

JUNCTION CITY BULLETIN.

AN INDEPENDENT PAPER.
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Published Every Thursday.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Kruger is at The Hague to confer with Boer agents.

King Edward distributed medals to the South African heroes.

Thirty men are entombed in a burning coal mine in Pennsylvania.

The United States will not agree to joint guarantee of Chinese indemnity.

Nonunion strikers will be given aid by International Machinists' Association.

New Orleans ranks next to New York in exports for the fiscal year of 1900.

A convict at Salem, Oregon, is liable to the gallows for assaulting an officer.

English manufacturers are making a bitter fight against American locomotives.

Walter Besant, the English novelist died of influenza after a two weeks' illness, in London.

Steps have been taken to bring the question of ending the Boer war before the arbitration court.

There is no change in the machinists strike situation, and the trouble promises to last many months.

Spain has announced that she will issue a loan for territorial defense and a reorganization of the army.

A dividend of 40 per cent will be paid within three weeks on claims against the Vancouver, Wash., bank.

Several lives were lost in a tornado around Oklahoma.

A mint is not likely to be established at Manila.

A nugget weighing \$264 has been found in the Klondike.

Secretary Gage favors a "token" dollar for the Philippines.

The weather bureau has sent out warning against rainmakers.

The governor has called an extra session of the Washington legislature.

The explosion of a car of dynamite at Binghamton, N. Y., cost six lives.

Dr. Daly, who started the "embalmed" beef agitation, committed suicide.

Edgar Gierhafer was arrested in California for larceny of \$10,000 in New York.

The Lake Washington canal project has been referred to the general naval board for final decision.

Action of Canadians in jumping Americans' mining claims causes protest to be made to former government.

Sixty British surrendered to a Boer force.

Senator Tillman has withdrawn his resignation.

The English Derby race was won by an American horse.

The labor situation throughout Spain is in a critical condition.

Fire destroyed a valuable library within the sacred city at Pekin.

Another naval cadet has been dismissed from Annapolis for hazing.

Five fishing boats, carrying 177 men have been lost in Iceland waters.

Late advices from Alaska say the Yukon river is now open to a point below Dawson.

There are several thousand Americans in South Africa fighting on one side or the other.

The driver was killed and three passengers injured in a British Columbia stage accident.

International survey places most valuable mines in Mount Baker district on American side.

Immigrants suffering from tuberculosis in any form will not be allowed to land in this country.

The Mexican government refuses to allow the removal of a number of antiquities from that country.

The delegates of the New York chamber of commerce were banqueted by the London chamber of commerce.

There are yet many rebels in arms in the island of Cebu.

Jamestown, Cape Colony, has been captured by the Boers.

Judge Taft will be the first governor of the Philippine islands.

The Chinese emperor is planning a trip to Europe for next year.

SUICIDE OF DR. DALY.

Surgeon on Miles' Staff in Porto Rico—Insomnia Affected His Mind.

Pittsburg, June 10.—Major W. H. Daly, surgeon on the staff of General Miles in Porto Rico, committed suicide at his home by shooting himself in the right temple. The body was found in the bathroom lying in a pool of blood, with a 38 calibre revolver lying on the floor. Dr. Foster, who was summoned at once, found the bullet hole in the temple and announced that death had taken place several hours before. No cause is known for Dr. Daly's deed, unless it be that insomnia drove him temporarily insane. For some time he had been unable to sleep regularly. The doctor was a widower and leaves no immediate family. He was 59 years of age and for many years had been prominent in medical circles. He gained international prominence during the Cuban war, as it was his report to the commanding general of the army that started the "embalmed" beef inquiry.

SHE IS GOOD AT REACHING.

The Boston Yacht Independence Takes Another Trial Spin.

Boston, June 11.—The Independence had another short sail in the bay this afternoon, and the breeze being only moderate the yacht spread more canvas than has yet been hoisted. The sea was smooth, and again she proved her wonderful reaching qualities, besides showing considerable ability in windward work. Not only did she hold very well up to the breeze, keeping within an average of three points, but she footed quite fast and tacked in the neighborhood of 20 seconds. The trial was confined to less than two hours of actual sailing, most of the time being spent on the wind or reaching, and as yet the yacht has not been sent dead to leeward, it being thought well to wait for the spinnaker and club topsail. There was no accident today, barring a slight rent the mainsail, which rather hindered the setting of that great piece of canvas. The yacht may go out again tomorrow afternoon, although there is considerable work to be done upon her.

