

The Santiam News.

VOL. V.

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1902.

NO. 22.

...GO TO THE...
Keystone Shaving Parlors
WM. BILYEU, Prop.
Only First-Class Shop in the City
Shaving 15 cents
Hair Cutting 25 "
Shampooing 15 "
Baths 25 "
All work guaranteed.

DR. J. W. VOGEL
Specialist for Refraction and Defects of the Eye.
PORTLAND, OR.
Will make regular trips to Scio. Watch local columns for date of visits.

Undertaking.
A Full Line of Caskets, Coffins and Robes always on hand at reasonable prices, at the

SCIO PLANING MILLS
SCIO, OREGON.

J. J. BARNES & SON
General Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers....

...Horseshoeing a Specialty...
Shop Opposite
Ship Block
SCIO, OR.

T. J. MUNKERS
...Banker
SCIO, OREGON.

OFFICERS:
President..... T. J. Munkers
Cashier..... W. A. Ewing

Does general banking and exchange business. Loans made at current rates and drafts issued on principal cities.

A. W. HAGEY
WATCHMAKER
and **JEWELER.**
All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry repaired promptly.
SCIO OREGON.

Corvallis & Eastern R.R.

TIME CARD.	
No. 3, for Yagouin.	
Train leaves Albany	12:30 P. M.
Arrives Scio	1:30 P. M.
Arrives Yagouin.	6:45 P. M.
No. 1, returning.	
Leaves Yagouin	6:30 A. M.
Leaves Scio	7:30 A. M.
Leaves Albany	12:15 P. M.
No. 2, for Detroit.	
Leaves Albany	7:00 A. M.
Arrives Detroit.	12:15 P. M.
No. 4, from Detroit.	
Leaves Detroit	12:15 P. M.
Arrives Albany	5:40 P. M.

Train No. 1 arrives in Albany in time to connect with the P. P. north-bound train, as well as having two or three hours in Albany for business. P. P. north-bound train for Portland leaves Albany at 12:15 P. M. Train No. 2 connects with the P. P. west-bound train at Corvallis, leaving for Independence, McMinville and all points north to Portland. R. W. TURNER, Agent, Albany.

EAST AND SOUTH
—VIA—
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
Shasta Route

Train leaves West Scio for Portland and way stations at 10:45 a. m. Leave for Albany at 9:30 P. M.	
Leaves Portland 6:30 a. m. T. P. M.	
Arrives Scio 12:30 a. m. 10:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 12:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 1:30 a. m. 10:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 1:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 2:30 a. m. 9:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 2:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 3:30 a. m. 8:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 3:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 4:30 a. m. 7:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 4:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 5:30 a. m. 6:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 5:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 6:30 a. m. 5:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 6:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 7:30 a. m. 4:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 7:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 8:30 a. m. 3:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 8:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 9:30 a. m. 2:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 9:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	
Leaves Scio 10:30 a. m. 1:30 P. M.	
Leaves Albany 10:30 a. m. 11:30 P. M.	

Portland and Scio cars on both tracks. Chair cars run between Scio and El Paso, and connect with Chicago, St. Louis, New York and Washington. Connecting at San Francisco with several lines for Honolulu, Japan, China, Philippines, Central and South America.

See Mrs. M. E. Woodmansee, agent at West Scio, for schedule.

R. B. MILLER, G. P. A.,
Portland, Oregon.



CHAPTER XXII.
Night has quite closed in, a night especially wild and vivid, when once more the sound of wheels upon the gravel without catches Vera's ear.

Perhaps she had been listening for it— even in a measure prepared for it, but even if so, this did not prevent the sudden agitated change that overspread her face as she hears it. Her pulses quicken unpleasantly and she half rises to her feet.

An hour, two hours, pass, and she is in her room dressing for dinner, when a servant brings her note.

