

The Santiam News.

VOL. VII.

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, APRIL 1, 1904.

NO. 40.

The Santiam News

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT
610, LINN CO., OREGON
By D. C. Humphrey.

TERMS
Per annum..... \$1.50
Advertising rates made known on application
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DENTIST
Scio Oregon

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PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Scio, Oregon

R. SHELTON
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Scio Oregon

R. W. HURGEY
Justice of the Peace Notary Public
Scio Oregon

Watchmaker and Jeweler
All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry
promptly repaired.

SCIO OREGON
—ALBANY—
LUNCH - COUNTER
McKillop & Churchill, Props.
ALBANY OREGON

The best 20c meal in the valley
Open all night,
DR. M. H. ELLIS
EYE AND EAR
McLwain block Albany, Oregon

D. C. HUMPHREY
INSURANCE AGENT
For the Liverpool and London and
Globe Insurance Company.

Go To The Keystone Shaving Parlors

Only First-Class Shop In The City
Shaving.....15 cents
Hair Cutting.....25 "
Shampooing.....25 "
Baths.....25 "
ASA FOREN, PROPRIETOR

J. J. Barnes & Son, General Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers

We buy our stock in large quantities
and keep a full line of carriage and
wagon material. All kinds of work in
our line done on short notice.

Horseshoeing a Specialty SCIO, OREGON

THE
Scio State Bank
Scio - - - Oregon

OFFICERS
President.....T. J. MUNKERS
Cashier.....W. A. EWING

Southern Pacific Co. SHASTA ROUTE.

Trains leave West Scio for Portland
and way stations at 10.45 a. m. Leave
at Albany at 2.45 p. m.
Leaves Portland 8.30 a. m., 8.30 p. m.
Albany 12.10 p. m., 11.30 p. m.
Arrives Ashland 12.33 a. m., 11.30 a. m.
Sacramento 7.55 p. m., 8.55 a. m.
San Francisco 7.55 p. m., 8.55 a. m.
Pullman and Tourist cars on both
trains. Chair cars Sacramento to Og-
den and El Paso, and tourist cars to
Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and
Washington.
Connecting at San Francisco with
various lines for Honolulu, Japan, China,
Hawaii, Philippines, Central and South Amer-
ica.
See Mrs. M. E. Woodhouse, agent at
West Scio station, or address
W. E. COMAN, G. P. A.,
Portland, Ore

EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important
Happenings of the Past Week,
Presented in Condensed Form, Most
Likely to Prove Interesting to Our
Many Readers.

Ten deaths are reported as a result
of the storms in Northwestern Arkan-
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Colorado militia has thrown three
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French deputies have passed the bill
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A report that the railway merger is
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tration treaty.

The flood situation in Michigan is
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mediary, is again broached.

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dam for Wallowa county settlers.

The Vladivostok squadron is re-
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vessels, among them a warship.

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of the spring systems was \$22,895,
and the length of main ditches was 49
miles. The construction of the well
systems was \$4,536.

BATTLESHIP BADLY DAMAGED.

Japanese Shells Struck the Czarevitch
in the Last Engagement.

London, March 30.—No further news
has been received here regarding the
Port Arthur engagement, with the ex-
ception that the Telegraph's Yinkow
correspondent says the Japanese bomb-
ardment badly damaged the forward
barbette of the Russian battleship
Czarevitch. The correspondent adds:
"According to a rumor, 65 Japanese
transports, escorted by four cruisers
approached Niu Chwang Saturday, and
then departed southward. It is stated
that Viceroy Alexieff will return to
Europe in a few days."

The Post's Niu Chwang correspond-
ent learns that the Japanese will not
hand an expedition in the Lao river
valley after April 20, as their trans-
ports are still engaged in conveying
troops to Corea.

The Standard's Tien Tsia correspon-
dent says that in compliance with
Viceroy Alexieff's demand the Tartar
governor of Weng Yen has withdrawn
his troops to a distance 60 miles from
Mukden. He adds that the Russians
are now left in complete control of the
revenue and other departments.

CONSULS WITH NO JURISDICTION.

Russia Makes it Plain Martial Law is to
Prevail at Niu Chwang.

Niu Chwang, March 30.—The fore-
ign consuls had a conference with the
civil administrator today. The latter
informed them that the full intention
of Russia's order of yesterday was to
proclaim martial law and also annul
consular jurisdiction and that the same
was already annulled.

The British consul interpreted the or-
der as not declaring martial law. The
other consuls were unable yesterday to
comprehend Russia's intentions.

The administrator agrees with the
consuls to suspend a rigid enforcement
of said order until the foreign govern-
ments act in order to lessen the com-
plications.

