The Santiam News.

VOL. V. SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, SEPTEMBER 12, 1902. NO. 46.

The Santiam News.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT SCIO, LINN CO., OREGON.
By IRA A. PHELPS.

TERMS

Per annum, in variably in advance.....$1 50
Six months, " " " " 1 00

Advertising rates at fair, living rates, to be paid monthly.

Transient advertisements must be paid for when the order is given for their insertion.

Entered at the postoffice at Scio, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

T. J. WILSON,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public

SCIO, OREGON.

J. H. STEWART, D. M. D.,

DENTIST

SCIO, OREGON

Go To The

Keystone Shaving Parlors

Wm. BILYEU, Prop.

Only First-Class Shop In The City

Shaving.....15 cents
Hair Cutting.....25 "
Shampooing.....15 "
Baths.....25 "

Ladiss Hair Dressing on Tuesday afternoon of each week.

Corvallis & Eastern R. R.

TIME CARD.

No. 2. For Yaquina:—
Train leaves Albany..... 12.45 P. M.
" " Corvallis ..... 1.50 "
" arrives Yaquina ..... 5.35 "

No. 1, returning:
Leaves Yaquina..... 7.00 A. M.
Leaves Corvallis..... 11.10
Arrives Albany..... 12.15 P. M.

No. 3, For Detroit:—
Leaves Albany..... 1.00 P. M.
Arrives Detroit..... 5.45 P. M.

No. 4, from Detroit:—
Leaves Detroit..... 6.30 A. M.
Arrives Albany..... 11.05 A. M.

Train No. 1 arrives in Albany in time to connect with the S. P. south bound train, as well as giving two or three hours in Albany before departure of S. P. north bound train for Portland.

Train No. 2 connects with the S. P. West Side train at Corvallis Crossing for Independence McMinnville and all points north to Portland.

EDWIN STONE, Manager
J. TURNER, Agent, Albany.

EAST AND SOUTH
—VIA—
Southern Pacific Co.
SHASTA ROUTE.

Trains leave West Scio for Portland and way stations at 10.45 a. m. Leave for Albany at 3.05 p. m.

Leaves Portland 8.30 a. m., 7 p. m.
" Albany 12.30 p. m., 10.30 p. m.
Arrives Ashland 12.33 a. m., 11.30 a. m.
" Sacramento 5 p. m., 4.35 a. m.
" San Francisco 7.45 p. m., 8.15 a. m.
" Ogden 5.46 a. m., 11.45 a. m.
" Denver 9 a. m., 9 a. m.
" Kansas City 7.25 a. m., 9.30 a. m
" Chicago 7.45 a. m., 9.30 a. m.
" Los Angeles 1.20 p. m., 7 a. m.
" El Paso 6 p. m., 6 p. m.
" Fort Worth 6.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m.
" City of Mexico 9.55 a. m., 9.55 a. m
" Houston 4 a. m., 4 a. m.
" New Orleans 6.25 p. m., 6.25 a m
" Washington 6.42 a. m., 6.42 a. m
" New York 12.43 p. m., 13.43 p. m.

Pullman and Tourist cars on both trains. Chair cars Sacramento to Ogden and El Paso, and tourist cars to Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and Washington.

Connecting at San Francisco with everal lines for Honolulu, Japan, China Philippines, Central and South America.

See Mrs. M. E. Woodmansee, agent at West Scio station, or address

W. E. COMAN, G. P. A.,
Portland, Ore.

F. H. MAULDING.
(Successor to L. W. Richardson.
DEALER
—IN—
FINE CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
All kinds of SOFT DRINKS, and LUNCH GOODS

T. J. Munkers
Banker
SCIO, OREGON.

OFFICERS

President.....T. J. Munkers
Cashier.....W. A. Ewing

Does a general banking and exchange business. Loans made at current rates and drafts issued on principal cities.

A. W. Hagey
Watchmaker and Jeweler

All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry repaired promptly.

SCIO - OREGON

Undertaking..

A Full Line of Caskets, Coffins, and Robes always on hand at reasonable prices, at the

Scio Planing Mills

Scio - - - - - Oregon.

J. J. Barnes & Son
General BlackSmiths and Wagonmakers!

We buy our stock in large quantities and keep a full line of carriage and wagon material. All kinds of work in our line done on short notice.