"I have to thank you for the kind invitation which Grissold gave me. Business matters have prevented me to come here again—for the last time—to-night to trespass, for the last time, upon your hospitality. I beg you will not let my presence disturb you, my stay will be so short that I dare to hope you will not mark the coming or going."

A quick wave of color dyes Vera's face, she says the letter with studied slowness upon the table near.

"My compliments to Mr. Dyrart, and I hope he will dine with me to-night," she says, calmly, but with an unconscious touch of hauteur. How does he dare to treat her like this, to persist in believing that she is prepared to believe that his presence is so distasteful to her? What is he to her, one way or the other, that she should care whether he was in her house or out of it?

At dinner, however, she will have an opportunity of widening his knowledge somewhat. It will be the simplest thing to let him see how utterly unimportant an item he is in the scheme of her existence. There is a brilliant light in her eyes as she turns to receive the woman who has now come back with an answer to her message to Dyrart.

"There is a timidly in the woman's air that warns her."

"Mr. Dyrart's compliments and thanks, madame, but he has already dined in town."

"Fasten this bracelet," says Vera, holding out her arm. She is aware that the woman is watching her, curiously if nervously, and she so moves that the sudden pallor of her face, the slight tremor that shows her indignation, shall not betray her.

"That will do you can say," she says after awhile. She sweeps down stairs almost in the servant's footsteps, and into the green drawing room, a smaller apartment than the usual reception room, and now looking delicately coy beneath the touches of lamps and bright, and with the perfume of many flowers hanging around it.

The wind, the thunder, the lightning, still rage, but the rain has ceased, and in the murky heavens above, a pale, sickly moon is striving feebly to break a way through the dense clouds. Suddenly the door is thrown open by an agitated hand, and the woman who had attended her upstairs comes hurriedly, without ceremony, into the room.

"Oh, madame, I thought you would like to know—that you should be told—" she stops, frightened by the expression on Vera's face.

"Well," says Vera, going a step nearer to her.

"There is a ship in great distress, madame, somewhere there," pointing vaguely in the direction of the ocean, "upon the rocks, they say! There is scarcely any hope."

"But the lifeboat?" cried Vera, sharply, forgetting everything now but the awful thought of death—and death so near— that these upon these cruel rocks, with the boiling, murderous waves leaping to receive their prey.

"Yes, madame, but that accident yesterday— you will remember it— they say it has disabled six of the men, and it is almost certain death to go at all, and the hands being short, there must be volunteers, and who will risk their lives for the towed-off girl steps about with a quiver, and covers her face with her hands.

"Volunteers! Where is Mr. Dyrart?" cries Vera, suddenly, with prophetic instinct. "Speak, girl!" turning fiercely on her maid.

"Gone down to the beach, madame, to see what can be done."

"Gone?" says Vera, slowly, as if dazed, and then again, "gone?" A little convulsive shiver runs through her—it is the final breaking up of any lingering delusion, any last illusion, that she may still have clung to.

"Order the carriage," she says, after a minute or two, during which mistress and maid have remained silent. This sudden waking-up has been so far a shock that it has killed all immediate nervousness. She feels chilled, calmed, strengthened.

The moon has in a measure congregated the clouds, and now shines out with a pale, watery luster, that rather adds to than takes from the weird wildness of the night. The thunder still rattles overhead, and vivid flashes light the blackness. Here and there, as the carriage passes by the outskirts of the wood, these intermittent bursts of light show where a tree has been felled, or the road ripped up, or a small bridge carried bodily away by the force of the swollen current underneath.

All through the deadly crashing of the storm a booming sound may be heard at long intervals. Half misheard by it, and by that other greater fear, Vera lies back in the carriage, pressing her fingers now to her ears, now to her throbbing brow, that feels as if it were burnt.

