

The Santiam News.

VOL. IX.

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, JANUARY 12, 1906.

NO. 29.

The Santiam News

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By T. L. DUGGER

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second class mail matter.

PROFESSIONAL

H. Bryant C. C. Bryant
H. BRYANT & SON
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Goodwin Block ALBANY OREGON

L. H. MONTAGNE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Notary Public and Registrar
of Elections and Polls
Office, 202 West 2d Street ALBANY, OREGON

WEATHERFORD & WYATT
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Office over First National Bank
ALBANY OREGON

S. C. BROWN, M. D.
Graduate Eclectic Medical College
Chilmark, Ohio OREGON

A. G. PRILL, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Scio, Oregon
Telephone Exchange No. 11.

R. SHELTON
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Justice of the Peace Notary Public
Scio Oregon

GEORGE W. WRIGHT
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Degree of L. L. B. Class of 1882 Missouri
State University. Practices in all courts.
Office over First National Bank, Rooms 7 and 8
ALBANY, OREGON

Beware of Defective Titles
Have an Abstract of Title prepared
by the
Linn County Abstract Co.

Z. H. RUDD, Manager.
Office over Third and Broadway Sts.
ALBANY, OREGON

CORNER SALOON
JONES & TUCKER
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes
Give Us a Call
SCIO OREGON

LUMBER! LUMBER!
H. D. Landon, of the Bilyeu Den Sawmills, is prepared
to fill orders for
Common or Finishing Lumber
Orders taken at the yards in Scio or at the mills in Bilyeu Den.
His lumber is the best of mountain fir, and prices are reasonable.

LANDON! LANDON!
The Secretary of the Interior has
withdrawn more than 1,000,000 acres of
public land in Arizona and New Mexico
from all forms of disposal except under
the mineral laws for inclusion within
forest reserves.
The Santo Domingo revolt on is
practically at an end.
The house has received another rate
bill.
A reign of terror now exists at Riga,
Russia.
An immense graft by St. Louis po-
lice has been exposed.
President Morales' army has been
beaten and his general killed.
From Kansas snow all trains are
greatly delayed by snow storms.

SCIO LIVERY & FEED STABLES
Irvine & Myer, Props.
Hack connects with all trains at West Soto
and morning train at Munkers.
Our rigs are first-class and our horses good
drivers. Prices reasonable.

THE SKIPTON STABLES

Good Turnouts, Prompt and
Courteous Attention
REASONABLE RATES
Corner Second and Klaworth Streets
Albany Oregon

Albany Lunch Counter
McKillop & DeVaney, Props.
Best 20c. Meal in the Valley
Open All Night
ALBANY, OREGON.

Go To The Keystone Shaving Parlors

Only First-Class Shop In The City
Shaving.....15 cents
Hair Cutting.....25 "
Shampooing.....25 "
Baths.....25 "

GEORGE DAVIE PROPRIETOR
J. J. Barnes & Son,
General Blacksmiths
and Wagonmakers
We buy our stock in large quantities
and keep a full line of carriage
and wagon material. All kinds of work
in our line done on short notice.

Horseshoeing a Specialty
SCIO, OREGON

THE
Scio State Bank
Scio - - - Oregon

OFFICERS
President.....T. J. MURPHY
Cashier.....W. A. EWING

Does a general banking and exchange
business. L. - no made at our rates
and drafts issued on principal cities.

EAST AND SOUTH
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
Shasta Route
Trains leave West Soto for Portland and way
stations at 10:00 a. m. Leave for Albany at
2:30 p. m.

Leaves Portland 9:00 a. m.; 9:30 p. m.
Leaves Albany 12:10 p. m.; 12:30 p. m.
Arrives Astoria 12:30 a. m.; 11:30 a. m.
Arrives Astoria 7:30 p. m.; 8:30 a. m.
Arrives San Francisco 7:30 p. m.; 8:30 a. m.
Fullman and Tourist cars on both trains
Chair cars Sacramento to Ogden and El Paso
and Tourist cars to Chicago, St. Louis, New
Orleans and Washington.
Connecting at San Francisco with the several
steamship lines for Honolulu, Japan, China,
Philippines, Central and South America.
See Mrs. M. E. Woodhouse, agent at West
Soto station, or address
W. E. OGDEN, G. P. A.
Portland, Oregon.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our
Busy Readers.

HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS
A Resume of the Less Important but
Not Less Interesting Events
of the Past Week.

The Kaiser is confined to his bed with
a cold.
France protests against a fresh insult
from Castro.
Germany fears that war will follow
the Moroccan conference.
King Edward has called for the election
of a new parliament.
Binger Hermann is in Washington
and his trial will occur in February.
President Roosevelt has submitted a
lengthy report on the Panama canal to
congress.

The annual report of the Panama
Railway company shows an earning of
5 per cent.
A British merchant has been arrested
by Russian authorities and imprisoned
and beaten.
An expedition will be sent to Siberia
by the Russian government to subdue
the revolutionists.
The State Normal school of New York
has been destroyed by fire. The loss
will reach \$200,000.
A land slide at Ilastraw, New
York, carried eight houses with it.
Sixteen persons were killed.
Fighting still continues in Santo Do-
mingo. In a recent engagement 150
men out of 800 engaged on both sides
were killed.
The Chicago council is investigating
a graft from which contractors are said
to have obtained \$5,000,000 of the
city's money during the past decade.
A civil war is in progress in Ecuador.
The trial of Annapolis hazers is in
progress.
The Russian duma has been called to
meet March 3.
Five men were killed near Chicago
by the explosion of a ton of dynamite.
The governor of Ohio was inaugurated
in a glass cage owing to delicate
health.
Idaho officers are confident they are
on the right track in the Steunenberg
murder case.
David H. Moffat says he will extend
the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific
railroad to Portland.
More evidence in the Smoot case is
to be taken by the senate committee
on privileges and elections.
Much American money was lent
abroad during 1905. Nearly \$200,-
000,000 went to Japan alone.
Alfred F. Norton, who has been
conducting a grocery store at Indianapo-
lis "as Christ would," has gone bank-
rupt.
H. H. Rogers, of the Standard Oil
company, has defied the Missouri law
by refusing to answer questions con-
cerning the oil business.
As a result of a collision on the
Philadelphia & Erie railroad between a
fast passenger and a freight, three
trainmen were killed and 20 passengers
more or less seriously injured.
The revolution in Russia has spoiled
the Christmas festivities.
Witte is accused of nullifying the
concessions to the Liberals.
No more Jamaicans will be allowed
to go to Panama to work on the canal.
The house and senate are sure to
clash over the appropriation of money.
Fire in the heart of Kansas City de-
stroyed three blocks. The loss will
reach \$500,000. No lives were lost.
The drydock Dewey, on its way to
the Philippines, has reached Bermuda,
where a stop was made for coal and
provisions.
Jerome is preparing to indict big fish
in insurance companies in February.
The small men are expected to turn
state's evidence.
Two commissioners of the Chinese
empire are on their way to this country
to attend American schools and
study our ways.
The Navy department has presented
medals of honor to the 11 members of
the Bennington's crew who survived,
for bravery in rescuing more unfortunate
shipsmates.
The secretary of the Interior has
withdrawn more than 1,000,000 acres of
public land in Arizona and New Mexico
from all forms of disposal except under
the mineral laws for inclusion within
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lice has been exposed.
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beaten and his general killed.
From Kansas snow all trains are
greatly delayed by snow storms.

SECOND IN TRADE.

