



HERE'S the ready chew! You can get genuine comfort and tobacco satisfaction without having to grind all the time! "Right-Cut" is the Real Tobacco Chew that tobacco chewers are telling one another about.

Pure, rich, sappy tobacco—seasoned and sweetened just enough.

The taste comes along steady—and it lasts you longer than the old kind. If you like real tobacco by all means buy a pouch.

Take a very small chew—less than one-quarter the old size. It will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just nibble on it until you find the strength chew that suits you. Tuck it away. Then let it rest. See how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies without grinding, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is the Real Tobacco Chew. That's why it costs less in the end.

It is a ready chew, cut fine and short shred so that you won't have to grind on it with your teeth. Grinding on ordinary candied tobacco makes you spit too much.

The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up with molasses and licorice. Notice how the salt brings out the rich tobacco taste in "Right-Cut."

One small chew takes the place of two big chews of the old kind.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY
50 Union Square, New York

BUY FROM DEALER OR SEND 10¢ STAMPS TO US

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS GATHER AT A BANQUET

(Continued from Page 1.)

land of the setting sun—was reached there was abundance and to spare, and all these were poured out in this favored spot.

The mayor spoke also of the value of co-operation and the need for the subordinating of individual wish for the general good.

Will Now Think Twice.

"Formerly, when I thought of this end of the Willamette valley," said Percy A. Cupper, assistant state engineer, "I thought of Eugene, but after what I have seen today, I am sure that hereafter, when I recall this end of the valley I shall think twice."

"Your mayor has referred to this as a bit of paradise, and it really seems to me as if Adam and Eve must have been chased over the Cascades into the dry plains of eastern Oregon."

Mr. Cupper said that of the 8,000,000 acres of land drained by the Willamette river, only about one-half is tillable, and very little of that which is tillable is being farmed so as to get the highest returns. The big reason for this, he said, is the fact that little of the 49 inches of annual rainfall occurs in the growing season of June, July and August. This shortage of rainfall in the hot summer months was graphically presented to the audience by means of charts.

"The great problem before the farmers of the Willamette valley," he said, "is the proper regulation of soil moisture. It must be by drainage or irrigation or both. In eastern Oregon there are lands, worth probably \$2.50 an acre, where it costs \$40 an acre to reclaim them. Here in the Willamette valley the land is already worth much, and it should not be difficult to finance any drainage or irrigation plan."

Mr. Cupper explained the provisions of the drainage code enacted by the legislature this year. The initial cost of an irrigation system, he said, is one of the large considerations, but the results to be obtained should not be lost sight of. The cost of a drainage or irrigation project, he added, should not fall as a heavy burden right at first, but payments should be distributed

over a period of years. Mr. Cupper also spoke briefly of community co-operation, and related the story of the darky who refused to hit a hornets' nest because "dem hornets am o'ganized."

The necessity for intermingling of men was dwelt upon by Rev. E. C. Wigmore, who declared that colonies always failed because they defied the law of nature that men must mingle one with another, and must join in the bearing of each other's burdens. The coming of the rural telephone and the rural mail delivery, and the increase in rural educational facilities has almost caused the line between the town and the country to disappear.

"The 'country' is not far from my town house; it is just outside the woodshed door." Mr. Wigmore drew a lesson in co-operation from the violin solo with piano accompaniment—it was only because there was unity in the action of the two performers that there was harmony in the music.

Now Time to Practice. Judge Grant B. Dimick took up the theme of co-operation as expressed by preceding speakers and declared he could add nothing except the advice to "practice what you preach."

He applied the advice directly by urging that the town become interested in the condition of the roads leading into the interior country, so that the farmer can bring his produce to market whenever the price justifies.

"Down at Oregon City," he said, "our Commercial club is taking particular pains to bring the town and the country together, and we make frequent trips to the surrounding communities."

