END OF THE FORTY DAYS.

The Senate, However, Decides Not to Adjourn Sine Die.

The senate at Salem failed to adjourn Friday, which ended the forty days. By a vote of 16 to 14 adjournment was taken till 2:30 P. M. on Monday. Senator Carter cast the deciding vote.

There was no debate on the question of adjournment as was expected. Selling moved that when the senate adjourn it adjourn to Monday. The yeas and nays were called for, and the vote resulted in a tie, as follows:

Yeas—Bates, Dawson, Gesner, Hobson, Holt, King, Mackay, McClung, Michell, Mulkey, Patterson of Washington, Selling, Smith, Wade, Mr. President—15.

Nays—Brownell, Calbreath, Carter, Daly, Driver, Dufur, Gowan, Harmon, Hasletine, Hughes, Johnson, Patterson of Marion, Price, Reed, Taylor—15.

Cater then changed from nay to yea, making the vote 16 yeas, 14 nays. When Smith's name was called he said he would stay till Monday, but did not want it understood that he would stay here indefinitely.

After the result was announced Reed asked the president if the senate was to meet in the afternoon. He thought some of the senators who voted for the resolution misunderstood its import. Smith then moved to reconsider the vote. He was seconded by Daly. The president put the motion and it was lost. This settled the question of adjournment.

Gowan of the judiciary committee reported the Gowan salary bill with amendments. The amendments were adopted and the bill ordered engrossed for a third reading.

The following amendments were made in salaries of Multnomah county officials: County judge, $3,000 per year; clerk, $3,500; recorder, $3,500; sheriff, $4,500; treasurer, $2,000.

Joint Session Accomplished Nothing.

Long before the time of the convening of the joint assembly Friday people began to enter the galleries of the house. When the noon hour arrived the galleries were crowded in the expectation that voting for senator would begin. Their anticipations were not realized, however. The proceedings were but a repetition of previous ones.

When Chairman Brownell called the convention to order he said that he was in receipt of letters from Representatives Hudson, Mitchell and Vaughan saying they are still too ill to attend. The roll was then called, showing that thirty-six members were present.

Representative Wagner was in his seat for the first time for several days.

The Benson House.

The Benson house met Friday morning and Crawford's resolution to declare vacant the seats of the twenty-seven unqualified members was called up. Somers argued the question from its legal standpoint and claimed that this act would not be to expel the members, but simply to open the way to fill their seats.

Huntington took issue with Somers. He did not think the house had a right to declare the seats vacant. It had a right to notify the governor simply that these men had failed to take the oath of office and let him act accordingly.

There was some further discussion by Nosler, Lake and Crawford, and it was decided by a vote of 19 ayes, 7 noes to defer the matter.

To Build a Portage Railway.

The feature of Thursday morning's session of the senate was the adoption of a substitue for the bill introduced by Senator Michell relating to the construction and operation of a portage railway from The Dalles to Celilo. The substitute was reported by Senator Harmon, chairman of the committee on commerce and navigation, which committee had made a visit to the scene and personally examined the ground over which the proposed road is to be built. The substitute bill differs from that proposed by Senator Michell in that provision is made for the procurement of trackage facilities from the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company and the sale of material now owned by the state in the event such trackage arrangement with the O. R. & N. Co. is made. It also reduces the amount of the appropriation from $195,000 to $130,000. Accompanying the bill was the report of Civil Engineer S. L. Lovell. He recommends that construction of the road commence at Big Eddy, which is the head of navigation. Mr. Lovell's estimates on the cost of the road are as follows:

Roadbed, $74,025.50; ties, $4,000; rails, $20,000; joints and spikes, $36,000; tracklaying and ballasting, $9,000; delivering material, $2,500; elevator, $5,000; ten per cent for exigencies, $11,800; total, $162,325.50.

Representative Hudson, of Washington county, who is ill with typhoid fever at Salem hospital, is getting along satisfactorily under the care of Dr. Smith, representative from Marion. It was reported that Hudson was in a very critical condition, but Dr. Smith says he feels no alarm about him. Representative Kruse (Populist), of Clackamas, was yesterday taken to the hospital. He is quite sick, and it is thought he has typhoid fever. Representative Vaughan, of Lane, who has been ill with la grippe for a number of days, is convalescent.

