

JUNCTION CITY BULLETIN.

AN INDEPENDENT PAPER.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the
Two Hemispheres Presented in a
Condensed Form.

A Japanese diplomatic official openly talks war.

There was much bloodshed in a riot in St. Petersburg.

China appeals to England to protect her from Russia.

Fighting has been renewed between the British and the Boers.

The ministers cannot agree on the question of legation guards.

High officials in Brazil are implicated in the monarchist plot.

The British answer to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty is made public.

Twenty-five persons were killed and many injured by a tornado at Birmingham, Ala.

Newcastle, Pa., has rejected Carnegie's offer of \$50,000 with which to establish a library.

The report of the removal of McClevey Brown, minister of Korean customs, is confirmed.

Portraits of Hawaiian political offenders have been removed from the rogues' gallery in Honolulu.

Coroner's jury in Hood River, Or., assassination returns verdict that evidence points to James Green as the guilty party.

Ex-Representative Rodenburg, of Illinois, was appointed a member of the civil service commission to succeed the late Mark S. Brewer.

The president has issued a proclamation announcing the acquisition by purchase of the islands of Sibutu and Cagayan, forming part of the Jolo archipelago.

Clatsop county, Or., will send to the Buffalo exposition a spruce log 16 feet long and 8 1/2 feet in diameter, and a number of carefully prepared hemlock planks.

The transport Hancock has sailed from San Francisco for Manila, with seven officers and 327 men of the Sixth cavalry, seven officers and 350 men of the Seventh infantry, 12 men of the hospital corps, four surgeons, two army officers unattached, and 30 civilian passengers.

Pittsburg street-car men may go on strike.

General Funston has gone in pursuit of Aguinaldo.

Kruger expects to visit the United States next month.

The Philippine commission is taking testimony in Negros.

Japan energetically protests against the Russo-Chinese treaty.

The Portuguese government seized Jesuit property in Lisbon.

Spain received \$100,000 for the islands of Cagayan and Sibutu.

A tornado did great damage to shipping in Pensacola bay, Florida.

Corea removes British collector of customs, which causes a protest.

Governor Rogers, of Washington, vetoed the bill for the selection of school text-books.

Russia agrees with Great Britain to let Von Waldersee arbitrate the Tien Tsin dispute.

Mrs. Nation was escorted from grounds of Kansas soldiers' home to train by police.

Gravily of the Russian student troubles impelled the czar to call a special meeting of the ministers.

Insurgents will be given 30 days' extension of time to take advantage of the law regulating voting and office-holding.

Two hundred girls working in the overall department of Sofford Bros., drygoods factory at Kansas City, walked out. The firm recently reduced the price for making overalls from \$1.25 to 98 cents a dozen.

"The United States government," says the London correspondent of the Daily Express, "has refused New Zealand's request to reopen the question of permitting British steamers to trade between Honolulu and San Francisco."

New Jersey village was destroyed by burning oil, as the result of the wreck of a coal and oil train.

General Weyler, Spanish minister of war, is preparing extensive army reforms. The food of the soldiers will be improved, and economies will be realized in the war budget.

In the bankruptcy court at Burton-on-Trent, England, Lord Waterpark declared his bankruptcy was due to the compulsory sale of his property in compliance with the Gladstone act of 1881. He said he had thereby lost £35,000. The liabilities of the debtor amount to £226,000, and his assets are £2,000.

A RIVER OF FIRE.

Flaming Oil Destroyed New Jersey Village.

NEW YORK, March 26.—A river of flaming oil swept down upon the little village of Glengarden, N. J., while its inhabitants were asleep this morning, and reduced 11 buildings, stores and residences to ashes. The conflagration was extraordinary in character, and in its origin. The village is in a valley along the New Jersey Central Railroad. An immense freight train was coming east at 6:30 A. M. It was composed of a string of coal cars, and 18 tank cars. High above the village the tracks of the railroad run along the side of a mountain. They descend as they approach the village, but even at the station are considerably above the main street, which runs up to the depot at a steep incline.

