

The Santiam News

SCIO.....OREGON

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

At Ishpeming, Mich., 800 strikers made a demonstration by parading the streets. All the mines are closed.

Three men were killed by an explosion at the railroad car factory at Bradock, Pa. The building was wrecked.

William A. Phillips, son of an Indiana missionary, has been arrested for insanity in Oakland, Cal. Overtly is the cause.

A Pennsylvania freight train, near Greengrub, ran into and killed James Distel and John Clark, and injured John McAllister.

James F. Elwood, of Brooklyn, fell dead in the betting ring at Benning after cashing a ticket on Totout, winner of the third race.

The president has signed a proclamation opening to settlement May 4, the larger portion of the Southern Ute reservation, in Colorado.

The German plan for settling the Samoan question suits England. As America is also satisfied, a joint high commission will probably be named.

The United States transport Ingalls arrived at Port Antonio, Jamaica, with General Alger on board. She reported all well and proceeded to Porto Rico.

The law does not prohibit the sale of liquor in army cantons. Attorney-General Griggs has rendered a decision to that effect at the request of the secretary of war.

At a mass meeting of miners of the central district of Iowa, it was voted to order a strike, to take effect at once. The decision involves 2,000 miners. Operators are firm in refusing to raise the scale.

A wedding in swiftness was celebrated in New York. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., son of the millionaire, and Miss Virginia Fair, a daughter of San Francisco, were married. Many costly presents were given the happy couple.

Carter H. Harrison has been re-elected mayor of Chicago by a total vote of 146,914, against 108,304 for Zina R. Carter, the Republican candidate, and 45,401 for John P. Altgeld, the Independent Democrat.

A committee, whose members are of all the nationalities in Manila, headed by John McLeod, an Englishman, has been organized for the purpose of interviewing the Filipino leaders and petitioning for the release of the Spanish prisoners, in the name of humanity.

Ho Ho has been almost wiped out as the result of the recent fighting.

The president has appointed William B. Sampson postmaster at Skagway, Alaska.

The "Spider and Fly" company was arrested at Tacoma for violating the Sunday law.

At El Paso, Walter Dunsam, an American, shot and killed Jous Mampela, a Mexican.

Germany is said to be concentrating a fleet at Amoy, with the intention of seizing Futsien.

The Two Hundred and First New York regiment has been mustered out at Camp Wetherill.

Bob Brown was hanged at Glasgow, Ky. His crime was murder of his father-in-law, Lewis McCloud.

At Minneapolis, John McGraw, a man, shot and killed his landlady, and then shot himself. Jealousy.

Miss Carrie Rogers was married to William Blackman at Olympia. The bride is a daughter of Governor Rogers.

A report of the effects of the gun fire of Dewey's ships May 1 last shows that 167 Spaniards were killed and 214 wounded.

A cracker trust is to be formed on the Pacific coast. Agents are now visiting the principal cities, and it is said all the leading farmers will be in it.

The Edward Hines Lumber Company, of Chicago, has purchased 30,000,000 feet in Wisconsin, the second largest deal made this year, and the consideration is about \$250,000.

In a decision handed down by Justice Peckham, the United States supreme court holds the war tax law constitutional as applied not only to stock exchanges but to livestock yards as well.

Five men working in a deep, narrow ditch at Joplin, Mo., lost their lives by a cave-in that caught them from both sides. Four of the men were buried under 18 feet of earth and rock and the bodies have not yet been recovered.

The work of searching the ruins of the Windsor hotel fire in New York has been finished. The contractor thinks there are no human remains left in the ruins. The total of the known dead now numbers 43, and several persons are still missing.

Minor News Items.

Andrew C. Fowle, who died of heart failure at his home in Newark, N. J., aged 70 years, in 1852 constructed for the government the first geometrical lath for bank note engraving.

At the request of the state department the announcement is made for the benefit of concession seekers that the islands evacuated by Spain in the West Indies are under military control pending legislation by congress to determine their future government.

A "state" penitentiary is to be established at Santiago de Cuba for the confinement of criminals convicted in courts of the eastern district of the island.

Miss Susan B. Anthony will attend the convention of the International Council of Women, to be held in Westminster hall, London, about the middle of June.

The late Judge Reuben Merrivether Dorey, of Howard county, Md., was buried during a snowstorm, rode 20 miles through heavy snowdrifts to be married and was buried during a recent blizzard.

LATER NEWS.