The Davis House.

The Davis house met as usual and Bilyeu of Lane created a diversion by calling attention to the action of the Benson house in seeking to declare their seats vacant. He wanted to know if this made their railroad passes unconstitutional. The chair would not decide the question. Bilyeu then asked the chair to give an opinion on the Benson house. Speaker Davis replied that it stood in the same relation as a third house.

Where the Art Comes In.

Mrs. Smith—Tell me, Mr. Kanvas, what is the greatest work of art?

Kanvas (an artist)—Selling the paintings, ma'am.—N. Y. World.

Among the many railroad devices recently patented is an extension step, to be fastened to the car step. It is folded up while the car is in motion.

The largest electric power transmission successfully in use is said to be at Fresno, Cal. The distance is thirty-five miles. The power is derived from a waterfall furnishing 1,500 horse power.

A SECRET CONFERENCE.

Thirty-one Were Present, But Accomplished Nothing.

Thirty-one members of the Mitchell joint assembly met at the capitol in Salem Monday and discussed the senatorial situation at length and in all its phases. It was a secret conference, but it is known that no formal action looking either to continued support of Mitchell or his withdrawal was taken. Driver, Sommers, Patterson of Marion, Taylor, Reed, Gowan, Nosler, David, Veness and others spoke. Some of these advocated supporting Mitchell to the end.

Taylor made several earnest talks. It was to the effect that the interests of the Republican party were higher than those of any one man; but he added that the members of this conference ought to have the right to name the candidate, if it is seen that Mitchell cannot be elected.

Reed wanted to fight it out on this line if it took all summer. He did not believe in allowing the minority to dictate to the majority.

Senator Patterson, of Marion, thought the thirty-one could afford to hold out in their present attitude, and he invited the opposition to "lay on, Macduff." There was some talk Monday that it was the purpose of the opposition to come in and organize the house during the afternoon. But it was without foundation.

While the number of absentees from the Mitchell joint assembly was six, there was just one voluntary withdrawal. That was Representative Mitchell, of Marion.

Mr. Mitchell is no orator and did not think it necessary to set off any fireworks in joint assembly, announcing his purpose. He simply stayed out, which is quite as effective as any way of getting at it.

The Mitchell cause has suffered severely through sickness. Representative Hudson, of Washington, who had been in bed since last Wednesday, was sent to the Salem hospital. His physician says he has typhoid fever in a mild form, and that he will probably not be able to leave his room for several weeks. Representative Wagner is ill at his home in Portland, and it is said that it will not be safe for him to venture out for several days, if, indeed, he can be here during the week. Representative Vaughan is still quite sick, but he may be able to answer roll-call tomorrow, though this cannot be stated with certainty.

The Davis house met at 11:45 Monday night. Sixteen members were present. Adjournment was taken till five minutes after 12. When that time arrived, the house was again called to order, and adjourned till 9:30 A. M. Wednesday.

Thirty-three in Joint Assembly.

Monday's session of the joint convention developed nothing new. Chairman Brownell called the joint assembly to order at 12 o'clock. He at once submitted letters from Vaughan, Hudson and Wagner. They were not read, but the clerk was directed to mark them excused.

The roll was called and showed the following thirty-three in attendance:

Senators—Brownell, Driver, Dufur, Gowan, Harmon, Hughes, Johnson, Patterson of Marion, Price, Taylor—10.

Representatives — Benson, Bridges, Brown, Chapman, Conn, Crawford, David, Gratke, Gurdane, Hogue, Hope, Jennings, Langell, Marsh, Merrill, Nosler, Palm, Rigby, Smith of Marion, Somers, Stanley, Thomas, Thompson—23.

Absent—Senator Reed, Representatives Hudson, Mitchell, Vaughan, Veness, Wagner—6.

