

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Supreme Court Finds AAA Unconstitutional—Democrats Pick Philadelphia for Convention—Bonus Measure Is Pushed Through House.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

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SIX justices of the United States Supreme court, including Chief Justice Hughes, joined in an opinion that killed the Agricultural Adjustment act. Three associate justices, Stone, Brandeis and Cardozo, dissented. The majority decision, read by Associate Justice Owen J. Roberts, held that the AAA was wholly unconstitutional because it invaded the rights of the states in seeking to control farm production.

The whole system of processing taxes imposed to finance the program was swept into disarray. Not only are the processing taxes illegal but the court apparently declared the farm benefit contracts void and put up bars against any attempt of the federal government to regulate farm production by whatever means.

Senators and representatives who immediately began planning legislation to continue benefit payments to farmers and to balance agricultural output did not seem to grasp the full significance of this part of the decision. The court said flatly that regulation of farm production is not within the scope of the federal government and of its powers to accomplish this, nor can it purchase adherence to a control scheme by federal payments.

The decision destroyed not only the original AAA but also the amended act of the last session of congress.

The dissenting opinion held that the AAA was a legitimate employment of the power to tax for the general welfare. It attacked the theory that the preservation of our institutions is the exclusive concern of the Supreme court and suggested that under the majority decision the unemployment work relief act is unconstitutional.

AAA Administrator Chester Davis stopped all payments to farmers "until further notice," and the Treasury department ordered all collectors of internal revenue to desist from further efforts to collect processing taxes.

In his budget message President Roosevelt included revenue from processing taxes, so the Supreme court decision had the effect of throwing the 1937 budget still further out of balance by something like a billion dollars.

IN HIS speech at the \$50 a plate Jackson day dinner in Washington, President Roosevelt declined to comment on the Supreme court decision killing the AAA. "It is enough to say," he said, "that the attainment of justice and prosperity for American agriculture remains an immediate and constant objective of my administration."

Secretary Wallace called into consultation at Washington about 100 representatives of farm organizations to try to formulate some plan for speedy legislation to supplant the discredited law. Assurance that farmers who have fulfilled contract agreements would be paid was given by President Roosevelt when he advised administration leaders in congress to push through a \$250,000,000 appropriation.

Clarification of the status of \$1,200,000,000 paid in taxes by processors was expected when the court decides the eight rice processing tax cases argued recently. Legal experts in congress said an act of congress would be required if the \$979,000,000 in processing taxes paid into the treasury are to be refunded. Disposition of the \$200,000,000 processing taxes impounded in federal courts probably will hinge on decision in the rice cases.

AUCTIONED off to the highest bidder, the Democratic national convention of 1936 was sold to Philadelphia by the party's national committee. The price was \$200,000, plus some prizes and concessions. Chicago and San Francisco also bid for the convention. The former offered a certified check for \$150,000. The California city made the same bid and later raised it to \$202,500.

During a brief recess Chairman Farley telephoned, presumably to the White House, and Vice President Garner moved among members of the committee urging the selection of Philadelphia. Therefore the City of Brotherly Love won the prize. The opening of the convention was set for June 23, two weeks after the Republican convention in Cleveland.

NO TIME was lost in putting through the house the bonus measure that had been agreed upon by veterans' organizations and approved by the ways and means committee. It carries the

name of the Vinson-Patman-Cormack bill and is a compromise that authorizes immediate payment of the bonus but offers no definite plan for raising the money. It would provide 3 per cent interest until 1945 for veterans refraining from cashing their adjusted service certificates at once, and cancel all interest still due on loans on the certificates.

WITH the obvious intention of building up public sentiment in favor of the special brand of neutrality legislation he desires, Senator Nye had before his senate munitions committee for several days J. P. Morgan, Thomas W. Lamont and other members of the great Morgan banking company. Nye and Stephen Rauschenbusch, investigator for the committee, sought to prove that the United States was drawn into the World war by the loans made to the allies by Morgan & Co. and its associates. The testimony concerning these loans and their implications was long and complicated. The financiers were well prepared for the inquiry and were armed with a great quantity of documents, and though there was a good deal of acrimonious talk, Mr. Morgan appeared entirely unperturbed.

J. P. Morgan. When the delegates to the naval conference in London resumed their deliberations Admiral Osami Nagano, chief representative of Japan, firmly repeated his demand that Great Britain and the United States concede the parity claims of Japan as preliminary to any agreement. This attitude stopped all discussion of the British, French and Italian proposal for exchange of information about naval building plans and threatened the conference with early collapse. The crisis was so serious that Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden himself took a part in the affair, calling the Japanese to his office in an attempt to induce them to adopt a more conciliatory attitude.

Japanese spokesmen declared they were interested first and last in the total tonnage question—under which they demand equality—and were not at all interested in other aspects of naval limitations to which the conference sought to turn.

