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City Hall

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NO. 5.

The Santiam News

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By D. C. Humphrey.

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Per annum.....\$1.50
Advertising rates made known on application
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when the order is given for their insertion.

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second class mail matter.

PROFESSIONAL

WILBUR N. PINTLER, D. M. D.

DENTIST

Scio Oregon

A. G. PRILL, M. D.

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

Scio, Oregon

Telephone Exchange No. 11.

R. SHELTON

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

Justice of the Peace Notary Public
Scio Oregon

R. W. HRGEY

Watchmaker and Jeweler

All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry
promptly repaired.

SCIO OREGON

—ALBANY—

LUNCH - COUNTER

McKillop & Churchill, Props.

ALBANY OREGON

The best 20c meal in the valley
Open all night.

DR. M. H. ELLIS

EYE AND EAR

McLain block Albany, Oregon

D. C. HUMPHREY

INSURANCE AGENT

For the Liverpool and London and
Globe Insurance Company.

UNDERTAKING GOODS!

We have always on hand a full line of
Caskets, Coffins, and robes at low prices. Our

PICTURE FRAMING

Department cannot be beat. Pictures
framed in any size or style at reasonable prices

Scio Planing Mills, Scio, Oregon.

SCIO LIVERY & FEED STABLES.

Irvine & Myer, Props.

Hack connects with all trains at West Scio
and morning train at Munkers.

Our rigs are first-class and our horses good
drivers. Prices reasonable.

PIANOS—Chickering, Kimball,
Weber and others

ORGANS—Newman Bros. and
Kimball

E. U. WILL
General Music Dealer

Music Books, Sheet Music, Small Instruments and Strings
Agent for the popular "New Home" Sewing Machine.

We Sell a Sewing Machine for \$20, Warranted for Five Years

Needles and Supplies for all Sewing Machines.
Pianos, Organs, and Sewing Machines Repaired.

120 First Street Albany, Oregon

Go To The
Keystone Shaving Parlors

Only First-Class Shop In The City

Shaving.....15 cents
Hair Cutting.....25 "
Shampooing.....25 "
Baths.....25 "

IRA FOREN, PROPRIETOR

J. J. Barnes & Son,

General Blacksmiths
and Wagonmakers

We buy our stock in large quantities
and keep a full line of carriage and
wagon material. All kinds of work in
our line done on short notice.

Horseshoeing a Specialty
SCIO, OREGON

THE
Scio State Bank

Scio Oregon

OFFICERS

President.....T. J. MORGAN
Cashier.....W. A. EWING

Does a general banking and exchange
business. Loans made at current rates
and drafts issued on principal cities.

EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA—

Southern Pacific Co.
SHASTA ROUTE.

Trains leave West Scio for Portland
and way stations at 10.45 a. m. Leave
or Albany at 2.45 p. m.

Leaves Portland 8.30 a. m., 8.30 p. m.
" Albany 12.10 p. m., 11.30 p. m.
Arrives Ashland 12.33 a. m., 11.30 a. m.
" Sacramento 7.55 p. m., 8.55 a. m.
" San Francisco 7.55 p. m., 8.55 a. m.

Pullman and Tourist cars on both
trains. Chair cars Sacramento to Og-
den and El Paso, and tourist cars to
Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and
Washington.

Connecting at San Francisco with
several lines for Honolulu, Japan, China,
Philippines, Central and South Amer-
ica.

See Mrs. M. E. Woodmansee, agent at
West Scio station, or address
W. E. COMAN, G. P. A.,
Portland, Ore

WEEK'S DOINGS

Newsy Items Gathered from All
Parts of the World.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS
General Review of Important Happen-
ings Presented in a Brief and
Condensed Form.

Anxiety is felt for a number of ves-
sels about due off the Japanese coast.
In a 14-hour battle the Russians met
a severe defeat east of Ta Tche Kiao.

Kansas City packers claim to contin-
ue to get nonunion help and to turn out
a greater product.

The Knight Commander, sunk by the
Russian Vladivostok squadron, had
a cargo of iron and steel.

Malheur, Oregon farmers have two
months in which to accept the govern-
ment irrigation project.

Ex-Senator H. G. Davis, Democratic
nominee for vice president, is reported
to be engaged to be married.

A Big Four engine at Indianapolis
struck an electric car, killing two per-
sons and injuring a number of others.