The absence of Representative Mitchell of Marion, was significant. It is known that he has definitely declared that he will not return. It was expected that Mitchell would formally withdraw, but he appears to think a speech unnecessary. Representative Venness, of Polk, was probably not able to return from his home, whither he went Friday, on account of the storm. Senator Reed remained in the senate chamber during the entire time the convention was in session. It is not known that his absence indicated an intention to stay out hereafter. There were no speeches. After the reading of the journal had been dispensed with, the convention, on motion of Senator Harmon, adjourned.

A number of Republican members of the opposition have received the following self-explanatory dispatch:

"New York, Feb. 15.—Hon. George H. Hill, Salem, Or.: Failure to elect a Republican United States senator will jeopardize Republican reorganization of the senate March 5, and endanger tariff legislation. Oregon then would be responsible for continued hard times and the embarrassment of the incoming administration.

"American Protective Tariff League,
"Cornelius M. Bliss, President."

The senate committee, appointed to examine the ground of the proposed portage railroad between The Dalles and Celilo, was shown over the ground Monday by a committee from the Commercial Club of The Dalles.

From now on to the close of the present session of congress it is expected that everything not on the active list will make way for the appropriation bills, which must be passed before final adjournment on March 1.

The San Francisco police made a general raid upon the Chinese gambling joints of the city, rounding up a total of 320 Celestials, all of whom were found delving deep into the mysteries of the enticing game of fan-tan.

A report is being circulated in Washington, D. C., to the effect that Binger Hermann will be appointed general land office commissioner, as soon as President McKinley gets around to where he can make appointments. The office mentioned pays $4,500 a year.

The Postoffice Appropriation.

The postoffice appropriation bill for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1897, has been completed by the house committee on postoffices and postroads. It carries $95,611,711, or $3,040,150 more than the current year, and $1,903,605 less than the estimate of the postmaster-general. There is an increase in the allowance for the free-delivery service which is $12,395,000 in the bill.

Steels tempered in phenol have been found by M. Sevat to have much greater hardness and elasticity than those tempered in water.

We can afford to have you try all five flavors—one after another—of *Schilling's Best* tea, and get your money back if you don't like any.

Your tea-trade for the next ten years is worth having.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco 431

A Bath (Me.) hunter has presented to each of his eight children a fat feather bed, stuffed with the plumage of birds he has shot.

White quartz with a great deal of free gold has been struck near Hill City, in the Black Hills.

Glycerine is derived from the lye left after making soap, which for ages was considered of no use.

A Pennsylvania court has decided that to call a man a Mugwump is not a libel, but a compliment.

At Salem, Mass., the Roentgen ray discovery is asserted to have caused hair to grow on a bald head.

A SOLID BASIS.

Gold is a solid basis of financial transaction, and for business that's the best thing for us. It is so in the physical conditions. If by some carelessness or exposure to sudden cold the muscles of the back are contracted and stiffened, we have at once lumbago, or lame back, sometimes called "crick in the back," which is disabling and unfits all all who have it for any activity. Now, to get back to a solid basis of health and strength, St. Jacobs Oil should at once be used to relax the twisted muscles and restore to their natural condition. It takes but a short time to perform the cure and the cure is certain. The back is then on a solid basis for strength and work, and nothing will bring about the change like this great remedy for pain.

Fossil animals, bearing a close resemblance to our horses, have been found in many parts of the world.

VIBRATING IN TUNEFUL ACCORD.

Like the strings of a musical instrument, the nervous system in health harmonizes pleasantly with the other parts of the system. But weakened or overwrought, it jangles most inharmoniously. Quiet and invigorate it with the great tranquilizer and tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which promotes digestion, induces sound sleep, a regular action of the bowels, and prevents malarial, rheumatic and kidney complaints.

Dropping or striking a steel magnet, or causing it to vibrate by any other means, diminishes its magnetism.

HOME PRODUCTS AND PURE FOOD.

All Eastern Syrup, so-called, usually very light colored and of heavy body, is made from glucose. "Tou Quotes *Drips*" is made from Sugar Cane and is strictly pure. It is for sale by first-class grocers, in cans only. Manufactured by the PACIFIC COAST SYRUP CO. All genuine "Tou Quotes *Drips*" have the manufacturer's name lithographed on every can.

In Germany asparagus is peeled before it is canned by the aid of a special machine.

