The Santiam News.

D. C. HUMPHREY, Publisher.

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, 13, FEBRUARY 1903

EDITORIAL.

In every community there are those who are willing to accept the benefits accuring from public improvements and enterprises provided their neighbors pay for and maintain the beneficent tactors. But their small souls shrink in dismay when asked to do their part in advancing the public weal. Approch one of them with an argument showing the necessity of their patronizing the home paper in order to improve its service usefulness and assure its permanency, and one is met with the paltry excuse that he is taking some other paper, or, "oh, you'll make it all right anyhow, " or some other phrase equally as selfish and untenable as a plea for refusing to lend their aid in the enterprise. Yet with the utmost complacency he will appropriate whatever of good such an enterprise may bring him candly enjoys the fruit which his more public spirited neighbors secure for the benfit of the community Exchange.

The race question has broken out in a New York Sunday school where a class of white girls have rebelled against the attendance of a colored girl, the white childean refusing to sit with her. Here is an opportuity for Mr. Roosevelt to write a letter to some "prominent citizen "of New York. Undoubtedly such a communication would be read with great interest by a certain "prominent citizen" at Charleston, S. C.

An interesting sight was presented to pedestrians on the streets New York recently. The offices of Hanover National bank were engaged in moving their officers from Wall and New streets to the new building at Nassau and Pine. The bank clerks and messengers, all carrying more than $60,000,000 in gold, greenbacks and securities, were linked together with a stout chain and marches through the streets with their precious burdens attended by a platoon of dollec·

The county court had the matter of the Albany bridge up for consideration Monday and after looking into every phase of the situation made an order that the matter be continued until the regular March term of the court.

The court has held a long session at this term of court. This was caused principally on account of the recent high water which damaged a number of the county bridges which had to be examined and looked into The damage in many places was not as severe as a first reported, but in the aggregate, is considerable. Many of the smaller bridges have already been repaired and are again in use. These include the Stayton and Jefferson bridges.

The loss of the Sanderson bridge is the heaviest loss and is the most serious question the court has to deal with. The court has not yet determined what they will do in the matter of reconttruction. The question is not nearly so much as to building a bridge as it is to build on that will stay without continued repaires.

Real Estate Transfers.

Sheriff to J L Hill 3 lots A B Hiatt Tangent $3.

Selina E Whitaker to J L Hill 59 ft lot 4 bl 4 E A; 10.

H B Glover to Dan Marx 160 acres 1.

W P Scroner et al to G Y Heaton 80 acres 1500.

J W Compton to Frank Dobroosky 496.46 acres; 9387.

Hannah E Fox to W H Booth 7 acres 500.

S I Shore to Frank Vavro 3 lots Scio 225.

J W Ewing to Wm Prine 208 7-12 feet square 15.

Mortgages for $4850, $320, $125 $50

Satisfaction of mortgages for $2000 $500.

Star Mill & Flume Co to Orvill Sexton 150 acres; 1200.

United States to Annie B Gaines final receipt 80 acres patent.

I B Fisher to Delia J Hiatt 1 lot Bryants ad Albany 60.

Hattie Reif to Martha Thompson, 4 acres; 10.

Henry Blakely to J A Shrunk 304 acres 5800.

C H DeLancy to D N Williamson 146.58 acres 5127.

J F Gaines to W E Gaines 20 acres 400.

Chatel mortgage for $1428.

J N Jones to Frank and Louis F Jones 3 lots Scio; 1500.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

County Court;

Bills allowed:

COUNTY OFFICERS.

M H Palmer, judge	$100.00
B M Payne, clerk	166.66
Worth Huston, sheriff	166.55
S P Munkers, recorder	150.00
Jas Elkins, treasrrer	83.55
W V Jackson, superintendent	83.55
F C Stellmaker, deputy clerk	60.00
I A Munkers, " "	60.00
Wm Bilyen, janitor	40.00
W J Fisher, supt poor farm	40.00
Ollie Huston, deputy sheriff	40.00
D B McKnight, assessor	200.00

ACCOUNT POOR

Abf Keller minors	4 00
" Vira Burrel	8 00
" Mrs Pyrits	3 00
" Larew	4 00
Or. Ch. Home	10 00
Ferdie St Clair, rent	5 00
Albany Dressed Beef Co	12 05
Peter Riley	7 50
Speer Bros	7 00
J W Fisher	12 47
S Neelands	78 75
Stewart & Sox Co	60
Tomilson & Holman	7 0
J C Hardin	5 00
Bridges & Lemke	12 94
Indigent Soldiers	30 00
H M Palmer	3 60
Dr. Trimble	16 00
Fred Dawson	28 30
Dr. J B Kelly	22 00
C C Parker	5 00

CURRENT EXPENSES.