Arrived at the entrance to the village, a drive of about a mile from Grey court, she stops the carriage, and opening the door springs to the ground. A sudden gust of wind passing by almost dashes her to the earth, but by a superhuman effort she defies it, and half blinded by the flashing lightning, and bewildered by the raging storm, she turns aside, and plunging panting, struggling, down a side pathway that she knows leads to the beach below.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Cholera has broken out at Manila. A coal miners' strike in Virginia and West Virginia is probable. A hardware trust has been formed with a capital of \$30,000,000. A combine is being formed in New York which, if completed, will control the entire nickel output of the world.

The Canadian Pacific freight sheds at Winnipeg were burned, together with all freight records for the past 22 years. Loss, \$150,000. The senate passed the war revenue repeal bill. The house has passed the rivers and harbors bill.

President Roosevelt will retire Gen. Miles in the near future. The bill for the protection of the president has passed the senate. The anthracite coal miners of Pennsylvania have demanded an eight hour day.

Another delay in the ratification of the Danish treaty by the Danish government has been brought about by the opposition. Large holdings in the Rock Island are being purchased by the Harriman interests and now that road will not be extended to the coast. An inventory of Collis P. Huntington's estate shows it to be worth about \$29,000,000.

William J. Bryan celebrated his 42d birthday by moving into his farm near Lincoln, Neb. Anthracite coal miners of Pennsylvania are on the eve of another strike. The trouble is over the wage scale. Governor Brady, of Alaska, has asked congress to appropriate \$100,000, with which to represent Alaska at the St. Louis exposition.

A resolution has been introduced in the senate thanking Rear Admiral Jackson, Miss., for his services in the bombardment of the forts at Taku, China. It is understood that the president is considering the appointment of ex-senator Wolcott, of Colorado, to succeed Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock. With a hurried wave of the hand he turns abruptly away from the cheering crowd and the dancing torchlight, and makes his way through the heavy darkness toward the small pathway that leads to the road above. Stumbling, uncertain, and feeling altogether unaccounted for, he reaches the top of the hill, and stands at the right side of it, where the beach commences.

"Good heavens, what is this?" He starts violently, and then his fingers flash with almost convulsive energy over the small cold hand that has been thrust into his. A sharp little cry that rings through the darkness, and then the cold hand is hurriedly withdrawn, and two arms are thrown round him, and he is held in a strong embrace. "It is you— you! And you are safe! Oh, Scaton! Oh, thank heaven, thank heaven!"

Whose voice is it? Not Vera's! Vera! and yet the clinging arms are warm, living, and genuine; the sobbing voice is real, a man's, and the hand is strong. To him—very? What has happened? Has he gone mad?

He is ghastly pale, white as the death from which he has just escaped, and across his right temple there is a slight streak of blood, still wet. This adds to his pallor. Vera, seeing it, shudders violently, and involuntarily, almost unconsciously, lifts her hand, and presses her handkerchief to the wound.

"Speak," she says, and now the word is a command. It rings sharply. There is a very anguish of doubt in his eyes, and a very agony, burning into his, are so full of desperate questioning, that they utterly unnerve her.

The strains of the past terrible hours has been too severe, and now she sinks beneath it. She bursts into tears.

"Oh, yes, yes, yes!" she cries, giving him thus vaguely the answer he requires. In a moment his arms are round her, crushing her against his heart. To him those incoherent words are full of sweet meaning. Yes, she loves him! Who shall tell the joy this knowledge brings him—joy that is almost pain?

"Darling, darling!" whispers he, softly. And then after a little while, "I am too happy. I do not know what to say. I cannot speak." And then again, "May I kiss you?"

He does not wait for permission, but presses his lips to hers—dark lips, that kiss him back again, with honest, heart-felt gladness. (The end.)

The British marquis working before the mast has turned up in St. Helena on a sailing vessel plying between England and Australia, according to the St. Helena Guardian. It is the Marquis of Graham, eldest son and heir of the Duke of Montrose, 21 years of age. He wants to find out all about the merchant marine and to earn a master's certificate.

