

# RED CROSS DUTY TO AID VETERANS

Spends Nearly Four Millions in Year to Lessen Burdens of Disabled Soldiers.

SERVES 63,700 IN HOSPITALS

Every Case Is Given Individual Service—Assists Families of These Men Everywhere.

Washington.—The need of individual assistance by ex-service men and their families from the Red Cross is as pressing today as it was immediately after the end of the World War. For six years this work has been foremost of all Red Cross services, and in emphasizing the steady public support of this work the Red Cross National Headquarters urges the largest enrollment this year during the membership campaign opening on Armistice Day, November 11.

Nearly four million dollars of Red Cross funds spent for disabled veterans and their dependents during the year ended June 30 last presents some idea of the magnitude of this work. The current year, it is estimated, will call for still further disbursements of funds for the reason that the Red Cross, through more than 1,500 Chapters in as many communities in the United States, has been called upon to help the ex-service men in making out their applications for the adjusted compensation granted in the so-called bonus law.

### 58,767 Soldier Cases a Month

The Red Cross work for the disabled soldier is designated "home service," for it gives individual attention to the man and his family approximating the interest and loving care of the home. Such service in the hospitals, camps, soldiers' homes and sanatoria, averaged 53,951 cases a month during the year. Assistance to ex-service men and their dependents averaged 58,767 cases a month. In addition, the Red Cross in the last twelve months provided 33,000 recreation and entertainment events in the hospitals and camps.

Thus the Red Cross, symbolized as the "Greatest Mother," still watches over these many thousands of men, comforts them, helps to lighten the tedium of their physical reconstruction, and in their homes lifts some of the burdens from their "own people."

### Work in Communities Increases

The home service of the Red Cross was the most pressing duty of 2,609 Chapters, an increase of 182 communities where problems affected by the war veteran's condition required solution through immediate and intelligent assistance. The Chapters alone expended some \$2,000,000 in this work.

The transient disabled soldier, usually suffering from disability or tuberculosis, is almost everywhere a grave problem. From national funds the past year \$173,976.36 was expended in helping the Chapters to care for these wandering men.

According to government report there are 4,300 veterans in civilian institutions, and in the national homes for soldiers the complications are increasing. The large groups of patients whose claims have been disallowed, of veterans of foreign wars, and the great number of men permanently resident in these institutions call for Red Cross work which cannot be avoided nor denied.

### Definite Service to 73,700

Of a total of 84,500 ex-service men in hospitals and other institutions 73,700 were rendered a definite and specialized service by the Red Cross. In a single month 4,185 new cases were presented and a total of 20,125 was acted upon—figures which serve to illustrate the magnitude of the information and claims service engaging the attention of Red Cross workers. New veteran legislation amending the War Risk act which extends many additional rights to disabled ex-service men will reopen thousands of cases and require still greater Red Cross service.

When Congress granted a charter to the American Red Cross it charged the organization with the duty to act as "the medium of communication between the American people and their Army and Navy." This responsibility to the enlisted men and their families is met every year without restriction.

### Serves Men on Active Service

The extent of this Red Cross activity during the last year embraced a total of 195,246 cases. There were 26,995 separate soldiers' and sailors' claims; 20,316 investigations of home conditions; 11,421 cases related to discharges, furloughs, etc. Assistance was given in 39,633 instances for personal, business or family problems; 744,220 visits were made to the sick or disabled, and nearly 40,000 letters and telegrams dispatched to the homes of enlisted men.

From June to September at the numerous military training camps the Red Cross provided information and home service to the trainees, also instruction in First Aid and Life-Saving. The entertainment and recreation events at the various Army and Navy hospitals reached nearly 9,500 during the year, and occupational therapy in the Naval hospitals gave constructive and beneficial results and occupied the time of patients in the making of useful and ornamental things.

### METHODIST CHURCH

Ebbert Memorial Methodist Episcopal church, Sixth and C streets, F. L. Moore, minister. At the evening service at 7:30 will be the unveiling of an illuminated cross, and a quartette will sing "The Wayside Cross," and other appropriate special music.

The pastor theme for the evening will be the "The Cross in the World's Redemption."

At the 11 o'clock hour the theme will be "A Modern Message From An Ancient Prophet."

School meets at 9:45 and the Ep-

worth League at 6:30 p. m. All at "The Home-like Church."