Glass & Prudhomme	39 30
Brodie Bros	23 75
Pacific Tel. Co	24 15
Alexander & Kirkpaterick	45 00
S P Munkers	65 00
S S Train	7 25

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

Brandebearry & Wheeler	19 15
C C Hackleman, roadmaster	15 00
T C Isom, "	12 00
J R Gill, reparing bridges	2 51
Chas Wesely, " "	2 65
G Crawford, " "	4 50
Ed Logsdon, " "	11 25
K E Warford, " "	9 00
Harry Johnston & Co, reparing bridges	1 05
M E Bilyeu, reparing bridge	2 00
W H Staim, " "	1 00
C J Rex, " "	1 00
Will Sims, " "	1 00
Otto Alexander, " "	1 00
Henry Hessler, " "	1 50
Eli Ramer	5 00
Ching & Hulburt,	3 00
Steward & Sox Co	1 80
Lee Paghes	3 00
Corvallis Saw Mill Co	3 23
J m wiley	80 52
M A Fitzgerald	13 50
J A Smith	5 00
C E Clarrk	3 64
Reparing Lebanon bldge	71 00
C D Comtion	2 00
H Bryant	7 05
E Young	3 00
M Hoflich	1 50
J C Tammen	2 50
Geo A Hoflich	2 50

And a number for road district work.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr Wallace, acct insane	5 00
Dr Trimble	5 00
F M Redfield, assessment and taxation	45 00
W A Kimsey, assessment and taxation	36 05
B M Payne admr	3 80
H Shelton, assessment and taxation	12 50
Fred Ward assessment and tax.	24 15
Dan McClain asst sheriff	23 15
J R Green assessment and tax.	11 00
Worth Huston, acct insane	25 80
" " " jail	22 26
Elect. Light Co	22 39
A L Richardson " "	1 50
Inquest Benedict Winderland	20 00
S m Garind	10 00
Scalp bounty	10 00
J P Galbraith, J P fees	1 50

To Pension Employes.

The Southern Pacific Company has inaugurated a plan to pension employes who have grown old in the service. Briefly the plan is as follows,

Employes who have attained the age of seventy and been in the service twenty years or more are to receive pensions on the basis of one per cent annum of the average salary received for ten years previous to pensioning for each year o service. For instance, an employ whose pay averages $1,000 per annum for ten years prior to retirement and has been in the service of the Company thirty years, would receive a pension equal to thirty per cent of $1,000 or $300 per annum.

Between the ages of sixty-one and seventy, employs incapacitated for further work may be retired by a pension board selected from the department officers of the Company, provided thoy shall have been in the service twenty years or more.

The employes make no contributions to the fund, pensions being paid by the Company in full and without any condition, the employes being at liberty to engage in other business after being pensioned should they see fit.

Certain whips—Buffalo Whips—cost no more than uncertain whips. More good taste is in—more good stock is in—the Buffalo Whip than any other whip I know of. When you get one you get an honest equivalent for your money.

I have a full stock of these unusually good whips on hand and would like you to look them over.

Any whip user who will write the Buffalo Whip Mfg., of Buffalo, N. Y., for their interesting booklet, will receive it free by giving my name.

T. S. COFFEY,
Scio, Oregon

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Peas and beans 5c per can at R. E. Hibler's.

Don't throw your old shoes away Take them to J. Andrlik, He wil do you a good job, Shoes half soled for 50c.

C. H. Buck pays special attention to ladies and childrens hair dressing, and the ladies are invited to call at any time. Prices reasonable.

No money is so easily earned as that saved in buying here—here is a good place to save—now a good time to begin at Bickner Bros.