Horseshoeing a Specialty

Shop Opposite Livery Stable — Scio, Ore.

Get a FREE LUNCH and a glass of Good Beer at

The Gem Saloon.

V. CLADEK, Prop'r
SCIO - ORE

Jones Bros.
SALOON

Scio - - Oregon

Has always in stock a choice line of Wines Liquors and Cigars.

ALBANY BEER ON DRAUGHT.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Ins. Co.

OF ENGLAND,

IRA A. PHELPS, Agent, Scio, Ore.

Assets in the United States - - $9,804,902.

This Company has been writing Insurance in the United States since 1848, and has paid losses to the amount of $82,000,000

SCIO LIVERY AND FEED STABLES
IRVINE & CALAVAN, Props.

Our Rigs Are First-Class and Our Horses Are Good Drivers.

Hack Connects with all trains at West Scio and morning train at Munkers.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

The Democratic state campaign has been opened in Ohio.

A cloudburst at El Paso, Tex., caused considerable damage.

King Edward visited Andrew Carnegie at Skibo castle, Scotland.

The transport Buford has arrived at San Francisco from Manila with 900 men.

The coalminers' trouble in West Virginia is over and most of the men have returned to work

One person was killed and two seriously injured in an automobile accident at Vineland, N. J.

The salmon pack of the Fraser river, B. C., is, in round numbers, 252,000 cases. The pack of the entire province is about 500,000 cases.

John Larsen, who attempted to loop the loop at the Portland Elks' carnival, fell from the loop, slightly injuring four persons, but escaping unhurt himself.

Mr. Leishman, United States minister at Constantinople, has reached a satisfactory understanding with the porte as to the questions which have been the subject of negotiations for several years.

No settlement of the Pennsylvania strike is in view.

President Roosevelt has started on his southern tour.

Iowa Democrats will run ex-Governor Boies against Speaker Henderson for a place in congress.

Boer leaders and Colonial Secretary Chamberlain held an important conference in London.

A shingle combine is being formed in Maine that proposes to take over all of the largest firms in that state.

The White Star steamship company has placed an order for the building of the largest steamer in the world.

The Lewis and Clark fair committee has chosen the tract of land at the foot of Willamette heights for the 1905 exposition site.

Farmers of the Northwest are raising more hogs each year and before a great while will be able to supply the demand on this coast.

The lives of half a million people are imperiled by the threatened destruction of Martinique. Nearly 2,000 have been killed by the recent eruptions.

The national mining congress will meet in Portland in 1904.

Wisconsin Democrats have nominated David S. Rose for governor.

Mineowners refuse to arbitrate the strike in the anthracite region.

Violent storms sweeping England, Wales and Ireland caused great damage to property.

The cruiser Brooklyn ran on a rock in Buzzard's bay and it is thought her bottom is seriously injured.

An enormous glacier swept a Russian valley, entirely destroying 20 villages and killing nearly 700 people.

Grand Army men of Portland are endeavoring to have the 1903 national encampment held in that city.

Two hundred machinists employed at the Northern Pacific shops at Livingston, Mont., have gone on strike.

The recent eruption of Mount Pelee was much more destructive than that of last May. The inhabitants of the villages destroyed had just returned last week.

Anti-Servian riots have been renewed in Hungary.

Great Britain will not treat officially with the Boer generals.

The coming Oregon state fair is certain to be better than ever before.

The national convention of postoffice clerks is in session in Kansas City.

A wreck on the Mexican Central resulted in the death of many passengers.

Sir Thomas Lipton is preparing to issue a challenge for the America's cup.

President Roosevelt has announced that he will visit Kansas City September 29.

Tom L. Johnson, mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, is being mentioned as Democratic candidate for president.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says it is reported from St. Petersburg that the czarina has had a miscarriage, but her condition is not alarming.

Waldemar Lindgren, in an address before the international mining congress at Butte, said that the world's gold supply would soon be exhausted.

Thirty persons were killed in a train wreck in Alabama.

The international mining congress is in session at Butte, Mont.

Another hitch has occurred in the signing of the Anglo-Chinese treaty.

Rev. M. Farley has been recommended as a successor to Archbishop Corrigan of New York.

