

Uncle Ted's Bed-Time Stories

WOUNDED SOLDIERS AND THE SWEET BILL.

Uncle Ted had just finished dinner with his niece and nephew and was seated in the front room reading the evening paper when Jack came up, pulled the paper away and very seriously said: "Uncle Ted, I was over to see Tommy Smith this afternoon and took him some goodies to eat. I feel so sorry for him. Before he went to war and was gassed things were bad enough for them. His father is 80 years old and his mother can't get out of bed because of rheumatism. They haven't any money and I don't know what will happen to them. Tommy had a good job before the war but now he can't do that work

and he gets only a little bit of money from the government."

"Well, Jack," answered his Uncle, "I guess you haven't heard what the Republican congress in Washington has done to help such fellows as Tommy Smith. They have passed a bill which will help the Smiths to get along without outside help. This new bill means more than just helping Tommy Smith. It means helping thousands of fellows like him."

"How much will Tommy get?" "The men who were wounded in the war," answered Uncle Ted, "are, under this new bill grouped in four classes. That is, those whose injuries are total temporary; total permanent, partial temporary and partial permanent. Tommy was gassed and he has been very sick ever since. He may get well, and he may not. Therefore, he comes under the group whose injuries are known as total temporary. Under the old bill, which was

passed when the Democrats had more men in congress than the Republicans, Tommy only got \$50 a month. That is because he was not married, and therefore, had no children, he received \$30 a month and in addition \$10 a month for his father, who is dependent upon him, and \$10 for his mother, who is also dependent upon him. That made the total amount of \$50.

"Now this did not seem enough for these men and boys who had given the best part of their lives to help lick the Germans and who had come back crippled for life. The great soldiers and sailors organization, of which I am a member, felt that these men should receive more money from a government as wealthy as ours, as did many of the big men in congress at Washington. So one man in particular, Representative Burton E. Sweet, a Representative from the state of Iowa, made it his job to take what was known as the War Risk Insurance act and rewrite it so as to give these men as near as possible the amounts of money they should receive, or at least enough so that they could live. Too much cannot be said for the fine work Mr. Sweet did on this bill. He worked early and late until he had what he thought was the best bill possible and which since then has come to be known as the Sweet bill. Under this new bill Tommy gets \$80 a month instead of \$30, besides \$10 for his father and \$10 for his mother, making \$100 in all that he will get each month from now on instead of \$50 a month as before."

"Did this great organization to which you belong, think his bill was all right?" asked Ruth.

"The organization not only thought his bill all right, but at the big convention recently, it was resolved that it would help with its influence to see the bill made a law. It passed the house of representatives last September but because of the peace treaty and other bills it did not pass the senate until December 19th. But what makes me so glad about the whole matter is, that the Democrats have been saying that since the Republicans got control of congress they hadn't made or passed any bills to help the soldiers or sailors. They can't say a word now for with the passing of this bill, which was written by a Republican and made a law by a Republican congress the wounded men are given enough so that they will not have to get out and beg to keep from starving to death. It is so far ahead of the old bill that there is no comparison."

"How about the fellows who have wives or children?" asked Jack.

"I will give you the whole thing, Jack, comparing the old bill and the new. I have told you about how much Tommy gets each month under the new bill and of course all fellows in his fix get the same. Under the old bill, a fellow who is married but who has no children got \$45 a month. The new bill gives him \$90 a month. If the fellow has a wife and one child he got \$55 under the old bill and he now gets \$95. Under the old bill, the fellow who had a wife and two children got \$65 and if he had a wife and three or more children he got \$75. The new bill gives that man \$100 a month. If a fellow's wife is dead and he has a child living he got \$40 a month under the old bill with \$10 for each additional child up to two. Now in all these cases, just as in Tommy's case if the fellow has a father or mother or both of them dependent upon him he gets \$10 a month for each. Another thing the new bill does is to give every man who needs a nurse to be with him at all times, \$20 a month more besides whatever else he may receive."

"How much will Fred Jones get?" asked Jack. "You know he lost both his legs."