DYNAMITE IN A CAR.

Collision Causes Two Trains to Be Blown to Atoms—Six Lives Lost.

Binghamton, N. Y., June 11.—While a freight train on the Lackawanna was taking water at Vestal, 10 miles west of here, it was run into from behind by a double header wild-cat train. In the second car from the caboose of the stationary train was a large quantity of dynamite, which was exploded by the impact. Six men were killed and three fatally injured.

Both trains were blown to atoms, but the remainder of their crews escaped with slight injuries. Much damage was done by the concussion, most of the windows in Vestal and Union, across the river from Vestal, being shattered. Binghamton's plate glass fronts did not escape, many of the largest glasses in the city being broken. The shock was felt at a distance of 30 miles.

REINDEER TRIP ABANDONED.

Officer Who is Now in Siberia to Secure the Animals May Starve to Death.

Seattle, June 11.—The annual voyage of a government ship to Siberia after reindeer, according to Dr. Sheldon Jackson, who left for the north on the transport Warren today, has been abandoned for the season. Lieutenant Berthoff, who crossed Russia and Siberia last year to gather a herd of deer, will be left to get along as best he can until a year from the coming July. Dr. Jackson thinks Berthoff may starve to death or perish while waiting for a ship to take him off. He is likely to be left all alone, and to his own personal efforts for subsistence throughout next winter, as there are few natives where he will be. It will be impossible to attempt to rescue him until after next June, as the ice will permit no approach to the coast.

Prospector's Rich Find.

Davenport, Washington, June 11.—H. D. Winhoff, a prospector, arrived yesterday from Stevens county, having in his possession a gold brick valued at \$834. He refused to tell in what manner the specimen was secured, but evidently it was extracted in a crude manner from exceedingly rich ore, as it had been molded in a babbitt ladle.

Emperor's Return Postponed.

Shanghai, June 11.—An imperial edict, issued June 6, announces that, owing to the hot weather and the advanced age of the Dowager Empress, the return of the court to Pekin has been postponed until September 1, which the astrologers pronounce to be a lucky day on which to commence a journey.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL OVER OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Last Market Report.

Smallpox at Westfall has been eradicated.

Ontario has arranged to observe the Fourth of July.

Athena streets are being improved with crushed rock.

People of Quaburg have petitioned for a daily mail.

Coquille City is preparing for a Fourth of July celebration.

The treasurer of Marion county had on hand June 1 the sum of \$24,959.23.

The Linn County W. C. T. U. convention will be held the first week in August.

It is reported at Prairie City that "rustlers" are stealing stock in the vicinity of Grub Creek range.

The question of bonding school district No. 8, Malheur county, in the sum of \$3,000, to improve the school building, will come before the voters June 15.

J. H. Timon has discovered a 14-foot vein of coal where he has been opening up a mine on Lampey creek, Coos county. The mine is located within 200 yards of the river.

There is some talk of moving the school house in district 92, Umatilla county, to Missouri gulch or Stage gulch. The district is nine miles long and a number of the children live so far from the school building that they either stay at home or are put to great inconvenience during bad weather. There is also a sentiment for dividing the district.

A nugget, valued at \$38, was found on Pine creek in Eastern Oregon.

Sleet and snow fell at La Grande recently. No damage was done.

Governor Geer will deliver the Fourth of July oration at Baker City.

The Bonanza mine, in Eastern Oregon, yielded nearly \$90,000 for the May cleanup.

Cattlemen in the John Day district have organized for protection against cattle thieves.

The extension of the Sumpter Valley Railroad to Whitney has been opened to traffic.

The Lane County Veterans' Association met in Eugene. Eighty members were present.

There is strong ground for suspicion that John Stanley, who was found dead in Salem a few days ago, was murdered.

An extensive program was rendered at the commencement of the Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis. There were 35 in the graduating class.

Cherries in Marion county are falling off pretty badly and appearances do not indicate as large a yield as expected. The size and quality promises to be good, however.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 61@62c; valley, nominal; bluestem, 61@62c. per bushel.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.90@3.40 per barrel; graham, \$2.60.

