THE POWER OF MONEY

TERRIBLE MEANING OF ITS USE IN THE LAST ELECTION.

If Boast of Money Power that They Can Do It Again Is Well-founded, the Republic Is Doomed—Now Is the Time for Patriots to Ponder.

Corruption Funds.

The use of tens of millions of money to elect Major McKinley proves beyond controversy that the rich are opposed to republican governments "deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." The contest, says the Silver Knight, was not between citizens of the United States exercising the right of franchise according to their best judgment, but between the people on the one side and the money powers on the other. The money used by the prevailing party was not expended to give the voters an opportunity to freely exercise their choice as citizens, because no large expenditure of money could be legitimately used for that purpose. The vast sums of money expended were confessedly used to influence the election and to prevent a free vote and an honest count. The poverty and dependence of vast multitudes of suffering people and the dishonesty of others furnished the opportunity, which was seized by the money powers, to subvert the will of the people. If it be asserted that the same result would have been attained without the use of money, we ask, Why were such vast sums of money collected and expended? There is no necessity of knowing the exact amount of money which the victorious party employed.

If the power of money can enable the rich to seize the government, as was done in the last election, the capacity of man for self government is a myth and free institutions are a failure. The spending of $50,000,000, or even $10,000,000, in a Presidential election shows that the republic is in danger from concentrated wealth. Nothing can do more to destroy the faith of the people in free institutions than the fact that the party which spends the most money in elections is certain to be victorious. When the honest voters feel that the votes they cast are to be neutralized by the corrupt use of money in the purchase of votes or the manipulation of election returns, they will cease to regard the elective franchise as a protection of their rights or as furnishing them the power to maintain the free institutions established by the fathers. They will naturally look upon the money power as their enemy, and when they are satisfied that resistance to the encroachments of concentrated wealth at the ballot box is impossible history will repeat itself in this country and anarchy or revolution will follow. The audacity and arrogance of the wholesale vote buyers in calling the people anarchists because their ballots are honest are exasperating in the extreme. What proof have they that the 6,500,000 who voted for Bryan were not actuated by the purest motives of patriotism? What claim have those who expended tens of millions to get votes that they art honest and law-abiding citizens of the United States when they are ostentatiously corrupting the fountains of justice and subverting the fundamental principles of free institutions? If anarchy is an effort to overthrow established government, why are not the money powers who buy votes and subvert the will of the people, which is the governing power, by corruption and fraud, anarchists of the most malignant type? The rule of avarice is the most malignant, despotic, cruel and barbarous of all forms of tyranny, and when that rule is secured by hired mercenaries or intimidated dependents all forms of representative government are a mockery and the foundations of free institutions are subverted.

Nothing that the incoming administration can do can repair the injury to civil liberty which the expenditure of tens of millions of money inflicted in the last election. No matter how good Major McKinley's administration may be, it can never heal the wounds which the corruptionists who elected him inflicted upon our institutions. We already hear the boasts of concentrated wealth that the means they employed to prevent a fair election in 1896 will be redoubled if necessary four years hence. We are told on every hand that money is too powerful for the people of the United States, and that, whatever happens, the money powers will rule the country. If this be so, the rule of the people is already overthrown, and this is an oligarchy of wealth and not a republic of free men. We call the attention of the rich and powerful, who now seem omnipotent, to the history of the past and warn them against the danger of forcing the people to desperation. The people of the United States are long suffering. They love law and order and will submit as long as hope remains, but such examples as were furnished at the last election of wholesale corruption by the use of vast sums of money will destroy hope, and when that is done we have no the heart to predict what must necessarily happen. If the money powers deny that they are making war on free institutions, we simply call attention to the money they expended in the last election. No excuse exists, no apology can be given, no explanation can be made, for the expenditures of the vast sums of money which were used in the last election. It means corruption, fraud, anarchy and misrule and nothing else. The people still have faith, and they are organizing to again face the enemy of free institutions at the ballot box in 1898 and 1900.

We believe that civil liberty is not lost, and that the people will rally and by constitutional means restore the government of the United States to the people, for whom it was ordained. If they cannot restore it, we fear that the great republic will be the last experiment of free institutions on this earth. If liberty cannot be preserved in free America, the anarchy, bloodshed and barbarism which will follow will exceed the accumulated horrors which history records in the destruction of former civilization.

"Rothschildsphobia."