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

EVERY HEN Hatched in Petaluma Incubators has started right, and is better prepared to give profitable returns because these famous incubators embody the features which produce the greatest number of vigorous healthy chicks. Illustrated Catalogue Free. Incubators from $5 up.
We pay freight.
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ECLIPSE MFG. CO.
Agents Wanted. Portland, Or., U. S. A.

WHEAT. Make money by successful speculation in Chicago. We buy and sell wheat there on margins. Fortunes have been made on a small beginning by trading in futures. Write for full particulars. Best of references given. Several years' experience on the Chicago Board of Trade, and a thorough knowledge of the business. Downing, Hopkins & Co., Chicago Board of Trade Brokers. Offices in Portland, Oregon, Spokane and Seattle, Wash.

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BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Free from Animal Oils. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY OREGON AND WASHINGTON MERCHANTS and Dealers generally.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK or "Just Don't Feel Well," DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS are the One Thing to use.
Only One for a Dose.
Sold by Druggists at 25c. a box. Samples mailed free. Address Dr. Bosanko Med. Co. Phila. Pa.

THE ISSUE OF MONEY.

IT IS PURELY A GOVERNMENT FUNCTION.

It Is a Fraud Upon the People for the Government to Indorse Bank Notes for Circulation When It Can Issue Its Own—A Scheme to Rob the People.

No Part of Banking Business.

One of the stock phrases of the schemers for the restoration of the old rotten state banking system is that "the Government should go out if the banking business" by retiring the greenbacks. It is probably real ignorance on the part of most of these people that makes them repeat this phrase. The issue of money is no part of "the banking business." That is purely a governmental function. It is just as extraordinary a grant of power to allow the issue of paper money by private corporations as it would be to allow those same private corporations to establish mints for the coinage of metallic money.

Paper currency unsupported by any governmental guarantee would only be as good as the credit of its manufacturers. It requires no law to allow Smith or Brown to issue his small notes payable to bearer on demand, and if Smith has sufficient credit to induce people to take his little notes in lieu of money, there can be no objection to it.

But there should be no pretended control of Smith by the Government in the issuance of his notes unless the Government is to guarantee them, because that would deceive many into the belief that the Government would pay if Smith did not. It is a fraud upon the people for the Government to indorse bank notes for circulation when it can issue its own for that purpose. Let the banks attend to the banking business and let the Government exercise exclusively the sovereign prerogative of issuing metallic and paper money.

All Congressional schemes for any paper money other than that issued by the Government on its own account are merely conspiracies to give to private individuals the right to use the printing press for the manufacture of paper currency, which shall cost them nothing and which shall pass current as money under an express or implied guarantee by the Government. These will take the form first of amendments to the national banking laws, to increase the amount of the notes which the banks may issue on their bonds and to reduce the tax now imposed on the banks.

If this step can be taken, it will be followed by attempts to elect a Congress which will do away with the deposit of bonds as security for the bank circulation. The movement to retire the greenbacks is a scheme for the wholesale robbery of the people by the ultimate substitution of worthless rag money, redeemable in gold when not presented for redemption and redeemable in nothing when it is presented for redemption.

A Menace to Our Civilization.

"There are plenty of facts," says the Rev. Fred O. MacCartney, in the Christian Register, "showing the growth in America of a mammoth Mammon power, a concentration of wealth in the hands of a few, which is a menace to the continuance of republican institutions. A plutocracy can become as real a menace to justice and to liberty as an organized hierarchy or a political despotism. The press of this nation is largely under the control of this power, the pulpit is cowed by it, political parties are corrupted by it, public morality is declining under its influences, manhood is decaying, intemperance, vice and crime abound because of poverty and because of a competitive and monopolistic system in the production and distribution of wealth. Money has become the ruling factor in every function and in every relationship to a degrading extent. The atmosphere of social life is polluted by the spirit of wealth worship and wealth control. Unless these tendencies are staid, unless the encroachments of organized selfishness are withstood, unless the tyrannies of wealth are destroyed, unless the principles of justice are maintained, as embodied in our institutions; unless liberties are restored, and, above all, unless the principle of brotherhood is applied to economic life, this nation is doomed and this civilization will follow in the wake of the dead civilizations of history."