"Fred Jones," answered Uncle Ted, "because he has lost both his legs is considered totally and permanently disabled and he will get \$100 a month compensation. If he has insurance he will get \$57.50 in addition to the \$100. That brings up the question of what a man will receive who, for instance, has lost one arm at the shoulder. That is called a partial permanent injury, and for it he will receive 70 per cent of the \$100, or \$70. In all these cases whatever insurance a man may have with the government comes in addition to these amounts I have mentioned, and which are called compensation. A wonderful schedule has been worked out in this new bill so that every man who was injured in the war is assured of receiving an amount large enough for his particu-



"Shubert" will pay these extremely high prices for Oregon Furs

	NW EXTRA LARGE Extra to Average	NW LARGE Extra to Average	NW MEDIUM Extra to Average	NW SMALL Extra to Average	NW 2" Extra to Average
MINK					
Fine, Dark Usual Color Coat	25.00 to 20.00	18.00 to 15.00	14.00 to 12.00	10.00 to 8.00	10.00 to 5.00
	18.00 to 14.00	12.00 to 10.00	9.00 to 7.50	7.00 to 6.00	7.00 to 3.50
	12.00 to 10.00	9.00 to 7.50	7.00 to 6.00	5.50 to 4.50	5.50 to 3.00

	NW EXTRA LARGE Extra to Average	NW LARGE Extra to Average	NW MEDIUM Extra to Average	NW SMALL Extra to Average	GOOD OFFRIMS As to Size & Quality
MUSKRAT					
Winter	6.00 to 5.00	4.75 to 3.75	3.50 to 2.75	2.50 to 1.75	2.50 to 1.50
Fall	4.50 to 3.75	3.50 to 2.75	2.50 to 2.00	1.75 to 1.50	1.75 to 1.25

	NW EXTRA LARGE Extra to Average	NW LARGE Extra to Average	NW MEDIUM Extra to Average	NW SMALL Extra to Average	GOOD OFFRIMS As to Size & Quality
SKUNK					
BLACK	15.00 to 12.00	11.00 to 9.00	8.50 to 8.00	7.50 to 7.00	7.00 to 3.50
SHORT	10.00 to 9.00	8.50 to 7.50	7.25 to 6.75	6.50 to 5.50	6.00 to 3.00
NARROW	7.50 to 6.50	6.25 to 5.25	5.00 to 4.50	4.00 to 3.50	3.50 to 1.50
BROAD	5.00 to 4.00	3.50 to 3.00	2.75 to 2.25	2.00 to 1.50	1.50 to .75

These extremely high prices are based on the well-known "SHUBERT" liberal grading and are quoted for immediate shipment. No. 3, No. 4, and otherwise inferior skins at highest market value. For quotations on other Oregon Furs, write for "The Shubert" the only reliable and accurate market report and price list of its kind published. It's FREE—Write for it.

A shipment to "SHUBERT" will result in "more money"—"quicker." If you have no "SHUBERT TAG ENVELOPES" on hand, cut out tag below—paste on piece of cardboard and attach to your shipment.

FROM _____ Dept. 1948
NAME _____
P.O. _____ R.F.D. _____ BOX NO. _____
STATE _____ COUNTY _____
FOR A.B. SHUBERT INC.
THE LARGEST HOUSE IN THE WORLD
DEALING EXCLUSIVELY IN
AMERICAN RAW FURS
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lar injury. In addition to these amounts of money, the injured man will also be furnished by the government, medical and hospital services and supplies such as artificial limbs, as the director of the bureau of war risk insurance may decide he should have. There are many other fine things in this bill which make it so much better than the old one but I haven't the time to tell you about them now. I have tried to show you though that under the Sweet bill the men who came back from the war in such a condition that they cannot do their work as they did before have at least been remembered by the government with money enough to live as men should live who were willing to give their lives for their country."

