges against McWade, ex-consul at Canton, are drunkenness, employment of a felon, issuance of fraudulent Chinese certificates, extending protection to Chinamen who claim to be American citizens, persecution of American citizens for purposes of revenge, and corruption in office.

The charges against Goodnow are 82 in number, some serious and some light. Some are sufficient to support suits at law and give evidence of corruption in office. The opinion of the better element was unfavorable to him in Shanghai.

Tuesday, March 27.

Washington, March 27. — Tillman and McCumber divided the time of the senate today, the North Dakota senator devoting himself to the railroad rate question exclusively and the South Carolina senator discussing various questions. Tillman made a special inquiry concerning the status of his resolution relative to the use of national bank funds in politics, and incidentally spoke of District Attorney Jerome's recent utterances and of Judge Humphrey's decision in the beef trust cases, declaring in the latter matter that the decision against the attorney general had merely reaped what he had sown in the case of ex-Secretary Paul Morton.

Foraker defended Judge Humphrey and Tillman declared that he had not meant to attack the judge, but the law. McCumber picked innumerable flaws in the rate bill, predicting that, if enacted into a law, it would fail entirely to meet the demands of the public. He said, however, he would vote for the bill if properly amended.

Washington, March 27.—The house today witnessed a most unusual scene, the speaker rising on the floor in the midst of a spirited discussion on reciprocity and tariff revision and disclaiming responsibility for differences between minority members. It was toward the close of the debate on the urgent deficiency bill, which appropriated, among other things, for the forthcoming conference at Rio de Janeiro. The bill was passed.

On motion of Tawney, the legislative and judicial bill was taken up, when Prince, of Illinois, and Hardwick, of Georgia, resumed the tactics inaugurated last week by raising a point of order against every paragraph in which there was a departure from existing law. A half dozen points of order were made and sustained affecting the officers of the subtreasuries at New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans and St. Louis.

Washington, March 30. — General Luke E. Wright today took the oath of office as ambassador to Japan. He ceased to be governor general of the Philippines today. Henry C. Ide, of the Philippines commission, the present acting governor, will continue until April 2, when the will be inaugurated governor general.

Square Deal in Alaska.

Washington, April 2.—The secretary of the interior today sent to congress a draft of a bill which he recommends to be passed providing that, whenever mineral entries are made in Alaska, six months' notice shall be given instead of 60 days, as at present. Under existing laws it has become a common practice, particularly in remote mining districts, for entrymen to hold off until the mails are virtually closed by bad weather and then forward their notices to Juneau. In this manner persons wishing to institute a contest are precluded.

Asks for Large Damages.

Washington, April 3 —The president has received a letter of 20 closely written pages from O. J. Markell, of Orrville, O. who threatens to sue the government at once if he is not paid $500,000 as damages for the blighting of the writer's literary prospects through various persecutions. Markell says that while in government employ he was nagged and tantalized by his fellow clerks and as an instance states that whenever his back was turned some clerk would exclaim, "damn you, I can lick you."

St. Paul Bridge Bills Pass.

Washington, March 27. — The house today passed three of the six bills authorizing the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad to bridge navigable streams between Chamberlain, S. D., and Puget sound. Strange to say, the three Washington bills introduced by Cushman were not passed, because Cushman, who is a member of the committee to which they were referred, was not on hand to see that they were reported or call them up in the house for passage. The bills will no doubt go through.

Bill for Cattle Shipping.

Washington, March 27. — The house committee on interstate commerce today favorably reported a substitute for Representative French's 36-hour live-stock bill. The committee bill confers absolute power on the secretary of agriculture to regulate stock shipments, permitting him to extend or shorten the periods as he may deem proper. Under this bill, the secretary could continue to enforce the present 28-hour law, he could permit shipments for longer periods, or require unloading every eight hours, as demanded by some.

Repay Adams' Stealings.

Washington, March 27. — Senator Piles today introduced a bill authorizing the appointment of a commissioner to ascertain the losses sustained by various persons who were robbed by George E. Adams, the defaulting cashier of the Seattle assay office. The bill provides that the findings of this commissioner shall be final, and that congress shall make a sufficient appropriation to pay the losses, in the event that Adams' property fails.

Money for Klamath Tribe.

Washington, April 2.—The Indian committee of the senate has attached to the Indian appropriation bill all the amendments offered by Senator Fulton. One appropriates $537,000 to pay the Klamath Indians for lands relinquished to the government; another permits the sheepmen of Umatilla county to cross the Umatilla reservation with their flocks in going to and from the summer range in the Wenaha forest reserve.

THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all-important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating, or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that **SYRUP OF FIGS** is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

It Happened in Vineland.

"Shay, off'sher," the man with the liquid burden remarked to the policeman, "shee all 'em houses runnin' by?"

"Sure," replied the policeman good humoredly, "I see them."

"Well, when num'r six-twent'f' comesh 'long shtop it, caushe 'at's mine!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

According to Signs.

An Irishman was walking along a road beside a golf links when he was suddenly struck between the shoulders by a golf ball. The force of the blow, says a writer in the New York World, almost knocked him down. When he recovered he observed a golfer running toward him.

"Are you hurt?" asked the player. "Why didn't you get out of the way?"

"An' why should I get out of the way?" asked Pat. "I didn't know there were any assassins round here."

"But I called 'fore,'" said the player, "and when I say 'fore,' that is a sign for you to get out of the way."

"Oh, it is, is it?" said Pat. "Well, thin, whin I say 'foive,' it is a sign that you are going to get hit on the nose. "Foive."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

His Habit.

Towne—Yes, Polkey is dead, after a two weeks' illness.

Browne—You don't say? What was the trouble?

Towne—Heart failure.

Browne—Well, well, slow as usual. The idea of taking two weeks to die of heart failure.—Philadelphia Press.

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures hot, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Unsatisfied Curiosity.

"There is one thing I'd like to know," said Mr. Peck.

"What is that, Henry?" queried his better half.

"I'd like to know if the women who marry pugilists succeed in having the last word."

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

His Only Concern.

"John," whispered his wife, shaking him, "I hear somebody in the basement."

John groped his way, half awake, to the wall, and bawled down the register, "You infernal scoundrel," he said, "after you have satisfied yourself that there's nothing worth stealing down there will you please push in the upper damper rod of the furnace? I forgot to do it."

Then he crawled back into bed again.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Literal.

"I never saw a man's opinion of himself so thoroughly justified as was young Softy's at our place the other day."

"What happened?"

"Well, he thought he was the biggest gun in the establishment."

"Yes?"

"And so he was always booming himself."

"Well?"

"Well, the boss just fired him."—Baltimore American.

Somewhat Chilly.

Tom—How did you know the girl I was just talking with is from Boston?

Jack—I heard you sneeze twice during the conversation.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

You Bet!

Stranger—I don't like your weather. It is too fluctuating and uncertain.

Mr. Olds-Port—Why, great Scott! That's its charm. I've already made $2,000 this year by betting on it.

BURTON, HOWARD E.—Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank.

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W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

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If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50.

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