

# Have You Noticed

the beautiful hand painted picture of your favorite church in our show window? These pictures of the three churches will be given away on our Holiday Opening Day, Saturday, December 6th, to every customer purchasing merchandise to the amount of \$1.00 or more. Only one to a customer.



PHONE  
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### U. OF O. WOMEN LEARN TO COOK THANKSGIVING DINNERS

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Nov. 22.—Thanksgiving menus this year will have no mysteries for university women in the household arts classes of the university under Miss Lillian Tingle. The girls have been receiving practical training in preparing the big Thanksgiving dinner with turkey and all the "trimmin's" so that they would be able to do the work all by their mothers when they go home for the holidays.

Here's a partial list of the things the girls have been learning to prepare: mince meat, pumpkin pies, fruit cakes, plum puddings. Strict economy in cooking is insisted on, and the girls are making use of orange peeling, among other things, for preserved fruits.

This term the classes are studying especially food appropriate for younger children. They will pass next term to a study of food for children in the period of adolescence.

### DAIRY COWS NEED CHEAP FEED

With present high prices for all forms of concentrates, the feeding of dairy cattle calls for economical feeds. At the annual Farmers' week to be held at the Oregon Agricultural college December 29 to January 3, all

phases of the feeding problem will be discussed. It can be shown that the rough feeds like ensilage, hay, straw and other such material raised right on the place, are much more economical to use than the mill feeds purchased on the open market. Molasses too, although it appears to be expensive, is nevertheless a cheap feed and is of great value in making other feeds, such as cheat hay and straw, more palatable and readily consumed by dairy cattle. After each lecture on feeding about 15 minutes will be spent in discussion and in answering questions.

### New Head for L. L. L.

PORTLAND—At the recent session of the directors of the Loyal Legion of Loggers and Lumbermen in Portland, resolutions were adopted asking the employers not to employ any L. W. W. members. The board of directors also adopted the insurance program which has been under consideration for some time. The wage scale will be considered when the board meets again the last Tuesday in January. Norman F. Coleman has been chosen president of the L. L. L., to succeed General Brice P. Disque. Mr. Coleman is now the head of the English department at Reed college.

### Uncle Ted's Bed-Time Stories

#### The Strikers Who Didn't Fight.

"Fred Jones is the stingiest boy I ever saw," said Jack as he met his uncle coming up the walk.

"And what is Fred so stingy about?" replied Uncle Ted.

"Well, you see we've been playing Indian because we can have smoke fires from the leaves for signals. I was to gather all the leaves for my fire and Fred was to get some matches to light it with because mother put ours away where I couldn't find them. When I was ready I told Fred to bring the matches and he said he wouldn't bring the matches until I gave him enough leaves for his smoke fire. So won't you let me have a match, Uncle Ted?"

"Fred has sort of gone on strike hasn't he, Jack?" answered his uncle with a big, broad smile. "Now I'll tell you Jack, the wind is blowing so hard that I'm afraid it is a bit dangerous for little boys to be playing with bonfires. Suppose you get your sister and we will go in the house and sit in front of the big fireplace while I tell you a story. How's that?"

"That'll be fine," said Jack. After the trio were seated by the fire, which was crackling and sputtering, Uncle Ted said:

"Last week I told you kiddies something about the strikes which are going on in our country and how Germany may get ahead of us if we don't all get to work and produce just as much as we possibly can. Now I am going to tell you something about the men who are striking, who during the war didn't have to go and fight because the government felt their work was almost as important as fighting. You see, children, the coal miners have quit work and our country may have to go without coal in a short time if they don't go back to work. If we don't have coal, we can't run our trains, and if we can't run our trains we can't ship food. So it is a very serious matter. President Wilson told the miners that their act in striking was unlawful and our congress in Washington has said the same. It has been necessary to bring about almost military law in the various coal regions. That is, the government is keeping soldiers at these places to see that the property and lives of the people are protected

### NOTICE OF ROAD DISTRICT MEETING

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the legal voters being resident taxpayers and owners of real property in Road District No. 49, in Lane county, Oregon, will be held at the hour of 2 p. m. on the 29th day of November, A. D., 1919, at the Woodman building in Walterville, in said Road District, to determine whether said road district shall levy a special tax of five mills upon all the taxable property in said district for the purpose of providing funds for general road purposes.