A. J. Smith, of Salt Lake City, committed suicide at the Millard hotel, Omaha.

The Twenty-first regiment will leave Plattburg, N. Y., for San Francisco, whence they will proceed to Manila.

The controller of the currency has issued a call for a report of all the national banks at the close of business April 5.

Major-General Shafter has arrived at Washington. He will testify before the army court of inquiry into the beef charges.

The operators and conductors of the Wheeling, W. Va., Railway Company have struck for an advance in wages, and the road is tied up.

The London Mining & Manufacturing Company's property, at Ducktown, Tex., has been sold for the Levison Bros., the copper kings, for \$110,000.

At the bimonthly meeting of the Association of Steel Shafting Manufacturers, in Pittsburgh, it was decided to make an advance in prices, averaging 2 per cent.

Public sympathy is with the employees to such an extent in the street railway strike at Bay City, Mich., that the sheriff can secure no men to act as deputies.

Judge Field, the great American jurist is dead at his home in Washington. He had served a longer term on the bench than any judge ever appointed.

George Reid was killed, Mack Reid probably fatally wounded, and two other men hurt in a pitched battle between the Preacher and Reid factions at Brunson, S. C.

Jack MacMillan, well known in Europe and the United States as a currier, was caught in a belt in a flour mill at Lindsay, Ontario, and so badly mangled that he died.

James Eley, the English messenger boy who left London, April 1, for California, to rival the recent trip of Jagers, has arrived at New York.

Miss Marie Burroughs, of the Stuart Robson company, accidentally stabbed Harold Russell, of the same company, in the face at the Broadway theater, Denver. Mr. Russell's injury is slight.

Tompen in the mines in the Southern Illinois coal district have decided to strike as the result of their employees' refusal to grant a raise of 25 cents a day. This will tie up at least 25,000 men.

Hollister McGuire, fish commissioner, and State Senator Reed, of Oregon, were drowned in the North Umpqua river. Their boat upset in the rapids. W. F. Hubbard saved himself by swimming ashore.

There has been a heavy fall in the price of wheat in the Chilean market.

Fire at Lead, S. D., destroyed property worth \$100,000. One entire block of buildings was consumed.

The Keystone Slate Company, of Bethlehem, Pa., has increased the wages of its employes 15 per cent.

It is stated that \$225,000 has been subscribed toward the construction of the alumni hall at Yale university.

A secret movement is under way in Hawaii to flood the islands with Portuguese laborers from the Azores islands.

One hundred and eighty-four American laborers were sent over to the Philippines since hostilities opened.

A decision was rendered by Judge Peabody in the St. Louis city police court that under certain conditions a husband has the right to beat his wife.

After attempting to murder his wife and baby, Walter Miller, foreman in the Detroit soap works, sent two bullets into his own brain and died almost instantly.

The three largest of 200 pearl button factories operated at Muscatine, Ia., have advanced wages 15 and 20 per cent. Six hundred button workers are employed in the factories.

The bill providing for the incorporation of the St. Louis World's Fair, 1904, celebrating the centennial of the Louisiana purchase, has passed the Missouri senate. It has already been passed by the house.

The Kilauoa Plantation Company has been incorporated at San Francisco. The capital stock is \$2,000,000. The directors are A. B. Spreckels, J. D. Spreckels, William Irwin, C. A. Hogg and W. D. K. Gibson.

A large number of Spanish officers, who had been prisoners in the hands of the Tagals, have entered the service of the latter. Among the prisoners were some of the chiefs of the Spanish general staff and officers of artillery.

There are persistent rumors in Manila that Aguinaldo has been supplanted in control of Filipino affairs by General Antonio Luna, commander in chief of the Filipino forces. Luna is described as being a typical big game.

Unless the testimony of several important witnesses shall be impeached, something which is very unlikely, the beef inquiry board will be obliged to sustain the charges of General Miles that the soldiers were fed upon embalmed or preserved beef, says a Washington correspondent.

Secretary Wilson is making arrangements for letting the government seed contracts in the spring instead of in the autumn, as has been done heretofore.

General Marcus P. Miller, who commanded the forces that captured Ilo Ilo, and who has just retired, bears the honor of having received five brevets for gallant and meritorious conduct in active service—three in the civil war and two in Indian campaigns. General Miller was born in Massachusetts.

Judge M. L. Hayward, who has been elected United States senator from Nebraska, is 69 years old and possessed of a fortune of at least \$3,000,000.