Oats—White, \$1.32½@1.35 per cental; gray, \$1.30@1.32½ per cental.

Barley—Feed, \$17@17.50; brewing, \$17@17.50 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$20.00; chop, \$16.

Hay—Timothy, \$12.50@14; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton.

Hops—12@14c. per lb.

Wool—Valley, 11@13c; Eastern Oregon, 7@11c; mohair, 20@21c. per pound.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 15@17½c.; dairy, 13@14c.; store, 11@12½c. per pound.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 12@12½c. per dozen.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½c.; Young America, 13@13½c. per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00; hens, \$3@3.50; dressed, 8@10c. per pound; springs, \$1.50@3 per dozen; ducks, \$3@3.50; geese, \$4@5.50; turkeys, live, 8@10c.; dressed, 9@10c. per pound.

Potatoes—Old, \$1@1.20 per sack; new, 1½@2c. per pound.

Mutton—Lamb 4c. per pound gross; best sheep, wethers, with wool, \$4.25@4.50; dressed, 6½@7c. per pound.

Hogs—Gross, heavy, \$5.75@6; light, \$4.75@5; dressed, 7c. per pound.

Veal—Large, 6½@7c. per pound; small, 7½@8c. per pound.

Beef—Gross, top steers, \$4.25@4.60; cows and heifers, \$3.75@4.00; dressed beef, 7@7½c. per pound.

A POPULAR DELUSION.

Cannoning Has No Effect On Atmospheric Conditions.

Washington, June 12.—The extensive reports of United States Consul Covert, at Lyons, France, relative to the success of cannon firing in France as a means of protecting orchards and vineyards from hail storms, and also for the purpose of mitigating or nullifying the effects of frost upon vegetation, have prompted numerous inquiries by horticulturists in this country as to when, if at all, our government would adopt similar methods of protection.

Professor Willis L. Moore, the chief of the weather bureau, acting under the direction of Secretary Wilson, therefore, has issued to the press the following statement:

"After an examination of all that has been published during the past two years, my conviction is that we have here to do with a popular delusion as remarkable as is the belief in the effect of the moon on the weather. The uneducated peasantry of Europe seem to be looking for something miraculous. They would rather believe in cannonading as a means of protection and spend on it abundance of money, time and labor than, adopt the very simple expedient of mutual insurance against losses that must inevitably occur.

"The great processes going on in the atmosphere are conducted on too large a scale to warrant any man or nation in attempting to control them. The energy expended by nature in the production of a hail storm, a tornado or a rain storm exceeds the combined energy of all the steam engines and explosives in the world. It is useless for mankind to combat nature on this scale.

"After the experience that this country has had during the past 10 years with rainmakers, I am loth to believe that the bombardment of hail storms will ever be practiced or attempted in the United States, much less encouraged by the intelligent portion of the community. Every effort should be made to counteract the spread of the French delusion which has been imported into this country by Consul Covert."

UNCLE SAM REFUSES.

Disapproves Joint Guarantee of Chinese Indemnity—Foreign Powers Notified.

Washington, June 12.—The government has formally communicated to the foreign powers the impossibility of joining in a joint guarantee for the payment of the Chinese indemnity. The difficulties in the way of such an arrangement are set forth in the communication, particularly those relating to the constitutional restrictions on the president in making a joint of this character.

In view of the determination of the United States not to be a party to the joint guaranty there is anxiety shown in diplomatic circles as the outcome on the question of indemnities. One view is that the majority of the powers being favorable to a joint guaranty will execute this joint instrument and thereafter carry on a concert of their own. In that event, it is said, the United States would arrange directly with China as to the major portion of the indemnity. The representatives of most of the European powers do not believe that a resort to The Hague tribunal proposed by the United States will be acceptable to their governments.

JAPANESE STILL THERE.

No Sign Yet of Withdrawing Her Troops From China.

Pekin, June 12.—The Chinese express great satisfaction at the announcement of the intention of the court to return to Pekin in September. All the foreign troops, with the exception of the legation guards, are expected to withdraw before the middle of that month, the only troops not already under orders of withdrawal being the Japanese, whose government is sending reliefs. It is said, however, at the Japanese legation that when Japan is absolutely certain the other powers are evacuating, her own troops can be withdrawn on two days' notice. General Voyron, the French commander, has instructions to leave one brigade for service in China, and the French transports are en route. The British will have completed their departure by the end of September, 10 transports making two journeys to India.