SURROUNDED by klieg lights, microphones and movie cameras, President Roosevelt stood before the senate and house in night joint session and delivered what was nominally his annual message on the state of the nation. Actually it was not that at all, but a statement concerning the welfare and international disturbances on the other continents, followed by what the press generally considered an eloquent and militant political speech addressed to the people of the United States, who by the millions were listening in on their radios.

Democrats and Republicans alike commended the President's opening paragraph in which he boldly condemned the aggression of Italy and Japan, though without naming those nations; and there was little dissent from his assertion that the United States must maintain its neutrality while seeking to "discourage the use by belligerent nations of any and all American products calculated to facilitate the prosecution of a war in quantities over and above our normal exports to them in time of peace."

The remainder of the message, devoted to domestic affairs, was devoted chiefly to a belligerently worded defense of the New Deal measures of the administration, an attack on those who oppose them and a spirited passage in which Mr. Roosevelt defied and dared his critics to move for the repeal of those measures instead of "hiding their dissent in a cowardly cloak of generality." In only two paragraphs did the President dwell on "the state of the nation." In these he said that after nearly three years of the New Deal national income is increasing, agriculture and industry are "returning to full activity," and "we approach a balance of the national budget." That last statement was greeted with mocking laughter from the Republican side of the chamber, and though the Democrats cheered loudly, Mr. Roosevelt himself smiled at his words.

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OREGON STATE NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST

Brief Resume of Happenings of the Week Collected for Our Readers

Eugene—The McKenzie pass is closed for the year. It has been kept open for a record date this year. The last previous date was December 29.

Medford — During 1935, 445 marriage licenses were issued in Jackson county, as compared with 427 in 1934. There were six fewer divorce suits filed in 1935 than in 1934.

Astoria—For the first time in its history Clatsop county taxes actually collected last year exceeded the tax roll for the year. Delinquent taxes collected amounted to \$745,315.

Redmond—P. G. Simkins has leased the 300-acre ranch near the old site of Deschutes and will raise turkeys. He has placed orders for 10,000 turkey poulters and expects to raise 15,000 turkeys next year.

Marshfield — The number of automobiles carried by the Coos Bay ferry during 1935 was 345,922, as compared with 232,293 in 1934. The number of passengers in 1935 was 1,003,741, as against 619,760 in 1934.

Sweet Home—Abandonment of the Sweet Home city water project, launched as a WPA project, has been ordered by the city council. One reason given is that exacting federal requirements would render cost of materials prohibitive.

Astoria — The city of Astoria has received \$1400 from applications for pinball licenses and music box licenses as the result of a new ordinance licensing them. Two master pinball machine distributors' licenses have been issued at \$500 each.

Baker—An ordinance licensing the operators of pinball and other games of like character involving an element of skill has been adopted by the city commissioners of Baker. The annual license fee will be \$100, and in addition operators must pay a fee of \$7.50 on each machine.

Crescent Lake — King Winter has dropped in for certain, leaving nine inches of fresh snow that drifted into deep drifts before the first heavy winds this section has had this winter. Highways are well drifted over in most cases now and it is doubtful if they can be used by automobiles again before spring. There is 18 inches of snow.

Enterprise — Three bull elk of the herd that roams at the head of Wallowa lake have been making themselves very much at home in the city of Joseph of late. They broke into two hay sheds to get feed at the homes of Mrs. Jennie Acton and of Mrs. H. J. Butler. Marshal Roscoe Foster was called first to drive them away and then Game Warden George M. Rogers was summoned to give them a scare with a shotgun.

Eugene—Right of way for a two-mile section of the secondary state highway known locally as "route F" which is a short cut from Eugene to the ocean, has been secured and the state highway commission is expected to let the grading and surfacing contract soon. County officers say that the commission has been ready for some time past, but there has been difficulty in getting the right of way. The section of highway to be built is only a short distance west of Eugene.

Coyotes Approach Town Enterprise — Residents in the east part of town heard the wail of coyotes one night the first of this week. The animals come close in the hill country where houses are few and far apart.

Ferry Sets Record North Bend—For the year 1935 an all-time record of 345,922 cars was set by the ferryboat Oregon, which plies between Glasgow and North Bend, according to figures compiled by Captain John H. Graham.

Milk Supply Pure Astoria—Astoria's milk supply is among the finest in the country. City Milk Inspector Eugene Chadwick stated in revealing that the average bacterial content for dairies here during 1935 was well under 10,000, the standard for certified milk. He estimated the daily consumption here at 6000 quarts.

Lumber Returns Gain Klamath Falls — The Klamath lumber industry closed the year with the highest valued cut since 1931. It is announced by the Chamber of Commerce in figures compiled through the co-operation of lumbermen. With a value of \$9,277,000 a total of 463,850,000 board feet was cut in Klamath county during 1935. In 1934 the cut was 330,000,000 feet, with a value of \$6,500,000. The cut in 1935 is heavier than any other year on this list, although value is considerably below cut years of the late 20's.

