

A DAY AT A TIME

by Ruth Taylor

Great times call for great people. But it isn't the crises that call for the greatest exercise of self-control and patience. It is the every day grind of monotonous, disagreeable tasks. We can stand big sacrifices, but it's the giving up of little things which no one knows about that wears our tempers thin.

It's the plane spotting detail on a holiday evening—after weeks of nothing happening. It's the first aid class on the first spring day. It's the store being out of butter when we've so carefully rationed our family. It's the conscience that makes us buy bonds when we want bright new clothes. It's all the things we do day in and day out that nobody notices, that makes us, not angry, but—worse still—fretful.

What we must do is to remember that ill temper in these days is the warning of the danger hour on the home front. It is the sign of the weakness in the fortifications, the break in the line—and, just as on the battlefield, so on the home front, it means we must call up the reserves.

Why is it dangerous? Because through the gaps of discontent may come the saboteurs, those self-same sneak thieves who destroyed the countries of Europe. They slow up work by saying—"You have done your share. Wait till the other fellow catches up with you." They delay the war effort by whispering, "Just this one day off. You are only one. You won't be missed." They waste material by saying, "You can save tomorrow. Have what you want today."

Then when the will is weakened, come the tank troops—"Everyone else is getting theirs. You're a sap. Get yours." They attack racial and religious groups, imputing to all, the mistakes—common to all groups—of a few individuals. They make scapegoats and use them as alibis for negligence, indifference and selfishness.

And then—in through the breaks made by the tanks, pour the shock troops of the conqueror.

How can we fight this subtle enemy? By throwing in the reserves of character before the line is weakened. By determining resistance to self-pity, discontent, discouragement, resentment, prejudice. I have a motto I always carry with me which helps me. In the hope that it may help others, I quote it here:

"Anyone can carry his burden, however heavy, till nightfall. Anyone can do his work, however hard, for one day. Anyone can live sweetly, patiently, lovingly, purely, till the sun goes down. And this is all that life ever really means."

INFORMATION ABOUT WAACS

WHO MAY JOIN THE WAACS
To be eligible for enrollment in the WAAC an applicant must:

- A. Be a woman citizen of the United States.
- B. Be between the ages of 21 and 44 years, inclusive.
- C. Submit satisfactory proof of date of birth and citizenship.
- D. Have an excellent character.
- E. Pass a mental alertness test.
- F. Pass a physical examination.
- G. Must not have financial dependents.
- H. If married, must not have children younger than 14.

WHERE YOU MAY GO TO JOIN
Most cities and towns have local WAAC recruiting volunteer committees who can furnish information and application forms. Larger cities have army recruiting stations which can furnish the necessary information. Write WAAC Section, U. S. Army Recruiting Station, 614 S. W. 11th Ave., Portland.

NO EXPENSE INVOLVED
Upon acceptance of the application, applicants living more than 50 miles from Portland will be furnished transportation to Portland to complete the enrollment process. Their meals will be furnished and if necessary, hotel accommodations.

DUTIES IN THE WAACS
Here is a partial list of duties of the WAACS—accountants, aircraft warning service, bookkeepers, bookkeeping machine operators, cadre clerks, camera technicians, cashiers, chauffeurs, classification specialists, clerks, draftsmen, librarians, machine record operators, message center clerks, musicians, statisticians, stenographers and weather observers.

Remember that each WAAC will replace a soldier for combat duty.

—BUY BONDS—

SIGNAL LIGHT FOR NAVY

Constructed to Navy specifications, a new signal light has been produced which has a Fresnel lens similar to those used in light houses. Westinghouse engineers state that a tight cluster of six pencil-shaped lamps are shielded so as to cut off all rays more than 20 degrees above the horizontal. It can be fastened to the mast of any ship; it is shock-proof and reliable. It serves in place of radio for signaling when enemy planes may be overhead.

—BUY BONDS—

The goal of the Second War Loan drive is 13 billion dollars. That is just about one fifth of the estimated increase of the Public Debt for the fiscal year of 1943.

American People Face Acid Test in Treasury's 2nd War Loan To Raise 13 Billion Dollars in Three Weeks
The Nation Dare Not Fail in This Greatest Financing Task in History—"They Give Their Lives—You Lend Your Money."

Washington, D. C.—Coming as it does upon the heels of income tax payments, the people of America will face an acid test this month when the Treasury's Second War Loan drive opens April 12 with an objective of thirteen billion dollars to be raised through sale of Government securities.

A substantial part of this huge financing, the most stupendous ever undertaken by any government in the world's history, must be loaned by people in ordinary walks of life.