Thirty-seven cotton mills have shut
down at Fall River, Mass. The strike
is on account of a reduction in wages.

The resignation of Superintendent
Potter, of Chemawa Indian school, has
been accepted. His successor has not
been named.

Corean agitation against Japanese
land grants is becoming serious.

Parker has fixed August 10 as the
date of his notification of acceptance.

The Russian Vladivostok squadron
has been sighted 70 miles from Yoko-
hama.

All employes of the packing plants
have gone out. About 85,000 men are
affected.

A battle has been fought near Ta
Tche Kiao, and it is believed losses
will be large.

Thugs at Bonesteel, S. D., resisted
eviction, and two of them, as many of-
ficers and a civilian were shot.

Russia has stirred up the ire of
Germany by seizing a steamer in the
Red sea lying the kaiser's flag.

Britain, informed of the seizure of
two more ships, is determined to have
the war status of the Russian volun-
teer fleet fixed.

It is alleged that great dissatis-
faction exists among the members of the
meat packer's unions because of the
second strike order, and that a revolt
against President Donnelly's order
will occur.

Senator Gorman has refused to take
the national Democratic chairmanship.

Colonel E. Butler, a prominent St.
Louis politician, has been indicted for
bribery.

Pacific coast shippers have asked the
war department to state what goods are
contraband.

British press will not believe danger
averted until the greater question of
the Dardanelles is settled.

The Massachusetts state board of arbi-
tration is trying to avert a strike at
cotton mills, with a prospect of success.

Bonesteel, S. D., gamblers have met
the demand of caskers to make gratters
go, and the reign of terror seems to be
at an end.

The meatpackers strike has been re-
newed in all the leading packing plants
and the tie-up is complete. The trouble
is alleged discrimination in reinstat-
ing employees. Unless peace is
made at once all allied unions are like-
ly to go out in sympathy. President
Donnelly, of the union, is said to have
demanded that strikers be reinstated
in 10 days instead of 45.

The grand lodge of Elks has abol-
ished the grip and sign.

A reign of terror attends the land
rush at Bonesteel, South Dakota.

G. M. McKinney has retired as head
of the Harriman immigration bureau.

Ex-Senator Vest is seriously ill and
little hope is entertained for his recov-
ery.

Correspondents at Mukden report an
engagement in which the Russians lost
heavily.

Leading London papers contend that
the war status of the volunteer fleet is
the paramount issue.

Russia will release the British ship
Malacca on assurance that she was not
carrying contraband supplies.

St. Joseph, Mo., union packers as-
saulted many nonunion men because
plants are not discharging them fast
enough.

Eleven million dollars has been al-
lowed by the Russian government for
the immediate improvement of the Si-
berian railway.

The government may reclaim a great
tract of land in Harney county, Oregon,
and has made temporary withdrawal
to permit a full investigation.

A warlike tone pervades the British
press.

Minister John Barrett has arrived at
Colon.

Both sides in the meat packers strike
profess to be confident of winning.

Democratic leaders have asked Gor-
man to become national chairman.

Russia is said to have received an-
other submarine boat from America.

The German steamer Sambia has
been seized by Russians in the Red sea.

Russian ships have seized another
British liner in the Red sea.

KUROPATKIN MAY RETREAT.

Outmaneuvered, He Must Abandon
Liao Yang.

London, July 27.—Specials to the
London morning papers confirm the
news of active operations at the seat
of war. The Telegraph's Chefoo cor-
respondent, under date of July 23,
says:
"A junk from Dalny reports that
last night a Japanese fleet of 20 war-
ships and 20 torpedo boats bombarded
Hwangshin for three hours, and the
forts replied."
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last night a Japanese fleet of 20 war-
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Hwangshin for three hours, and the
forts replied."

The same correspondent learns that
the Japanese first army is being largely
reinforced by veterans from the re-
serves. The correspondent of the Stan-
dard with the Japanese army, under
date of July 24 says:
"It is difficult to understand the in-
tentions of the Russian Kurapatkin
is evidently bent on a retrograde
ward, yet he lingers in the south, at-
tracted apparently by Port Arthur."

The correspondent of the Chronicle,
in a dispatch dated at Mo Tien Pass,
July 23, regards General Kurapatkin
as outmaneuvered and anxious to
abandon Liao Yang without fighting,
but also reluctant to retire while Port
Arthur remains unassured.