Three tugs for use in Manila bay and among the Philippines have been purchased by the United States government in Hong Kong. They will be used to transport troops from point to point.

The late Judge Reuben Merrivether Dorey, of Howard county, Md., was buried during a snowstorm, rode 20 miles through heavy snowdrifts to be married and was buried during a recent blizzard.

NEW SECRETARY OF WAR

Alger's Resignation Will Soon Take Place.

GEN. HASTINGS TO SUCCEED HIM

The American Delegates to the International Disarmament Conference at The Hague Have Been Named.

Washington, April 8.—Secretary Alger will be forced to resign as soon as he returns from Cuba, and his place will be taken by General Warren Hastings, who was the commander of President McKinley in the war of the rebellion. This comes from administration circles and is definite. The matter was settled some time ago at a conference between the president and his advisers, and it can be said that a new secretary of war will be installed within a few weeks.

For the Year's Conference.

Washington, April 8.—The secretary of state has announced the personnel of the United States delegation to the disarmament convention, which will meet at The Hague in the latter part of May. The delegation consists of Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Berlin; Stanford Newell, United States minister to the Netherlands; President Smith Low, of Columbia university, New York; Captain William Crozier, ordnance department, U. S. A., and Captain A. T. Mahan, retired, U. S. N. Frederick W. Williams, of New York, will be secretary of the delegation. They were not instructed.

The American commission, as a whole, is regarded as an exceptionally strong body, being made up of men well known, not only in public and political life, but in the world of letters and international affairs.

A BRIEF RESPIRE.

Insurgents North of Malolos Are Quiet—Americans Cleaning the City.

Manila, April 8.—There has been a respite in hostilities, chiefly in order to allow the Filipinos to digest the proclamation. The rebels remain remarkably quiet.

The sharpshooters of General Lawton's lines have borrowed Filipino tactics and are harassing the rebels at night, picking off some of them nightly.

Malolos is reclaiming its natural aspect. Preparations are being made for establishing a permanent camp for the troops there, and the soldiers are cleaning the city. One-third of the American force at Malolos is sent nightly to form an advance line a mile north of the city, with patrols and sentries ahead of the line.

Some of the volunteers are receiving Krag-Jorgensen rifles, the Filipinos having discovered that they can effectively fire their Mausers and retreat before the Americans approach near enough to use their Springfield rifles with effect.

Advices received here from Samar, an island forming a province of the Philippines, are being made for the Filipinos, who are weary. Their leader, Lukban, of Chinese ancestry, has deserted with the funds. The inhabitants are desirous of American rule.

Insurrection in Negros.

Manila, April 8.—Colonel Smith, governor of the island of Negros, reports that a number of bandits, headed by a man named Papisao, attempted rebellion March 27, and killed several officials. Papisao was captured and a proclamation calling upon the natives to rise and exterminate the Americans and Spaniards.

Major Sims and two companies of the California regiment were dispatched by water to the scene of the disturbance, and Colonel DuBoise and two other companies were sent overland. April 2 the force marched 12 miles and captured Labid, the headquarters of the bandits, and destroyed the town. The troops also captured 28 prisoners, and scattered Papisao's rebellion at the outset.

Anti-Polygamy Resolution.

Provincetown, Mass., April 8.—The Southern New England Methodist conference, in session here today, adopted, by a rising majority, a resolution calling on congress to expel Congressman Roberts, of Utah, for openly professed polygamy, and for the passage of an amendment to the constitution forever prohibiting the practice of polygamy, and disfranchising any one guilty of it.

Big Strike in Mountain Lion.

Republic, Wash., April 8.—Yesterday's assays from the face of the Mountain Lion ditto averaged more than \$100 per ton. There is an enormous body of this ore, and in the judgment of the many mining men here, the Lion is not second even to the Republic. A majority of the stock is owned in Portland.

Princess Salm-Salm, of Bonn, Germany, has returned to New York, to spend two months in this country, most of the time at the home of her brother-in-law, Colonel Edmund Johnson, at Vineland, N. J.

Three Powers Agree.

Berlin, April 8.—An agreement has been reached between the three powers (the United States, Great Britain and Germany) on the two propositions, namely, the appointment by each power of a high official to investigate and regulate the conditions prevailing at Samoa, and the making of unanimity necessary in all decisions of these high officials. The newspapers hail the result of the negotiations with satisfaction.