It was only a few years ago the Denver Road said: "The bottom of all our troubles is the Rothschilds." For many years almost everybody branded us a Rothschild maniac — harmless, of course. Now show us a daily paper or any other paper that does not mention Rothschilds' name every day in connection with the settlement of international difficulties. It now transpires Rothschilds wants to bribe Maximo Gomez to accept the reforms suggested by the mother country, and for what? To save Rothschilds' Spanish investments. The hook-nosed usurer will find Gomez true to his country. His bribes will be spurned. There is a difference between Patriot Gomez and Tory John Sherman.

But as we were about to say, "Rothschildsphobia" has broken out and it is going to stay broken out until the Rothschilds family are all hanged higher than Haman and their gold distributed among the people. This sounds brash, but wait and see if our phophecy does not come true. The greatest and most powerful enemy mankind has today is the combine that owns or controls $3,000,000,000 of the $3,700,000,000 of gold in the known world. This ring is crowding the question of usury to the fore by claiming the payment of interest is of greater importance than government or life in the people. The people are gradually learning to realize that the curse of humanity the world over is usury. The usurer must go before prosperity to the world returns. The king usurer of all is Rothschilds. The attention of the world is being attracted to him. His greed is noticeable. When the people once get their attention fixed on him, then wait—the mob! It is the old story.—Denver Road.

Responsibilities of Bankers.

When a bank assumes the task of taking the money of other people and holding it in safe keeping it incurs a moral responsibility from which no amount of merely legal technicality can excuse it. The case in point is that of the Dime savings bank, which has been paying its depositors 30 cents on the dollar. The people who deposited in this bank belong to the industrious saving men and women, many of whom have amassed comparatively small sums after years of effort. They went to the bank in perfect good faith, and the bank cheerfully accepted their deposits. In all good faith those deposits should be repaid in full. Instead, 30 per cent. is offered, and the depositors seem to be glad enough to get even that. They can't get the rest of their money for possibly months to come.

Wisely administered banks will always find patronage from depositors so long as they deal fairly. But the case of the Dime savings institution suggests with peculiar force the advantages which would accrue from the postal savings bank system, which would give to every small depositor the absolute assurance that his money is in safe hands. With the whole United States government behind it, the postal bank simply could not fail, however it might be managed.—Chicago Record.

Weak Banking System.

The campaign cry of "Government should go out of the banking business" sounds somewhat sarcastic when one of the greatest financial institutions of Chicago lies in its death struggles. Some of those very orators who asserted with so much certainty and emphasis that they alone were safe advisers are now hopelessly ruined. It is not a fit subject for exultation by anybody. This ruin of the great brings terrible calamities and suffering upon those beneath them. When a bank or business house fails, it is a public calamity and genuine cause for general sympathy.

But it is a good time to consider better plans. Government institutions are sound. No runs are made on the government treasuries or postoffices in times of fright. When times are close, the government is not compelled to make them closer by withdrawing funds from circulation or hastening the payment of claims.

The banks are a good thing for business under ordinary circumstances, because the people have nothing better. But they are founded on a false system of mathematics so far as safety is concerned. They are founded on a system of credits instead of cash. When they are most in debt and when they are less able to pay their debts on demand, they make the most profit. When they are the soundest and the best able to pay, they make the least profit. Since the panic of 1893 their profits have been cut in two.

Our notion is that the government should establish postal savings institutions through its postoffice department, make loans at low rates on real estate, as Germany does, and issue all the paper notes and coin. There would still be much business for banks, and they could be conducted along safe lines, and the talented business men engaged in banking would find pleasant profitable occupations in other and safer lines. Make our financial system sound and scientific and more than half the troubles of life would disappear. The business men and poor would then have an opportunity to so adjust their affairs as to lay aside provision for old age and death.—Joliet (Ill.) News.

Prosperity Still Lacks Vigor.

Some ultra Republican papers, restive under the sportive criticism of the tardiness of prosperity in returning, are now claiming rather vociferously that the Republicans, and especially Major McKinley, did not promise an immediate resumption of good times. This claim is open to serious dispute, but for the present let it pass. We can afford to wait.

The tariff bill, now in course of preparation by the Committee on Ways and Means, and to be railroaded through the next Congress at an extraordinary session, is put forward as a means of stirring up business. If the languor should continue after the new tariff law has gone into operation, somebody is going to be held to a direful responsibility. The effect of tariff legislation, men and brethren, is as uncertain as a horse race.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mark Hanna's Claims.