### CORRECTION STATEMENT.

Hugh H. Earle, Democratic candidate for sheriff has called my attention to the fact that through my inadvertence his name appears upon the ballot as H. H. Earle.

I make this statement to remove any question as to the identity of the person named on the ballot as H. H. Earle.

R. S. BRYSON, Clerk

Mr. S. Ralph Dippel, Dentist, Vitus

building, Springfield, Oregon.

Vote 83 X R. W. Smith for City Recorder.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taylor have purchased a Studebaker car.

The ladies aid met at Mrs. Ray Daugh last Thursday. There was a good crowd and quite a lot of work was accomplished.

Mr. Coffin from McMinnville paid his friend, A. W. Weaver, a visit. While here he and Mr. Weaver went up the McKenzie deer hunting.

# For Juicy Steaks

Tender Chops and Choice Meats of all Kinds

Holverson Bros, Props.

# ~ WOULD we stand for a law that kept 3000 families out of Oregon?

Of course we wouldn't! So it's up to us to vote the antagonistic Income Tax Law out of existence! For it has already lost for Oregon payrolls amounting to more than six million dollars (\$6,000,000) a year! And six million dollars means at least 3000 families who are lost to Oregon's population in just one year under this dangerous law.

59 Industries lost to Oregon in a single year—others threatened

These figures show the appalling effect of this unwise tax law which antagonizes industries on which a large part of our growth and prosperity depend.

Recorded Damage Due to State Income Tax	
8 Timber purchases cancelled or suspended	\$18,000,000
11 Construction of lumber mills, towns, logging camps and logging railways abandoned or suspended	7,875,000
32 Other industrial investments cancelled or suspended	4,575,000
One year's operating payroll on foregoing items	5,600,000
3 Disincorporations, \$4,600,000 capital	460,500
10 Actual removals from the state, including loss of only one year's payroll	2,440,210
22 Threatened removals, including loss of only one year's payroll	2,218,500
31 Cases as to which definite amounts are not available, but which amount to many millions; damage listed as	0
34 Cases still under investigation; would amount to many millions; damage listed as	0
21 Cases in which reported removal or investment elsewhere was stated to have been caused by the income tax but which cannot be verified in writing; damage listed as	0
<b>Total Recorded Damage</b>	<b>\$41,252,350</b>

These figures certified conservative and correct by: FRANK E. ANDREWS, CHARLES H. STEWART, BEN BELLING, CHRIS A. DELL, J. K. GILL.

## Oregon needs Jobs and Markets

The Income Tax kills both!

Vote 312X YES and kill the Income Tax!

If there are two things Oregon needs above all others it is (1) jobs for her workers, and (2) markets for her products. Every new enterprise or industry brought into Oregon means more jobs. Jobs support population. Every increase in population means a better market for farm and factory products.

Yet the income tax law antagonizes industries and enterprises. Many authentic cases are on file where industries MOVED OUT OF OREGON OR DECIDED NOT TO COME TO OREGON because of the income tax law. Counting loss of capital invested, purchases and payroll, this loss is already conservatively estimated at more than \$40,000,000. The payroll loss alone is already over \$6,000,000 a year!

# This insidious law must go— It is hurting Oregon!

\*\*\* we had planned to establish our Northwest headquarters in Portland. We changed our plans, and are locating in Seattle because of the adverse Oregon Tax Law.

THE BOYLE-DAYTON CO., Los Angeles.

Had we known the Oregon Income Tax Law would have passed, we certainly would have bought timber in Washington or British Columbia, rather than in Oregon.

CENTRAL COAL & COKE CO., Kansas City, Owners of Vernonia, Ore., development.

We had planned on erecting a sawmill at a cost of approximately \$100,000 and four miles of logging railroad. This would increase our logging facilities which would amount to an expenditure of about \$150,000 additional.

THE GLENDALE LUMBER CO., Glendale, Oregon.

On receipt of a draft of the state income tax law as our New York headquarters, instructions were sent to close the Pacific Coast branch at Portland, February 1, 1924.

LEWIS-MEARS CO., New York.

We would not consider any further expansion as long as there is a state income tax in Oregon.

BARNES-LINDLEY MFG. CO., Portland, Ore.

We had completed plans and specifications for a building to be used as a warehouse and offices for a large corporation with headquarters in California, but these plans fell through when they learned of the state income tax measure. Will do nothing further in this matter until the income tax measure is settled.