INDUSTRIAL REVIEW

January 12.
Harrisburg—A bridge is to be built across the Willamette river here.
Roseburg—Two large farms of 2100 and 3100 acres are to be divided into tracts of 50 and 60 acres for fruit and berry culture. The Oregon Growers' association will build a \$15,000 packing plant here.
Salem—State spends \$1,696,000 on highway bridges in 1919.
Pendleton—There are 34,516 acres under irrigation in Umatilla county.
Salem—Sixty-five carloads of cider have been ordered by a New York firm from a company here.
Portland—Pacific Steamship company closes contract to carry 4,000,000 feet of lumber to the Orient.
Cove—Hay bringing \$25 a ton here.
Astoria—New \$100,000 business block to be erected.
Albina—Fisher flour mills buy lots to build plant here.
North Bend—Union Oil company to build plant here.
Corvallis—S. P. company to remove tracks and pave Washington street.
Marshfield—Seventy-five ranchers around here are to plant 175 acres to berries.
New company to operate boats on Columbia and Willamette.
Newberg Graphic enters 31st year under E. H. Woodward as editor.
Gold Hill cement plant will resume operations this month.

St. Helens—Sauvies Island sawmill starts operation.
Portland stove works to build new plant. Carman manufacturing company will build addition \$0 to 140.
Hood River claims to have \$500,000 new construction work planned.
Klamath Falls box factories and sawmills increase capacity.
Eugene fruit grower gets \$771.31 for crop off one acre of raspberries.
Hood River apples sell for \$3.50 to \$4.50 a box.
Gold Hill—A \$5000 fire-proof garage to be built.
Astoria—Clatsop county adopts \$427,419.50 budget, \$195,000 of which \$195,000 will be spent on roads.
One third of the wool produced in Oregon, or about 4,250,000 pounds, used by local mills. Valued at \$7,000,000.
Forest Grove—New machinery to be installed in local cannery. Will double capacity.
Portland—Palmolive company to rebuild factory destroyed by fire at a cost of \$750,000.
Portland—Three 12,000-ton steel tankers to be constructed.
Oregon has 968,759 acres under cultivation.
Oregon City—Work on foundation of new mill of Crown Willamette paper company being rushed. Over 200 additional men will be employed on construction and other work which company contemplates, will add \$25,000 a month to the payroll of Oregon City and vicinity.
Cottage Grove—Johnson Lumber company purchases 100,000,000 feet of timber in the Umpqua forest.
Gresham—Northwest Potato Starch and Milling company operating two shifts a day and new additions to the plant are being made.
Crews to begin work on Hood River-Mosier stretch of Columbia highway soon.
Albany boasts the largest chair factory on the Pacific coast.
Do you live in Springfield and do your banking in Eugene? If so, it is not necessary for the First National in Springfield will take care of all your interests as well as any bank could.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

At Springfield, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business on December 31, 1919

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts	\$ 84,974.70	
Total loans	\$ 84,974.70	\$ 84,974.70
Overdrafts, secured, none; unsecured,	\$ 78.42	\$ 78.42
U. S. Government securities owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	\$ 6,250.00	
Pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	1,000.00	
Owned and unpledged	8,800.00	
Total U. S. Government securities	\$ 16,050.00	
Other bonds, securities, etc.:		
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	\$ 1,500.00	
Bonds and securities (other than U. S. securities) pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	25,000.00	
Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged	63,403.38	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.	\$ 89,903.38	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	900.00	
Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered	\$ 8,013.25	8,013.25
Furniture and fixtures	1,788.57	
Real estate owned other than banking house	28,960.60	
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	18,096.47	
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	49,454.82	
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies	5,033.33	
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	980.29	
Total of items	\$ 55,468.44	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	198.89	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	312.50	
Total	\$ 304,745.22	

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00	
Surplus fund	5,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,578.94	
Circulating notes outstanding	6,250.00	
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	1,448.52	
Total of items	\$ 1,448.52	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check	172,416.02	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	26,229.22	
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank	25,000.00	
Other demand deposits	1,264.94	
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve	224,910.18	
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	38,816.80	
Postal savings deposits	1,740.78	
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve	\$ 40,557.58	
Total	\$ 304,745.22	

State of Oregon, County of Lane, ss.:

I, L. G. Hulin, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

L. G. HULIN, Cashier

CORRECT—Attest: CHAS. L. SCOTT, L. K. PAGE, J. F. SMITH, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of January, 1920.

FRANK A. DePUE, Notary Public for Oregon.

My commission expires January 9th, 1924.