Hanna's claims to Senatorial honors at the hands of the Republicans are two-fold. In expertness as a boodle boss he is on a plane with such past masters as Quay, Elkins, Chandler and others of that tribe; in point of knowledge of trust manipulation the shrewdest lobbiest is his pupil, and in fortune he is entitled to a seat at the millionaires' club well up toward the head of the table.

It is due Boss Hanna to add that, having never dabbled in any politics except that of the "practical" sort, his usefulness to the interests he represents is unhampered by either knowledge of political economy or the high aims which distinguish statesmanship.—St. Louis Republic.

Reform Reflections.

If McKinley is really the advance agent of prosperity, he has got a long start of his employers.

If money talks, it would be interesting to know what it has to say about the recent bank failures.

As the advance agent of prosperity Mr. McKinley has failed to fill his first date. Did his show get stuck in the mud?—Atlanta Constitution.

The persistency and bitterness with which Bryan is being abused by the Republicans indicate that his chances for 1900 are steadily improving.

In New York city in 1896 there were 200,000 people who could not pay their rent. Our financial system is touching both the landlords and their customers.

There is one lone Republican in the Idaho Legislature, and he feels as much out of place as a representative of the people before the ways and means committee at Washington.

Hanna calls McKinley the Moses of America. As Hanna is doing all he can to create a wilderness for the President to grope through, he ought to know what kind of Moses it takes to come out politically alive.

McKinley's new tariff bill will probably have the names of the campaign subscribers that are interested in each industry attached to the several paragraphs as reminders for 1900 when they may be "touched" again.

The country may draw comfort from Mr. Cleveland's assertion that there is a "surplus" of $128,000,000 in the treasury, but people will be apt to ask him what has become of the other $170,000,000 for which he sold the bonds.—Exchange.

It is foolish for Republican organs to say that the Republican policy is not now prevailing. The Sherman methods have been closely followed by the present administration, and we still have high tariff rates. Everything is Republican except that the Chinese wall is not so high as many interested Republicans desire to see it built.

THE NEW GODDESS OF LIBERTY.

Lyman J. Gage, the new Secretary of the Treasury, will use all his influence to turn the banking interests of the country over to the national banks.—Denver Road.

"How can *Schilling's Best* tea cost so little and be so good?"

Easy. It is roasted every day in San Francisco—like fresh coffee and peanuts.

Other tea is roasted once a year in Japan, etc—like stale coffee and stale peanuts.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco 64

An English paper says "Queen Victoria now rules 467,000,000 people."

HORSE POWER.

The horse has wonderful muscular power, but will suffer a great deal at times with nervous attacks if not properly groomed and stabled. This illustrates that a great deal of neuralgia is caused by imprudence and results from shock from cold to the nervous organism in parts most exposed to the cold. Hence, neuralgia is so often an affliction of the head, face and neck, as they are frequently badly protected against intense cold. The use of warmth as an antidote is apparent, and the warmth to the afflicted part imparted by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, together with the soothing influence of the remedy, allays the pain and quickly restore a good healthful condition of the nerves, curing even the worst cases.

It takes each year 200,000 acres of forest to supply crossties for the railroads of the United States.

THE SPARTAN VIRTUE, FORTITUDE,

is severely taxed by dyspepsia. But "good digestion will wait on appetite, and health on both," when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is resorted to by the victim of indigestion. Heartburn, flatulence, biliousness will cease tormenting the gastric region and liver if this genial family corrective meets with the fair trial that a sterling remedy deserves. Use it regularly, not spasmodically—now and then. It conquers malarial, kidney, nervous and rheumatic ailments.

A Great Head.

Kilby—"Old Potts seems to have great discipline of mind. Why, he can put himself sound asleep whenever he wants to."

Marion—"Yes. I see him work it quite often on himself at church about the time the collection plate is passed."—New York Journal.

Corn husking has been so thoroughly mastered by a resident of Papillion, Neb., that he made a record of 167 bushels and ten pounds in one day.

HOME PRODUCTS AND PURE FOOD.

All Eastern Syrup, so-called, usually very light colored and of heavy body, is made from glucose. "*Ten Gardes Drips*" is made from Sugar Cane and is strictly pure. It is for sale by first-class grocers, in cans only. Manufactured by the PACIFIC COAST SYRUP CO. All genuine "*Ten Gardes Drips*" have the manufacturer's name lithographed on every can.