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OREGON and WASHINGTON
Business Directory
A Directory of each City, Town and Village, giving descriptive sketch of each place, location, population, telegraph, shipping and banking points; also Classified Directory, compiled by business and profession.
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303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

"Another way you can help your community is to find what the farmers are doing. If you discover one who is not getting the best results out of his soil, help him to find out what to do. Consult the agricultural college or someone who knows. Of course you will now and then find the man who knows it all; leave him alone, but the greater number are ready to learn."

"One of the best things you could do would be to have a demonstration farm to show what can be done in your vicinity."

Judge Dimick then entered into a detailed discussion of what to do to make farming more successful and to make stock raising profitable. On his own farm a tile drain increased the crop of oats from 40 to 90 bushel to the acre, and he advised very strongly the planting of clover or of some other similar crop that would put oxygen into the soil instead of rob it continually of its fertility.

He told of the old Goodale place in Clackamas county, run down by tenants until it would produce only 10 bushels of wheat to the acre. An easterner named Poinset secured the farm and after giving the land a coat of land plaster planted it to clover and then, when he had a good stand, plowed it all under, much to the surprise of all the neighboring farmers. But when that land yielded 45 bushels of wheat to the acre, the others took notice and began raising clover.

Judge Dimick cited figures to show the vast amount of meat, dairy and poultry products imported into Oregon and Washington and declared it is high time that these states raised for themselves what they need.

Judge Dimick denied the current belief that "Corn won't grow in Oregon." "It will grow," he said, "if you use acclimated seed. The average yield in Iowa for the year 1914 was 33 bushels of corn to the acre, and in Oregon it was 50 bushels. Corn can be raised in Oregon, and if you cannot get acclimated seed, send to me and I'll give you a sample for a starter."

Judge Dimick then turned his attention to hog and cattle raising, and declared the problem to be one of learning how to raise the proper feed that will fatten the hogs inexpensively.

"Anybody can raise pigs," he said. "The problem is to learn how to raise them at a profit by the selection of the proper feed."

"Often at our farm hogs gain eight and nine pounds a week. We feed beets, corn, mangle wurtzels and then harden the animal with wheat or oats."

A silo will save 40 per cent in the cost of winter feeding declared the speaker as he drew to a conclusion.

The banquet and farm lecture will be followed by another of a similar nature, stated Mr. Peery at the close of the formal program. Red clover blossoms were distributed to be worn by all the guests to typify the sentiment of the evening that "Clover is king."

BIG DEMAND FOR OREGON SPRUCE FROM EUROPE

Portland, Ore., June 17.—More than 5,000,000 feet of Oregon spruce clears have been sent to warring nations of Europe within the past three months for use in making military aeroplanes, according to records. Orders for a considerable amount additional were not filled because scarcity of carrying space made their shipment impracticable.

As a result of the heavy war demand, Oregon spruce clears have advanced from \$32 to \$40 a thousand feet, and Oregon spruce logs from \$7.50 to \$9 a thousand feet. Great Britain is the principal buyer.

CITY RESERVOIR GIVEN USUAL SPRING CLEANING

The Oregon Power company had a force of men at work Friday and Saturday giving the city reservoir its regular spring cleaning so that it will be in good shape for the hot summer months. The water was emptied out and the walls and bottom of the reservoir scrubbed. All the grass and thistles in the vicinity of the reservoir are also being cut.

Portland—Federation Woman's clubs advocates free homes for rural school teachers.

Made in Springfield

Patronize the Payroll of Your Home Town

The **House of Quality**
You get your money's worth when you trade at
Eggimann's Candy Kitchen

Springfield Bakery
Bread, Pies, Cakes, Cookies, etc.
Wedding and Party Cakes a Specialty

S. Young, - Proprietor

IF YOU HAVE NEVER TRIED
THE SPRINGFIELD CREAMERY
CHAS. BARKMAN, Manager

Try is and be convinced that it pays to patronize home industries.