Trouble in Santo Domingo.

New York, April 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Port au Prince says: It is reported that the Dominican government is massing troops on the frontier, in fear of invasion by Juan Jimenez, from St. Marc. It is also causing the arrest of suspected Dominicans residing in Port au Prince. Senior Jimenez is now in St. Thomas. The French cruiser Stax arrived at noon today.

England and Italy are reported to have reached an agreement under which the latter will occupy San Mou bay, China.

SIX PERSONS PERISHED.

Fatal Fire in New York's Fashionable Genesee District.

New York, April 8.—Six lives are known to have been lost in a fire which at an early hour this morning destroyed the five-story dwelling 2 East Adams, 2 East Sixty-eighth street. Several persons are still missing, and several firemen were injured while battling with the flames. The known dead are:

Mrs. St. John; Wallace St. John, her son, 7 years old; four unidentified persons, found on the third floor of the Adams house.

The missing are: Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Andrews; Jay St. John; Austin St. John, 8 years old, his son; Frederick St. John, 2 years old, his son; Mary B. Older, kitchen maid; Mary Flanagan, parlor maid; Ann Mara, servant; Eva Peterson, servant; Kate Roth, servant.

The injured are: Jennie Burns, a landress, jumped from the fourth floor to an extension and was badly injured; Alice White, servant, taken to the Presbyterian hospital, suffering from burns and partly overcome by smoke; Fireman Jeremiah Blazin, of Engine 44, fell during the fire and was badly hurt.

Several other firemen were injured during the battle with the flames, but none seriously, and all were able to remain with their companies. The fire broke out in the Adams house, about 2 o'clock, and spread so rapidly that the people seem to have but one moment to get out before the fire had reached the interior of the house in flames.

General Gomez in a New Role.

His Head Seized by His Successor, Havana Agitator.

Havana, April 8.—The Cuban military assembly being dead, General Gomez will take up his programme of solidifying the Cuban people into a party that shall without ceasing, urge the United States to withdraw from the island. His purpose is to make the people seem to have but one emotion, one desire—the thought of independence and absolute separation from the United States.

General Gomez considers the dissolution of the assembly as his personal achievement, aided by the military administration here and commenced at Washington. He has emerged from the controversy with the assembly stronger than ever with the better classes. His theory is that the Cubans, who before thought him merely an adroit guerrilla chief, are now prepared to regard him as a political leader, and that a few days more probably will see him in name general-in-chief of the army.

KLONDIKE GOLD YIELD.

Official Figures for 1908 Show That It Was Worth \$100,000,000.

Montreal, April 8.—Recently published official figures show that in 1908 the Canadian gold output was \$13,700,000, placing Canada in fifth place as a gold producing country. Of the total product, \$10,000,000 was taken out of the Klondike.

Preparations are being made for the Klondike this year at \$20,000,000, and British Columbia is also expected to do much better than in previous years, so that Canadians hope that Canada will soon be silver to the top.

The yield of silver is also growing larger from year to year; in 1907 it was \$2,232,000, and in 1908 the British Columbia mines.

The copper output is now past the \$1,000,000 mark.

SOLDIER DEAD BURIED.

Laid at Rest at Arlington With Military Honors.

Washington, April 8.—With full honors of war, upon the crest of the southern slope of Arlington cemetery this afternoon, the nation, represented by President McKinley, his cabinet and other high dignitaries of the government, the commanding general of the army and other distinguished officers, all the regular and militia organizations of the district, and a vast concourse of 15,000 people, paid the last tender tribute of honor and respect to the bodies of 236 officers and men who gave their lives on distant battlefields for their country during the Spanish-American war, and who were today interred in the silent army that sleeps in the last bivouac of the brave.

Volunteers Will Be Isolated.

Washington, April 8.—Acting Secretary Meiklejohn has issued orders relative to the reception of the eighth volunteer regiments still remaining in Cuba when they reach the United States. An isolated camp will be established at Matanzas, where the troops may remain during the period required to show that there are no infectious cases among them.

New Railway Lines.

Chicago, April 8.—The Railway Age publishes the following: "There is every indication that not less than 5,000 miles of new railway will be built in the United States in 1909, representing an investment of about \$150,000,000. At the present time 4,000 miles are either under contract or actually under construction.

Blaine Bicycle Shot.