Immense Volume of Business With
Germany During 1905.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Trade between
the United States and Germany, whose
commercial relations are now the sub-
ject of negotiations between the two
countries, aggregated in the fiscal year
1905, over \$300,000,000. A report
issued today by the bureau of Statistics
of the department of Commerce
and Labor, says:
"The imports from Germany were
\$118,000,000 in value and exceeded
imports from that country in any ear-
lier year. The exports to Germany
were \$194,000,000 in value and ex-
ceeded our exports to that country in
any earlier year except 1904, in which
year the total was over \$214,000,000.
This decrease in 1905 compared with
1904 having occurred in raw cotton and
being due altogether to a fall in prices,
since the quantity in 1905 was greater
than in 1904. Imports from Germany
increased \$37,000,000 in the period
from 1895 to 1906 and exports to that
country increased \$10,000,000 in the
same time.
"Germany stands second in the
order of magnitude of our trade with
foreign countries, both as to imports
and exports.
"Manufactures are the bulk of the
\$118,000,000 worth of merchandise im-
ported from Germany.
"In manufactures, especially copper
mineral, leather, scientific instruments
and certain manufactures of iron and
steel, our exports to Germany show a
steady growth. The value of copper
in bars and plates exported from the
United States to Germany amounted to
over \$14,000,000.
"The objects of the association are to
encourage development; foster and
stimulate the growth; protect the mu-
tual interests; promote and systematize
uniformity of accounting, opera-
tion, maintenance and construction of
independent (non-Bell) telephone inter-
ests, and to defend the same from un-
fair encroachments, competition, con-
flict of interest and by such other avail-
able means as may, from time to time,
be deemed advisable.
"I confess," he says, "that I did
not have much hope when I came here
that the Standard Oil directors would
tell about the Standard Oil control of
the water pipe oil company and two
other companies operating in Missouri,
but since they have appeared in answer
to subpoenas, I shall make the best
effort I can to have them tell the
facts.
"I don't care, of course, to have any
body committed for contempt. I shall
ask the court to have the witnesses di-
rected to answer certain questions
which they have declined to answer.
If they refuse to answer, and they
still refuse, I shall have to leave
to the court the question of contempt."
"A refusal to answer in such a case
would be next best for my purpose to
an answer in the affirmative, since it
would be equivalent to an admission."

Will Try to Get Facts.
Missouri's Attorney General Says He
Does Not Expect Much.

New York, Jan. 9.—Attorney Gen-
eral Hadley, of Missouri, said tonight
that he would probably ask for a hear-
ing in the Supreme court in this city
on Wednesday or Thursday to deter-
mine whether H. H. Rogers and other
directors of the Standard Oil company
must answer questions at the hearing
before Commissioner Sanborn regarding
the control of oil companies operating
in Missouri.
"I confess," he says, "that I did
not have much hope when I came here
that the Standard Oil directors would
tell about the Standard Oil control of
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KENTUCKY IS RAMMED.
Battleship Runs Aground in Fog in
New York Harbor.

New York, Jan. 9.—While the bat-
tleship squadron under command of
Rear Admiral Evans was proceeding to
sea today, the battleships Kearsarge
and Kentucky ran aground in the har-
bor. The Kearsarge lighted house
the Alabama and Illinois were follow-
ing next in line, and before they could
alter their course, the Alabama colli-
ded with the Kentucky, striking her a
glancing blow. The Illinois was clear
of the tangle and proceeded down
the bay, anchoring outside the bar with
the flagship Maine.
The starboard side of the Kentucky
above the water line was quit badly
damaged. She will come up to the
navy yard tomorrow for repairs. The
accident occurred shortly after 1 P. M.
The Alabama stood by to render assist-
ance to the Kentucky and Kearsarge
wireless messages were sent to the
Brooklyn navy yard for tugs.
Road Through the State.
Eureka, Cal., Jan. 9.—F. L. Evans,
a civil engineer, claiming to be backed
by one of the transcontinental railroad
magnates, has proposed to build a rail-
road from Eureka east to Caspar,
Wyo., there to connect with four lines.
The proposed route is from Eureka,
the terminus, in Delta Trinity river,
striking Pitt river, following that
stream through the Sierra Nevada
mountains, touching Alturas, thence
to Lakeview and Vale, in Oregon,
thence through Southern Idaho and to
Caspar, Wyo.
Floods Destroy Crops.
Mazatlan, Mex., Jan. 9.—According
to Ignacio Fente, government director
in the town of Ajomet, the people of
that town in the surrounding country
are facing starvation. Crops have been
almost entirely destroyed by the recent
inundations, and the roads have been
rendered impassable. Thousands of
people are in Northern Mexico as the
result of the flood. The loss
throughout Sinaloa will amount to
several thousands of dollars.
Damages to American Property.
St. Petersburg, Jan. 9.—Mr. Meyer,
the American ambassador, has received
from the consuls at Moscow and Odessa
detailed reports of the injuries suffered
by American property during the re-
cent riots. A statement of the damages
claimed will be forwarded by Mr.
Meyer to the State department for in-
surance.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