Japanese Clocks.
Japan imports American springs and manufactures clocks so cheaply that only the very lowest grades can be imported.

Live only for to-day and you ruin to-morrow.—Simmons.

REFORMERS BACK OF IT.

Revolution in Southern China is Serious and Spreading Rapidly. Victoria, B. C., March 25.—According to the advice received by the two Oriental liners which arrived here today, the reformers are at the back of the big revolution in South China, which is a widespread and serious movement. Coincidentally, reports come from Kansu and Mongolia, in the northwest, of outbreaks fomented by Tung Fu Hsien, an ex-Doxer, aided by Mongolian princes. The Sang correspondence of the Shanghai Mercury says that 10,000 rebels have massed at that city to move on Kwang Si town.

From Shanghai comes news of excitement over the decision of Germany to maintain her garrison there, which means that France, Britain and Japan will also be obliged to have garrisons there, and Shanghai will become an international garrison town. The Shanghai Mercury says that before his death, Li Hung Chang surrounded full privileges to Russia in Manchuria, and the negotiations now going on are said to be a bid to hoodkink Li's policy in sending envoys to the court of the emperor, his admission to Russia's policy would have involved China in war.

Anxiety at Washington.
Washington, March 25.—The situation in Southern China is attracting the anxiety of the state department officials, who are in no mood to become again involved in that quarter of the world. The latest advice to the department from the seat of trouble were contained in a cablegram received here from United States Consul McWade, at Canton, dated March 18, saying: "Victory reports rebellion in Kwang Si almost crushed." This is not borne out by the press advices of later date, hence the anxiety of the officials.

Chines Rebels Capture a Town.
Hong Kong, March 25.—The rebels have captured the prefectural town of Kan Chou, in the province of Kwang Tung, and have seized the arsenal and granaries. The Mandarins of the garrison fled and appealed to Canton for reinforcements. The viceroy of Canton replied that it was impossible further to deplete the Canton garrison, and urged General Ma to make the utmost efforts to put down the rebellion.

STRICKEN FROM THE BILL.
House Committee Rejects Clause Prohibiting Employment of Chinese Sailors. Washington, March 25.—By an almost unanimous vote the house committee on foreign affairs struck out of the Mitchell-Kahn Chinese exclusion bill the paragraph prohibiting ships flying the American flag from employing Chinese sailors, under \$2,000 penalty for each offense. This provision has proved one of the chief sources of controversy over the bill. The senators and representatives from the Pacific coast states regard this provision as the main argument leading to striking out the provision is that the American ships on the Pacific compete with English and Japanese lines, and that the latter ships would indirectly receive a great advantage in continuing the employment of Chinese at \$7.50 per month whereas the American ships would have to pay about \$30 per month for white sailors.

Representative Kahn, of California, has talked with Speaker Henderson as to the exclusion of Chinese from the house, and it is understood that while Mr. Kahn considers the sailors' clause most important, he will not insist upon it to the extent of jeopardizing the entire exclusion measure.

Cholera in Manila.
Manila, March 25.—The board of health is making a strong effort to prevent the spread of cholera. There have been 16 cases and 15 deaths among the natives in two days, and other natives are suspected of having contracted the disease. The importation of vegetable matter from China is prohibited, inspection camps are being established in every district, and leaflets are published advising the people to boil their drinking water before using it. Finally, every one is urged to co-operate in the destruction of this dangerous enemy.

Will Give Bozeman a Library.
Bozeman, Mont., March 24.—Word has been received from Andrew Carnegie, who will furnish Bozeman with a free public library, provided the city is willing to support the institution at not less than \$1,500 a year. The library is to cost \$15,000.

Troops for Coronation.
New York, March 25.—It is stated, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, that there will be 2,500 colonial troops in London for the coronation. Practically every colony will be represented.