GOLDEN PHANTOMS

Fascinating Tales of Lost Mines

THE LOST FIND

THE Funeral range of mountains, east of Death Valley, conceals a lost mine known as the Find. A man named Smith was its discoverer, and he went to New York with the first of his new wealth, spent it lavishly, and at the end of two months died of apoplexy.

He left a map, a fairly accurate one, showing the eastern part of Death Valley, and in the northernmost range of mountains a canyon had been drawn in detail. Near the head of this canyon a red cross marked the Find.

Basing their itineraries on this map, many people tried to reach the mine, but with no success. Then a "location notice," written peculiarly and apparently designed to give clues only to those who knew which were real and which false directions, was unearthed from beneath a location monument where the copper camp of Greenwater stands. The notice read as follows:

"Notice is hereby given that we, the men that wrote this notice, is over the age of twenty-one and are citizens of the United States, Cuba, and the Philippines; we do this day locate one gold mine. Known as the Bryfogle, and more particularly described as follows:

"Commencing at this big monument of stone on a cold rainy night and running 35 hours with Indians after him, come to a big canyon that leads up to the north with two big rocks on one side of the mouth of the canyon, the one on the right round and smooth, and the one on the left rough and rugged. These rocks stand 20 feet high. Follow up this canyon about five hours on burros or one and one-half hours on horseback you will come to the fork of the canyon. Take the left hand one and ride hard for two hours and you will come to a small gulch leading up to the right. Go up this about one-fourth of a mile you will come to a small water hole. Sometimes it's a dry hole. If it's a water hole when you get there, water your animals, fill your canteen and then go on until the gulch forks again, then take the right hand one until it forks, then lead up the left one just a little ways and you will discover the find we have been unable to locate. The canyon is yet, and we take this means of locating the big find. The map of the above described property will be furnished to anyone on application to the undersigned. Located this first day of January, 1902.

"Locator," "J. W. Trotter," "P. S.—Don't look for this mine in the summer time, as it is dangerous."

Doc."

SWIFT SILVER MINE

THERE seem to be three distinct eras in America during which mining was most important. The first was during the Spanish occupation, the second after the Civil war, and the last the present time. But the Swift silver mine belongs to none of them; it produced its silver shortly before the Revolution.

Swift was the captain of a sailing vessel of those times. He met a man who had been adopted into an Indian tribe, and this man revealed that the Indians had discovered a fabulously rich deposit of silver in Kentucky.

The mine was in a cave, well hidden from the casual searcher. It was all that had been promised, and Swift set to work mining and smelting the ore, running it into molds and stamping it with a dollar die which he had brought with him. When they had made as much of this money as they could carry, they concealed the place as the Indians had done and started eastward—none too soon, for the tribesmen discovered that their mine had been plundered and started on their trail. In fact, pursuit grew so hot that the white men were forced to bury a large proportion of their spoils.

Then came the Revolutionary war, and Swift was busy with many matters. We next meet up with him when he came into Kentucky with Boone, and told the story of the Indian mine at Boonesborough.

He said that he could find the place again, although his sight was failing, and a company was formed to go with him. He led them truly, and at last toward evening one day he recognized the location. The night was spent in dreams of great fortune, and at daybreak every one was eager to uncover the hidden shaft—but alas! during the night Swift's eyesight had left him completely, and he could not see even the sun as it poured its rays against his face.

He tried to tell the men where to go, but it was useless. They were forced at last to abandon their search and return home empty handed.

That mine has been hunted ever since those days, but it remains hidden.

PRETTY STENCILED POT HOLDER SET

By GRANDMOTHER CLARK



These two little Sunbonnet Girls seem to be having some important secrets. They both work in the kitchen and are talking over their day's experience. They are the little pot holder girls, a cute and novel holder to have in your kitchen. The two dresses are the pot holders and when hanging up snap into place under the bonnet. Finished size 11 by 14 inches.

This stamped and tinted piece of material, No. 1002, will be mailed for 15 cents. This is to be made up and worked in simple outline stitch. Address Home Craft Co., Dept. A, Nineteenth and St. Louis Ave., St. Louis, Mo. Inclose a stamped and addressed envelope for reply when writing for any information.

Mark Twain's Wit Shown in Collection of Aphorisms

Being a philosopher, Mark Twain was given to creating aphorisms—his diaries published in Cosmopolitan are full of them. For example: Grief can take care of itself, but to get the full value of joy you must have somebody to divide it with.

Have a place for everything and keep the thing somewhere else. This is not advice, it is merely custom.

A man should not be without morals; it is better to have bad morals than none at all.

My books are water, those of the great geniuses are wine. Everybody drinks water.