J. Anderlik will repair your shoes good and cheap.

Finest Whiskey and Liquors at Gem Saloon.

Cyrus Noble and other celebrated brends of whiskey at Gem Saloon.

Gem Saloon is the best resort in town. All kinds of Beverages.

The finest California Wines for family and medical use at the Gem Saloon.

The best brands of Cigrrs and Whiskey at the Gem Saloon.

White Rye Whiskey, 15 years old at the Gem Saloon.

Council Proceedings.

Scio, Oregon, Feb. 5. 1903.

Common Council of the city of Scio met in regular session in Firemans Hall with Mayor, L. E. Miller in the chair. Roll called, councilmen answering to their names were: R. Shelton, Joe Johnston, R. B. Miller, G. F. Coffey and J. H. Stewart. Absent, Geo. Morrow A. W Ewing. Minutes of last session read after being corrected were adopted.

The correction ordered by Mayor was that committee on Fire, Light and Water should have authority to draw for whole of bill of Crane & Co. On motion council proceeded to election of an Electrician for the ensuing year.

Application of H. S. Johnston for electrician at $28 per month, also application of A. W. Hagey for re-election. Mayor ordered ballot taken, Hagey received 4, Johnston 1. Hagey was declared elected.

Bill of H. S. Johnston for $3.95 material read and referred to committee on Fire, Light and Water. Bill of A. W. Hagey for $16. service, read and referred to committee on Fire, Light and Water.

No further business, on motion council adjourned

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best and most famous compound in the world to conquer aches and kill pains. Cures Cuts heals Burns and Bruises, subdues Inflammation masters Piles. Millions of Boxes sold yearly. Works wonders in Boils, Ulcers, Felons Skin Eruptions. It cures or no pay. 25c at E C. Peery's drug store.

"The Poetry of the Orange."

"It appeals to you, when the fruit hangs ripe and sweet on the tree late in February, or early in March. Then the blossoms break out, and the trees are yellow with golden globes, and white with orange flowers. It may be that a flurry of snow has whitened the mountain tops, and then you have an artistic background for a tropical forest. The air is full of sunshine, and heavy with fragrance as night comes on, and then if the moon be shining, you may hear at midnight through open windows, the songs of the mocking-bird in the scented grove, and it never seemed so melodious before.

An experience like this is possible any winter, and it is worth a journey of a thousand miles, while you can have it, by taking the scenic Shasta Route through the grand and picturesque Siskiyou and Shasta Mountains, to Southern California. Complete information about the trip, and descriptive matter, telling about California, may be had from any Southern Pacific agent or

W. E. Coman,
Gen Pass Agt. S. P. Co. Lines in Oregon, Portland Oregon.

Tendency of the Times.

The tendancy of medicine sciene is toward preventive measuree. The best thought of the world is being given to the sudject. It is easier and better to prevent than to cure It has been fully demonstrated that pneumonia, one of the most danerous diseases that medical have to contend with, can be prevent by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pneumonia always results from an attack of influenza and it has been obsesved that this rehedy counteracts any tendancy of these diseases toward pneumonia. This has been fully proven in many cases in which this remedy has been used during the great prevalence of colds and grip in recent years and can be relied upon with implicit confidence Pneumonia often resuls from a slight cold when no danger isapprehended until it is suddenly discouvered that there is fevrer and difficulty in breathing and pains in the chest, then it is anounced that the pneumonia. Be on the sare side and use Chamberain,s Cough Remedy as soon as contracted. It always cures For sale by All Dealers.

NOTICE.

Bids will be received up to Feb. 20, 1903, by the committee on Fire, Light and Water of the city of Scio, for the erection of the city's steel tower.

Plans and specifications can be seen with the chairman of said committee A bond will be required from the contractor. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. A. Ewing,
Chairman.

FREAK IN GEOLOGY.

Georgia Sand Hills a Puzzle to Scientists.

Although the Country for Miles Around Is Flat and Its Soil Clay These Hills Are of Pure Sand.

One of the most remarkable geological formations that is to be found anywhere in Georgia is located in Dougherty county within rifle shot of Albany, and but a short distance east of Flint river. The theory of its existence has for many years been the subject of wide speculation among the people of this section, but uncertainty as to whether it was created by nature or built by the hand of man still exists to as great an extent as ever.

