# LEGAL NOTICES

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICASION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon city, Oregon, April 1, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Thos. L. Phillips, of Jordan, county of Linn, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5695, for the purchase of the N ½ of N W ¼, S W ¼ of N W ¼ and N W ¼ of S W ¼ in Tp. No. 10S., Range No. 2E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: Elm Hall, John Frost, Michael Bilyeu and Wm. Ramsey, all of Jordan, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Antwine Dupray, of Mill City, county of Marion, and state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5723, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of section 23, in tp. 10S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, at Albany on Saturday, the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland, James Miszner, Thomas Payne, and John Morris, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Thomas Payne of Mill City, county of Marion State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5727, for the purchase of the NW ¼, of section 32, in tp. 10S, of R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, on Saturday, the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: Antwine Dupray, John Morris, James Miszner, and John Holland, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of Califor.ia, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Joseph H. Roberts, of Albany, county of Linn, and state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5728, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of section 33 in tp. 10S R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to prove his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany on Saturday the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland James Miszner, Antwine Dupray, and Thomas Payne, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Charles O Lee, of Albany, county of Linn, and state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5722, for the purchase of the S ½ of N ½, of section 32, in tp. 10S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the lane sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to prove his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany on Saturday, the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland, James Miszner, 'Antwine Dupray, and Thomas Payne, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of July, 1905.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled an act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, John Morris of Mill City, county of Marion state of Oregon has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5720, for the purchase of the N ½ of N ½ of section 32 in tp. 10S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, on Saturday the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland James Miszner, Antwine Dupray, and Thomas Payne, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, James Miszner, of Mill City, county of Marion state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5695, for the purchase of the N ½ of N W ¼, S W ¼ of N W ¼ and N W ¼ of S W ¼ in Tp. No. 10S, Range No. 2E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: Elm Hall, John Frost, Michael Bilyeu and Wm. Ramsey, all of Jordan, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Antwine Dupray, of Mill City, county of Marion, and state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5723, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of section 23, in tp. 10S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany on Saturday, the 5th day of July, 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland, James Miszner, Antwine Dupray, John Morris, and Thomas Payne, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 25, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Henry Stuhlman, of Mill City, county of Marion, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5724, for the purchase of the S E ¼ of section 32, in tp. 10S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Linn county, at Albany, on Saturday, the 5th day of July 1902.

He names as witnesses: John Holland James Miszner, Antwine Dupray, and Thomas Payne, all of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of July, 1902.

CHAS B MOORES, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon, April 29, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Mary Lemke of Albany, county of Linn, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 5725, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of section 32, in tp. 10 S, R 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County clerk of Linn county, at Albany, Oregon, on Monday, the 25th day of August, 1902.

She names as witnesses: John T. Simpson and L. M. Crowder of Albany, Oregon, L. T. Henness, of Gates Oregon, and J. E. Welch, of Minto, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES Register.

### Reduced Rates to the East.

Those contemplating an eastern trip will be interested to know that there will shortly be on sale greatly reduced rate tickets in connection with the Rio Grande System, the famous "Scenic Line of the World." This line offers its passengers a most delightful and comforiable to all eastern points. It is the only transcontinental line passing directly through quaint and picturesque Salt Lake city, "The City of the Saints," beautiful Glenwood Springs, Leadville, Pueblo, Colorado Springs (where a side trip may be made to the garden of the Gods and the summit of Pikes Peak over the cog wheel railroad,) and Denver, the queen city of the inter-mountain region. Stop-overs are allowed on all classes of tickets.

Three daily express trains make close connections with all trains east and west and afford a choice of five distinct routes of travel. The equipment of these trains is the best, including free reclining chair cars standard and tourist sleepers, a perfect dining car service, and also personally conducted excursion cars, each in charge of a competent guide whose business is to look after the comfort of his guests. No more pleasant and inexpensive means of crossing the continent can by found than is provided by these excursions.

For additional details, address

J. D. MANSFIELD, Gen'l. Ag't.,
Rio Grande Lines,
124 Third St., Portland, Oregon.

### The Best Prescription for Malaria.

Chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

## NEWSPAPERS OF TO-DAY.

**More Than Twenty Thousand Publications Are Now Issued in the United States.**

When Benjamin Franklin first thought of starting a newspaper in Philadelphia many of his friends advised against it because there was a paper published in Boston. Some of them doubted that the country would be able to support two newspapers, says the Chicago Record-Herald.

From the last count it appears that 20,879 newspapers and periodicals are now published in the United States. Of this number 2,158, or more than ten per cent., are daily papers, 14,887 are weeklies, 2,791 are monthlies and 175 are quarterlies. Smaller numbers have other publication periods.

