

THE SPRINGFIELD NEWS

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TYLER & FREELAND

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HOME COOPERATIVE INDUSTRY.

Growing small fruits like loganberries, blackberries, strawberries and cherries is essentially a home and family industry.

It does not require skilled or imported labor to handle the crop and gives employment to the surplus home and family labor.

The manufacturer of the products in canneries, jam and jelly plants and dehydration plants and juice factories takes more home labor.

These crops are essentially cooperative industries, where the products are grown from a city lot to ten acres and sold to the factory.

The near-by market for all these perishable products is practically the only market and that unites the industry and the grower.

So-called pools to ship small fruit long distances must prove failures in the exigencies of trade and the ups and downs of the market.

The steady and reliable home market must be maintained with a fair price for the grower and fair price for the manufacturer.

There is no danger of glutting the market with small fruits and the cooperative principle between grower and producer must obtain.

The thing for Springfield and community to reach out for is as large an acreage as possible and increased production.

That means a dehydrating plant, a cannery and fruit products plants built here which is the logical center most convenient for the growers to have a home market.

INDUSTRY DEVELOPS FARM LAND.

Illustrating what industry does to develop a state, the Knight Packing company of Portland is a good example. They have gone into the country around Medford, Oregon, and are buying tomatoes to make a superfine brand of catsup which they are placing on the market. Every bottle ad-

vertises Medford and the Rogue River valley with a distinctive label. In fact, catsup is made a secondary feature to the wonderful tomatoes grown in this particular section of the country. Probably neither Medford, nor the farmers who sell the tomatoes realize what industry is doing in this instance, to boost their country, increase land values, furnish employment for labor and make a market for products.

This is a good illustration why industry should be encouraged in every possible manner.

Springfield can grow as good tomatoes as Medford. Loganberries, strawberries and other small fruits thrive as well or better here than in any other section of the state. Vegetables can be grown here that are the equal in quality and yield of any other part of Oregon. We have the acreage and the fertile land.

A home market should be secured.

BANKS CARRY THE LOAD.

Banks have maintained a remarkable record of efficiency during past years of world disturbances.

The banking industry might almost be classed as a public utility in that it serves everybody.

The remarkable growth and development of this industry has been brought about by private energy and initiative.

Like all successful industries, banking is subject to political attacks of one kind or another.

The Non-Partisan League wants state banks operated at cost. In Oregon a freak law is proposed to limit legal rate of interest to 4 and 5 per cent, thus driving all funds for loaning purposes out of the state.

The government cuts in on the banks with different forms of money loaning to special classes at reduced rates, the deficit for which is born by the taxpayer.

It is the private banks, however, which carry the financial load of the nation and it is to the public interest to reject poli-

cies and measures which tend to limit and retard their legitimate growth.

WORK OR STARVE.

(The Manufacturer)

No one has yet invented a system by which we can consume a loaf of bread without having first produced it. If we all decline to produce food, we all starve. Divinely simple, isn't it?

A New Jersey farmer asks why should a producer of food be compelled to work eighty-four hours a week to feed another who works but forty-two at much higher pay.

He suggests that if all farmers will agree to cut their acreage to one-fifth, they'll only have to work six hours and they'll get five times as much for their products.

But if the farmers produced only one-fifth the usual amount of food, there wouldn't be enough to go around.

And if the farmers were paid on a six hour basis with double pay for overtime, and the same thing applied to distributors, all the consumers could do would be to form a union and refuse to eat.

But a man must eat. Wherefore someone must labor as long as necessary to produce the required amount of food.

If one hundred men on an island agree to share and share alike, each man's income is just one-hundredth of what they all produce. None of them can work less without cutting down his own resources. Of course, the time would come, as someone has very aptly pointed out, when those who were fittest of foot and could alone catch the wild goats upon which the hundred lived, would demand more recompense and undoubtedly get it.

The farmer is now in the position of the fleet-footed goat chaser. He must not be irritated into striking for more pay and less work. But he could not be blamed for following examples set on every side.

It is all very sad, but the plain truth is that we are approaching a point where our national production may be eclipsed by our national payroll. That would mean bankruptcy. Then it will be, work or starve.

In the days of the Garden of Eden, the situation would have been met by Adam and Eve agreeing to eat less and hunt more. If anyone can think of a better solution he has yet to offer it.

LUMBER INDUSTRY HANDICAPPED.

With coal strikes diverting cars, with longshoremen strikes holding up loading and unloading of ships on the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard, lumber production and marketing is reduced to a minimum.