A Very Lively Corpse.

We see it stated every day in the gold bug papers that the "free silver craze" is dead. This statement has recurred oftener and been emphasized more than any post mortem statement that ever occurred before. But some of the leading financiers on the other side of the water do not agree with their brother tories on this side. Prof. Suess, the greatest European authority on currency and finance, says:

"It is foolish to consider that the election has settled the silver question either for America or for the rest of the world. Recent events, on the contrary, prove the existence of a general feeling that the injustice by which creditors are benefited proceeds from existing conditions of the coinage. The bimetallic movement in Europe is extending. Gold coin has twice brought us in recent years to the verge of a universal crisis." The London Times warns its readers not to expect the silver question to be dropped, "for," it adds, "it is obviously to the advantage of American interests to do something for silver."

Postal Savings Banks.

Postal savings banks is one of the reforms advocated by the Populist party. This is no new chimerical scheme. It has been tried with signal success in England, France, Belgium, Sweden, Holland, Russia, Austria, Hungary, Australia and Canada. In all of these countries the people have received decided benefits from the system. In the United Kingdom deposits are now received at 11,000 postoffices from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Any sum from 25 cents up to $250 may be deposited in one year and interest is paid on any sum that is a multiple of $5, and is compounded. The aggregate deposits in postal savings banks at the end of 1893 was $402,500,000, the year's increase being $23,500,000. One of every seven persons in England is now a depositor in the postal banks. The People's party should press all the questions with vigor for the next four years. It is a mistake to make the money question the sole issue, and worse than folly to confine ourselves to the one question of the free coinage of silver. They should all be taken along together.

A Crime to Be Poor.

"Is it a crime to be poor?" was the startling query propounded in police court Saturday morning. The questioner was Herman Goffenkill, a Russian Jew, who was arraigned on the charge of vagrancy.

It was when the charge was read to him that he asked the question. Judge Fiedler told him it was no crime to be poor, but as he had no home or visible means of support he could be considered a vagrant. After the officer in the case had been heard Herman was given a sentence of $25, costs and thirty days, but sentence was suspended for twenty-four hours.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Yes, it is a crime to be poor, and not only a crime, but very inconvenient. In most States, and in every large city, there are vagrant laws. If a man or woman is without means of support they may be arrested. If they are found begging or asking for work, that is taken as evidence that they are without means, and they are frequently arrested on such evidence alone. Yes, it is a crime to be poor—in some parts of this civilized (?) nation.

Annoying the Goldbugs.

Those gold organs are very hard to please. They objected to Mr. Bryan going on the lecture platform, saying it would be injurious to business because it would keep the financial question stirred up. Now they express fears that he will abandon the lecture platform, saying that by remaining thereon he would help the gold side. Mr. Bryan seems bound to annoy the goldites no matter what he does.—Omaha World-Herald.

Deplorable.

The financial condition of the country is deplorable. It is impossible to imagine how it could be worse. The only consolation a Populist can have is that neither of the old parties has yet proposed any remedy, and that none has yet been able to demonstrate on the stump or through the press that the Populist platform, if crystallized into law, would fail to restore permanent prosperity to all the people.

Interested in Bimetallism.

A McKinley tariff coming and now McKinley, according to Wolcott, of Colorado, "is deeply interested in bimetallism!" It would be interesting to know what new calamity awaits the Democrats who deserted their party in the recent election.

Reform Notes.

Lying has become so common among politicians that it is scarcely noticed any more.

If the Republicans don't give us better times they won't know what hit them in 1898.

The man or party that barters its convictions for office or prestige will end in disgrace.

The men who want to use the People's party for a door mat should be "cast into outer darkness."

It was "a chance" that killed the Democrats; we may now see what it will do for the Republicans.

"Dook" Pullman has reduced wages 12 per cent in his shops. Wanted to get on a parity with prosperity.

We need a decrease of pauper immigration from foreign countries rather than an increase of the standing army.

If the American people would escape industrial slavery the principles of the People's party must be crystallized into law.

A railroad commission is a farce; nothing short of public ownership will settle the transportation question satisfactorily.