High Government officials have pointed out that the nation must not fail in this duty to our men on the battle fronts who are now carrying the offensive to the enemy at every stage. It is obvious to every thinking man and woman that as the United Nations take this offensive against the dictators, the cost of war operations increases in proportion.

The American people must no longer think of war costs in terms of equipping a soldier, building a tank or plane or a ship. We must now think in terms of the cost of battles, invasions and new offensives. Attacking armies cost more money than equipping that army and we must meet that increased cost by buying more War Bonds and Second War Loan Securities.

They Give Their Lives.

It is not only necessary that the American people left here at home assume this additional participation in the war effort—it is an honor to do so . . . for we here at home can do no less than attempt to approach the sacrifices of our brave men out on the fighting fronts to whom the last great measure of sacrifice is but a daily offering. They give their lives . . . we are asked only to lend our money.

And that is the theme of the Second War Loan, "They Give Their Lives—You Lend Your Money."

Financial experts who know monetary conditions in the nation point out that at the present time there is in liquid funds, cash and commercial bank deposits over and above taxes and present investment in Government Bonds, and over and

above what can be bought this year because of restrictions and rationing . . . approximately 40 billions of dollars which should go into Government Bonds.

It should be the objective of every American to invest these loose dollars, idle dollars, in Government securities, not only from a patriotic standpoint, but from the standpoint of their own financial security. There is available during the Second War Loan a type of Security to fit every pocketbook.

Are Wild Dollars

Every dollar of these forty billions of dollars available, which is not invested in Government securities during this War Loan Drive is a "wild" dollar which, together with its mates, will tend to increase inflation. Uncontrolled inflation might raise the cost of living to a point where the dollar is worthless. It can happen. It happened in Germany after the last war when the price of a loaf of bread cost more than an annual wage.

Invested in Government securities, your dollar will work for you. It will hold down inflation because it is harnessed in war work; it will help buy food, transportation, munitions for our boys on the front lines and it will be earning interest that, together with your original loan, will come back to you later to help you buy the things you cannot buy today . . . to insure your peace of the future.

Remember those boys out there . . . in Tunisia . . . in the South Pacific . . . They give their lives—You lend your money.

OSC Selected by Army For Advanced Work

OREGON STATE COLLEGE

This institution has been selected as the "pool college" in the United States to which the army will send students for advanced engineering training. Major Glen L. Webster, executive officer of the Army Specialized Training unit here, has announced. This means that student soldiers eligible for the more advanced engineering training will be sent here for what in some cases may be equivalent to late senior or post-graduate work. Some have already come from the University of Minnesota and the University of Michigan.

More than 600 students in army private's uniform and on pay are now attending classes here. Of these, 220 are junior and senior R.O.T.C. men who have returned from Camp Lewis, where they were formally inducted into active service. The others are men sent here from scores of camps where they were selected for engineering training. The latter are housed in the men's dormitory and the former in four fraternity houses leased for the purpose.

Regular enrollment this term has reached 2801 exclusive of the A.S.T.U., or an even 3200 counting such special students.

PRECIPITRONS GO TO WAR

Dust and smoke can seriously affect the nation's war effort, according to Westinghouse engineers. The Precipitron is useful for removing dust from air breathed by desert engines, thus lengthening their life. So as not to betray a ship's presence below the horizon, the smoke from its stack can be eliminated by a similar electrostatic separator.

—BUY BONDS—

See us now for Automobile Liability Insurance. Mrs. M. T. Burns—on the Plaza.

—BUY BONDS—

STUDENT OFFICERS ELECTED

Student body officers of the Southern Oregon College of Education were elected last week as follows, to serve next year: President, Vernon Kolen of Marshfield; vice-president, La Mar Ormond of Ashland; secretary, Evelyn Wirostek of Marshfield; treasurer, Marie Pochet of Paisley; pep promoter, Ida Willard of Ashland.

—BUY BONDS—

"Gardening this year amounts to a lot more than a way to get wholesome exercise or to blow off patriotic steam. I am not underestimating either their health or morale values when I say that the main reason for victory gardens is to produce additional food to help fight this war."—Chester C. Davis, Food Administrator.

FOREST FIRE HAZARDS GREAT

Forest protective organizations and timberland owners in the Pacific Northwest face the prospect of the most dangerous and hazardous fire year in history without benefit of federal emergency funds such as were used to such good advantage last year. A \$6,500,000 emergency fund has been cut from the special deficiency appropriation budget. This would have been divided among the states for use against enemy sabotage and for preventive purposes.

Leaders in both Oregon and Washington forest industries circles, state officials and fire protective association wardens are bringing terrific pressure on western congressmen to get the emergency forest fire fighting funds reinstated and are asking the general public's support.