Seattle, April 8.—A Post-Intelligencer special from Blaine, Wash., says Charles Gotschey was shot and probably mortally wounded tonight by George W. Snell. The only cause known for the shooting is that Gotschey ran into Snell a few days ago while bicycling.

The president has appointed John Blair Shoenfeldt, of Douglas, Wyo., agent for the Indians of the Union agency in the Indian Territory.

Sugar War On.

San Francisco, April 7.—There is a sugar war on in this city. The Chronicle says that a local firm is importing cane sugar from Java and Manila, refined in English and Scotch factories at Hong Kong. It is carried by the steamers of the California & Oriental Steamship Company, which is part of the Santa Fe system. Heretofore these sugars have been landed in San Diego and shipped to this city, but in future the sugar will be landed in San Francisco. Several cuts in the price have been made, the total reduction being nearly 1 cent a pound.

STARVATION IN PORTO RICO

Gen. Stone Describes Conditions in the Island.

THE SITUATION IS DESPERATE

Insurrection May Result If Measures of Relief Are Long Delayed—Short Coffee Crop One Cause of Distress.

New York, April 10.—The Herald says Brigadier-General Stone will go to Washington tomorrow, where he will call the attention of the president to the starvation and distress in Porto Rico. He thinks that the desperate state of the people may lead to insurrection if relief is not forthcoming. He has just returned from a journey of 10 days through the interior of the island.

The general was attached to the department of agriculture before the war, and during hostilities he was in Porto Rico as a member of General Miles' staff. This last trip was made with a party of capitalists and railroad men. He was also invited by Major-General Henry to give advice concerning the construction of roads through the island.

"People are dying of starvation all through the interior," said General Stone. "In the district of Aguas Blancas there were many deaths. The judge in the district of Comercio showed me a book in which he had recorded the names of many who died for lack of food. General Grant reported 39 deaths from starvation in one district. I saw hundreds of natives emaciated and weak. When I left Porto Rico there were 100,000 persons there who had neither bread nor meat for two weeks.

"This state of affairs is largely due to the short coffee crop and the ruinous competition of Brazil. Porto Rican coffee is selling at from 7 to 8 cents at seaports, and the transportation takes nearly all of this sum. Major-General Henry is issuing rations and is doing everything in his power to alleviate the distress.

"It is difficult, however, to reach the interior. The supplies are sent to military posts and distributed as well as possible. Still Major-General Henry cannot go on in this way. His money, derived from customs, will give out soon. He cannot make this people an object of charity. He has found work for at least 5,000 men on the road-building. With good roads and a means of getting out of the interior with fruits and vegetables, something can be done to develop the island.

"Another element contributing to the distress of the Porto Ricans is the fact that the United States continues to levy duty upon them. They had to free trade with Spain, which is now cut off. Yet with all their sufferings, the Porto Ricans speak with pride as belonging to the United States. They do not expect Porto Rico to become a state.

"Porto Rico is the home of the orange, yet oranges are rotting on the trees. They are sold at 50 cents a barrel. I bought them five for a cent. They are as good as the Indian river oranges.

"One of the objects of my visit was to make arrangements for the establishment of an experiment station under the department of agriculture. I have found a place which I think will be suitable for the raising of winter vegetables."

WEST INDIAN COAL STATIONS.

Navy Department Will Place Them at Strategic Points.

New York, April 10.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: At the suggestion of Rear-Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, a comprehensive scheme has been adopted by the navy department under which coal stations will be placed at strategic points in the West Indies, so as to give the United States control of the Virgin, Mona and Windward passages and the approaches to the Gulf of Mexico.

It is proposed to establish coal stations at Culebra island, lying between Porto Rico and the Virgin islands; at Mayaguez, which lies on the western shore of Porto Rico and controls the Mona passage, and at Guantanamo on the southern side of Cuba, or at Nipe bay on the northern coast, either of which controls the Windward passage. Coal sheds and piers are already in the course of construction at Dry Tortugas, which will enable a fleet operating from that point to prevent an enemy from entering either through the Yucatan or Bahama channel.

Official Reports to Be Admitted.

Washington, April 10.—The army beef inquiry court decided today to admit as evidence the official reports of army officers concerning the beef supplied to the army during the war with Spain, as requested by General Miles.

A raft of pine timber of fine quality was sold at Lockport, Mich., to be used in the construction of the new battleship Maine at the Gramp's shipyards in Philadelphia.

The yacht Norma, in which A. J. Weaver and a party of friends sailed from New York, November 2, 1896, to "explore and write up the strange places of the earth," has arrived at Colombo, Ceylon.