—H. L. BROWN,  
County Judge,  
—M. H. HARLOW,  
—E. R. SPENCER,  
County Commissioners.

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Last publication Nov. 28, 1919.

### NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of William B. Wooten, deceased, has rendered and filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Lane, his final account and that Saturday, December the 20th, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the County Court room of said Court has been fixed and appointed by said Court as the day, time and place for hearing objections to said final account and the settlement thereof. All objections must be in writing and filed with the clerk of said Court on or before said day and time.

—WILLIAM WOOTEN,  
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of William B. Wooten, deceased.  
Frank A. DePue, Attorney for the Estate.  
Dated this 14th day of Nov., 1919.  
Date last publication Dec. 12, 1919.

from any acts of violence."  
"How many of these strikers are there?" asked Jack.  
"Before I answer that Jack, you must know that besides the miners who are on strike the railroad men also threaten to strike. In these two classes there are about 1,000,000 men. The point is that these million men during the war were protected by the government from going to fight and received the best pay they had ever been given. In contrast to that the other millions of men were at the front in France fighting, risking their lives and receiving \$30 a month. Our congress is determined that the selfish interest of this one million shall not come before the interest of the other 43,000,000. The records of these men, who are now fighting for higher pay, which leaders in congress have been investigating, show that they are the very ones who received the highest pay during the war and fought at home. Even though the

government said their work here during the war was important, there were other classes just as important but who are loyal now and are working and producing. The farmers who produce our food are the best example of this.

"General Crowder, who had charge of the work of selecting the men for military service during the war has records which show the number of coal mine operatives and railroad men. There were 706,012 coal mine operatives of all ages and 380,000 engineers, firemen, brakemen, and conductors. This makes the total of 1,000,000 who are attempting to stop all industry by striking while we have in contrast to that 42,206,912 men in all kinds of work. Then there is another class, the men who work in the steel mills. These men have been striking as I told you last week. The men in this work are mostly foreigners. A great number of these did

(Continued on Page 4)

Charter No. 88.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## Commercial State Bank

At Springfield, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business on November 17th, 1919.

### RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$126,405.89
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	203.52
Bonds and warrants	20,192.22
Stocks, securities, judgments, etc.	NONE
Banking house	14,900.00
Furniture and fixtures	5,000.00
Other real estate owned	NONE
Due from approved reserve banks	49,581.81
Checks and other cash items	198.06
Exchanges for clearing house	486.75
Cash on hand	9,613.74
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$226,582.00</b>

### LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	30,000.00
Surplus fund	2,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,058.89
Individual deposits subject to check	154,572.86
Demand certificates of deposit	12,606.31
Cashier checks outstanding	1,012.00
Time and Savings Deposits	23,331.94
Notes and bills rediscounted	NONE
Bills payable for money borrowed	NONE
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$226,582.00</b>

State of Oregon, County of Lane, ss.

I, O. B. Kessey, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

O. B. KESSEY, Cashier

CORRECT—Attest: M. M. FEERY, WELBY STEVENS, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of November, 1919.

FRANK A. DE PUE, Notary Public

My commission expires July 18th, 1920.

(Seal)

Resources June 30, 1919	\$170,236.91
Resources November 17, 1919	\$226,582.00
<b>Net gain, four and one-half months</b>	<b>\$56,295.09</b>



HEELS RUN DOWN outside, holes in soles of both—owner of the shoes that made these tracks was on his way to have his shoes repaired at Helmers.

WE HAVE JUST PUT IN A NEW LINE OF THE—

## BEST RUBBER FOOTWEAR

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT FOR BEST QUALITY GOODS

WE HAVE: GLOVES, MITTENS, ARTIC SOCKS, LOGGING SHOES, SHOE GREASES, SHOE OILS, AND GENERAL SHOE SHOP SUPPLIES.

Just received a complete line of men's rubbers.

## L. C. HELMER

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE SHOP

## Goat Feathers