"Our need is greater than ever and the possibility of sabotage of our forests puts the Pacific Coast in the combat zone of this war," said Orville Miller, president of the West Coast Lumberman's association. "The extra help must come from Congress to increase effectiveness of our forest fire fighting organizations by adding extra men to meet enemy attacks against our forests."

In citing the need for the emergency funds Oregon State Forester Nelson S. Rogers said, "This money is designated to care for emergency expense occasioned by war hazards to our forests and would supplement the already extremely large contribution of industry timber owners and the state. It is identical in amount with the emergency funds received last year and which we used so effectively. Oregon's share would be \$488,820."

"Private operators this year have contributed \$486,255 for fire protection through state controlled associations, the state has put up another \$377,907, and private timber land owners in addition will spend this year an additional \$1,117,600. State Forester Rogers pointed out. "State and private This extra money we want is for preventive measures to meet the ever-present dangers and hazards caused by the war. This is a national responsibility and must be borne by the federal government."

"It is unthinkable that Congress should fail to at least provide the appropriations necessary to protect the forests of the United States during this combination of emergency conditions," said Colonel W. B. Greeley, manager of the West Coast Lumberman's association. "This war is a hazard that affects the Pacific Coast more than any other area of the United States. We are extremely vulnerable to attack from the sea—twice last year abortive attempts were made to set fire to our forests by enemy planes from submarines. We have the largest areas of inflammable coniferous forests running right down to the water's edge. The possibilities are frightful unless we get this money for adequate prevention and protection of our critically needed forests."

More than 1500 high school boys 16 and 17 years of age have been under intensive training this winter by state forestry officials preparing them to take over the jobs of emergency fire crews in all forest areas in this state. Their wages and support would be met from these emergency funds. The importance of maintaining these crews of young men in 5-, 10- and 20-man combat teams scattered through forest areas where they can rush to a fire and get at it while it is small was stressed by Forester Rogers.

"We must have this money," Rogers went on. "These young boys we are training for emergency standby fire combat teams may mean the difference between saving our forests and losing

WAR BOND QUIZ

Q. In what names may a War Savings Bond be issued?

- A. War Bonds can be registered only in the names of individuals in their own right, in one of the following forms:
1. The name of one individual, or
 2. The names of individuals, owners, or
 3. The name of individual as beneficiary and the other individual as beneficiary.

Q. May a Bond be registered in the name of a minor?



A. Yes.

Q. How can I buy a Bond by mail from agencies other than a post office?

A. Write to the Treasurer of the United States for an order form or send a letter with a check to the Treasury Department or to a Federal Reserve bank stating number and denominations of Bonds wanted and giving complete instructions as to the desired registration.

Q. Can Bonds be attached for debt in case of a judgment?

A. Yes. The right to receive payment of a Bond may be transferred through valid judicial proceedings, but only if the Bond itself is surrendered to the Treasury Department. See Treasury Department Circular No. 530, Fifth Revision.

Remember—the longer you keep War Bonds, up to 10 years, the more valuable they become.

WSS 767C U. S. Treasury Dept.

DESIGN ARC SEARCHLIGHT

Military authorities recently required a powerful searchlight for operation on 24 volts direct-current. According to Westinghouse experts, engineers accomplished the impossible in arcs normally become unstable at less than 55 volts. A new type of carbon electrode plus a new control scheme produced a light stable even at 18-volts with a light beam of 50 million candlepower. Not only that, the light is more efficient than previous models.

—BUY BONDS—

GUESTS AT CHURCH

Members of all Patriotic organizations are invited to the Morning Worship service of the First Presbyterian Church at 11 a.m. Sunday May 30th, according to Rev. Howard G. Eddy, Minister.

operators have done all they can. They will be subject to call. That means we will not have to shut down logging camps to get men to fight forest fires, except in extreme emergency."

Senator Rufus Holman will take the lead, it is understood, in the fight which apparently will be necessary to get an emergency appropriation acted upon favorably. Forest leaders urge that citizens of the Northwest write their representatives and tell them of the great need for the protection of the forest lands of the Northwest from which more than one-third of all the government needs for lumber for war is coming.



You'll cheer Deanna Durbin as "The Amazing Mrs. Holliday," her first picture in a year. Edmond O'Brien is in the supporting cast.

He Who Laughs----Lasts!



NEW DRESSES

Wash Frocks	\$1.59-\$1.98-\$2.98
Jerseys-Rayons	\$3.98-\$4.98-\$5.98-\$8.90
Slack Suits	\$3.98-\$4.98-\$5.98-\$8.90
Skirts	\$1.98 to \$4.98
Blouses	\$1.00 to \$3.98

Better come in and see this swell line of Dresses — this type of material can not last very long.

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