Destroyer Barry Launched.
Philadelphia, March 25.—The Barry, the third of the series of torpedo boat destroyers which have been built for the United States government by Bethlehem & Lehigh, has been launched. Miss Charlotte Barnes, a descendant of Commodore Barry, after whom the craft is named, christened the boat. The little fighter had steam up when the launching took place and took a short spin down the Delaware river.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Cook county prohibitionists have placed a ticket in the field. The district convention of Christian Endeavor societies of Lane and Douglas counties will meet in Eugene March 21. Of the 41 delegates sent to the Wheeler county Republican convention, 23 are for Moody and 18 for Williamson.

The Polk county prohibitionists will hold a convention in Dallas April 5, for the purpose of placing a full county ticket in the field. The board of directors of the Florence school district have decided to extend the school term one month, making the closing of seven months of school on April 15.

At the meeting of the Columbia county Democrats a full county ticket was named and a resolution adopted condemning the action of President Roosevelt in sending envoys to the coronation of King Edward as unpatriotic. Continued heavy rains in Southern Oregon have kept an abundant supply of water in all the ditches, allowing the hydraulic placer mining operations to continue in full blast throughout the Josephine mining district. It is estimated that the output will be 50 per cent greater this year than in any season past.

The Multnomah county Republican convention met in Portland March 19. A legislative ticket and delegates to the state and congressional conventions were named, after which adjournment was taken until March 27, when the county ticket will be nominated. The independents had full control of the meeting. The 1900 potato crop in Cook county has been nearly all cleaned out. The Lane county Democrats will hold their county convention April 5.

The Baker City gas plant is to be enlarged and improved to meet the demand for gas, which is steadily increasing. Primaries for Multnomah county were held March 15. Very few Democrats voted, as there was no fight among their forces. In the Republican ranks the anti-Simon forces carried the day.

The Polk county Republican convention was held at Dallas March 15 and delegates to the state and congressional conventions named and county officers nominated. No action was taken in regard to the senatorship. The Republicans of Morrow county held their convention at Heppner March 15 and elected delegates to the state and congressional convention. Resolutions were adopted indorsing Williamson as United States representative and pledging its delegates to vote against the return of Senator Simon.

PORTLAND MARKETS.
Wheat—Walla Walla, 64½¢; 65¢; Bluestem, 66¢; 66½¢; Valley, 65¢; 65½¢.
Barley—Feed, 42¢; 42½¢; brewing, 42¢; 42½¢.
Oats—No. 1 white, 11¢; 11½¢; 12½¢; gray, 11¢; 10¢; 10½¢.
Flour—Best grades, 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Millet—Bran, 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Hay—Timothy, 12¢; 13¢; clover, 17¢; 18¢; Oregon wild hay, 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 11¢; 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Butter—Creamery, 25¢; 26¢; dairy, 18¢; 19¢; store, 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Eggs—14¢ for Oregon.
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 13¢; 13½¢; Young America, 14¢; 15¢; factory price, 10¢; 11¢ less.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 4¢; 5¢; 6¢; 7¢; 8¢; 9¢; 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢.
Mutton—Gross, 4¢ per pound; dressed, 7¢; 7½¢ per pound.
Hogs—Gross, 5½¢; dressed, 6½¢; 7¢ per pound.
Veal—8¢; 8½¢ for small; 7¢; 7½¢ for large.
Beef—Gross, cows, 3½¢; 4¢; steers, 4¢; 4½¢; dressed, 6½¢; 7¢ per pound.
Hops—12¢; 13¢ per pound.
Wool—Valley, 13¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢; 12¢; mohair, 21¢; 22¢ per pound.
Miss Shaw, of St. Louis, is to paint the portrait of Queen Alexandra this summer.
St. Louis fair managers are informed that King Menelik of Abyssinia may accept an invitation to visit the exposition.
Joseph Devlin, now touring the United States in the interest of the United Irish League, has been elected to the British parliament from North Kilkenny.

FAST DYING REVOLT.