My doctor said I would die, but Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Kelner, Cherry Valley, Ill., Nov. 23, '95.

PRESIDENT'S DAILY ROUTINE.

General Harrison Writes of "A Day With the President at His Desk."

Ex-President Harrison has written of "A Day With the President at His Desk" for the March Ladies' Home Journal. The article is said to be singularly interesting in the detail with which it describes the wearisome routine of the president. It is said that General Harrison, in this article, has delivered himself with great directness and vigor, relative to the annoyances that are visited upon a chief executive by persistent office-seekers, and he suggests a unique plan, by which the president's burdens in that direction could be greatly lightened, and he be enabled to devote more attention to more important matters. A feature of the article that will have a timely interest to those ambitious to serve the country under the incoming administration, describes very fully how the president makes appointments to office. "A Day With the President at His Desk" is unique in being the first time that the daily life of the president has been described by one who has filled the exalted office. Articles upon the social and domestic life of the president by General Harrison will follow in successive issues of the Journal.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF TROTTING STOCK, MARCH 15, 1897.

Stallions, brood mares, colts, trotters and roadsters, of the finest breed and quality in America, consisting of Altamonts, McKinneys, Wilkes, Dictators, Nutwoods, etc., all of which are standard-bred and suitable for race, road or breeding purposes. Call at Irvington racetrack and see them, or write for catalogue, giving breeding and full particulars. Address, S. C. Reeves, cor. Third and Alder, Portland, OR. GEO. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers.

SURE CURE FOR PILES

Itching and Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield at once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Simple including, exactly locate. A positive cure. Relief and cure warranted with first. Piles 50c. Druggists or mail. DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

The declining values for American wheat and flour during the last decade and half can be traced to known causes. The increased competition in supplying wants of importing countries by Russia, India, Argentine and Australia account for the major portion of the decline in values. The still further reduction in values can be accounted for by the decreased cost of production, owing to improved machinery and to some extent by the decreased cost of transportation and smaller intervening charges between the producer and consumer. The extreme low range of values during the last two crop years was due largely to widespread commercial disaster, consequent panic and lessened purchasing power. The present speculative contention is that vital changes have taken place in the known conditions which have produced previous low values. To begin with, India is no longer a competitor of America in the wheat export trade. Famine at home has stopped her exports more effectually than war or its attending blockades. The Argentine Republic, at one time a serious competitor, is suffering from two succeeding crop failures and her exportable surplus no longer exerts any depressing influence on values. Australia, owing to crop failures, has become an importer instead of an exporter of wheat. Only two remaining countries possess exportable supplies of wheat—America and Russia—a condition that cannot be changed for more than a year to come. Russian advices, always unreliable, still indicate that less than the usual amount of wheat is available for export. American supplies are known to be far below the average of recent years. In France the crop prospects are far below those of the preceding two years. If we grant for the sake of argument (and it cannot be refuted), that excessive competition during recent years has decreased wheat values, the the present conditions warrant a return in part, if not wholly, to the normal range of prices before such competition depressed values.

Market Quotations.

Portland, Or., March 2, 1897.

Flour—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, $4.25; Benton county and White Lily, $4.25; graham, $3.50; superfine, $2.75 per barrel.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 79@80c; Valley, 82@83c per bushel.

Oats—Choice white, 39@40c per bushel; choice gray, 38@40c.

Hay—Timothy, $13@13.50 per ton; clover, $11.00@12.00; wheat and oat, $10.00@11 per ton.

Barley—Feed barley, $18.00 per ton; brewing, $20.

Millstuffs—Bran, $15.00; shorts, $16.50; middlings, $26.

Butter—Creamery, 45@50c; dairy, 30@40c; store, 17½@30c per roll.

Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 65@70c; Garnet Chiles, 70c; Early Rose, 70c per sack; sweets, $3.00 per cental for Merced; new potatoes, 6½c per pound.

Onions—$1.25@1.50 per sack.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $2.50@3.00; geese, $4@5; turkeys, live, 10@10½c; ducks, $3.50@4.50 per dozen.

Eggs—Oregon, 11c per dozen.

Cheese — Oregon, 12½c; Young America, 13½c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 10c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 6@8c.

Hops—9@10c per pound.

Beef—Gross, top steers, $2.75@3.00; cows, $2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4@5½c per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, $3.00@3.25; dressed mutton, 5½@6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.25@3.50; light and feeders, $2.50@3.00; dressed, $4.50@5.00 per cwt.