The plantation of James M. Tift is directly east of Albany, a distance of about one mile, and is famous throughout southern Georgia as the Sand hill or Sand mountain place. It embraces 865 acres of land, much of which is exceedingly fertile and especially adapted to the cultivation of fruits. There is a good deal of timber on the place, and some pines that are of truly astonishing proportions grow in certain localities.

The group of steep, white sandhills, which has made the place celebrated, covers an area of about 350 acres and presents a remarkable and most interesting sight to even those persons who have viewed it many times. It is located on a rich, flat stretch of farming country, unbroken by other hill or ridge of any description, with broad, cultivated fields and valuable timbered lots succeeding each other mile after mile. Nowhere hereabouts is there a rise of ground that deserves to be dignified by being called a hill except on the Sand hill place; the country is uniformly level for many miles in every direction from Albany.

These sand peaks are more than 100 in number. They are grouped in the shape of an elongated circle just a mile in length and half as wide. There is not a hill in the group less than 30 feet high, while many of them rise to a height of from 75 to 80 feet. The sides, almost without exception, are remarkably abrupt for such sandy soil. The hardest rains that ever fall in this section cannot cause water to run down the slopes, as it sinks from view immediately on touching the surface. The hills, however unfertile they may appear, are covered with a luxuriant growth of wiregrass, which serves to prevent heavy winds from drifting the sand.

A person may begin at a point where the bottom of one of the hills bordering on the outside of this group meets the flat country, walk entirely around the group until he reaches the starting point, and all the while there will have been on his one side steep, sandy hills, and on the other an uninterrupted stretch of flat country, with a soil black and fertile. It seems that these hills must have been made after the creation of the world, and many persons believe that they represent hundreds of years' toil of the mound builders. A fact that would seem to support that theory is this: While the soil all around these great piles of sand has a solid clay foundation, the hills themselves are nothing but sand, from summit to base. One of them might be cut down to a level with the surrounding country, and no soil but white, shifting sand would be encountered.

Another theory that has often been employed in an effort to account for the existence of there remarkable peaks is that they are a diluvial formation, perhaps thrown up by the action of a great whirlpool at a time when this country was covered with water. The absence of fossil remains indicative of the presence of the sea in past centuries, however favors the mound builders' theory.

A number of persons have endeavored to induce Mr. Tift to make excavations in some of the sandhills for the purpose of settling, if possible, the question of their origin. Many persons believe there is little doubt that the hills contain evidence that they were built by the hand of man. It is a little remarkable that Mr. Tift has never yielded to the importunities of his friends, but he now states that he has at last decided to make one or more excavations. The result will be watched with a great deal of interest by the people of this section.

Strangest Baptism on Record.

An extraordinary ceremony was performed in Cape Town a few weeks ago. A lion tamer had been giving an exhibition for several days, and one evening he informed the audience that he had just become a father and he intended to baptise the infant on the following day in the lions' cage. Those who heard him thought he was joking, but when they reached the exhibition hall the next evening they found that he was in dead earnest.

In the cage he stood, surrounded by his assistants, and near him were seated three women—his wife, one of her friends and the godmother of the infant. To the left of them stood the clergyman, holding the baby in his arms, and behind him was a gigantic African named Leo, who was to act as godfather on the occasion. Facing this fearless group were two huge lions, whose every action showed that they were immeasurably surprised at the intrusion of so many strangers into their domicile. Moreover, their surprise was the greater since, in honor of the event, their cage was wreathed with flowers and splendidly illumintaed with electric lights.

The ceremony was duly performed, and while it lasted the lions behaved with "perfect propriety," much to the satisfaction and surprise of the immense crowd which thronged the hall.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you are taking Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. Price 50c.

SUCCESSFUL SCIENCE.

Wonderful Progress in Medical Proficiency in Recent Times.

Diseases That Used to Create Much Alarm Are Now Regarded with Little Fear—Deaths from Old Age.

