

The Santiam News.

VOL. II

SCIO, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1899.

NO. 20.

The Santiam News.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SCIO, LINN CO., OREGON.

By IRA A. PHELPS.

Entered at the postoffice at Scio, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

Per annum, in advance, \$1.00.

Advertising rates at fair, living rates, to be paid monthly.

Transient advertisements must be paid for when the order is given for their insertion.

Bank of Scio

CAPITAL, \$20000

OFFICERS—

President A. J. Johnson

Vice President J. W. Gaines

Cashier C. V. Johnson

Does a general banking and exchange business. Loans made at current rates, and drafts issued on principle cities.

A. W. HAGEY

WATCHMAKER

AND

JEWELER.

SCIO, OREGON.

All kinds of watches clocks and jewelry repaired promptly.

EAST and SOUTH

VIA

The Shasta Route

—of the—

Southern Pacific Company.

Express Trains Leave Portland Daily.

South. North.

7:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 8:30 A. M.

8:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 9:30 A. M.

9:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 10:30 A. M.

10:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 11:30 A. M.

11:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 12:30 P. M.

12:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 1:30 P. M.

1:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 2:30 P. M.

2:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 3:30 P. M.

3:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 4:30 P. M.

4:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 5:30 P. M.

5:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 6:30 P. M.

6:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 7:30 P. M.

7:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 8:30 P. M.

8:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 9:30 P. M.

9:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 10:30 P. M.

10:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 11:30 P. M.

11:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 12:30 A. M.

12:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 1:30 A. M.

1:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 2:30 A. M.

2:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 3:30 A. M.

3:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 4:30 A. M.

4:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 5:30 A. M.

5:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 6:30 A. M.

6:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 7:30 A. M.

7:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 8:30 A. M.

8:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 9:30 A. M.

9:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 10:30 A. M.

10:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 11:30 A. M.

11:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 12:30 P. M.

12:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 1:30 P. M.

1:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 2:30 P. M.

2:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 3:30 P. M.

3:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 4:30 P. M.

4:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 5:30 P. M.

5:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 6:30 P. M.

6:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 7:30 P. M.

7:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 8:30 P. M.

8:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 9:30 P. M.

9:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 10:30 P. M.

10:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 11:30 P. M.

11:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 12:30 A. M.

12:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 1:30 A. M.

1:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 2:30 A. M.

2:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 3:30 A. M.

3:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 4:30 A. M.

4:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 5:30 A. M.

5:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 6:30 A. M.

6:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 7:30 A. M.

7:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 8:30 A. M.

8:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 9:30 A. M.

9:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 10:30 A. M.

10:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 11:30 A. M.

11:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 12:30 P. M.

12:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 1:30 P. M.

1:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 2:30 P. M.

2:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 3:30 P. M.

3:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 4:30 P. M.

4:30 P. M. Lv. Portland. Arr. Scio 5:30 P. M.

BY THE EDITOR

The future outlook of Scio is brighter at the present time than it has been for several years.

Jefferson is going to erect a new school building. The Review, with its usual enterprise, prints a picture of the new structure, in its last issue.

It is proposed as soon as possible to form a native force in the Philippines, organized and drilled after American military methods. We are teaching the natives these same methods now.

Over in Spain we see Cervera being persecuted because he was whipped. Here in America we have Schley, also persecuted because he and not Sampson whipped him. It's a queer old world.—Ex.

A New Yorker accidentally sustained an electric shock of 2000 volts power, the fiery current fairly burning a hole through the floor beneath him, yet he still lives. Insurance rates ought to be low on him hereafter.

A dispatch says that the Filipinos "continue active." Certainly. From day to day they show considerable activity, in moving toward our lines, and just as regularly they show a great deal more in moving away from them.

The Utah legislature has adjourned without electing a senator to the U. S. senate. The Oregon legislature had no senator to elect, but they adjourned without doing anything else that was of any value to the people of the state.

The Czar's Universal Peace Congress is to meet in Holland, which is neutral ground. All the great powers probably dread the idea of having the conference held in their own capitals lest rival governments learn too much of their war preparations.

W. F. Gill has been appointed postmaster at this place. Mr. Gill is one of Scio's very popular business men, and is a gentleman in every sense of the word. He is one in whom all have the greatest respect, and we are pleased to note his appointment to so responsible a position.

The \$3,000,000 designed for the Cuban soldiers was loaded on a truck and trundled through New York's streets to the water front and nobody tried to steal a bit of it. The fact that thirty picked boys in blue armed to the teeth, sat all over the truck, may have had something to do with it.