SPENDS ITS MONEY AT HOME
The Lane County News divided its expenditures last year, thus:
Supplies bought outside of Springfield, including paper and new machinery 20.4 p. c.
Supplies bought in Springfield, including rent, etc 19.1 p. c.
Payroll, entirely in Springfield 60.5 p. c.

80% Spent at Home

Nox All and Bakore
Flours
Make Whitest Bread.
Tests Prove It.

The **Springfield Planing Mill Company**
Manufacturers of
SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, TURNING, STAIR BUILDING,
Extension Tables, Drop Leaf Tables, Breakfast Tables, Kitchen Cabinets, Cupboards, Safes, Step Ladders, Fruit Boxes, Berry Crates, Folding Clothes Racks.

ELECTRICITY
For light, heat and power.
"Made in Springfield."

Oregon Power Co.

WANTED
Another Springfield industry to place their card in this space.

INJURED BY KICK OF HORSE

Herbert Moon was brought to the Springfield hospital Thursday evening suffering severely from the effects of a kick in the abdomen caused by a horse the day before. After the accident it was thought the injury was not severe, but when Mr. Moon suffered great pain the next day it was decided to bring him to the hospital, where an operation had to be performed, as the case was considered serious. He is now well on the road to recovery. Mr. Moon, who is about 22 years of age, was employed on the Vitus farm. His brother, Virgil Moon, is employed in Eugene.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Rogers of Independence, Iowa, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Polders of Eugene and Mrs. Mollie Ady and daughter of Eugene were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Dunlap.

Marion county will lay 20,000 yards hard surface roads this year.

SHCOOL BOARD CLOSES BUSINESS

(Continued from Page 1.)

school year	21
Enrollment in grades above the eighth: male, 60; female, 75; total	135
Number of school houses in the district	2
Number of months' public school taught during the past school year	9
Number of legal voters for school purposes at the time of making this report, estimated ..	350
Total number of library books on hand	257
Total number of library books purchased during the past school year	24
Financial Statement	
Cash on hand at time of making last annual report, in June, 1914	\$ 384.42
RECEIPTS	

Recd. from County Treasurer from district tax	8,189.80	Amount of bonded indebtedness	\$20,000.00
Recd. from County Treasurer from county school fund	4,331.25	Amount of outstanding warrants	9,747.77
Recd. from County Treasurer from State school fund	1,222.85	Total debt	\$29,747.77
Recd. from county high school fund	2,003.64	Number of acres in school grounds, about	4
Recd. from other sources	16.47	Estimated value of school houses and grounds	\$30,000.00
Total	\$16,139.43	Estimated value of school furniture and apparatus	5,200.00
DISBURSEMENTS		Amount of insurance on the school houses and other property	17,800.00
(Items reported here, are actual cash payments, and do not include district orders issued but not paid.)		Average monthly salary of male teachers	\$110.66 2-3
Paid for teachers' wages	\$6,663.50	Average monthly salary of female teachers	\$65.93 plus
Paid for rent of rooms and site	40.00	Number of mills district tax levied	7
Paid for fuel and school supplies	1,535.37	Valuation of taxable property in the district	\$1,339,881.00
Paid for repairs, improving grounds, and janitor work	1,252.61	Sections of the report left blank show there are no private schools in the district, nor are there any persons blind, deaf or feeble minded to such an extent as to be unable to acquire an education in the public schools.	
Paid on principal and interest on bonds and warrants	5,946.23	The report also shows that, by reason of seniority, Thos. Sikes, director for one year, is to be chairman for the coming year, and Marvin J. Drury is director for two years. The one to serve for three years will be elected at the meeting tonight at the Lincoln building.	
Paid for library books	26.68		
Paid to district 150 proportion of taxes, and for conducting examinations	488.48		
Total	\$16,002.87		
CASH ON HAND, Difference between receipts and expenditures	\$ 136.56		

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