A Utah man, who is thought to have been insane, killed his wife and two daughters and then shot himself.

SINKS A GUNBOAT.

Germany Takes a Hand in Haytian Row and Punishes Piratical Act.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Sept. 9.—The German gunboat Panther arrived here September 5 and received instructions from the German government to capture the Firminist gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot. She left immediately for Gonaives, the seat of the Firminist government. The Panther found the Crete-a-Pierrot in the harbor of Gonaives and the commander of the German gunboat informed Admiral Killick on the Crete-a-Pierrot that he must remove his crew and surrender his vessel in five minutes. Admiral Killick asked that this time be extended to 15 minutes. The request was granted on the condition that the guns and ammunition on board the Crete-a-Pierrot should be abandoned when her crew left her. The crew of the Crete-a-Pierrot left that vessel amid great disorder.

At the end of 15 minutes, the Panther sent a small boat carrying one officer and 20 sailors who were to take possession of the Firminist gunboat. When these men had arrived at a point about 20 yards from the Crete-Pierrot, flames were seen to break out on board of her. She had been fired by her crew before they left her. The Panther then fired on the Crete-a-Pierrot until she was completely immersed. Thirty shots, all told, were fired.

There is much feeling here against the Firministe, and their cause is considered to be a bad one. Soldiers are leaving here to attack St. Marc. Port au Prince is calm.

NO SLEEP FOR THEM.

Outbreak of Souffriere Caused an Exodus of the Population.

St. Thomas D. W. I., Sept. 9.—Advices from the island of St. Vincent report that a slight eruption of the Souffriere volcano occurred at noon, September 3. The outbreak was accompanied by rumblings, and caused an exodus of the population from Georgetown and Chateau Bellair. On the 4th, at 7:30 in the morning, and again at 10 'oclock last night, loud noises were accompanied by electrical discharges from La Souffriere, which continued until 1 o'clock in the morning, when a continuous roar began, lasting until 4 o'clock. This was followed by a murmuring sound, which was heard until 6 o'clock in the morning. In a short time the heavens were obscured by dust or smoke, and the scene was something fearful. Nobody slept at all during the night.

No dust, the advices say, has yet fallen at Kingstown or Georgetown, but the atmosphere has a hazy look. Dust and pebbles fell at Barnellie at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of September 6.

Reports from Chateau Bellair are to the effect that there has been a heavy fall of sand there, and that the arrowroot crop has been destroyed. No deaths have been reported.

BOTH SIDES RESTING EASY.

Close of Seventeenth Week of Anthracite Miners' Strike.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 9.—With the beginning of the 18th week of the miners' strike, both sides to the contest say they are satisfied with the situation. The operators state that the output of coal this past week was greater than any other week since the strike began. The strikers, on the other hand, assert, through their officers, that the efforts of the big companies to resume mining have been a signal failure.

At strike headquarters it is admitted that the washeries are turning out a certain amount of coal, but it is asserted that the total output is only a drop in the bucket. President Mitchell says that the miners are just as determined as ever, and that all talk of them going back to work was without foundation.

COOK COUNTY PROPERTY.

This Year's Real Estate Valuation Placed at $1,488,749,810.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Cook county's total real estate value is $1,488,749,810, according to the figures given out by the board of review. By the same figures the total valuation of the real estate in the city of Chicago is shown to $1,382,556,875, while in the county outside of Chicago the valuation is $106,192,935.

The figures indicate an increase in full valuation in round numbers of $33,000,000 over the board of review figures for 1901. The increase is found to be almost entirely in Chicago, although the rest of the county shows a material gain. The assessed valuation, which is one-fifth the cash valuation of the real estate in Chicago this year is $276,511,375. Last year the same property was assessed at $259,255,598, showing an increase of $17,255,777.

Proposed Cuban Loan.

Havana, Sept. 9.—The house of representatives is daily holding secret sessions to discuss the question of the $35,000,000 loan and the matter of providing means to meet it. The idea of establishing a lottery to this end has many supporters, while other members of the house advocate an internal revenue tax. The senate has not yet confirmed the nomination of Rafael Montero as Cuban minister to Great Britain. The press favors it.

Four Hours' Battle in Venezuela.