The Chronicle's Yinkow correspond-
ent reports that there was heavy fight-
ing Saturday and Sunday in the neigh-
borhood of Ta Tche Kiao with General
Stakelberg's force, consisting of 20 bat-
talions of infantry, a brigade of artill-
ery and a division of Cossacks.

RAIDS TO CEASE.

Protests of Britain and Germany
Heeded by Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 27.—Grand
Duke Alexis presided at yesterday's
council, which Count Lamsdorff, the
foreign secretary, and Vice Admiral
Avelian, chief of the admiralty depart-
ment, and other high naval officials at-
tended.

The result of the conference removes
all doubts concerning the present atti-
tude of Russia with regard to the vol-
unteer fleet. The validity of the view
expressed in the British note regarding
the irregularity of the position of the
vessels was so far admitted that the
council agreed to waive the right of
search.

After a long discussion, in which
Count Lamsdorff took a leading part,
it was decided that the present status
of the volunteer fleet was not sufficient-
ly well defined according to interna-
tional law to render further searches
and seizures advisable and that there-
fore Russia, in the interests of friendly
relations with the powers should with-
draw the authority given the volunteer
fleet in this respect.

GREAT BRITAIN PACIFIED.

Settlement of Red Sea Seizures
Satisfactorily Arranged.

St. Petersburg, July 27.—The Asso-
ciated Press is able to state on the
highest authority that the Russian and
British governments have agreed on a
mutually satisfactory basis for a settle-
ment of the question of the status of
the Russian volunteer fleet steamers in
the Red sea and the seizures by them
of British ships. A few minor points
still remain unsettled, but these will
probably be cleared up tomorrow, and
it is not expected that further compli-
cations will arise.

Great credit for the satisfactory ter-
mination of this incident is due Foreign
Secretary Lamsdorff, who, it is ad-
mitted, acted in the calm and concilia-
tory spirit worthy of a great statesman.
The attitude of Sir Charles Hardinge,
the British ambassador, both for mod-
eration and dignity, also evokes praise.

Sink Prize Ship.

Yokohama, July 27.—The Vladiv-
ostok squadron yesterday sank the
steamer Knight Commander, from
New York, off the province of Izu, al-
ter transferring the crew to the Knight
Commander and the steamer Titan,
which arrived here this morning. The
Vladivostok squadron also captured a
German vessel believed to be the Ara-
bis, with 300 tons of flour, and an un-
known British steamer. The two ves-
sels were sent to Vladivostok in charge
of prize crews. The American Trading
Company is the agent for the Knight
Commander.

Boys Turn Bandits.

Chicago, July 27.—Emulators of the
exploits of the carban bandits, four
youths arrested yesterday, confessed to
killing one man in a saloon and hold-
ing up and robbing a score of others at
different times. The murder was that
of John Lane, stage carpenter of the Il-
linois theater, who was shot in an at-
tempt to hold up Gustav Biengel's sal-
oon on the morning of July 4. The
proprietor also was shot. The prison-
ers are Peter Duffer, James and Wil-
liam Farmy and David Kelley. All
are less than 20 years old.

Japanese Government Silent.

Tokio, July 27.—The passage of the
Dardanelles by the Russian volunteer
fleet steamers, the seizures of German
mail and the capture in the Red sea by
Russia of the Peninsular & Oriental
steamer Malacca have attracted great
attention throughout Japan. The
government is watching the situation
keenly, but it has not given any form
of expression to its views or indica-
tion that it will take any action in the
matter.

Let Supreme Court Arbitrate.

Panama, July 27.—The Star and
Herald, in an editorial article proposes
that the differences pending between
the Panama government and that of the
Panama canal zone be submitted for
decision to the supreme court of the
United States. The idea is well re-
ceived in all circles here.

JAP VICTORY

Russian Army Driven From
Kiao Tung.

RESISTANCE WAS STUBBORN
Muscovites are Believed to Have
Lost 1,000 Men, While Victors
Lose Half as Many.

Tokio, July 25.—General Kuroki,
after a severe fight, occupied Kiao Tung
on July 19. The place had been fort-
ified by the Russians, who defended it
stoutly. In the fighting General Kuroki's
troops drove the Russians from their
strongly fortified position on the
Chi river, which is northwest of Mo
Ten-Tas and east of An Pin, inflicting
upon the enemy more serious losses
than they sustained themselves. The
fight began on the 18th and ended on
the 19th. The Japanese lost 424 men
killed and wounded. The Russian
losses are estimated at 1,000.