The Americans here call attention to
the apparent defeat of American aims
regarding placing consuls in Manchuria
by the execution of Russia's order.

American and British flags were to-
day removed by the Russian military
from the property of citizens of Ameri-
can or British nationality.

Proclamation of Neutrality.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—A pro-
clamation issued by the Chinese govern-
or of Manchuria has been received
here. It directs that all Chinese in
Manchuria shall observe neutrality
and abstain from business and par-
ticularly to refrain from damaging rail-
road and telegraph lines. They also
are ordered to report any such attempt
immediately. General Tshitbagoff,
commanding the railroad guard in Man-
churia, has forbidden people to carry
arms within a strip 60 versta wide,
which the railroad traverses.

Famine Hollows Tornado.

Hamburg, March 30.—An export
house here has received a cable dis-
patch from Reunion island, in the In-
dian ocean, confirming the announce-
ment of the disaster caused by a tor-
nado March 21 and 22. The island
was completely devastated and the cap-
ital, St. Dennis, was destroyed. Famine
exists among the islanders. The sugar
cane, tobacco and coffee crops are
entirely destroyed. The damage is
estimated at \$5,000,000.

Dowie Was Insulting.

Adelaide, Australia, March 30.—In
consequence of a speech insulting King
Edward the government has refused
the use of public buildings to John
Alexander Dowie. The mayor of Ad-
elaide wrote to Dowie telling him he
was a disgrace to the nationality.

IS FOUND GUILTY

JURY SAYS SENATOR BURTON OF KANSAS ACCEPTED BRIBE.

Is Out Forty-One Hours—First Time in
History of United States a Senator
is Convicted of Taking a Bribe—He
Takes Verdict Calmly and Moves for
a New Trial.

St. Louis, March 30.—For the first
time in the history of the United
States, a United States senator has
been convicted of accepting a bribe.
He is Senator Joseph R. Burton, of
Kansas. After being out 41 hours, a
jury in the United States district court
today decided that the lawmaker ac-
cepted compensation to protect the in-
terests of the Rialto Grain & Secu-
rities company of St. Louis before the
postoffice department.

A motion for a new trial was im-
mediately filed by counsel for the sena-
tor. Judge Adams thereupon ordered
that Senator Burton appear in court,
either in person or by proxy, at 10
o'clock from day to day until the court
has heard the argument for a new trial,
and if decided against him to fix his
punishment.

For a time there threatened to be a
disagreement in the jury. The jury
was brought before Judge Adams, who
asked the cause of the delay. He was
told that 11 jurors had agreed, but the
twelfth stood alone. The court ad-
monished the lone juror that the ex-
pense of a new trial should not be in-
curred because of him waiting to agree
with the majority of the jury. A pre-
cedent was quoted, showing that the
majority of the jurors should decide
the case before the juror who is out
is rendered accordingly. The jury was
then told to poll its vote once more.
Soon after the jury reported, bringing
a verdict, but Judge Adams found that
the third count in the indictment had
not been considered, and again sent the
jury back to consider the case without
having announced the verdict returned.

The third time the jury entered the
courtroom the result of its delibera-
tions was announced, and United
States Senator Burton stood convicted
on the charge brought against him in
the indictment.

CHALLENGES NEUTRAL POWERS.

Czar Places Niu Chwang Under Strict
Martial Law.

Niu Chwang, March 30.—The civil
administration late yesterday evening
notified all the foreign consuls and re-
sidence to a more central position, for
instance, Harbin or some other place of
your choice. I have found it expedient
to send to your assistance General
Kouropatkin or the direction of the
land forces with the rights of army
commander and Vice Admiral Makaroff
for the direction of the sea forces, with
rights of fleet commander. I am con-
vinced that the appointment of these
independent, responsible commanders
in chief will enable you, as my lieu-
tenant, to discharge the difficult and
historic task which has fallen to your
lot."

FLEETS TO UNITS IN FALL.

Russals Will Completely Overhaul One
Squadron in the Meantime.

Paris, March 29.—A St. Petersburg
correspondent of the Petite Parisienne
reports an interview with a high officer
of the Russian navy regarding the de-
parture of the Baltic squadron for the
Far East. The fleet of Admiral Wiro-
nius will, this officer says, be recalled
and thoroughly overhauled. He adds
that the united squadrons cannot leave
before the end of September, when the
seasonal torpedo boats which are to be
sent to Port Arthur will be ready.
Superiority and the war, the officer
adds, will be brought to a speedy close.
The correspondent's informant declares
that the cruiser Dmitri Donzoi, on ac-
count of its slowness, will remain at
home.

Great Barley Shipment for Japan.