Washintgon, Sept. 9.—Mr. Bowen, United States minister at Caracas, has telegraphed the department of state that an engagement between the revolutionists and government troops occurred yesterday on the mountain behind the American legation, lasting four hours and resulting in the rout of the revolutionists.

NEWS OF OREGON

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of the Past Week—Brief Review of the Growth and Development of Various Industries Throughout Our Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

A free rural delivery mail route was started out of Troutdale September 1.

A large amount of fruit is being shipped from The Dalles to Eastern cities.

The Gaston flouring mill is running day and night, and farmers are bringing in their wheat very rapidly.

All preparations are completed for the Baker City carnival to be held the week commencing September 15.

Clatsop county commissioners will endeavor to start a fund for the building of a new court house and jail.

The schooner Wing and Wing is high and dry on the shore near Florence, where she went while trying to enter the Siuslaw river.

Considerable new wheat is coming into The Dalles. The grain this year is of a very good quality and perfect satisfaction is expressed on every hand.

The Prineville planing mill was destroyed by fire a few days ago. Besides the plant, a large number of tools were destroyed that belonged to mechanics.

The Salem Fourth of July committee has $396.50 on hand, which, by the general desire of the public, will be spent in the improvement of Marion square.

Hop picking is in full swing throughout the Willamette valley. There seems to be plenty of pickers. The price ranges from 40 to 50 cents per box.

The old Snelling-Alfred quartz mine, in the Galice creek district, Southern Oregon, has been sold to Eastern capitalists. The consideration was not made public.

Five hundred copies of the complete muster roll of the Second Oregon have been ordered from the state printing office by Adjutant General Gantenbein, in accordance with the order of the last legislature.

The Sanquest mine, in Baker county, has been sold for $50,000.

In a few years Salem will have to ship in every cord of wood used. Already a large amount is brought in by train.

The Columbia River Packers' Association has decided to operate its cannery at Eagle Cliff during the fall fishing season.

Sisla B. Smith, one of the most prominent men in Clatsop county, died recently in Astoria. He was born in Yamhill county in 1839.

Real estate men of Eugene have formed the Eugene Real Estate Exchange, with the object of co-operation in the matter of advertising in the East.

The Umatilla county delegation to the next legislature will ask for a state grain commission. A measure will also be introduced by them to tax insurance companies more for the benefit of the common school fund.

Captain Samuel Bass, who came to Oregon in 1859, died at Whatcom, Wash., a few days ago, aged 71 years. He had been prominent in politics for the past 40 years.

Pheasants will be much scarcer than usual in Lane county this year. There are two reasons for the scarcity. First, the birds were killed off very close last fall, and second, the wet weather of the past spring killed off many of the young ones as soon as they were hatched.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60@61c; bluestem, 62@63c; valley, 63c.

Barley—Feed, $19.00 per ton.

Flour—Best grades, $3.05@3.60 per barrel; graham, $2.95@3.20.

Millstuffs — Bran, $17 per ton; middlings, $21.50; shorts, $18; chop, $17.

Oats—No.1 white, 95c@$1.00; gray, 90@95c.

Hay — Timothy, $11@12; clover, $7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, $6@8 per ton.

Potatoes — Best Burbanks, 60@65c per cental; ordinary, 50@55c per cental, growers prices; sweets, $2.00 per cental.

Butter—Creamery, 22½@25c; dairy 16@16½c; store, 12½@15c.

Eggs—20@22c for Oregon.

Cheese — Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14½c; factory prices, 1@1¼c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $3.00@4.50; hens, $4.00@5.50 per dozen, 11@11½c per pound; springs, 11@11½c per pound, $2.00@3.50 per dozen; ducks, $3.00@4.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, $4.00@6.00 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 2½@3c per pound; dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 6½c; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal—7@8c per pound.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3½c; steers, 3½@4½c; dressed, 7@8c per pound.

Hops—16@17c; new crop 17@18c.

Wool—Valley, 12½@15; Eastern Oregon, 8@14½c; mohair, 25@26c pound.

ANOTHER AWFUL DISASTER.

Mount Pelee Claims 2,000 Additional Victims—Tidal Wave is Feared.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. I., Sept. 6.—The Royal Mail steamer Yaro arrived here this evening from the Island of Martinique. She brings the report that a violent volcanic eruption occurred there the night of September 3, and that about 2,000 persons are said to have perished. Large numbers of people are leaving the island.