A few miles west of the village, while coming down the incline around the mountain the train parted. The engineer on the forward end pulled open the throttle of the engine and tried to race away from the section, which was increasing its speed every second. He managed to keep clear of the racing cars until he got opposite the depot at Glengarden, when the second section smashed into the first. The first section, composed of the coal cars, was going at a high rate of speed, and none of its cars were jolted off the track. The oil tanks on the runaway section were hurled sideways across the tracks, and the oil tank cars behind were piled on top of it in every way. The first crash caused the oil in one of the tanks to explode, and ignite, and the terrific heat caused the other cars to explode, one after the other. The incline running from the depot down to the main street acted as a sluice for the burning oil, and it poured into the chief thoroughfare of the village, setting fire to every thing it touched. Houses, fences, trees, shrubbery and barns were reduced to ashes in an incredibly short time.

Villagers awakened by the explosions rushed from the on-coming flood of blazing oil, carrying children in their arms. Some risked their lives to free horses, cows and dogs in outbuildings, but other unfortunate animals could not be reached in time, and were burned. Within five minutes after the first explosion the flowing river of oil had reached the Masonic Temple in the heart of the village and ten minutes later that structure was enveloped in flames. Then building after building, all of them frame, took fire as the oil reached them, and within half an hour an area of 400 feet square was a mass of flame. From the wrecked cars the oil flowed down the incline of the railroad track, making a long line of fire that destroyed the ties and bent and twisted the tracks. The loss is estimated at from \$60,000 to \$75,000.

WANT CIVIL RULE.

Negros is Ready for Provincial Government.

BACALOR, Island of Negros, March 25.—According to expressions of a large majority of the delegates from Occidental Negros and of a few who were present from the Oriental side, the sentiment of the people is overwhelmingly in favor of succeeding the present governments by provincial governments in both divisions. The reasons given for this view are that such a change will effect a reduction of taxes and the high salaries of officials, the establishment of schools and the improvement of roads. The speakers alleged that owing to a lack of means of education, liberty was becoming license. The military commander is credited with having organized the only schools. They are taught by soldiers. Commissioner Taft assured the delegates that Negros would be supplied with American teachers and he outlined the need of organizing provinces uniformly with other islands.

The announcement of yesterday's surrenders in the island of Panay was greeted with applause.

General Harrison's Estate.

Indianapolis, March 25.—Ex-President Harrison left \$40,000 in life insurance. This fact was announced tonight by President Eitel, of the Union Trust Company which is executor of General Harrison's will. He said:

"Our appraisalment of the Harrison estate gives its total value at \$380,000. This includes all real estate, railroad bonds, stock in the Union Trust Company, the law building here, and other securities."

Gales in English Channel.

London, March 25.—The first day of spring was characterized by a gale and a heavy snow storm sweeping over the channel. A storm has been raging for three days over the North sea. Wintry weather is general throughout Central Europe. In consequence of the gale in the channel, more than 300 steamers are anchored off South End. The vessels are so crowding the anchorage that several minor collisions have occurred.

\$100,000 Philadelphia Fire.

Philadelphia, March 26.—The West Park ice palace, at Fifty-second and Jefferson streets, was destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of about \$100,000 on which there was an insurance of about \$75,000. The building was used as a skating rink and for the manufacture of ice for commercial use, and was owned by the York (Pa.) Ice Manufacturing Co.

Earned His Pardon.

Topeka, Kan., March 25.—Governor Stanley today pardoned convict Floyd Graham, who aided Warden Tomlinson in suppressing the insurrection at the penitentiary coal mines this week. Graham climbed 400 feet up the air shaft and communicated to the warden that the convicts were weakening on account of their deplorable condition.

OREGON STATE NEWS

Items of Interest From All Parts
of the State.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL HAPPENINGS

A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth.

Sheridan—The depot at Sheridan is finished.

Coquille—It is proposed at Coquille to organize a fire company.

Table Rock—The Table Rock Irrigating Ditch Company will soon begin work of cleaning and repairing its ditches.