Canada has a total of 930 publications, of which 110 are dailies, 643 weeklies and 111 monthlies. Cuba has 27, of which 11 are dailies. The Hawaiian islands are credited with 23, of which five are daily publications, ten are weeklies. The Philippine islands have four dailies and the Island of Porto Rico three. New York has the largest number of publications among the states and Nevada the smallest, the former supporting 1,936 and the latter only 30. Illinois, with a smaller population than either Pennsylvania or the Philippines, has many more newspapers than both together. Alaska has the largest territory among the states and territories, but it has next to the smallest number of publications, being next to the Philippines, which are the lowest on the list.

## EXPERT DEER TRAINERS.

**The Settres of Lapland Are Adepts in the Handling of the Unbroken Animals.**

Even more expert than the Siberians in the care and training of reindeer are the natives of Lapland. Accordingly a score of full-blooded Lapps have been induced, by liberal offers, to emigrate to Alaska, where they form a little colony. With them have come a number of their dogs, remarkably intelligent animals, who not only herd and guard the reindeer, but also assist in training and breaking them to harness, says an exchange.

Reindeer have been the real heroes of the most thrilling enterprises in the history of Alaska. One was the carrying of relief supplies to the destitute miners in the Yukon valley when untold hardships and privations were endured in driving across an unknown wilderness without roads or trails or guides. The reindeer were frequently stampeded by wolves and mountain lions, but in the end they accomplished a journey which could not possibly have been made with either dogs or horses. In conjunction with the revenue cutter Bear—which vessel, by the way, has been employed more extensively than any other in the transportation of reindeer—300 deer carried supplies in the famous relief expedition to the whalers imprisoned in the ice near Point Barrow. In this case the overland journey exceeded 1,500 miles in length.

## CROWS WEAR FOOL'S CAPS.

**How the Farmers of Holland Rid Their Grain Fields of the Mischievous Birds.**

The following ingenious method of keeping crows away from the grain field is used by the farmers of Holland:

He makes some small cornucopias of stout paper and smears around the inner side of the mouth of each some birdlime or other adhesive. In these he puts some grains of corn and stands them into his fields by pressing their points into the soft earth.

When the crow finds some of these cornucopias he thinks himself in great luck until he attempts to peck at the tempting grain, when, to his astonishment, he finds the cornucopia attached to his head—a veritable fool's cap—which will not even allow him to see what course to take if he flies up.

However, he succeeds in reaching some coarse grass or bushes, and after much bewildered scrambling and flopping about gets his head out of this undesirable cap and ever afterward avoids the fields where there are more of them.

A Pennsylvania clergyman who died recently in his ninety-sixth year, having retained his mental faculties to the last, had known personally many of the patriots of the revolution. The beginnings of the republic seem remote in the past, yet two human lives are sufficient to span the intervening period. A great deal happens in a lifetime, notwithstanding the proverbial swiftness of the weaver's shuttle.

There is considerable amusement in some of the census tables, and jokes are going the rounds over the fact that Chicago has more hogs than New York, but that New York leads in the matter of goats. Pennsylvania beats all other states in the number of mules, which fact is mentioned in relation to its factional politics.

### Filthy Temples in India.

Sacred cows often defile Indian temples, but worse yet is a body thets pollutid by constipation. Don't permit it. Cleanse your system with Dr. King's New Life Pills and avoid untold misery. The great liver, active bowels, good digestion, fine appetite. Only 25c at Peery & Peery's drug store.


## SAVING'S BANK FREE.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS TO THE Pastile Newspaper Union, 927 cumrket St, San Francisco and secure from beautiful Nickel Saving's bank, also full particulars regarding one new three volume 1902 Inter National Encyclopaedic Dictionar which is now being furnished leaders of this paper for only 5cents a day.


## A WARM SUGGESTION.

**Made by a High Climber Who Has Had Some Hot Experiences.**

"If you want to know what heat is," finally said the High Climber, in the "Autobiography of a High Climber," in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly, "you must be at the top of a chimney where the furnaces are going at full clip below. I was pointing up the sides of one high chimney in Massachusetts one hot summer day. I was up about 100 feet. I had done one, two, three sides, and now pulled myself up to shift my hook around to the fourth. My bo'sun's chair swung down from this hook, you understand.

"It was hot enough anywhere on the top, but around the cap on the fourth side where the wind was blowing out the smoke and heat it was awful. I dropped my hook down and walked around to the cooler side to rest a bit. Around the cap I had a space of about a foot's width to walk on. In a moment I went back and put my hand on the hook to slide down the rope to my chair. Gee! I thought the hair would come out of my head. My shoes frizzed. The hot iron of the hook blistered my hands. I could stay nowhere near it.