Why don't the workingmen profit by the example of the trusts and increase their wages in anticipation of the "wave of prosperity."

Talk about "cold waves," what do you call that of November 4? The "wave of prosperity" has not been able to chase the chill off of us.

McKinley will have to settle the 16 to 1 question after all; he'll have to decide which "1" of the "16" men who want the office will get it.

It seems that Grover Cleveland never learned the art of making money until he was elected President. It is a little singular the other Presidents didn't learn it even then.

The Interstate commerce law seems to be misnamed. It should be called "An Act entitled an Act to permit railroad corporations and United States courts to run the government by injunction, and rob the people at will."

The reform press should persist in keeping our "initiative and referendum" plank before the people. It is the key to success. No people can be free who are denied the right to vote on every law by which they are governed. The adoption of this proposition will be the death knell of political corruption.

Judge Foster, of Chicago, fined a woman $10, one day last week, because her rooster persisted in "crowing" before daylight, thereby disturbing the slumber of one of her neighbors. That "judge" is a dandy. If Juke Pullman had starved a few of his men to death Foster would rule that he had a perfect right to do so.—Ex.

Epigrams.

In Mrs. Field's "Authors and Friends" are two epigrams made by Longfellow, and belonging to his intimate, friendly life:

What is autobiography?
It is what a biography ought to be.

When you ask one friend to dine,
Give him your best wine;
When you ask two,
The second best will do.

Another outcome of the moment was suggested by a soldier's monument, one of so many about the country:

The soldier asked for bread,
But they waited till he was dead,
And gave him a stone instead,
Sixty and one feet high.

Cultivating Opium.

The opium poppy (Papaver somniferum) is by no means difficult to cultivate, but to bring it to a state of maturity to produce opium requires very considerable knowledge and unremitting care and attention.

Get this Package When You Call for It.

And Don't Be Defrauded by any Substitute That Some Dealers Try to Sell You for the Sake of the Larger Profit!

Cheapest Power.....

Rebuilt Gas and .....Gasoline Engines.

IN GUARANTEED ORDER..... .....FOR SALE CHEAP

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Hercules Gas ....Engine Works

Beware Of the Knife.

Mr. Lincoln Nelson, of Marshfield, Mo., writes: "For six years I have been a sufferer from a scrofulous affection of the glands of my neck, and all efforts of physicians in Washington, D. C., Springfield, Ill., and St. Louis failed to reduce the enlargement. After six months' constant treatment here, my physician urged me to submit to a removal of the gland. At this critical moment a friend recommended S.S.S., and laying aside a deep-rooted prejudice against all patent medicines, I began its use. Before I had used one bottle the enlargement began to disappear, and now it is entirely gone, though I am not through with my second bottle yet. Had I only used your S.S.S. long ago, I would have escaped years of misery and saved over $150."

This experience is like that of all who suffer with deep-seated blood troubles. The doctors can do no good, and even their resorts to the knife prove either fruitless or fatal. S.S.S. is the only real blood remedy; it gets at the root of the disease and forces it out permanently.

S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) is a blood remedy for real blood troubles; it cures the most obstinate cases of Scrofula, Eczema, Cancer, Rheumatism, etc., which other so-called blood remedies fail to touch. S.S.S. gets at the root of the disease and forces it out permanently. Valuable books will be sent free to any address by the Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

A Real Blood Remedy.

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There has never been a time when growers should guard against failure with more care. There has never been a time when Ferry's Seeds were more essential. They are always the best. For sale by leading dealers everywhere. Insist on having them.

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is full of information for gardeners and planters. There will never be a better time than now to send for the 1897 edition. Free. D. M. Ferry & Co., Detroit, Mich.

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Itching and Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield at once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Stops itching, allays inflammation, a positive cure. Comforts and cures. Prepaid 50c. Druggists or mail. DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

RUPTURE and PILES cured; no pay until cured; send for book. DRS. MANSFIELD & PORTERFIELD, 832 Market St., San Francisco.

RODS For tracing and locating Gold or Silver ore, lost or hidden treasures. M. D. FOWLER, Box 347 Southington, Conn.

OPIUM HABIT AND DRUNKENNESS Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

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