Veal—Large, 5@5½c; small, 6@6½ per pound.

Seattle, Wash., March 2, 1897.

Wheat—Chicken feed, $27 per ton.

Oats—Choice, $23@24 per ton.

Barley—Rolled or ground, $22 per ton.

Corn—Whole, $19 per ton; cracked, $20; feed meal, $20.

Flour—(Jobbing)—Patent excellent, $5.10; Novelty A, $4.60; California brands, $5.20; Dakota, $5.50; patent, $6.25.

Millstuffs—Bran, $14.00 per ton; shorts, $18.

Feed—Chopped feed, $18.00 per ton; middlings, $22; oilcake meal, $29.

Hay—Puget sound, per ton, $9.00@10.00; Eastern Washington, $14.

Butter — Fancy native creamery, brick, 26c; select, 24c; tubs, 23c; ranch, 21c.

Cheese—Native Washington, 12½c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, per ton, $18@20; parsnips, per sack, 75c; beets, per sack, 60c; turnips, per sack, 60c; rutabagas, per sack, 40c; carrots, per sack, 55@45c; cabbage, per 100 lbs, $1.50; onions, per 100 lbs, $2.50.

Sweet potatoes—Per 100 lbs, $3.25.

Poultry—Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 9c; dressed, 10@11c; ducks, $4.00@5.00; dressed turkeys, 15.

Eggs—Fresh ranch, 16c.

Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef, steers, 6½c; cows, 6c; mutton, sheep, 7c per pound; lamb, 5c; pork, 5c per pound; veal, small, 8c.

Fresh Fish—Halibut, 4@6; salmon, 5@6; salmon trout, 7@10; flounders and soles, 3@4c.

Provisions—Hams, large, 11c; hams, small, 11½c; breakfast bacon, 10c; dry salt sides, 5¾c per pound.

San Francisco, March 2, 1897.

Potatoes—Salinas Burbanks, 90c@$1.10; Early Rose, 75@80c; River Burbanks, 60@75c; sweets, $1.75@1.85 per cental.

Onions—$1.50@1.75 per cental.

Eggs—Ranch, 12@13c per dozen.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 19@20c; do seconds, 16@18c; fancy dairy, 16c; seconds, 13@14c.

Cheese — Fancy mild, new, 9c; fair to good, 7@8½c; Young America, 10@11c; Eastern, 14@14½c.

Wool—Choice mountain, 6@7c; poor do, 4@5c; San Joaquin plains, 3@5c; do foothill, 6@8c per pound.

Hay—Wheat and oat, $7@10; best barley, $7.00@8.50; alfalfa, $5@8; clover, $6@8; compressed wheat, $6@$9.50; do oat, $6@7 per ton.

Tropical Fruit—Bananas, $1.00@2.00 per bunch; pineapples, $2@4.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, navel, $1.75@3.00; seedlings do, 75c@1.25; common lemons, 75c@$1.00; good to choice, $1.50@2.00; fancy, $2.25 per box.

Apples—Fancy, $1.25@1.50 per box; common, 75c@$1.00 per box.

SUFFER NO MORE NOW.

Paine's Celery Compound is Working Miracles in Curing Disease.

Paine's celery compound is working miracles in the cure of disease!

So says a recent article by the foremost medical essayist in Boston.

"Nothing shows more conclusively," he adds, "the astonishing capability of Paine's celery compound than the thoughtful, open-minded class of people who use it and recommend it, both in public and among their closest and dearest friends and relatives. Among us (physicians) there is no longer any hesitancy in recommending this greatest remedy without stint of praise."

About the same time the above article was published there appeared in the Boston Journal the following letter from David K. Chasseg of 452 Windsor st., Cambridgeport, a suburb of Boston:

"I take great pleasure in testifying to the extraordinary merits of Paine's celery compound. For some time past I have been under the treatment of two well-known local doctors, but their combined efforts proved of no avail. I have been for years a harsh skeptic in regard to advertised medicines, but having suffered excrutiating pains in the head, which the doctors informed me were due to neuralgic symptoms, I determined to try Paine's celery compound, on the advice of a friend.