General Augusti, late of Manila, and Admiral Cervera have been sent to join General Linares and Admiral Montijo in a Spanish prison because they failed to whip the best soldiers and sailors in the world. They ought not to regret being locked up, however. It keeps them from being forced to associate with the fools who defy them.

With the coming of spring our citizens should do a little cleaning up about the city. The numerous old boards, boxes and other trash which now almost blockade some of the alleys and back streets should be hauled away and burned up, and the streets given a general cleaning up. It will cost a little to do this but it will be money well spent.

The president recommended that congress appropriate \$1,000,000 for the American exhibit at the Paris exposition. Congress appropriated \$1,200,000, and Mr. Peck was congratulated by the president as the only man who ever got a bigger appropriation than was recommended. The appropriation is divided as follows: \$200,000 for buildings; \$150,000 for the agricultural department; and \$800,000 for general expenses.

Among the appropriations made by congress in its expiring hours is \$1,000,000 for preliminary surveys and investigations as to the practicability of the Nicaragua canal route. The champions of the canal are rejoicing that the government has so far committed itself to this project, which they claim takes it out of the hands of private corporations. A determined fight was made by the Pacific railroad against the bill; \$1,200,000 was also appropriated for the American exhibit at the Paris exhibition; of this amount \$150,000 is especially assigned to the agricultural department.

American manufacturers seem likely to make their highest record in the fiscal year which ends four months hence. The exports of domestic manufacturers are already

\$21,000,000 ahead of the highest record ever made. During the seven months ended Feb. 1, 1899, they amounted to an average of \$1,000,000 a day. Not only are the manufacturers increasing their sales abroad, but they are evidently supplying the home market to a greater extent than ever before. The imports of manufactured goods in the last seven months amount to only \$157,206,972, or \$55,000,000 less than the exports.

The agitation of the Nicaragua canal route, joining the Atlantic and Pacific, has aroused the French people, who have taken a new interest in the Panama project, which was temporarily suspended in 1897 for want of funds. Work is now being pushed with a vast amount of vigor. In June 1897, the Columbia government extended the time for completing the canal another ten years. Nineteen miles of the canal have been dug from Colon and six miles from Panama, making a total of twenty-five miles. It is estimated that the total cost will be \$262,000,000. The prospect are, therefore, that we shall have two canals.

We have already referred to the success of the short course at the Oregon Agricultural College this year. The final figures show that 102 students were enrolled. The youngest of these was 17 years of age and the oldest was 66. Nineteen of the counties of Oregon were represented and two students attended from other states. None of the students enrolled in the short course were listed in any of the regular departments of the college. One significant fact is that 54 of these students reported themselves as farmers and only one as a rancher. There were sixteen housekeepers, eight fruit growers, three dairymen and three gardeners.—Oregon Agriculturist.

One of the most important changes made in the pure food law by the Oregon legislature was in the manner of electing the Dairy and Food Commissioner. It is now provided that at the general election of 1900 this officer shall be elected in the same manner as the other state officers to serve for a term of four years. The legislature elected Mr. J. W. Bailey of the North Pacific Rural Spirit to fill the office until the officer elected in 1900 qualifies. We would have been better pleased if the legislature had selected for this office some person actively engaged in the dairy industry, as for example Hon. Thomas Paulsen, president of the Oregon Dairymen's Association or Mr. E. J. Seely, manager of the Albany Creamery both of whom were candidates. We have no reason to doubt however that Mr. Bailey will make a zealous and efficient officer.—Oregon Agriculturist.

Wild Tire Law.

The clause in the road law to encourage the use of wild tires on Oregon highways is as follows:

"That from and after the first day of January A. D. 1900, the county board of each county within the state is hereby authorized to make a rebate each year, for four years, on the road tax of each person within its county who shall own and have in habitual use on the highways of state, wagon or other vehicles for the transportation of freight and other heavy articles the tires of which are not less than 2 inches in width, of \$1 for each of such vehicle; and, provided further, that the owner of each vehicle having tires of not less than four inches in width upon which there is a difference of at least eight inches in the front and rear axle, so constructed that the front and rear wheels will not come in contact with the same road surface while the vehicle is moving in a straight line, shall receive, in addition to the aforesaid rebate, for four years in his or her road tax as aforesaid, of \$2 for each vehicle of this class for each and every year during said period that said vehicle is habitually used upon the highways of this state."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases, over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received giving accounts of its good works; of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it cures that disease of all dangerous consequences. Sold by Peery & Peery.

Rev. E. Edwards, pastor of the English Baptist Church at Minersville, Pa., when suffering with rheumatism, was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "A few applications of this liniment proved of great service to me. It subdued the inflammation and relieved my pain. Should any sufferer profit by giving Pain Balm a trial it will please me." For sale by Peery & Peery.