General Kuroki began his advance
early in the morning of the 18th.

The fighting continued until dark,
when the Japanese forces bivouacked.
The Russians made two counter at-
tacks, but were repulsed in each case.
The Japanese renewed the attack at
midnight, posting their artillery in
the valley below and on the high
ground to the south of the Russian po-
sition. The main Japanese body was
assigned to attack the Russian center,
a small detachment sent toward the
right flank and another to watch the
enemy's left flank.

After these positions had been taken
the fighting ceased for a time, but it
was resumed at dawn. The Russians
had 32 guns in action, and they vigor-
ously shelled the Japanese. To this
the Japanese replied, and the bom-
bardment lasted for four hours. Dur-
ing this time the Japanese infantry
moved forward and the flankers had
succeeded in scaling the heights on the
Russian right by 3 o'clock in the after-
noon, at which hour the main force
was ordered to storm the Russian cen-
ter. The Japanese artillery protected
this movement splendidly, but the in-
fantry met with a severe fire and lost
heavily in gaining the heights.

The final successful charge was deliv-
ered at 5:30 in the afternoon. The
Japanese succeeded in partially cutting
off the Russian retreat, and this soon
became a rout. The enemy retired in
two directions, to the northward and
to the eastward. The Russian forces
engaged included, in addition to the
artillery, seven battalions of infantry
and a regiment of Cossacks.

NO MORE RAIDS.

Russia Will Release Malacca and
Put End to Red Sea Incident.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The steam-
er Malacca is at Suda Bay, Island of
Crete, where, under an agreement
reached by Great Britain and Russia,
she will be perfunctorily inspected joint-
ly by the Consuls of the two countries
and released unless palpable contra-
band of war intended for the Japanese
shall be found, in which case the contra-
band only will be held. British gov-
ernment stores aboard the vessel will
not be examined.

The Russian reply to the British
protest was handed to Ambassador
Hardinge in the afternoon. Russia
agrees that the Malacca shall not be
brought before a prize court, and un-
dertakes that no incident similar to
this will occur in the future.

A claim for damages as a result
of delaying the steamer will be presented
in due course of time through the
British embassy.

The captain of the St. Petersburg, in
his report, gives as his reason for sum-
marily making a prize of the Malacca
the fact that the British master of the
Malacca declined to produce the man-
ifeste of his cargo.

Torpedoed by Accident.

Tientsin, July 25.—A letter was
received here today from Niu Chang
saying that the commander of a Rus-
sian torpedo-boat had reported that
while in the gulf of Pe Chi Li he had
accidentally torpedoed a British steamer.

It is surmised here that the vessel re-
ferred to is the Hipsang, now five days
overdue from Su Chang. The Hipsang
belongs to the Indo-China company.
It is reported here that a heavy bom-
bardment of Port Arthur occurred yester-
day and heavy gun-fire was heard at
Niu Chang the same day.

Case of Senator Burton Up.

Washington, July 25.—Justice Brew-
er, of the United States supreme court
has granted a writ of error to the
United States district court for the
eastern district of Missouri in the case
of Senator Joseph E. Burton, convicted
in St. Louis of accepting a fee for serv-
ing before the postoffice department
while a member of the United States
senate. The case will be reviewed by
the United States supreme court, prob-
ably in the fall.

Panama Now Gold Standard.

Washington, July 25.—The Panama
canal commission today received in-
formation from the government of Pana-
ma of the ratification of the money
system of the new government in ac-
cordance with the agreement reached
by the joint commission. Panama is
now a gold-standard country.

FARMERS TO AID.

Eastern Oregon Lands May Yet
Be Irrigated.

Washington, July 26.—It now ap-
pears that the Malheur irrigation pro-
ject in Eastern Oregon will become a
reality, and not have to be abandoned,
as was feared. Advice received by
Chief Engineer Newell, of the re-
clamation service, today to the effect
that the farmers living along Malheur
river have aroused themselves and in-
tend to submit to the government
their written promise to co-operate
with the government in constructing
this irrigation work. Mr. Newell's criti-
cism of these farmers, expressed
through these dispatches a short time
ago, and his threat to remove his en-
gineers from Malheur country unless
the farmers acted on his suggestion,
has had the desired effect, and the lo-
cal engineers are now convinced that
before long the farmers along the Ma-
lheur river will comply with the gov-
ernment's requirements. If farmers
co-operate, they will have to pay but
\$2 per acre per year for 40 years, in
order to get water from the govern-
ment reservoirs onto their lands, and
at the end of that time the entire work
will be turned over to the users of
the water. The government will merely
retain control of the work of con-
struction until the cost has been re-
paid by settlers who are benefited.