"To my surprise I found an entire change going on after taking a little over three bottles and I began to feel like a new man. I have for the past ten or twelve years suffered from pains in the back and other smyptoms of derangement of the kidneys and bladder, and have spent many sleepless nights in consequence, but now I sleep sound, thanks to the common sense which induced me to try Paine's celery compound. I will ever praise the marvelous potency of this valuable medicine, and at any time will be glad to give personal testimony at my address, should any sufferer care to call, as I consider it selfish to keep such a blessing housed up, and think the proprietors of Paine's celery compond deserving of more thanks than I can convey in words, for making me a new man."

A word to other sufferers:

Go to your druggist for a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and allow him to sell you nothing else!

Cheapest Power.....

Rebuilt Gas and ....Gasoline Engines.

IN GUARANTEED ORDER..... .....FOR SALE CHEAP

1-1 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline.
1-2 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline.
1-2 H. P. Regan, Gas or Gasoline.
1-3 H. P. Oriental, Gas or Gasoline.
1-4 H. P. Otto, Gas or Gasoline.
1-4 H. P. Pacific, Gas or Gasoline.
1-6 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline.
1-10 H. P. Hercules, Gas or Gasoline.

State Your Wants and Write for Prices.....

405-7 Sansome Street San Francisco, Cal...

Hercules Gas ....Engine Works

Gas, Gasoline and Oil Engines, 1 to 200 H. P.

Cancer Of the Face.

Mrs. Laura E. Mims, of Smithville, Ga., says: "A small pimple of a strawberry color appeared on my cheek; it soon began to grow rapidly, notwithstanding all efforts to check it. My eye became terribly inflamed, and was so swollen that for quite a while I could not see. The doctors said I had Cancer of the most malignant type, and after exhausting their efforts without doing me any good, they gave up the case as hopeless. When informed that my father had died from the same disease, they said I must die, as hereditary Cancer was incurable.

"At this crisis, I was advised to try S.S.S., and in a short while the Cancer began to discharge and continued to do so for three months, then it began to heal. I continued the medicine a while longer until the Cancer disappeared entirely. This was several years ago and there has been no return of the disease."

A Real Blood Remedy.

Cancer is a blood disease, and only a blood remedy will cure it. S. S. S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) is a real blood remedy, and never fails to permanently cure Cancer, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism or any other disease of the blood. Send for our books on Cancer and Blood Diseases, mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co. Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

When you plant seeds, plant **FERRY'S** Always the best. For sale everywhere. D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

Sent Free!

To any person interested in humane matters, or who loves animals, we will send free, upon application, a copy of the "ALLIANCE," the organ of this Society. In addition to its intensely interesting reading, it contains a list of the valuable and unusual premiums given by the paper. Address

THE NATIONAL HUMANE ALLIANCE, 410-411 United Charities Building, New York.

EVERY HEN Hatched in Petaluma Incubators has started right, and is better prepared to give profitable returns because these machines exclusively embody the features which produce the greatest number of vigorous Chickens. Incubators from $10 up. We pay freight. Illustrated Catalogue Free. Petaluma Incubator Co., Petaluma, Cal.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK or "Just Don't Feel Well," DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS are the One Thing to use. Only One for a Dose. Sold by Druggists at 25c. a box. Samples mailed free. Address Dr. Bosanko Med. Co. Phila. Pa.

ECLIPSE PIPE CLEANERS. INDISPENSABLE TO ANY PIPE SMOKER. "AWAY WITH MAKESHIFTS." Dealers' Best Seller. SAMPLE, 10c. ONE DOZEN, 80c By Mail. ECLIPSE MFG. CO. Agents Wanted. Portland, Or., U. S. A.

WHEAT. Make money by successful speculation in Chicago. We buy and sell wheat there on margins. Fortunes have been made on a small beginning by trading in futures. Write for full particulars. Best of reference given. Several years' experience on the Chicago Board of Trade, and a thorough knowledge of the business. Downing, Hopkins & Co., Chicago Board of Trade Brokers. Offices in Portland, Oregon, Spokane and Seattle, Wash.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE BEST IN THE WORLD. Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Free from Animal Oils. GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY OREGON AND WASHINGTON MERCHANTS and Dealers generally.

RUPTURE and PILES cured; no pay until cured; send for book. DRS. MANSFIELD & FORTENFIELD, 838 Market St., San Francisco.

RODS For tracing and locating Gold or Silver ore, lost or hidden treasures. M. B. FOWLER, Box 347 Southington, Conn.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

OPIUM HABIT AND DRUNKENNESS Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

N.P.N.U. No. 691.—S.F.N.U. No. 768