

THE SPRINGFIELD NEWS

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HARDING TO BLIND SOLDIER BOYS

Upon the occasion of a visit of a delegation from Wyandot County, Ohio, to Senator Harding at his home in Marion, the senator spoke in part as follows, this portion of his address being prompted by the presence of two Wyandot County soldier boys who were blinded at the battle of the Argonne:

"My Countrymen! Two sons of Wyandot County are here today, who have made the greatest sacrifice for country which men may offer short of life itself. They were blinded under the Flag, our Flag, in the Argonne. I want to publicly pledge to them, and to their comrades who suffered impairment for a full part in life, the Republic's unflinching and grateful consideration. They are the heroes of a nation and civilization preserved. And I want to pledge them something more. I know what inspired their heroism. I know what made them proud soldiers of the Republic. They were fighting for America, and American rights. They answered the challenge of American National rights. They fought to defend American lives, American Freedom on the seas, and American ideals of international relationship. If it had been for democracy alone, they would have gone when Belgium was invaded. If it had been for humanity alone, they would have answered the Lusitania's sinking. Their hearts were stirred. Their supreme offering was made when America was imperilled! They are never to see Old Glory, sublime at home, and signalling our concept of freedom and justice throughout the world. But I pledge to them this afternoon an assurance in their hearts where their blind eyes can not convey—there never shall be a substitute for the STARS and STRIPES they last beheld."

THE MASCOT

Calvin Coolidge is the mascot of this presidential campaign. He has run fourteen times for public office and has never been defeated.—Salem Statesman.

Authorities on the subject give the most credit to the canning and preserving industries for bringing to Oregon the present prosperous farming conditions. The industry is still comparatively young in the Pacific northwest. With proper encouragement and close cooperation between the operators of the canneries and the farmers the industry will mean millions of dollars annually to the farmers and fruit growers. And not only will it mean added wealth to the farmers but to the cities and towns where the canneries are located. They afford good employment for entire families during the fruit and vegetable season, besides a close home market for the grower.

"Bearing false witness against his neighbor" is a "thou shalt not" which candidate Cox apparently has either forgotten or never knew.—Boston Transcript.

DEMAND AND SUPPLY IN SUGAR

Another vindication of the age-old law of supply and demand has just been worked out—this time in sugar, during the past ten days. That period has witnessed an almost demoralized drop in price, following a gradual decline during the early summer. The demand end of the equation needs no elaboration. It has been the obvious outcome of the abstinence expressed in sugar by the consumers against extremely high prices. It has led to efforts by all sorts of business

interests having sugar on hand to unload. Hence the violence of the drop.

The official estimate by the United States Department of Agriculture for August puts the expected sugar yield of the country's 1920 beet crop at more than 1,000,000 tons, or more than 125,000 tons in excess of the largest crop ever heretofore produced.

This is the western beet sugar industry helping to equalize the situation with a record breaking crop and record breaking prices to the farmers for beets.—The Manufacturer.

U. S. HEALTH BUREAU FAVORS EIGHT HOUR DAY

The eight hour day is not only more efficient than the 10 hour day in industrial plants, but is more economical.

This is the conclusion reached by experts of the United States Public Health Service after a careful detailed study of conditions and production in standard factories of both classes, which has been under way since 1917.

The plants surveyed were selected after a great deal of care. Each is a modern factory, employing such a large number of workers as to make any conclusions reached apply to industry in general. The other consideration was that machinery, manufactured product and processes in the 10 hour plant should be sufficiently similar to the eight hour plant to make a fair comparison.

The advantages are all in favor of eight hour days, or shifts, as compared with the 10 hour day, and relate to maintenance of output, to lost time and to industrial accidents.

Here are the main conclusions summarized:

Maintenance of output: The outstanding feature of the eight hour day is the steady maintenance of output. The outstanding feature of the 10 hour system is the decline of output.

Last time: Under the eight hour system work with almost full power begins and ends approximately on schedule, and lost time is reduced to a minimum. Under the 10 hour system work ceases regularly before the end of the shift and lost time is frequent.

Stereotyped output: Under the 10 hour system the laborers seem to artificially restrict their efforts and to keep pace with the less efficient

IT'S OLD STUFF

to ask your grocer for a sack of flour, but—

IT'S NEW STUFF

when you ask for a sack of

"NOXALL"

a blended flour at a medium price.

USE HOME PRODUCTS

SPRINGFIELD MILL AND GRAIN COMPANY

workers. Under the eight hour day the output varies more nearly according to the individual capacity of the laborer. That is, each is more likely to do his utmost, rather than an "average day's work", regulated by a low standard.

