## THE SPRINGFIELD NEWS



## "SHIPYARD WORKERS MUST EARN WAGES," SAYS PIEZ




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WHAT UNCLE SAM WILL DO IF YOU DON'T KICK THROUGH

| begun by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. This is the |
| :--- | estumated yield of the new revenue bill. The income tax provisions of the act reach the pocket-book of every single

person in the United States whose net income or 1918 was $\$ 1,000$, or more, and of every married person whose net income was $\$ 2,000$ or more. Persons whose net intheir marital status, must file a return of income with the collector of internal revenue fo
live on or before March 15.

Here is what will happen to them if they don't; for failure to file a return on time, a fine of not more than
$\$ 1,000$ and an additional assessment of 25 per cent of the amount of tax due.
For "willfully refusing" to make a return on time, a
fine not exceeding $\$ 10,000$, or not exceeding one year's imprisonment, or both.
For making a false or fraudulent return, a fine of not one year $\$ 10,000$, or imprisonment for not more than of 50 per cent of the amount of tax evaded.
For failure to pay the tax on time, a fine of not more of the amount of tax unpaid, plus 1 per cent interest for each full month during which it remains unpaid.

In addition to the $\$ 1,000$ and $\$ 2,000$ personal exemptions, taxpayers are allowed an exemption of $\$ 200$ for each person dependent upon them for chief support in
such person is under eighteen years of age and incapable such person is under eighteen years of age and
of self-support. Under the 1912 act, this exemption was allowed only for each dependent "child:" The head of a family-one who supports one or more persons closely connected with him by blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption-
allowed a married person. The normal rate of tax under the new act is 0 per ticas, and 12 per cent of the net income in excess of
$\$ 4,000$. Incomes in excess of $\$ 5,000$ are subject also to a surtax rahging from 1 per cent of the amount of the
net income between $\$ 5,000$ and $\$ 6,000$ to 65 per cent of ne net income above $\$ 1,000,000$.
Payment of the tax may be made in full at the time of filing return or in four installments, on or before March 15 , on or before June 15 . ${ }^{\text {o }}$
15 , and on or before December 15.
Revenue officers will visit every county in the United States to aid taxpayers in making out their returns. The
date of their arrival and the location of their offices may be ascertained by inquiring at offices of collectors of internal revenue, postoffices and banks. Failure to see
these offlcers, however, does not relieve the taxpayer of these officers, however, does not relieve the taxpayer of
his obligation to file his return and pay his tax within the his obligation to file his return and pay his tax within the
time specified by law. In this case taxpayers must seek time specified by law. In this case taxpayers must
the Government, not the Government the taxpayer.