Work along the Malheur river is in
such shape that as soon as the farm-
ers owning lands within the proposed
irrigation area pledge themselves to
pay the required amount, the govern-
ment will be ready to make final sur-
veys and plans preparatory to letting
contracts. In the eyes of the engi-
neers this project is no longer ques-
tionable, but one that promises com-
plete success.

It remains with the farmers to say
when work shall commence. It is ex-
plained in this connection that the
government will not accept a partial
promise of co-operation, or promises
from only a part of the farmers within
the irrigation district. Every man
who will be benefited by this work
must pledge himself to contribute his
share of the cost before the govern-
ment will adopt the project.

The government today advertised
for bids for 14,000 barrels of Portland
cement to be used on the Minodoka
irrigation project in Southern Idaho.
Bids will be received by Engineer D.
W. Ross, at Boise, until August 25.

LARGE SHIPS TAKING NO RISKS.

Japanese Holding Them Back for
the Final Blow at Port Arthur.

On Board the Mikasa, Admiral
Togo's flagship, off Port Arthur, July
20, via Fusan, Korea, July 26.—In re-
ply to addresses made to him by the
newspaper correspondents who are on
board the steamer Manchuria, Admi-
ral Togo said, modestly, that he felt
compelled to learn that the world
was interested in his victories, and it
was his desire, through the press, to
send his thanks to those persons who
admire him.

The Japanese naval policy is to hold
their larger warships in reserve until
the time comes to deliver a crushing
blow at Port Arthur. In the mean-
time, torpedo-boats are to make con-
stant and harassing attacks. Every
night the Japanese lay mines at the
harbor entrance. The entrance to the
port is now clear.

The steamer Manchuria is making a
tour of the theatre of war with mem-
bers of the Japanese Diet, foreign at-
tachés and newspaper correspondents
on board.

OFFICERS ARE DEIFIED.

Bonesteel, South Dakota, Has Reign
of Terror With Land Rush.

Bonesteel, S. D., July 25.—Excite-
ment is running high in Bonesteel to-
night, brought about by the rescue of
an arrested gambler, who was taken
from the hands of the police by a dozen
of his friends and rushed down the
main street of the town and se-
creted. The gambler was arrested and
was being escorted to the police station
when, suddenly, at the word of a
leader, a crowd of cappers and friends
of the prisoner made a dash for the
policeman having him in charge. Seiz-
ing grasp of the officer, who drew his
revolver and struck one of the attack-
ing party a blow in the face, cutting
him quite severely, and then fired two
shots into the air, hoping to bring the
rescuing party to a halt, the attacking
party surrounded the prisoner and suc-
ceeded in getting him away.

The city authorities immediately ne-
gan swearing in extra policemen and
have expressed the determination to
enforce the law at any cost.

Probable Action of Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—While not
admitting the illegality of the action
of the volunteer fleet in converting ves-
sels of the volunteer fleet into warships
they had reached the Red sea, it is
probable, in view of the fact that neu-
tral ships did not receive previous
notice, that Russia, in order to remove
the shadow of a cloud upon their
right to fly the war flag, will formally
notify the powers of their conversion
into warships, thus putting all neu-
trals upon their guards. In the mean-
time, all the ships seized will be re-
leased.

To Call Troops In.

Denver, July 26.—The Republican to-
day says: Before the end of the pres-
ent week there will be no military
rule in the state of Colorado. The
troops in Teller, San Miguel and Las
Animas counties will be withdrawn,
and the administration of affairs in
these counties left to the civil authori-
ties. The withdrawal of the troops
will also bring about the dissolution
of the military commission now in
existence in the Cripple Creek district.

Steamers Equipped as Cruisers.

Hamburg, July 26.—It is said that
the North German Lloyd steamer
Kaiserin Marie Theresa and four
Hamburg-American liners recently
purchased by Russia have left Libau,
on the Baltic, under sealed orders,<