Bald Mountain—The new quartz mill of the Bald Mountain mine started up last week.

Ritter—The floor was blown off the suspension foot bridge at Ritter several days ago by wind.

Hood River—The prospects of the strawberry crop at Hood River are good, and there is an increased acreage.

Union—A plan for starting a free reading room and library at Union is being perfected by women of the city.

Milton—The Offner Fruit Packing Company, of Walla Walla, contemplates erection of a large warehouse at Milton.

Klamath Falls—The work of cleaning out the Klamath Falls irrigating ditch began this week. The ditch will also be widened.

Union—A scheme is under way at Union to erect and equip a two-story brick building for the use of a town commercial club.

Greenhorn—It is reported that the Inter Mountain group in the Greenhorn district has been sold to a syndicate of California capitalists.

Gold Hill—G. Lane will have 25 or 30 tons of ore crushed at Humason & Cheney's quartz mill at Gold Hill. This ore is from the Elsie mine on Blackwell hill.

Umatilla—An O. R. & N. freight train between Umatilla and Wallula passed over a man who was lying on the rails and crushed him beyond recognition.

Granite—There is no public school nearer the Red Boy mine than at Granite, and application has been made for a new school district, with Red Boy as the center.

Condon—A disastrous "pile-up" took place at the sheep camp of S. B. Barker, near Condon. On a separation of the ewes from the lambs the latter piled up in a ditch, and 88 head were smothered.

Sumpter—It is reported from Sumpter that the Golconda mine is showing another rich ore body, and that as underground development continues the prospects of the mine grow better each succeeding day.

Canyon City—James Robinson, one of the oldest and best-known citizens of Grant county, died at Canyon City after a lingering illness of nearly 12 years. Deceased was born in New Brunswick, January 12, 1834.

Klamath Falls—The Ashland-Klamath Falls mail route and schedule has been changed. It will hereafter be a daylight run, and the route from Parker's station to Jenny creek will be over the logging camp road.

Canyonville—A company contemplates building a flume from Canyon Creek, five miles south of Canyonville, to the mines owned by Lewis Ash, which are situated about halfway between Riddle and Canyonville.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 56@57c; valley, nominal; bluestem, 59c per bushel.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.80@3.40 per barrel; graham, \$2.60.

Oats—White, \$1.25 per cental; gray, \$1.20@1.22 per cental.

Barley—Feed, \$16.50@17; brewing \$16.50@17 per on.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$16 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$17.50; chop, \$16.

Hay—Timothy, \$12@12 50; clover, \$7@9 50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton.

Hops—12@14c per pound; 1899 crop, 6@7c.

Wool—Valley, 14@15c; Eastern Oregon, 9@12c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 22 1/2@25c; dairy, 17 1/2@20c; store, 10@12 1/2c per pound.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 13@13 1/2c per dozen.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@5; hens, \$5@5.50; dressed, 11@12c per pound; spring, \$4@6 per dozen; ducks, \$5@6; geese \$6@8 per dozen; turkeys, live, 9@10c per pound; dressed, 13@14c per pound.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 13@13 1/2c; Young America, 13 1/2@14c per pound.

Potatoes—45@55c per sack.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers, \$4.75; ewes, \$4@4.50; dressed 6 1/2@7c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$5@5.25; light, \$4.75@5; dressed, 6@7c per pound.

Veal—Large, 7@7 1/2c per pound; small, 8 1/2@9c per pound.

Beef—Gross, top steers, \$4.50@4.75; cows, \$4@4.50; dressed beef, 7@8c per pound.

DEATH IN A TORNADO.

Funnel-Shaped Cloud Tore Through Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 27.—Shortly before 7 o'clock this morning a fearful tornado swept over the southern part of this city. The number of killed tonight is estimated at 25, 15 of whom are white. Eighteen bodies have been recovered, and scores of injured have been removed to the hospitals. Among the dead are Dr. G. C. Chapman, of the firm of Tully & Chapman, who conduct a private infirmary in this city, and the wife and infant child of Robert J. Lowe, chairman of the democratic state executive committee.