"Again and again I went back to that hook. Each time I was driven to the other side. There in the sun and the furnace heat pouring up, blowing this way, the hook got hotter and hotter. There was no other way of getting down even. I was caught there.

"Finally, in desperation, I took off my undershirt and grabbed the hook with it. Blistered and burned, I half fell into my chair and managed to let myself down."

## PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Sometimes a man's appearance suits a woman, and there are times when his disappearance would please her more.—Chicago Daily News.

"How did that railway magnate's daughter happen to accept Jim Boozleby Buffer?" "I think it's because he runs his name in three sections."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mrs. Henpekt (scornfully)—"I don't intend to live with you any longer. I shall get a divorce." Henpekt (humbly)—"I wish, my dear, you would get me one, too."—Town Topics.

Prospective Editor—"I am going to call my new paper 'The Blood.'" Other Fellow—"Why?" Prospective Editor—"So it will start right off with a good circulation."—Baltimore American.

"Excuse me for bothering you, sir, but I would like to borrow a dollar." "I can't lend you a dollar, my friend, but I thank you all the same for your faith in my financial standing."—Richmond Dispatch.

"Are you sure there will be no hitch in our elopement?" anxiously asked the beautiful maid. "How could there be a hitch," assured the ardent lover, "when we are going in an automobile?"—Spokane Chronicle.

"Why is it, now that he is sick and needs sympathy, none of the neighbors will call?" "For a very sufficient reason. He used to get up early every morning and open the shutters with a bang."—Indianapolis News.

The Present Pace.—Servant—"A publisher at the door to see you, sir." Modern Author—"Have him come in and wait; tell him I just began writing a book and won't have it finished for 15 minutes."—Ohio State Journal.

Philosophie.—"Poor bye!" exclaimed O'Hara, condoling with Cassidy, who had been injured by a blast. "'Tis tough luck teh hev yer hand blowed off." "Och! Faith, it moight 'ave bin wurse," replied Cassidy. "Suppose Oi'd had me week's wages in it at the toime."—Philadelphia Press.

## HUMAN MONKEY OF JAVA.

**Professor Haeckel Gives Some Interesting Information About the Strange Animal.**

Prof. Haeckel's latest publication contains some curious information about the human monkey of Java, a most interesting specimen of which was watched by Prof. Haeckel at his own house in Java, writes the London correspondent of the Chicago Inter Ocean. The species is found only in Java, and is called hylobates leuciscus. The natives call it oa on account of the characteristic sound it utters. When standing it is scarcely taller than a child of six years. The head is comparatively small, and it has a small, slender waist. The legs are short and the arms much longer. The face is more human than that of the orang-outang. Prof. Haeckel says:

"Its physiognomy reminded me of the manoeuvr of an insolvent bank pondering with wrinkled brow over the results of a crash. Distrust of the outward all white Europeans is very noticeable. On the other hand, he was on terms of intimate friendship with the Malays in our household, especially with the small children. He never crawled on all fours when tired of running, but stretched on the grass beneath the tropical sun with one arm under his head.

"When I held tasty food just out of his reach he cried, like a naughty child, 'Huite, huite,' a sound altogether different from 'oa, oa,' with which he expressed various emotions. He had a third and more shrill sound when he was suddenly frightened. The speech of these human monkeys has not many different sounds, but they are modulated and altered in tone and strength with a number of repetitions. They also use many gestures, motions with their hands, and grimaces, which are so expressive in manner that a careful observer can detect their different wishes and various emotions.

"My specimen liked sweet wine. He grasped a cup in both hands and drank like a child. He peeled bananas and oranges just as we are accustomed to do, holding the fruit in his left hand. Most of the Malays do not regard the oa and orang-outang as brutes. They believe the former are bewitched men and the latter criminals who have been changed to monkeys as a punishment. Others think they are men in the course of metempsychosis."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

## SERVANTS WITH FORTUNES.

**A Head-Waiter Who Was Indignant at an Exaggerated Report of His Income.**

Not long ago a morning newspaper discussed the earnings of the head-waiters in the fashionable up-town hotels and restaurants. It said that one headwaiter who raises milk, eggs, vegetables and poultry and sells them all to his employer had made $100,000 out of his farm and the year's tips, says the N. Y. Mail and Express. It declared that another headwaiter four blocks lower on Fifth avenue cleared $25,000 last year from tips and pointers on the stock market. People read that as they read so much else in the newspapers, and most of them let the subject pass out of their minds. Not so did a friend of mine. He went to the smaller hotel that night and when the headwaiter came to greet him he said:

"I see the Morning Jaundice says you made $25,000 last year."

"It's a lie," the headwaiter replied. "I only made a little more than $12,000."