HOLMAN TRANSFER CO., Portland, Oregon.

Will reduce our operations in Oregon and possibly to Vancouver, Washington.

COAST CULBERT & FLUME CO., Portland, Ore.

Read these extracts from letters. The originals and hundreds more like them are on file. Then go to the polls November 4th and rid Oregon of this objectionable law which is keeping millions of dollars and thousands of people away from our state.

When the State of Oregon passed the state income tax law, then we believed it best to re-incorporate the company in California, which was done.

BENSON LUMBER CO., San Diego, Cal.

\*\*\* we cannot permit ourselves to be burdened with any taxes that our competitors, the majority of whom are in Washington, do not have to pay. For that reason we figure that if the income tax is to be permanent, we, in self preservation, must withdraw our headquarters to another state.

M & W WOODWORKING CO., Portland, Oregon.

Coming from Wisconsin, where we have had a state income tax for several years, we are familiar with that deterrent to business development, and we, ourselves, as well as many others whom we know, left Wisconsin for the same reason for which we hesitate to go into business in Oregon.

WM. M. BRAY, Secy.-Treas., Oakshold Land & Timber Co., Oshkosh, Wis.; Pres. Klamath Logging Co., Klamath Falls, Ore.; Pres. Sprague River Co., Chiloquin, Ore.; Third largest owners in Klamath County.

We had acquired property for the erection of a warehouse when we learned of this law.

I have heretofore advised on similar requests that we cannot maintain our business in Oregon if the statute is upheld.

TRUSCON STEEL COMPANY, Youngstown, Ohio, W. F. Guthrie, V. P.

Will limit expansion to meet absolute necessities to complete present functions, a reduction of 65% in program. On account of the severity and injustice of the Oregon income tax law we have decided to cut down our proposed building and equipment project from \$35,000 to \$72,000, and had we realized that this tax would become effective, we would not have budgeted any additional improvement at Oregon.

WESTERN LUMBER MFG. CO., San Francisco.

Unless the law is repealed we are seriously considering incorporating our Seattle house separately and diverting also to them all Oregon business that it is possible for them to handle.

CLYDE EQUIPMENT CO., Portland, Oregon.

Our company will not expand in Portland so long as there is a State income Tax Law. The principal reason our head office was not located in Portland was on this account.

BUNGE WESTERN GRAIN CORPORATION, Portland, Oregon.

\*\*\* had we not already opened our office there, and established ourselves, we certainly would not do it now, and furthermore, we have been considering the advisability of discontinuing our branch there.

THE B. F. STURTEANT CO., San Francisco.

Mr. Herbert Armstrong, Western Manager for the Menasha Woodware company, stated that they were figuring on moving the Western Woodware Company from Tacoma to Coos Bay, and had already purchased sites on our waterfront. Later stated they would not do anything at all toward a change until they had seen the effect of the Oregon State Income Tax Law.

H. G. KERN, President, First National Bank, North Bend, Oregon.

Our original plans of operations in Oregon called for an annual production of 200 million feet of lumber, whereas our present plans call for only 30% of that amount. Furthermore, we had planned on constructing and operating a large Box and Sash Factory in connection with our lumbering plant, but with this threatening legislation there is no encouragement for us to invest the necessary capital for carrying out our original plans.

We hope that the majority of the people in Oregon will ultimately change their present attitude towards capital and industry, to the end that it will be a welcome visitor in every section of the state.

MOUNT EMILY TIMBER CO., La Grande, Ore.

\*\*\* we contemplated putting in an electric steel furnace, but will not do this until the law has been changed.

BEND IRON WORKS.

This tax law has already lost for Oregon more than 40 million dollars just for the purpose of soaking our enterprises 2 or 3 millions a year. Is that good business or good sense? The situation is critical. It must be met by intelligent voting. If we want Oregon to grow we must vote to

# KILL THE STATE INCOME TAX

Initiated by C. C. Chapman, Editor, Oregon Voter, 223 Worcester Building, Portland, Oregon—INCOME TAX REPEAL—Purpose: To repeal chapter 279 of the General Laws of Oregon of 1923, known as the Income Tax Act. Vote YES or NO

312  Yes

313  No

# Vote 312X Yes

Make sure your ballot is marked this way. Paid advertisement, Portland Chamber of Commerce Committee for repeal of Income Tax, W. S. Babson, Chairman, residence 348 East 13th Street, North, Portland, Oregon.