Paris, Sept. 6.—The Paris edition of the New York Herald publishes a dispatch from Point-a-Pitre, Island of Guadeloupe, French West Indies, dated September 4, which says that constant detonations heard there that night indicate a terrific volcanic eruption on the island of Martinique. Thick black clouds were seen to the southward of Guadeloupe, and the heat at Point-a-Pitre was intense. The population was said to be greatly alarmed, fearing a tidal wave in the event of the collapse of Martinique.

The minister of the colonies, M. Doumergue, is placing $100,000 at the disposal of the governor of Martinique to relieve the distress in that island. He has urged the governor not to congregate refugees at Fort de France, but to distribute them in the south, where their necessities can be most easily supplied. Recognizing the danger of a tidal wave at Fort de France, the colonial minister has instructed Governor Lemaire to adopt all the measures necessary to enable the inhabitants immediately to evacuate the place in case of necessity and seek refuge on the heights above the town, where food depots should be established. The minister has also recommended the establishment of observatory posts whence the least signs of fresh outbreaks of Mount Pelee can be reported.

Heard in Venezuela.

Paris, Sept. 6.—In a dipatch from Carupano, Venezuela, the correspondent of the Figaro says:

"Violent detonations were heard here from 10 o'clock in the evening of September 3 until 3 o'clock in the morning of September 4. The sounds came from the north, and were identical with those heard during the night of August 30, during the volcanic eruption on Martinique of that date."

WEST VIRGINIA STRIKE ENDS.

Miners Return to Work Upon Advice of Their Chief Officer.

Huntington, W. Va., Sept. 6.—The coal strike in West Virginia is practically at an end. At a mass meeting of miners from all the coal fields along the Norfolk & Western railroad here today, it was unanimously agreed to end the strike provided the operators would take back all the old miners, and they have signified their intention of doing this. The miners have agreed to return to work next Monday. It is reported that President Mitchell of the United Mineworkers advised the strikers to return to work. He realized that winter was near at hand and that the miners in this field could not hold out much longer, as almost every one was dependent on the union for food and clothing. It is thought the strikers at the New River and Kanawha fields will soon follow today's action.

The Pocahontas mine continues to burn out, but the operators think that they will soon have it under control.

INTERNATIONAL BANK.

A Great Institution to Operate in Latin-American States.

New York, Sept. 6.—Plans were made today at a meeting of the directors of the Mexican Trust Company bank for the formation of an international banking institution, capitalized at $10,000,000, and designed especially to operate in Latin-American countries. The scheme involves the consolidation of the Mexican Trust Company bank and the Corporation Trust Company. The combination is to be known as the International Bank & Trust Company of America. The directors of both the merging corporations have signed the consolidation agreement, and the stockholders of both companies have already signified their approval of the plan.

Will Land at Monterey.

San Francisco, Sept. 6.—The men of the Fifteenth infantry regiment, en route from Manila on the transport Meade, will be disembarked at Monterey, where a post is about to be established, and where the Fifteenth will be stationed. The Meade is out 27 days from Manila by way of Nagasaki. She is, therefore, due about September 13. The naval hospital transport Solace is out 34 days from Manila direct, and is expected to arrive here in about 10 days. The Buford, which put in at Honolulu, should arrive Sept. 9.

Still Bear Marks.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 6. — President Roosevelt and Secretary Cortelyou have recovered from the effects of their accident, but still bear awkward marks of the catastrophe. Dr. Lung, the president's official physician, thinks that the marks on the president's face will disappear in about four days. President Roosevelt is receiving a large number of telegrams, cablegrams and letters congratulating him on his escape from serious injury in the accident.

Compulsory Arbitration Law.

Pittsburg, Sept. 6.—Governor Stone has indicated to friends his purpose to call an extra session of the legislature in an effort to end the strike, which he is said to believe can be effected in less than 30 days. The plan proposed is a compulsory arbitration law, providing for the arbitration of the strike whether the strikers or operators are willing or not. Provision will be made to compel both sides to accept the award.

AN IMMENSE CROP

UNITED STATES CAN SUPPLY WORLD WITH CORN.