Lieutenant Frank Z. Curry, Third Georgia, who shot and killed Private Leo Reid, battery I, Second artillery, last January, at Savannah, will be delivered into the hands of the civil authorities by order of the war department.

England Hops the Tongas.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, April 10.—Germany has been left behind in the contest for sovereignty over the Tonga group. Years ago she schemed to get control of these islands, which include the best harbor in the South Pacific, with the single exception of Pago Pago. The British man-of-war, Tauranga, which arrived at Apia the day the Mariposa sailed from there, had just arrived from Nukulofa, Tonga, where the captain completed the purchase of the group from the Tongan government, received the formal transfer and raised the British flag.

WATCHING THE ENEMY.

Daily Reconnoissances in the Rebel Country—Monadnock at Hakoor.

Manila, April 10.—General MacArthur's operations consist, temporarily, in daily reconnoissances in various directions for the purpose of keeping in touch with the rebels and ascertaining their movements. The Fourth cavalry and two guns were out all the morning in the direction of Larassan, a little south of Malolos.

In the meantime the dredgers are busy clearing the channel of the Rio Grande to Pampanga. The United States double-turreted monitor Monadnock is patrolling the bay in the vicinity of Hakoor, keeping the rebels in motion and dropping occasional shells among them in response to their snuffing fire.

Saul, reported to have been bombarded by the Baltimore, is merely a suburb of Dagupan, which was bombarded by the United States cruiser Charleston last Saturday because one of her boats were fired upon and an officer wounded while in shore making soundings.

Returns of the Scouts.

San Francisco, April 10.—The transport Scandia arrived at quarantine from Manila with 64 time-expired and discharged soldiers and the bodies of four officers who fell fighting in the Philippines. The remains brought back are those of Colonel Smith, of the Tennessee regiment, who died of apoplexy while leading his men in the attack on Manila; Captain D. E. Elliott, of the Twentieth Kansas regiment, killed February 29 at Calocan by sharpshooters; Major McConville, of the Idaho regiment, who fell while charging at the head of his men on the trenches before Calocan, and Lieutenant French, First Montana, who was killed at the same place. Lieutenant Swasee, of the First California regiment, and Captain Murphy, of the Fourteenth infantry, were also on board the transport, the former returning to be mustered out, and the latter under orders to proceed to Washington.

NAMES FOR WARSHIPS.

One of the New Cruisers Will Be Known as the Tacoma.

Washington, April 10.—The president today named the new warships, recently provided by congress, as follows:

Battle-ships—Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Georgia.

Armored cruisers—West Virginia, Nebraska, California.

Cruisers—Denver, Des Moines, Chattanooga, Galveston, Tacoma, Cleveland.

Petitions by the hundreds have been flowing into the White House and navy department ever since the new ships were provided for, urging the merits of various names. The president and secretary Long enjoyed the good-natured rivalry, and in making the final determination consideration was given not only to urgency of the influence brought to bear, but also to the several sections of the country.

The New York Five.

New York, April 10.—The fire that destroyed the handsome residence of Wallace C. Andrews, at 2 East Sixty-seventh street Saturday caused the deaths of 12 persons sleeping in the house. Firebrands carried by the wind were blown into an open window in the home of Albert J. Adams, 3 East Sixty-ninth street, two blocks distant, setting fire to the house, and causing the death of a servant. All of the 12 bodies have been recovered.

May Have Been Intentional.

New York, April 10.—Anonymous letters had been sent to the Andrews family that their lives, property and home was endangered if the chambermaid, Mary Flanagan, was not discharged. It is believed that revenge on the part of a former servant is responsible for the awful tragedy. Police protection was asked by Andrews, and postoffice inspectors are investigating the source of the letters.

Gomez Reinstated.

Havana, April 10.—The Cuban general met today at Matanzas and officially declared to reinstate General Gomez as commander-in-chief. They also decided to appoint an executive board of three generals to assist him in the details of disarming and in the organization of the rural police for the province. It will be officially notified of their action and a proclamation probably will be issued to the Cubans.

Montenegro Dead.

New York, April 10.—The Journal correspondent at Manila cables today that the pacificos who have returned within the American lines report the death of General Montenegro, who was regarded as, next to Aguinaldo, the most influential and aggressive of Filipino rebels. The report is credited at Manila, where it is believed General Montenegro fell