San Francisco, March 29.—One
thousand tons of barley for the Japa-
nese government is to be carried by the
steamer Coptic, sailing on April 2, for
the Asiatic coast. This is part of a
large shipment ordered some months
ago before hostilities began with Rus-
sia. Several hundred tons of the bar-
ley were sent out on the Siberia, but
the bulk of it is to go on the Coptic,
and the disability of most of the Rus-
sian warships on the coast of Asia
makes it almost certain that the grain
will reach Yokohama in safety.

Japanese Delay Advance.

Liao Yang, Manchuria, March 29.—
General Mishchenko has been in-
formed that the Japanese have sus-
pended their advance on the Ping Yan-
Anju line. Three thousand Japanese
troops are stationed at Anju and 1,000
at Pak Chien, while 40 Japanese war-
ships and transports are anchored at
Chennampo. According to Russian ad-
vice, the object of the Japanese is to
turn the Russian's flank, and are await-
ing the concentration of their army.

For Rivers and Harbors.

Washington, March 29.—The house
committee on rivers and harbors today
decided to report a bill this week carry-
ing an appropriation aggregating \$2-
000,000 to carry on existing river and
harbor improvement contracts. No
new surveys will be authorized.

Mine Under a Fortress.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—A report
from Vladivostok says that a mine has
been discovered under the fortress with
wires leading to a Chinese house in
the town.

TWO STATES ARE CREATED.

House Committee Decides Four Terri- tories Should Be Combined.

Washington, March 29.—The states
of Oklahoma and Arizona are created
in a bill which has been completed by
the Republican members of the sub-
committee of the house committee on
territories. The Democratic members
of this committee have been placed in
possession of the bill, and after they
have considered it for a few days a
meeting of the full subcommittee will
be held. The two states mentioned
are composed of Oklahoma and Indian
Territory, as "Oklahoma" and Arizona
and New Mexico as "Arizona." The
admission of the latter two territories
is not delayed by any restriction of law,
but may be effected as soon as a conven-
tion can be called to form a state con-
stitution.

The bill provides, however, that
Oklahoma and the Indian Territory
shall not be admitted as a state until
the year 1906. By this time all the
Indian lands will have been allotted.
The problem of providing proper re-
venue for schools, growing out of the fact
that the Indian lands of Oklahoma and
Indian territory have been allotted in
severalty to the Indians under a law
which makes them non-taxable, has
been met by an appropriation of \$5,
000,000 out of the treasury. This
money is to be used to establish and
maintain schools. The principal of
this fund may be used to the extent
necessary, the balance being placed in
deposit at 3 per cent to the credit of the
state for the maintenance of the schools
established.

The state constitution to be formed
under the bill must contain an abso-
lute prohibition of polygamy. Suffrage
cannot be restricted except for igno-
rance, imbecility, age and sex. This
will not permit woman suffrage if the
constitution to be adopted shall so pro-
vide. Negro suffrage cannot be re-
stricted as such.

ANNOUNCES RUSSIA'S AIMS.

Czar Says War Must Establish Her Pre-
dominance on Pacific.

St. Petersburg, March 29.—The text
of the emperor's message to Viceroy
Alexieff notifying him of the appoint-
ment of General Kouropatkin to the
command of the Russian troops in the
Far East and Vice Admiral Makaroff to
the command of the fleet of Port Ar-
thur, not only clearly defines the latter's
position, but specifically announces
Russia's aims. The message follows:
"The importance of the impending
struggle which is intended to finally
assert the predominance position of
Russia on the Pacific ocean, and fore-
seeing that it will be necessary for you,
as my lieutenant, to transfer your resi-
dence to a more central position, for
instance, Harbin or some other place of
your choice, I have found it expedient
to send to your assistance General
Kouropatkin or the direction of the
land forces with the rights of army
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vinced that the appointment of these
independent, responsible commanders
in chief will enable you, as my lieu-
tenant, to discharge the difficult and
historic task which has fallen to your
lot."

AMERICAN TRADE WITH NONCONTIGUOUS TERRITORY.

Washington, March 28.—Commerca
of the United States with its noncon-
tiguous territory now averages about
\$8,000,000 per month, and it is appar-
ent that for the full fiscal year it will
aggregate a round \$100,000,000. In the
term "noncontiguous territory" are in-
cluded Alaska, the Hawaiian islands,
the Philippine islands, Guam, Tutuila
and Porto Rico. Records of their ship-
ments to the ports of the United States
and of shipments from the various
ports to them are now regularly pre-
sented by the department of commerce
and labor, through its bureau of statis-
tics.