Production is Estimated at 2,589,951,000 Bushels This Year, or More Than the Entire Corn Crop of the World Last Year—Harvest Will Last Till the Snow Flies—Good Price Assured.

Washington, Sept. 8.—In the history of the cereal production there has never been such an enormous crop of corn as is being gathered in the United States this year. It will aggregate 2,589,951,000 bushels, or more than the entire corn crop of the world for 1901. The corn raised in the United States will be sufficient to supply the needs of the world for this and next year, even should there be a total failure in 1903, says the New York Sun.

Corn harvesting is now in progress in the United States, and not until snow flies in December will this enormous task be ended. Even then farmers further South will not have finished husking the golden ears standing in their fields of brown. They know it makes little difference so far as prices are concerned. A record of sales of corn in the past 10 years shows that the highest prices are obtained in late fall and winter, and that prices are 25 per cent below the average immediately after the gathering of the crop begins in the early autumn.

Last year the corn burned as it stood ripening in the fields just a few weeks before it had matured, but this season there have been no droughts in the corn section. Nor have there been any floods of a general nature. The weather, in fact, has been ideal for corn growing. The stalks have grown rank, the ears have spread and lengthened until 12-inch ears and 15-foot stalks are not uncommon in the corn belts.

The crop of 1901 fell short of the expected yield by 40 per cent. This year it goes ahead of the predicted yield by 10 or 15 per cent. Eight states last year did not raise enough corn for home consumption. The exports fell short 8,000,000 bushels. The yield was only 16 bushels to the acre, and 4,000,000 acres were not cut at all. In 1896 the average yield was 28 bushels to the acre, except in Kansas, where it was 40 bushels. Kansas last year averaged 10 bushels or less to the acre. The acreage of corn this year is much larger than last. It is 3 per cent more or 102,869,928 acres. This large acreage is due to the fact that three and one-half million acres of wheat, sown the preceding fall, had been frozen out and were ploughed up for corn. Consequently, these 3,000,000 acres, which are largely in Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa, will not yield their owners much profit, if any. The cost of the wheat ploughed up was $6 an acre, and the cost of the corn $5. The yield must, therefore, be above 30 bushels and yield 40 cents a bushel to profit at all. This is improbable. So 3 per cent of the corn crop will yield nothing above the expense of sowing and gathering it.

The principal corn states are those of the Middle and Central states. The summers are too long for good corn production in the South, and it is too droughty in the far Southwest for certain yields. Illinois is the leading corn state, but Kansas, Iowa, Indiana, Missouri and Nebraska are big corn producers.

HUNT HEADS THE TICKET.

Present Democratic Governor of Idaho is Again Nominated.

Pocatello, Idaho, Sept. 6.—The Democratic state convention completed its work last night. It ended in a victory for Governor Hunt, who won his renomination on the first ballot. Joseph H. Hutchinson, of Ada county, was nominated for congress on the third ballot.

The platform reaffirms and endorses the principles of the Kansas City platform and sets down hard on trusts.

Adams of Washington county was nominated for lieutenant governor. The ticket was completed by the following nominations:

Supreme judge—F. E. Fogg.
Secretary of state—C. J. Bassett.
Auditor—John C. Callahan.
Treasurer—E. P. Coltman.
Attorney general—Fred D. Culver.
Superintendent of public instruction—Miss Permeal French.
Mine inspector—John H. Norquist.

Preparing for Long Siege.

Tamaqua, Pa., Sept. 8.—The nonunion men in the Panther creek valley again went to work today without an escort. Major Gearhart says that so long as the strikers do not interfere with the nonunion men he will not send any soldiers out on patrol duty. Today the troops sent requisitions for winter clothing. Plans are being made to convert one of the dancing pavilions at Manila park, where the troops are stationed, into a barracks.

Cronje will Forgive and Forget.

Cape Town, Sept. 8.—General Cronje said in an interview that during the war he had lost from wounds and disease 20 relatives. He expressed himself as prepared, however, not only to forgive, but, as far as God has given him the power, to forget.

Carpenters Win Their Strike.

New York, Sept. 8.—Eight thousand carpenters of this city won their strike for an advance of 50 cents a day and started to work this morning.