Down's family herb tea the best in the market.

BY THE SCISSORS

The Polk county Observer one of those papers which have been crying prosperity the loudest since the present administration began, has gone into the hands of a receiver.

Rain or shine, while the president is in the White House a splendid silk flag always waves from a flagpole on the executive mansion. When the chief magistrate leaves Washington, it is taken down and folded away until his return.

The authorities of Wellington, N.S., proposed to give the name of the freed prisoner confined in the new jail to that institution, and it was called Horton jail, because Mrs. Horton was the first. She proved to be innocent, and now she is suing the county for damages on account of the jail's name.

The latest rumor is a beef trust by the big packers. Doubtless every beef raiser knows what this means—a cutting price in selling beef and prices of beef on the hoof as well as in the shambles arbitrarily fixed by a greedy combine, the limits of whose greed is controlled by no law which the trusts seem inclined to respect except that of a serrated conscience.

W. J. Fullbright, residing near Halsey, while in Portland on his way home from eastern Oregon, by his bravery succeeded in capturing a highwayman and getting him in jail after the police had failed to get him. To pay for his grit and bravery Fullbright was placed in jail and held as a witness. If this is a sample of Portland justice that is a good city to keep away from.

In a recent interview Edison said: "I am working at present on a device for sending photographs by wire. I am perfecting the machine now and it will be a success. By this invention an artist can place his sketch in it and by attaching it to a wire send in the picture to his paper. This thing has been done before but the machines have been too cumbersome. I intend to have this one made similar to a kodak."

A good story is told at Washington, D.C. on Representative Tongue. Wu Tingfang, the Chinese minister is a great society man, and he has been a frequent guest at the White House. He said and admitted Miss Tongue very much, and some time later, when he saw the representative from Oregon, spoke in high praise of the congressman's daughter. "Have you any young child Mr. Tongue?" asked Mr. Wu. "Yes," responded the Oregon man, "I have six." Mr. Wu leaned over toward Mr. Tongue and said questioningly, in a confidential tone, "One wife?"—Ex.

The Chicago Daily News says in reference to trust: "In all the big trusts which have been formed recently the original owners of securities disposed of a considerable part of their holdings with the advance in the market, and none of them increased the investment at the higher figure. This alone should prove sufficient warning to the outside public that securities have been raised beyond their value." It is noticeable that the promoters of these big combines are disposing of their holdings as quickly as possible and investing in securities of a more substantial character. Still they find lambs to fleece.

From time to time medical and druggist papers have called attention to the danger of using shot for scouring the inside of bottles, but there are still many people who think it the proper way. Shot always leaves a thin film of lead on the glass, which is injurious to the health, and fatal cases of poisoning have occurred from shots being left lodged in a crevice in the bottle. Pounded glass has many sharp points and cleans a bottle better than shot. If a bottle has been leaded the lead may be removed by first rinsing in nitric acid, to dissolve the lead, and then in clear water to wash it away. Alkaline or soapy water should not be used after the acid, as that would precipitate the lead in form of oxide or insoluble lead soap.

A statement prepared by the Auditor for the Navy Department on the anniversary of the United States battleship Maine shows that the total number of claims filed to date on account of that disaster under the act of March 30, 1898, is \$25,000,000. Of these ninety-two are claims for indemnity for survivors, amounting to \$15,635,201 are gratuity claims, aggregating \$87,700. Twenty-nine claims are now on hand awaiting evidence and thirty cases are to be heard from. The records show that the total number of persons on board the Maine at the time of the explosion was 355. Of those 261 were killed and ninety-four survived. Too much red tape in paying these indemnities will counteract their benefits. When our government undertakes to do a generous act it is too apt to spoil it by the quibbles and puttering technicalities of the little men who have charge of the details of the execution.

I have been afflicted with rheumatism for fourteen years and nothing seemed to give any relief. I was able to be around all the time, but constantly suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that it has not since returned.—Josh. Edgar Germantown, Cal. For sale by Peery & Peery.

Down's family herb tea the best in the market.

BRAVE AND TRUE

The Commendable Ambition of an Indian Soldier.

Gen. Sir Hope Grant, in his narrative of the Indian mutiny, relates an anecdote which does equal honor to himself and one of his native soldiers. The British had been fighting all day, driving the rebels before them. After nightfall, however, a party of rebels made a new demonstration, and Gen. Grant, seeing two of his guns in danger, collected a few men and charged. He says:

"A sepoy within five yards of me fired at my horse and put a bullet through his body. It was singular he did not aim at me, but probably he thought it best to make sure of killing the horse, after which the rider would fall into his hands as a matter of course."