The storm struck the city in the extreme southwestern corner and plowed its way eastward, leaving a path 150 feet wide through the entire southern section, extending from Green Springs on the west to Avondale on the east, and continued its course until its force was spent in the mountains beyond Irondale, a small town, six miles east of the city.

STORM IN COLORADO.

Cattlemen Have Already Suffered Loss—Traffic Is Blocked.

DENVER, Colo., March 27.—A storm has prevailed all over Colorado today, in some places reaching the proportions of a blizzard. Snow has fallen to a depth from three to 10 inches. The storm still continues with severity in the mountains, blocking railroads and traffic generally. Already cattlemen have suffered loss, and fears are entertained that the loss will be greatly increased before the storm is ended. All trains from the East are delayed by the storm in Kansas. Regular trains on the Colorado & Southern between here and Leadville have been abandoned, as the cuts are filled with snow. On the western slope the fall of snow has been heaviest. In some places it is 10 inches on the level and much deeper on the mountains. Reports come from Lamar, Colo., that the storm is driving the cattle along with it, and undoubtedly many will die from exposure. Reports from the vicinity of Casper, Wyo., show similar weather conditions there.

TORNADO IN THE NORTH.

Villages Near Kalamazoo, Mich., Were Wrecked.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 27.—A tornado struck the town of Pavilion, a small village 25 miles southeast of Kalamazoo, which wrecked a number of houses, uprooted trees, tore down telegraph poles and did much other damage. A woman who was ill in one of the houses blown down is reported fatally hurt, and many others were injured. The home of Noah Tripp was rolled over for a distance of five rods, and Mrs. Tripp was completely buried under the debris. She was found lying under the stove, and sustained injuries which may result fatally. The house caught fire and was completely ruined. The storm passed through Vicksburg and Scott's Station, both small towns, doing great damage. Nearly every building in the path of the storm was wrecked. Large orchards were destroyed and fences are down everywhere. At Indian Lake the wind formed a waterspout in crossing that body of water, and a large district on the east shore was inundated.

GREAT BRITAIN PROTESTS

Against Removal of Corea of Collector of Customs.

YOKOHAMA, March 27.—Advices from Seoul announce that the Korean government has dismissed from office McLeavy Brown, director general of Korean customs, and that Great Britain is protesting against his dismissal.

The dismissal of Mr. McLeavy Brown from the post of director general of Korean customs is regarded in London as another score for Russia. In 1895 and again in 1898 Russian pressure was exerted to procure his removal. In the latter case he was only reinstated after a British squadron had moved to Chemulpo. As recently as a few months ago Russia strongly opposed an attempt by Mr. Brown to raise a loan for the Korean government to purchase shares in the railway from Seoul to Fusan. As a result of her opposition, the negotiations for the loan failed.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that M. Pavoff, Russian minister at Seoul, has protested against Corea taking foreigners into the government service with the exception of Russians, and demanded the appointment of the latter, but Corea seemed determined with the help of the powers to defend her integrity.

Deputy Treasurer of Washington.

Olympia, Wash., March 27.—State Treasurer Maynard has appointed his son, Clarence Maynard, of Chehalis, deputy treasurer. H. F. Nichols, of Hunt's Junction, was originally selected for the position, but recently notified the treasurer that he could not, for business reasons, accept the appointment.

Murdered While Doing Good Work.

Tien Tsin, March 27.—Inquiries show that the Rev. J. Stonehouse, of the London Missionary Society, who, as announced in these dispatches yesterday, was killed by brigands 14 miles east of Tien Tsin, was murdered at the ferry of the village of Whangalo, on the Hun Ho river, 10 miles east of Tungan Hsien, while distributing relief to the starving villagers.

In an affray last evening two members of the Welsh Fusilier regiment and a member of the Victorian contingent, who were acting as policemen, were sabered and bayoneted.

TO OVERTURN BRAZIL

Details of the Monarchist Plot Have Been Revealed.