These records show that the shipmen-
ts from the United States to Alaska,
Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippines,
Guam and Tutuila aggregated in the
seven months ending with January,
1904, nearly \$21,000,000, and the
merchandise received from them in
the same period, nearly \$31,000,000.
If to this is added the gold bullion re-
ceived from Alaska, the grand total of
our commerce with the territory in
question for the seven months ending
with January would amount to nearly
\$60,000,000, which makes it quite ap-
parent that for the fiscal year ending
with June 30 next, the total will be
fully \$100,000,000.

Of the shipments to these noncon-
tiguous territories, the largest total for
the seven months under consideration is
to Hawaii, \$7,224,156 worth of domes-
tic merchandise and of foreign mer-
chandise, \$52,677.

FAVORS TWO LAND DISTRICTS.

Interior Department Gives its Approval
to Alaska Bill.

Washington, March 28.—The inter-
ior department is heartily in favor of
the creation of the two land districts in
Alaska with headquarters at Nome. The
passage of a bill for this purpose
is recommended by Secretary Hitchcock
and by Commissioner Richards, of the
general land office, their recommenda-
tion being based upon a report made by
James W. Witten, after an investigation
of land conditions in Alaska. The de-
partment believes that Nome is the
proper location for a land office in
Northern Alaska, as it is apparently a
permanent city and the center of an
active mining district. Instead of plac-
ing this office in charge of regular
land officers, the bill pending in con-
gress provides that the marshal for the
Nome district shall act as register and
the clerk of the court as receiver of the
Nome land office.

Those With Food Can Stay.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—Procla-
mations issued by General Vorontzev,
who is in command at Vladivostok, have
been received at St. Petersburg. They
urge the people at Vladivostok to re-
main, but add that only those will be al-
lowed to stay who have 432 pounds of
flour and 108 pounds of buckwheat,
enough to last eight months. All Chi-
nese and Koreans who are without oc-
cupation have been ordered to depart.
Persons who start intruder and alarming
reports will be summarily dealt. Loot-
ing is strictly prohibited.

Agree on Macedonian Reform.

London, March 28.—According to
the dispatches received today from
Constantinople, the porte and the Aus-
tro-Hungarian authorities have reached
an agreement in regard to the organiza-
tion of the Macedonian gendarmerie un-
der European officers, so it is believed
that it will not be long before the re-
form scheme for Macedonia is recog-
nized by the emperors of Roumania and
Austria at their meeting at Muerstedt
Styrum.

No Sickness Among the Russians.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—General
Linevitch has telegraphed to the gener-
al staff that there is no sickness among
the Russian troops.

UNDERTAKING GOODS!

We have always on hand a full line of
Caskets, Coffins, and robes at low prices. Our
PICTURE FRAMING
Department cannot be beat. Pictures
framed in any size or style at reasonable prices
Scio Planing Mills, Scio, Oregon.

SCIO LIVERY & FEED STABLES.

Irvine & Myer, Props.
Hack connects with all trains at West Scio
and morning train at Munkers.
Our rigs are first-class and our horses good
drivers. Prices reasonable.

PIANOS—Chickering, Kimball, ORGANS—Newman Bros. and
Weber and others Kimball

E. U. WILL

General Music Dealer

Music Books, Sheet Music, Small Instruments and Strings
Agent for the popular "New Home" Sewing Machine.
We Sell a Sewing Machine for \$20, Warranted for Five Years
Needles and Supplies for all Sewing Machines.
Pianos, Organs, and Sewing Machines Repaired.

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Senator Hanford declares that the railroad lobby is back of the move to repeal the present land laws.

The dowager empress of China has rejected the proposals of generals to make an open alliance with Japan.

A report to the Korean government shows that Russian troops began crossing into Corea four days before Japan made her first attack on Port Arthur.

Colorado military is again deporting striking miners.

Newell is anxious that irrigation works be begun in Oregon.

The house has again voted against an investigation of the postoffice department.

Russia denies that one of her war vessels was blown up by coming in contact with a floating mine.

Damaged Russian warships are said to have been repaired with such haste that they dare not venture out.

The senate has passed the Indian appropriation bill carrying funds for the Chemawa school and decides that Alaskan students may enroll there.

Russia has bought a wireless telegraph system and will use it in connection with the transportation of troops across Lake Baikal.

Russia believes that Japan intends to land a force in China on neutral ground.

The public minister of France decides that Colombia has no case in the Panama canal matter.

The Japanese have effectively blockaded Port Arthur, sinking seven vessels in the harbor entrance.

The Japanese advance toward Ping Yang is more rapid than the Russians expected.

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Is Out Forty-One Hours—First Time in History of United States a Senator is Convicted of Taking a Bribe—He Takes Verdict Calmly and Moves for a New Trial.

St. Louis, March 30.—For the first time in the history of the United States, a United States senator has been convicted of accepting a bribe. He is Senator Joseph R. Burton, of Kansas. After being out 41 hours, a jury in the United