Only a little more than $12,000—the earnings of a headwaiter. That would have satisfied the proprietor of a first-class hotel not so very long ago.

### Rich Woman Peddles Milk.

New Jersey among its other freaks has a freak woman—a woman who, though wealthy, takes pleasure in peddling milk. She is Mrs. Anna Stillman, wife of C. P. Stillman, of Vineland, a woman of good social standing, education, refinement and beauty. Some time ago, wearying of society and the luxurious living of the wealthy, Mrs. Stillman decided to adopt the life of a milkmaid purely as a diversion. Every morning at four o'clock this society belle can be seen starting from her elegant country home in an outfit that is a veritable house on wheels. Unattended she drives from house to house and leaves the pint or quart of lacteal fluid as daintily as she receives her callers in evening dress. The townspeople, at first astonished, became so charmed with the innovation that her trade is increasing daily. Mr. and Mrs. Stillman are financially able to live in any style they may see fit and this fad makes the pretty milkmaid all the more conspicuous in her endeavor to outfad faddom.—N. Y. Sun.

## NOT A CLERICAL PHRASE.

**Dining-Car Waiter's Mishap Dispelled the Illusion Regarding a Traveler.**

A gentleman prominent in one of the state departments had occasion recently to visit New York. Upon his way back, relates the Chicago Chronicle, he was seated at dinner opposite a gentleman whom, by the cut of his frock, his white tie and general appearance, he took to be a clergyman. The waiter entered with the dinner ordered by the supposed clergyman. He was a pompous darky, with a pronounced strut and dignity to give away.

Just then the train rounded a curve and before the waiter could get off his dignity the trap was tipped a little and a bottle of salad oil fell into the "clergyman's" soup, breaking the dish and spattering soup and all over his coattes, white tie and gray whiskers. The clerical gentleman exhibited all the external appearance of having an apoplectic fit, but before he could say a word the waiter gathered up the table cloth with all its contents and was out of sight in a minute. The clergyman turned to the Albanian and emphatically remarked:

"My G—, ain't he the limit!"

## IT WAS IN THE PAINT.

**Lady Admirer Compliments Artist on His Flowers, But the Effort Is Wasted.**

It was in one of Boston's art galleries, where there was an exhibition of the late J. Appleton Brown's pictures, relates the Herald. There was a fine array of beautiful landscapes, with that mellow and radiant atmosphere that characterized all of Mr. Brown's work on canvas. The meadows were green, the foliage was rich and full, and the blossoms were true to nature at her best. A lady came into the gallery to enjoy the pictures, and as she stood gazing at the wealth of beauty on the walls she exclaimed rapturously: "How perfectly enchanting. I declare I can almost smell the sweet perfume of these apple blossoms." "What you smell, madam," said the matter-of-fact attendant, with no poetry in his soul, "is something of an odiferous character which the artists mix with their paints nowadays. It wears off in time after the varnishing." This was art dealing in Boston.


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Published at Atlanta, Ga.—Circulation Over 50,000.

The SUNNY SOUTH is the Great Literary Weekly of the South. It is devoted to Literature, Romance, Fact and Fiction, and gives the best of all that is current in its field. Among its contributors the most noted southern writers appear—Joel Chandler Harris, Harry Stillwell Edwards and others of growing fame. Serial stories from Anthony Hope, Maurice Thompson, Sidney R. Crockett, Mrs. George Corbett and Arthur W. Marchmont have appeared, and this year in writing from the pen of authors of national note. A short story contest brought out not less than five hundred splendid short stories, all worthy a place in The SUNNY SOUTH'S readable columns. Other contests are contemplated that will successfully exploit the ripening field of talent that only needs such fostering to illustrate the wealth that is shy to assert itself.

The SUNNY SOUTH teems with the life of the great south. The genial sunshine warms everything into activity, and the season is never cold enough to check the hand of industry. The paper comes fragrant with the breath of the magnolia and pine, and gives out the very air of the orange, palm and bay. The beauty and pathos, the romance and mystery of the land where the corn stores up the golden sunshine and the cotton whitens in the moonlight, will be given in the well-filled columns of this fascinating weekly.

The subscription price is Only Fifty Cents a year, alike to all persons, agents, newspapers, postmasters and every one else. Clubs of five, accompanied by the full $2.50, entitle the club raiser to the paper one year gratis.

Send on a Postal Card the names of six of your neighbors who would appreciate the opportunity to read a copy of The Sunny South, and one sample will be mailed free. You can get your club of five out of these very people.

The SUNNY SOUTH enters over 50,000 American homes now; and during 1902 is sure to be welcomed in fully as many more homes, as the great weekly feast of good things The Southern Literary Weekly, whose columns for 1902 will be the most readable of all the papers that come to you.

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