Industrial accidents: This phase of the study is of particular interest. Ordinarily accidents may be expected to vary directly with speed of production, owing to increased exposure to risk. But when fatigue is taken into consideration there is a marked modification of this rule. When there is a reduction of output due to fatigue there is a rise in the number of accidents, that is, in the last hours of the 10 or 12 hour day, in spite of employees slowing up in work, more accidents occur. If for any reason production is speeded up in the last hours, when the laborers are fatigued, the rise in the number of accidents rises so rapidly as to leave no room to doubt that the higher accident risk accompanies the decline in working capacity of the employee.

These conclusions are based on so careful a study by officers of the U. S. Public Health Service and on so large a number of employees that they may undoubtedly be applied by industrial engineers generally.

The full report is contained in Public Health Bulletin No. 106, which is the first of a series to be published by the U. S. Public Health Service on the problems of industrial capacity. In the two hundred pages making up the present report is presented a wealth of information which no industrial engineer can afford to neglect. Certainly if American industry is to maintain its present leadership it will only be as the result of the application of sound physiological principles.

in foreclosure issued out of the circuit court of Lane County, Oregon, on the 10th day of September, 1920, in a suit wherein on the 19th day of August, 1920, in said court, T. C. Saubert as plaintiff, recovered judgment against the defendant, J. K. Lowe, for the sum of \$271.00 together with interest thereon from the 19th day of August, 1920, at the rate of 10 per cent, per annum, and which amount includes attorney's fees and \$12.50 costs and disbursements, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the Clerk's office of said court in said County on the 19th day of August, 1920, and said execution to me directed commanding me in the name of the State of Oregon, in order to satisfy said judgment, to sell, attorney's fees, costs of suit and accruing costs to sell the following described real property, to-wit:

Lot number thirty nine (39) containing 20.5 acres of Forter Acres as platted and recorded with the County Clerk of Lane County, Oregon, all in Lane County, Oregon.

Now therefore in the name of the State of Oregon, in compliance with said execution and order of sale and in order to satisfy said judgment, interest, attorney's fees, costs of suit and accruing costs, I will on Saturday the 16th day of October, 1920, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the southwest door of the County Court House at Eugene, Lane County, Oregon, offer for sale and sell for cash, at public auction, subject to redemption as provided by law, all of the right title and interest of said defendants, J. K. Lowe and George E. Wroe, and all persons claiming by, through or under them or any of them in and to said premises.

Fred G. Sticklen,
 Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.
 10-14-20.

Big Slump In Furniture Prices

REASONS:

Overstocked for the amount of room we have, and besides, Henry had a good idea.

On THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, October 7-8-9, we will sell

9 x 12 wool fibre rugs at	\$20.00
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. wool fibre rugs at	19.00
3 x 6 grass rugs at	2.50
9 x 12 congolem rugs at	14.00
Pabcolin, an improvement over printed linoleum, per yard,70
Heavy galvanized tubs,	1.50
Herkules coil springs,	9.75
2 packages Gloss starch05
Wash boilers,	2.10

All other New and Second Hand goods at greatly reduced prices.

With every \$50.00 purchase we will give FREE one Congolem rug.

With every purchase of \$10.00 we will give FREE one broom.

All tools, such as rakes, hoes, shovels, and forks, etc., at almost your own price.

Get our prices on the noted Bellville heaters—"The stoves that last."

While here enjoy some of the latest pieces on the Emerson phonograph, the phonograph that has the beauty and tone. It doesn't cost any more than the ordinary phonograph.

FARMERS SUPPLY CO.

H. B. CORSAW, Mgr.
 Corner 2nd & Main Phone 22

Will pay special prices for eggs and chicks

Chronic Catarrh

Our manner of living makes us very susceptible to colds and a succession of colds causes chronic catarrh a loathsome disease with which it is estimated that ninety-five per cent of our adult population are afflicted. If you would avoid chronic catarrh you must avoid colds or having contracted a cold get rid of it as quickly as possible. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is highly recommended as a cure for colds and can be depended upon.

Dr. S. Ralph Dippel, dentist, Springfield, Oregon.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE ON EXECUTION IN FORECLOSURE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale

A Grateful Letter.

It is in trying conditions like that of Naples, N. Y., that proves the worth of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. "Two years ago last summer" she says "our little boy had dysentery. At that time we were living in the country eight miles from a doctor. Our son was taken ill suddenly and was about the sickest child I ever saw. He was in terrible pain all the time and passed from one convulsion into another. I sent my husband for the doctor and after he was gone thought of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the cupboard. I gave him some of it and he began to improve at once. By the time the doctor arrived he was out of danger."

ICE CREAM

HOT WITHOUT—
 COOL WITHIN



and our Ice cream will keep you cool. It reduces the heat in the blood after a game of tennis or golf, and refreshes you wonderfully. Made from the purest fruit juices and finest quality materials, and has a flavor—all its own. Try some.

EGGIMANN'S

"A Good Bakery"