Acting Governor Wright Says Ninety-five Per Cent of the Philippines are Pacified. Washington, March 22.—Judge Wright, acting civil governor of the Philippines, has written a personal letter to General Marcus J. Wright, of this city, which gives an interesting insight into the condition of affairs in the Philippines.

"We are so far removed from the United States," says Governor Wright, "that I fear the people at home get rather an inadequate idea of the situation here. The press reports of the last month or more, which have reached us here, together with the comments thereon, seem to indicate that the general opinion is that the whole islands are either lapsing with insurrection or else that outbreaks are prevented only by the use of troops on an extensive scale. This is wholly misleading. The real truth is that in 85 per cent of the territory of the islands there is no insurrection, and Americans go about singly and unarmed, with about as much safety as they would in a large majority of the states at home. There is a fast-dying insurrection in two provinces of the great island of Luzon, and in the remote southern island of Samar. Here and there in more remote sections there are instances of cat-burglary and occasionally murder or robbery. We are dealing very energetically with the lawless element, and the people as a rule are re-building their homes where they have been destroyed."

"Of course, telegraphic dispatches generally deal alone in something sensational. I apprehend that if any one of us were in a foreign country and received only news of that kind as happening in the United States, in police circles we would get about the same idea of our own country as many of the people seem to have of this. As to the progress we have made in the last year, it is tremendous and to me very encouraging. While I do not look for the millennium either here or elsewhere speedily, I see no reason to doubt that American authority can now be maintained without more troops than indicated by Governor Taft. Of course we must utilize the native in policing his own country, just as has been done by England in all her colonies from the beginning."

MISSOURI ICE GORGE.
River Below is Almost Dry—Dynamite Being Used to Break Up the Jam. Chamberlain, S. D., March 24.—An ice gorge which has been forming in the Missouri river at this place for some time has reached a point which has caused the river to overflow the lowlands for 40 miles up the river. The ice is packed so tight that the bed below the gorge for several miles is almost dry. Dynamite is being used, but without effect up to the present. At 11 o'clock tonight the water in the Missouri river remains about the same as early this morning, showing a total of 11 feet. A gorge has been formed between Chamberlain and American island, diverting the channel to the west side of the island, where the water and heavy run of the ice is passing freely. This is very likely to leave the channel permanently on the west side of the island, as with an open channel there, no pressure exists to clear out the gorge on the east side.

THE CHINESE REBELLION.
Marshal Su's Entire Command Has Deserted and Joined the Rebels. Hong Kong, March 22.—Advice from Canton say it is credibly reported there that the viceroy has received telegrams from Lung Chin, on the Annam border, alleging that the whole of Marshal Su's troops have deserted and joined the rebels. If this is true, say the advices, it adds to the revolutionists 20,000 foreign armed and drilled troops, capable of defeating any force the imperialists can raise to the present.

The telegrams further say the country is undoubtedly ripe for rebellion. Robberies are of frequent occurrence, the long-continued drought prevents the planting of spring rice, and thus has led the farm laborers to become robbers. Well informed persons consider a rebellion similar to that of the Taipings probable.

No Intention of Surrendering.
London, March 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Klerksdorf, Transvaal Colony, says that the Boers in the Western Transvaal are well supplied with guns and ammunition, and have unlimited support and a large amount of stock; that their numbers give them confidence, while the blockhouse system has not yet been extended enough to harm them. What is possible has been done, continues the correspondent, but, owing to the insufficiency of troops, the British columns have been too small to cope adequately with the Boer forces, which are all composed of fighting men, without any intention of surrendering.

The Porte Warned.
London, March 22.—In a dispatch from Vienna, the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that Great Britain, Austria and Russia have addressed a note to Turkey admonishing the Porte to keep order in Macedonia.

In Honor of Miss Roosevelt.
Wilhelmshaven, March 22.—Emperor William has directed that a former torpedo boat, now used as a guard ship here, shall be renamed Alice Roosevelt.