CONTAINS MANY DIFFICULTIES.
Oregon State Primary Law Hard for
Candidates to Follow.

Salem—Another very serious prob-
lem has arisen in connection with the
direct primary law. The law requires
that candidates for state offices shall
file petitions from not less than seven
counties, and that at least 10 per cent
of the precincts shall be represented in
each of the seven counties. Two per
cent of the votes cast at the last state
election for supreme judge by each party
must be represented on the petition.
It has been the supposition until re-
cently that so long as the required
number of counties and precincts were
represented by the signatures of one or
more voters that the bulk of the signa-
tures on a petition to make up the 2
per cent might come from one county,
so long as the required number of names
was filed with the secretary of state.
It is now discovered that there must be
2 per cent of the vote cast by the party
represented in each county and precinct
represented, as well as throughout the
state.
The attorney general will probably
be asked to render an opinion in regard
to the number of signatures required
from the counties and precincts. To
secure 2 per cent of the voters in seven
counties, and 10 per cent of the pre-
cincts in each of the seven counties,
and in addition have 2 per cent of the
party vote in the entire state, will add
to the difficulties of securing a petition.

AMEND IRRIGATION LAWS.
Irrigationists Say Conditions in Idaho
Are Better Than in Oregon.

Salem—Prominent irrigators of Ore-
gon are considering the advisability of
asking the next legislature to amend the
irrigation laws in several particulars.
At the present time all the contracts
with the state for the reclamation of
desert lands under the Carey act are
based upon the theory that the owners
of the canals and ditches are entitled to
collect a perpetual annual rental from
the landholders. In Idaho the land-
holders will eventually own and control
the canals, ditches, headgates, etc.
In the contract with the state of
Idaho for the construction of the Twin
Falls canal it is provided that a com-
pany shall be formed among the land-
owners on the basis of one share of
stock for one share of water right, and
that within seven years the control of
the canals, ditches, dams and headgates
shall pass to the corporation formed
among the water users. Previous to
the formation of this company and be-
fore the expiration of the seven years'
limit, the construction company is en-
titled to collect annually not exceeding
80 cents an acre. The same theory of
ownership prevails in all government
work.
All the contracts for the reclamation
of arid lands under the Carey act in
this state allow the construction com-
panies the right to collect \$1 an acre
perpetually, the company agreeing to
keep the canals and ditches in repair.

Independent Telephone Companies of
Oregon Unite.
Portland—In order to fortify them-
selves and protect their interests, rep-
resentatives of the independent tele-
phone lines in Oregon met here last
week and formed a permanent organiza-
tion. It will be known as the Oregon
Independent Telephone association, and
is formed after similar organizations in
other states of the Union and affiliated
with the national association of in-
dependent telephone lines.
The objects of the association are to
encourage development; foster and
stimulate the growth; protect the mu-
tual interests; promote and systematize
uniformity of accounting, opera-
tion, maintenance and construction of
independent (non-Bell) telephone inter-
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Fruit Inspector in Linn.
Albany—The Linn county court has
appointed E. C. Armstrong, residing
at Marion station, Marion county, to
act as fruit inspector for Linn county.
Previously, on the recommendation of
Horticultural Commissioner C. A.
Park, of Salem, Mr. Park wished to
secure here a man who would be ready
to begin work on pests at once. The
court will at once select a man for per-
manent appointment who will be asked
to take a short course in training under
Professor A. B. Cordley, at the Oregon
Agricultural college.