It takes me a long time to lose my temper, but once lost I could not find it with a dog.

It is not best that we use our morals week days. It gets them out of repair for Sundays.

The man who is a pessimist before 48 knows too much; if he is an optimist after it, he knows too little. Good breeding consists in concealing how much we think of ourselves and how little we think of the other person.

Man Must Know Creative Power to Master Himself

Man is buffeted by circumstances so long as he believes himself to be the creature of outside conditions, but when he realizes that he is a creative power, and that he may command the hidden soil and seeds of his being out of which circumstances grow, he then becomes the rightful master of himself.—James Allen.

RHEUMATISM Free Trial Relief



Highly Magnified Acid Crystals No matter how long you have suffered, try the medical discovery Rutozol, endorsed by 3,200 physicians and many thousands of former victims who now work, play and again enjoy life. Poison acid crystals carried by the blood into body tissues and joints cause the pains, swellings, stiffness of rheumatism, neuritis, sciatica, lumbago. To dissolve and expel these acid crystals and so gain relief, write to Dept. 1, Matthews Laboratories, 121 W. 17th St., New York City for an absolutely Free Trial Treatment of Rutozol.

BEFORE BABY COMES

Elimination of Body Waste Is Doubly Important

In the crucial months before baby arrives it is vitally important that the body be rid of waste matter. Your intestines must function—regularly, completely without gripping.

Why Physicians Recommend Milnesia Wafers

These mint-flavored, candy-like wafers are pure milk of magnesia in solid form—much pleasanter to take than liquid. Each wafer is approximately equal to a full adult dose of liquid milk of magnesia. Chewed thoroughly, then swallowed, they correct acidity in the mouth and throughout the digestive system, and insure regular, complete elimination without pain or effort. Milnesia Wafers come in bottles of 20 and 48, at 35c and 60c respectively, and in convenient tins for your handbag containing 12 adults. Each wafer is approximately one adult dose of milk of magnesia. All good drug stores sell and recommend them.

Start using these delicious, effective anti-acid, gently laxative wafers today Professional samples sent free to registered physicians or dentists if request is made on professional letterhead. Select Products, Inc., 4402 23rd St., Long Island City, N. Y.



The Original Milk of Magnesia Wafers

Childlikeness Which Is Highest Gain of Humanity

There is a childhood into which we have to grow, just as there is a childhood which we must leave behind; a childlikeness which is the highest gain of humanity, and a childlikeness from which but few of those who are counted the wisest among men, have freed themselves in their imagined progress towards the reality of things.—George MacDonald.



I'M SOLD

It always works

Just do what hospitals do, and the doctors insist on. Use a good liquid laxative, and aid Nature to restore clocklike regularity without strain or ill effect.

A liquid can always be taken in gradually reduced doses. Reduced dosage is the real secret of relief from constipation.

Ask a doctor about this. Ask your druggist how very popular Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin has become. It gives the right kind of help, and right amount of help. Taking a little less each time, gives the bowels a chance to act of their own accord, until they are moving regularly and thoroughly without any help at all.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin contains senna and cascara—both natural laxatives that form no habit. The action is gentle, but sure. It will relieve any sluggishness or bilious condition due to constipation without upset.

Your Best

You had better like your best and act your best and think your best today, for today is the sure preparation for tomorrow and all the other tomorrows that follow.

STOPPED-UP NOSTRILS

due to colds

Use Mentholum to help open the nostrils and permit freer breathing



Break up that COLD

Perhaps the surest way to prevent a cold from "catching hold" and getting worse is, at once, to cleanse the system with FREE SAMPLE. Do it the pleasant tea-cup way. Flush the system with a hot cup of Garfield GARFIELD TEA CO. Dept. 62 Tea—the mild, easy-to-take liquid laxative. At drug stores

GARFIELD TEA

Women Slaves

Acute famine has driven hundreds of Chinese women in Anhwei province to offer themselves as slaves, the price averaging about \$5.

Beware Coughs from common colds That Hang On

No matter how many medicines you have tried for your cough, chest cold or bronchial irritation, you can get relief now with Creomulsion. Serious trouble may be brewing and you cannot afford to take a chance with anything less than Creomulsion, which goes right to the seat of the trouble to aid nature to soothe and heal the inflamed membranes as the germ-laden phlegm is loosened and expelled. Even if other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged, your druggist is authorized to guarantee Creomulsion and to refund your money if you are not satisfied with results from the very first bottle. Get Creomulsion right now. (Adv.)

Miserable with backache?

WHEN kidneys function badly and you suffer a nagging backache, with dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination and getting up at night when you feel tired, nervous, all upset... use Doan's Pills. Doan's are especially for poorly working kidneys. Millions of boxes are used every year. They are recommended the country over. Ask your neighbor!

DOAN'S PILLS