MUCH EXCITEMENT IN RIO DE JANEIRO

High Officers in the Navy and Army Involved—Assassination of President Salles Was to Have Been Signal.

NEW YORK, March 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rio Janeiro says: "Great excitement prevails here over the arrest of Admiral Custodio, Jose Mello and others, on account of the discovery of a monarchist plot through the suicide of Baron de Bural. Extraordinary precautions are being taken by the government to prevent any outbreak. Apprehension centers about the navy. The war vessels are being closely guarded, as it is believed that the officers are not quite trustworthy.

Details of the plot which Baron de Bural revealed to the authorities have been revealed. It was the purpose of those concerned, it is declared, to give the signal for the outbreak by the assassination of President Campos Salles. During the excitement that followed, the monarchist adherents in the army and navy were to take possession of the city and hold the government offices. The affairs of the state were to be intrusted to a triumvirate composed of Admiral Mello, Marshal Canturia and Counsellor La Fayette Pereria. Admiral Mello was quietly removed from this city, as it was feared that his presence would cause disturbances. He was conveyed to Cobias island, where he is held in the custody of Admiral Proenca.

Colombian Rebels Active.

Kingston, Jamaica, March 27.—The British mail steamer Para, from Colon, brings reports of renewed activity on the part of the rebels in the vicinity of Panama. The hands of the government are full in their efforts to keep the rebels out of the city. Excessive war taxes are being levied, and last week a party of business men protested against these high rates. They were thereupon arrested and charged with being rebel sympathizers. Two of the prisoners managed to leave the country by steamer, but the others were kept in prison until they have paid the heavy fines imposed against them. Passengers by the steamer Para say that the revolution shows no signs of ending in the near future. Business is carried on in Colon and Panama with the greatest difficulty, and the enormous prices of foodstuffs is causing general suffering. The liberals are expecting large reinforcements from the Costa Rican sympathizers.

POSITION OF CHILE.

She is Determined to Keep Tacna and Arica.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Chile's purpose to retain the provinces of Tacna and Arica, notwithstanding the protests of Peru and Bolivia, is formally acknowledged in an official statement of the Chilean case communicated to the United States and other powers, says the Washington correspondent of the Herald. The announcement of this purpose is coupled with charges of bad faith made by Chile against Peru and Bolivia. These charges are counter to similar allegations made by the two last-named countries against Chile.

Chile seeks to prevent any intervention on the part of the United States in the South American dispute. Peru and Bolivia are utilizing every channel to bring pressure to bear upon the administration to induce it to take action. The president has definitely decided, however, that he will not take action unless all three powers request it. In view of the latest declaration made by Chile it is apparent that she will suffer no outside check in her purpose to acquire definite sovereignty over the provinces she has controlled since the war 20 years ago.

RODENBURG APPOINTED.

Illinois Man Succeeds the Late Mark S. Brewer.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The president has appointed ex-Representative W. A. Rodenburg, of Illinois, a member of the civil service commission, to succeed the late Hon. Mark S. Brewer, and E. I. Allen, of Auburn, N. Y., commissioner of patents, to succeed Commissioner Duell, resigned. The selection of Mr. Rodenburg removes one of the factors which has delayed the appointment of the St. Louis exposition commissioners. Mr. Rodenburg's friends pressed persistently for one of those places. It is generally believed that Mr. Rodenburg's candidacy clashed directly with that of Professor Northrup, of Minnesota. The announcement of the commission is now expected within a few days.

\$12,000 in Jewelry Stolen.

New York, March 27.—A daring burglary which occurred Friday evening was made public tonight. The residence entered was that of Dr. Nathan E. Brill, on West Seventy-sixth street, and the thieves secured jewelry said to be worth about \$12,000. The physician's house is in a fashionable neighborhood. The doctor and his wife were visiting Friday evening, and four servants remained in the house. In spite of this fact, when the Brills returned home they found that thieves had visited Mrs. Brill's room and taken every piece of jewelry from that apartment.