Allen Wants Oregon Boys.
Corvallis—Lieutenant Quinlan, com-
mandant of the cadet regiment at the
college, has received instructions to
recommend six additional graduates
from the Oregon Agricultural college
for positions as Third lieutenants in
the Philippine constabulary. Three
similar recommendations were recently
made, and from these one appointment
has already been made, that of Lieut-
enant Floyd Williams, who has gone
to Manila.

New Railroad for Gilliam.
Salem—Articles of incorporation
have been filed with the secretary of
state for the Oregon Northern Railway
company. The incorporators are:
William J. Mariner, R. W. Robinson
and C. E. Jones. The road runs from
Blackfoot, in Gilliam county, to Har-
den, in Morrow county. The capital
stock is \$25,000, divided into 1,250
shares of \$20 each. The principal
place of business is Heppner.

Contracts at Interest.
Salem—The State Land board re-
ports interest bearing contracts out-
standing December 31, as follows:
School land contracts, \$99,514.30;
Agricultural college, \$28,993.82; Uni-
versity, \$3,788.

PORTLAND MARKETS.
Wheat—Club, 72c; bluestem, 74c;
75c; red, 69c; valley, 73c.
Oats—No. 1 white feed, 27c; gray,
26c 50 per ton.
Barley—Feed, 23.00@23.50 per ton;
brewing, 24.00@24.50; rolled, 23.50
@24.50.
Huck—\$2.50 per cental.
Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy,
\$13.50@14.50 per ton; valley timothy,
\$9@10; clover, \$9@10; cheat, \$8.50@
9.50; grain hay, \$8@9.
Fruits—Apples—75c@1.50 per box,
perkins, \$1.25 per box; pears,
\$1.25@1.50 per box; cranberries, \$13
@13.50 per barrel.
Vegetables—Beans, 20c per pound;
cabbage, 18c per pound; cauliflower,
\$1.25 per dozen; celery, \$3@3.50 per
crate; pumpkins, 3/4c per pound;
sprouts, 7c per pound; squash, 1 1/4
@1 1/2c per pound; turnips, 9c@11c per
sack; carrots, 65c@75c per sack; beets,
85c@1.10 per sack.
Onions—Oregon, No. 1, \$1@1.25 per
sack; No. 2, 75c@90c.
Potatoes—Fancy graded Burbanks,
65c@75c per sack; ordinary, 50c@60c;
Merced sweets, 2c per pound.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 27c@30c
per pound.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 25c@30c per
dozen.
Poultry—Average old hens, 12c@
13c per pound; springs, 12c@14c;
mixed chickens, 12c@12 1/2c; broilers,
15c@16c; dressed chickens, 14c@15c;
turkeys, live, 14c@16c; turkeys dressed,
choles, 17c@20c; geese, live, 9c@11c;
ducks, 15c@16c.
Hops—Oregon, 1905, choice, 10c@11c
per pound; prime, 8c@9c; medium,
7c@8c; olds, 5c@7c.
Wool—Eastern Oregon average best,
16c@21c per pound; valley, 24c@26c;
mair, choice, 30c.
Beef—Dressed bulls, 1c@2c per
pound; cows, 3c@4c; country steers,
4c@4 1/2c.
Veal—Dressed, 3c@3 1/2c per pound.
Mutton—Dressed, fancy 6c@6 1/2c per
pound; ordinary, 4c@5c; lambs, 7c@
7 1/2c.
Pork—Dressed, 6c@7 1/2c per pound.

BRITAIN READY TO STRIKE.