Stolen Gold Recovered.

Mineral Point, Wis., June 12.—Thirteen thousand dollars more of the gold coin stolen from the First National Bank here May 24 has been recovered. It was in the vault of an outhouse of a city hotel, about a block from the looted bank, at which the prisoner, Stewart Jelf, boarded. This find and the \$8,000 before recovered comprises all the gold missing. The balance, \$5,800, is in currency, and the detectives hope to recover it later.

ENTOMBED IN MINE

EXPLOSION CAUGHT SIX MINERS AND SET FIRE TO MINE.

Several Rescuing Parties Have Since Gone Into the Mine, but None Have Returned, and It is Feared All Have Been Overcome by Gas—Mine May Have to be Flooded to Stop the Fire.

Port Royal, Pa., June 11.—The Pittsburg Coal & Coke Company's shaft No. 2, at this place, is again on fire, after running steadily for seven years, and at least 30 men are in the mine, many of whom, it is feared, will never be heard from again.

About 6 o'clock smoke was seen to be issuing from shaft No. 2, which is on the line of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad. It is thought the fire started from an explosion, and that six men were in the mine at the time. Two of the men, who were not near the point where the explosion occurred, were brought to the surface by a rescue party after being nearly overcome by after damp. They could give no information as to what caused the fire and could not say for sure how many others were in the mine.

After 7 o'clock Superintendent McCune, of West Newton, and several bosses with about 20 men went down shaft No. 1, which is just opposite on the Baltimore & Ohio side of the river, and have not been heard from since. About three hours after the rescue party had been in the mine two more explosions were heard. Meantime the crowd around the opening of the shaft had increased, the crowd numbering many mothers, wives and sisters of the men entombed. All sorts of plans have been suggested for the rescue of the men. Some talk of turning the river into the mine, but many are opposed to this for fear of drowning the miners. All that would be necessary to let the deluge of water loose in the mines would be to pull a plug which was placed in the mines after the explosion of seven years ago, and the water would rush into the mines at a rapid rate.

At 11 o'clock last night four men volunteered to go down shaft No. 1 and No. 2 and one down shaft No. 3, but to the present time nothing has been heard of them.

At 3 o'clock this morning heavy volumes of smoke are still issuing from the mine, and hope of saving any of the entombed men, miners or rescuers, is fast disappearing.

The Port Royal mines are situated on the Youghiogheny river, 37 miles from Pittsburg. They are owned by the Pittsburg Coal Company.

District Superintendent McCune, who is reported killed at the head of a brave band of volunteers, was one of the most experienced and best known miners in Eastern Pennsylvania.

The Port Royal mines are located in the thick vein coal belt, and are for that reason extremely gaseous and dangerous. The state mining officials have made their management the object of repeated caution.

Seven years ago the mines caught fire from a similar explosion. The mine boss was killed but the others in the pit escaped.

IN NUEVA ECIIJA.

Provincial Government Has Been Established at San Isidro.

Manila, June 12.—The Philippine commission returned to Manila today from the province of Nueva Ecija, Luzon, having organized provincial government at San Isidro, capital of the province.

General Taft told the people that if no power were given to levy customs, the expenses of the central government would be paid by additional internal taxes. He pointed out also that if the decision of the authorities at Washington should result in free trade with the United States, opening up such a great market, the increase in land values would enable the people to respond to the increased internal taxes. The northern tour has been postponed.

The American astronomical commission has returned from Sumatra, and will sail shortly for home.

Lieutenant Wray's command has had six engagements with the insurgents in the province of Sorsogon, Luzon, killing six. Twenty-three insurgents were captured at Atimon, province of Tabayas. Several minor captures are reported from other parts of Southern Luzon, where the insurgents are still active.

The report circulated in the United States that General Cailles has surrendered is unfounded.

Immigration at Manila.

Washington, June 11.—The total number of immigrants arriving at Manila from July to November, 1900, was 6,302, of whom 507 were females. Of the total number arriving, 5,560 had been in the Philippines before; 3,032 could neither read nor write, and 1,517 brought \$30 or more in money.