That medical science has of late been making rapid progress in its fight on disease and death is evident from the material lowering of the general death rate which has been accomplished in recent years. Not only has the general death rate been lowered, but official statistics on the subject show that some of what were formerly considered to be the most formidable and virulent forms of disease have now been deprived of the greater part of their terror. Their approach used to be viewed with alarm and panic, and the most skillful physicians shrank from a combat with them and virtually admitted their impotency to deal with them effectively. Now the presence of these diseases causes little or no alarm. The most virulent cases can be handled with the greatest ease, efficiency and success.

It is also noteworthy that the particular forms of death which claim the greatest number of victims are constantly changing. Consumption once headed the list, but the attention paid to this dreaded malady and the measures adopted to prevent its spread have been so successful that it has been robbed of its preeminence and forced back to second place. So great have been the results attained in dealing with it that the hope is now entertained that in a few years it will be reduced to fourth or fifth place in the list of the most fatal maladies. As it is, it has yielded preeminence to pneumonia, which now claims more victims than any other ailment. Heart disease occupies third place on the list, and shows an evident tendency to compete for supremacy. The strenuous life now led by the majority of the people has proved to be a most active ally of this form of disease, and the ever-increasing inclination toward luxury and high-living of those having it in their power to indulge themselves also contributes largely to the increase of this form of fatality.

On the other hand, says the Chicago Post, contagious diseases which were formerly regarded with greatest alarm now cut a very unimportant figure in the mortuary lists. Smallpox, scarlet fever, and even diphtheria, have now little or no alarm for the ordinary practitioner, and the diseases due to bad drainage and insanitary conditions have by the general decrease, if not the absolute removal of the causes which originated and sustained them, been forced back to a very inconspicuous place in the array of fatal maladies. It is satisfactory to note that the number of people who die from old age is constantly increasing. This cause of death is now assigned to 54.90 persons in every 100,000 of the population, and the tendency is steadily to increase the number. It is not unreasonable to expect that before the close of the present century the psalmist's hint of three score years and ten, or the utmost four score years, will be considerably lengthened.

NEVER LIE TO AN ELEPHANT.

The Intelligent Animals Contract the Bad Habits of Their Instructors.

It is always interesting to know what the keeper of zoo elephants or show elephants has to say about his charges. The writer recently asked one keeper whether he liked them. After reflection he answered that he did when fresh to the work, for he had then to deal with elephants fresh from their native haunts, says the Chicago American.

After the elephant is some time in a show he picks up ugly tricks and nasty ways, and takes short turns that are not always honest or honorable. He becomes a mean, low brute. He very quickly learns, according to the human standard, the difference between right and wrong. If placed under people of low morality he molds his notions on theirs, and can act a lie as well as the worst of them.

An elephant ought to be caught young and educated as a gentleman in regard to truth and honor. He should never be deceived, never unjustly punished, treated with firmness, but a fair amount of kindness, and pains should be taken to develop his love of approbation, and to keep him sensitive, which he naturally is, to blame.

An elephant learns the meaning of words faster than any other animal. Elephants can be shamed by words of blame or reproach. Circus elephants are wise enough to understand what fools human beings are, and lose reverence for their keepers. Hence their trickiness, ingratitude and ugly turns. One cannot, whether human or elephantine, feel deeply grateful to a fool. His favor humiliates. The elephants show the effects of bad company just as we ourselves might. No creature resembles a dishonest attorney so much as an elephant debased by unconscientious keepers.

Care should be taken not to let young elephants go with old stagers of their species who have been perverted by a sad experience of human nature. They seem to find delight in urging on the juveniles to play nasty tricks, and in impressing on them that nothing good should be expected of their masters, but to be careful not to provoke the latter to extreme severity.

Strikes in France.

Last year France averaged about 75 strikes per month. This year the average for the first five months was less than 50.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

A MISTLETOE RANCH.

Novel Enterprise of Two Georgia Young Women.

Holiday Evergreens Raised on a Large Scale for City Markets —The Work and Its Results.