"I felt that my poor charger had received his death-wound, yet he galloped on for forty yards through the throng of rebels and then dropped. I was in an awkward predicament—unhorsed, surrounded by the enemy, and owing to the darkness, ignorant as to which direction to proceed when my orderly, a native horseman, Rooper Kahn by name, rode up to me and said: 'Take my horse; it is your only chance of safety.'"

"I could not but admire his fine conduct. He was a Hindostanee Mussulman, belonging to a regiment the greater part of which had mutinied, and it would have been easy for him to kill me and go over to the enemy."

"I refused his offer, but, taking a firm grasp of his horse's tail, I told him to drag me out of the crowd. This he did successfully and with great courage."

The next morning I called him to my tent, praised him for his gallant behavior and offered him some little money. He declined it with great dignity.

"No, sahib, I will take no money," he said, "but if you will let me remain with you, I will be glad to do so. I shall be very grateful."

"He was duly promoted, and received also the second-class order of merit."

A Russian Imperial Congress.

The following announcement is sent from Moscow by Prof. F. Erikmann: "In accordance with the august approval of his imperial majesty, the emperor of Russia, the twelfth international medical congress will be held in Moscow between August 19 and 26 (new style) in the year 1897 under the patronage of his imperial highness, Grand Duke Serge Alexandrovitch. Further details about the organization of the congress will be published at an early date as possible."

"Jack," said Mrs. Snags to her husband, "how do you spell chrysanthemum?" "I don't think I could put any chrysanthemums in a letter if I were you," replied Mr. Snags. "They will make the letter overweight." "Oh, if you don't know how to spell it, you needn't try." "Who said I didn't know how to spell it?" "Well, how do you spell it?" "The right way," and Mr. Snags resumed his perusal of the evening paper.—Pittsburgh-Chronicle.

T. J. CLAXTON,

Contractor

AND

Builder.

HOUSE MOVING.

Given special attention. Contracts for work in my line respectfully solicited.

Shop on Main street, SCIO, ORE.

CASH : MARKET ...

SCIO, OREGON

HENRY HASSLER, Proprietor.

A choice line of fresh meats, in variety, constantly on hand.

Will do a strictly Cash business.

Corvallis & Eastern R.R. Co.

—WILLAMETTE RIVER DIVISION—

Steamer Wm. M. HOAG...

(Capt. Geo. Raabe.)

Running regularly between Portland and Corvallis, stopping at all way landings.

— RIVER SCHEDULE —

Down river, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Leave Corvallis 6 A. M., Albany 7 A. M.; Buena Vista 8 A. M.; Independence 9 A. M.; Salem 10 A. M.; Newberg 12:30 P. M.; arrive at Portland 4:30 P. M.

Up river, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Leave Portland 6 A. M.; Newberg 10:30 A. M.; Salem 12:30 P. M.; Independence 2:30 P. M.; Buena Vista 3:30 P. M.; Albany 4:30 P. M.; arrive at Corvallis 11:00 P. M.

This steamer has been equipped with first class accommodations, including an elegant piano. Unsurpassed for carrying both freight and passengers.

J. TURNER, Agent, Albany Ore. EDWIN STONE, Manager, Albany, G. G. CORNER, Agt., Portland, foot of Yamhill street.

Our Calf Talk

THE WILLIAMSON

HAFFNER

ENGRAVING CO.

DENVER

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY persons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight \$50 a year and expenses—definite, reasonable, no more, no less salary. Monthly \$75. References: Eugene, self-addressed stamped envelope. Robert E. Ross, Pres., Dept. M, Chicago.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-Tobacco. The wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Care guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

We are giving THE NEWS, and the St. Louis Republic both one year for \$1.75.

A BARGAIN ...

FOR Newspaper Readers

THE SEMI-WEEKLY REPUBLIC

AND

THE SANTIAM NEWS ...

Both One Year \$1.75

The Semi-Weekly Republic is the best general newspaper of the class published, and has a larger circulation now than any other weekly or semi-weekly. It is a command of all the great sources of news from the Daily and Sunday Republic, and also receives the special service of the New York Herald and Journal. It is the leading democratic paper of the Mississippi valley. Remember the offer—the Twelve-a-week Republic, 12 pages a week, and THE SANTIAM NEWS both one year for only \$1.75.

SCIO PLANING MILLS

HARRY S. JOHNSTON & CO.

PROPRIETORS

All kinds of mill work on short notice

All kinds of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Shingles, Paints and Oils...

SCIO, OREGON

SCIO LIVERY AND FEED STABLES

F. J. IRVINE, PROP'R

My rigs are first-class and my horses are good drivers.

Hack Concocts with all Trains at West Scio, and Morning Train at Shelburne

They banish pain and prolong life.