More than 137,000,000 feet is the huge total of the foreign lumber orders for which one shipping company is seeking ocean space in which to carry the movement to overseas ports.

The orders have been piling up in the last month at a rate that shows that when ships become available the Douglas fir movement from north ports to foreign countries will assume gigantic proportions.

At the rate at which foreign orders for Douglas fir are being offered to the northwest it is becoming evident, according to experts, that the decline of the shipbuilding industry is to be offset by the new foreign demand for the forest production, thus keeping the northwest in a prosperous condition.

THE WASTING WHITE COAL.

The black coal strike supplementing the white coal holdup may have one good effect and end the congressional embargo

SPRINGFIELD FLOUR

WE HAVE ADDED TO OUR LINE OF FLOUR MADE FROM LOCAL WHEAT A NEW FLOUR AND WE HAVE NAMED HER

"Springfield"

IT IS MADE FROM AN EASTERN HARD WHEAT AND LOCAL LITTLE RED HARD WHEAT

"Noxall"

IS A HIGH PATENT MADE FROM OUR BEST LOCAL WHEAT WITH ALL THE LOW GRADE REMOVED

—AND YOU KNOW OUR CREAM MIDDINGS AND OLD-FASHIONED GRAHAM MADE ON THE OLD-FASHIONED MILL STONE

ALL MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE

SPRINGFIELD MILL AND GRAIN COMPANY

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JOKE DOPE

Bill Gott Father of Twins.

Bill Gott got himself twin girls last Tuesday. Bill always did say he was a better man than Harry Corsaw. W. A. Hall says that Bill is so busy he doesn't know whether he is a "busy man" or a "busy woman." Anyway Hall had to do all his cobbling by his lonesome Tuesday while Bill was busy around his home. But Harry says that's allright—ten pounds of baby is enough for him.

Leavitt Some Hunter?

Teddy Leavitt has been "playing hooky" from school this week. He went up the McKenzie river the first of the week, hunting ducks, returning yesterday with not a duck. His party were in a blind Wednesday evening, patiently waiting for game, when straight for them headed a large, fat flock of birds. As the ducks were about to settle right down in front of them, an unknown party nearby fired into the flock and scared them all away. Teddy admits he was "mad" enough to have shot something besides ducks about that time.

But here's something, Teddy, that you may be able to get: "A mouse jumped out of my cook stove, and although I had a gun I did not shoot. Why didn't I shoot?"

on the development of our wasting water powers.

If the coal shortage should reach congress and the half-million officials be turned out of the national Capitol to warm their shanks by wood fires they might think.

One town that is smitten by the coal famine has turned on the power from a nearby hydro-electric plant and has light and heat and its schools and places of business are not closed.

With enough electric power gaily cascading down our mountain streams, forbidden to use by a so-called national "conservation" policy, we have been criminally burning millions of tons of coal annually that might have been saved.

But the newspaper that called attention to this was denounced by conservation highbrows and socialist reformers as subsidized by the power interests and had to keep still or lose political caste.

Necessity is forcing home the truth at last and the public is freezing as result of ten years delayed development of hydro-electric power due to political interference.

AWFUL LOSSES OF LIVE STOCK IMPENDING.

In spite of large shipments of live stock to better feeding ground there will be enormous losses from shortage of feed on the ranges.

There is danger that two million head of live stock, cattle and sheep, will freeze and starve in the west this winter. Cannot this awful loss and suffering be averted by a rich and powerful people?

PLANTS 13 ACRES TO BERRIES

Marion H. Douglass, librarian at the University and B. F. Shuart, an expert fruit and berry grower, have purchased a 13-acre tract owned by Samuel Mahon, on the Elmira road near Eugene. Mr. Shuart came here from Montana and after investigating the possibilities of the loganberry plant, decided to locate here. He has developed several farms in Montana and has made a special study of the growth and care of berries and fruits. —Eugene Guard.

A person can live weeks without food, days without water, but only a few minutes without air, says the United States public health service. Persons who pay but little attention to the purity of the air they breathe are not careful as to drinking water and food. Become a fresh air crank. Raise the office windows.

OUR PRICES

- Table Cream, pint ... 40c
- Whipping cream, pint. 40c
- Skimmed milk, gallon. 15c
- Butter milk, gallon. 10c

WHOLE MILK,
 9 Quarts,
 \$1.00

Springfield Creamery



IT IS

Not What You Earn

BUT

What You Save

THAT WILL

Make You Independent

Deposit Your Money in the

First National Bank SPRINGFIELD

(A City, County, State and National Depository.)