Would Have Smashed Rojstevsky if
Togo Had Lost.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—The remark-
able allegation that the British fleet
was held in readiness to destroy the
Russian fleet, if the battle of the Sea of
Japan had gone in the Russians' favor,
is made by Admiral Rojstevsky in a
letter published in the Novoe Vremya
today with the permission of the min-
ister of marine.
Referring to the absolute secrecy of
Admiral Togo in regard to the disposi-
tion of his forces, Rojstevsky de-
clares that "this was unknown even to
the admiral of the British fleet allied
with the Japanese, who concentrated
his forces at Wei Hai Wei, in expecta-
tion of receiving an order to annihilate
the Russian fleet, if this, the final ob-
ject of Great Britain, was beyond the
power of the Japanese."
From Admiral Rojstevsky's account
of his tactics in the battle of the
Sea of Japan, the reader is almost
convinced that the Russian commander
outmaneuvered Admiral Togo at every
point, and was himself the real victor.
He declares he knew Admiral Togo's
exact whereabouts two days before the
battle, made his disposition accord-
ingly, and entered the fight with his eyes
open.
Mr. Spring-Rice, the British charge
d'affaires, without waiting for instruc-
tions from his government, demanded
an explanation from Foreign Minister
Lamort, this afternoon of the state-
ments contained in the admiral's letter
to the Novoe Vremya.

MAY HOLD BALANCE.
United States May Act as Arbitrator in
Moroccan Conference.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The agitation
in Europe over the coming Moroccan
conference and the result it may bring
has spread to this country and officials
here are now deeply interested in the
matter because of the recently devel-
oped fact that the American delegation
has become the most prominent factor
of the gathering.
It has been believed here that the
various European governments which
are so deeply interested in the con-
ference, notably France and Germany,
had agreed to a program which would
be adhered to rigidly. The possibility
of a split between these two govern-
ments on some of the questions in-
volved may throw the United States
into a position where its delegates with
their votes will have the power to settle
the question. In that event, it is con-
sidered, the position of the United
States may become embarrassing.
It is learned on good authority that
the United States government will do
everything in its power to bring about
a peaceful settlement of the issues
which will be discussed at the confer-
ence. From this it appears that Pres-
ident Roosevelt has again determined to
use all his power in keeping the world
at peace. The difficulties of the situa-
tion are great and the American mis-
sion will undoubtedly have much work
to do.

Dolliver Will Fight Delay.
Washington, Jan. 8.—Senator Dolliv-
er, of Iowa, will resist to the utmost
any attempt of the committee on in-
terstate commerce of which he is a
member to defer action upon railroad
rate legislation until the house has
passed a bill. The present majority of
the committee is opposed to giving the
Interstate Commerce commission power
to change rates. Three of the Republi-
cans, however, stand with the Demo-
cratic members for regulation as gen-
erally defined by the president.

Great Printing Trust in East.
Cincinnati, Jan. 5.—The United
States Printing company, capital \$3,-
376,300, one of the largest concerns of
its kind in the country, will be leased
to the United States Printing company,
of New Jersey, if the stockholders on
February 1 ratify the action of the di-
rectors announced today. The com-
pany has plants in Brooklyn, Mont-
clair, N. J., Norwood and Cincinnati.
The total output is estimated to be
nearly \$2,500,000 annually. The new
holding company will take over all the
plants of the company.

Mutineers Rule in Siberia.
St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—Grave ap-
prehension is felt regarding conditions
in Manchuria. No direct word has
been received from General Linievitch,
the Russian commander in chief there,
since December 2 last, at which time
he reported that the troops were defying
their officers and burning and pillaging
at will. Officials at the war office de-
clare that they fear the mutineers are
in absolute control east of Lake Baikal.
Workmen in the mines at Irkutsk
went on strike yesterday, and it is
feared there will be trouble there.

Philippine Tariff Up.
Washington, Jan. 4.—Both branches
of congress will convene at noon today
after a holiday recess of two weeks.
The leaders of the house have decided
that the Philippine tariff bill shall be
first considered. It will be reported
without any vote to limit debate, and
amendments may be offered ad libitum.
It had been the intention to start with
the statehood bill, but Mr. Hamilton,
chairman of the committee, is not
quite ready to report that measure.

California to Celebrate.
Washington, Jan. 8.—Representative
Kahn, of California, introduced a bill
today providing for an appropriation of
\$50,000 for an expedition in San
Francisco in 1913 to celebrate the
400th anniversary of the discovery of
the Pacific ocean by Balboa.