"I think we have about the first and only holly and mistletoe farm in the country, or in the world, for that matter." The speaker, says the New York Sun, was Miss Lucy Carteledge, the elder of two Georgia young women who three years ago began to raise holly and mistletoe for market. "It all started from my going to New York to study art. My mother, who is my only living parent, by many sacrifices finally saved enough money for me to make the venture. I did not achieve much in the way of art, but I learned what a big world of smart people this is and how much I had to improve before there was any chance of setting it afire with my brilliancy. Once convinced that I had little or no artistic ability, I set about to find some way to earn a living. The high price paid for holly and mistletoe in New York city was one of many revelations, and on inquiry I found that the prettiest pieces were brought over from England. This gave me an idea, and I wrote home about it to my sister, who is a very practical person.

"She began at once to go over our 500 acres and cleared away the underbrush around every holly tree and holly bush. In some instances with those around the house she had gone so far as to trim away all the dead limbs and have the earth about the roots enriched and spaded up. For the preservation of the mistletoe she cut off the muscadine and jessamine vines climbing over every tree where there was a sprig of it growing. She also declared her intention of trying to plant the seeds in the hollows and forks of old oaks, where she saw a chance of their taking root and growing.

"During the next summer we had little to do besides sit and wait for what the autumn would bring forth, but this energetic sister of mine was careful to see that no harm came to the numerous little holly trees which she discovered about the roots of the large trees. She stated that she intended to transplant them in winter, and for the first time we realized it might not be such an easy matter to get a holly farm as we anticipated. Negroes are so superstitious that it is almost impossible for a white person to keep up with the numerous queer things they believe. When our old cook heard us talking about transplanting young holly she was horrified, and told us it was the worst kind of luck, and that whoever did it, the minute the bush grew and cast a shadow large enough to cover their grave they would die. We found the superstition quite general among the negroes, so, of course, we realized at once that none of them could be depended on to plant our holly grove. According to their advice the only way to obtain such trees was by placing a lot of berries on a stump near where we wished the tree and allow the wind to blow them. Only fancy what a stupid idea! Still it was most serious to us, as we were entirely dependent on them as laborers.

"However, our first harvest came before transplanting time. As soon as the berries were sufficiently grown to judge of we sent specimens on to several firms in Washington and New York. Almost by return mail we received surprisingly large orders, but at different prices. The best came from the Washington firm which supplies the white house. At Christmas we found two distinct grades of holly. Branches gathered from trees around the house, which had been trimmed and fertilized, were more beautiful than the others. The foliage was richer and the berries larger, more numerous and very much more brilliant. My sister fancied the same improvement was to be observed in the mistletoe, but we finally decided that the most beautiful specimens of this were taken from post-oak trees. And now, after three years' experience, we consider it a fact.

"Our profits for the first year were gratifying, and as soon as there was sufficient cold to send the sap down into the roots of the trees we began our transplanting. But do you know my sister and I were compelled to do it with our own hands. The negroes would dig the holes and put in the fertilizer, but when it came actually to planting the little trees we had to do that ourselves. We worked early and late during the months of January and February and managed to set out ten acres of holly. This past season we cut out every other one of these young trees and sold them as Christmas trees. They were well shaped, had fine foliage, with large, rich berries, so of course they brought the very best prices. For our mistletoe we select old oak trees, preferably post-oaks, and insert well-ripened berries under the bark in the fork hollow, where they will have a chance to germinate and catch hold.

"This last season we added to our farm products by shipping quantities of bamboo and Christmas berry vines. In the north the bamboo is known as the southern smilax, and makes a charming decoration. We have no trouble in getting orders for our goods, and as our farm is on a trunk line railroad shipment is easy. We first began by crating ... simply pack the trees and ... in the railroad cars ... straight through to ..."

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

M. G. GILL & SON

Have in Stock a COMPLETE Line of

Hardware, Tinware, Ranges, and all Kinds of Farming Implements, Washing Machines.

Come in and let us quote you prices on our CUTLERY.

And our prices are just right, too.

People Like to Know

When they go to a store to trade that they are going to get their money's worth. Patronize home enterprise and spend your money where you get your favors. We pay the highest prices for produce and carry everything usually found in a

FIRST-CLASS GENERAL STORE

Call for coupons and take away all the fine dishes you can carry, at

BICKNER BROS. Bargain Store.

VALENTINES

Came and see my beautiful line now on display.

E. C. PEERY.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root, Liver Pills.